



Advertise Date: Friday, November 11, 2016

Lee County Board of County Commissioners
DIVISION OF PROCUREMENT MANAGEMENT

Invitation to Bid (B)
Construction

Solicitation No.: **B160653DLK**

Solicitation Name: **Homestead Road Widening**

Open Date/Time: **12/15/2016** Time: **2:30 PM**

Location: Lee County Procurement Management
1500 Monroe Street 4th Floor
Fort Myers, FL 33901

Procurement Contact: **Diana Khan** Title **Procurement Manager**

Phone: **(239) 533-8881** Email: **dkhan@leegov.com**

Requesting Dept. **Transportation**

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Pre-Bid Conference: | |
| Type: | NON-Mandatory |
| Date/Time: | 11/30/2016 9:00 AM |
| Location: | Procurement: Public Works Building, 1500 Monroe St 4th Floor, Fort Myers, FL 33901 |

All solicitation documents are available for download at
www.leegov.com/procurement



LEE COUNTY
SOUTHWEST FLORIDA

Advertisement Date: **11/11/2016**

Notice to Bidder

Invitation to Bid #B160653DLK Homestead Road Widening

Invitation to Bid (B) Construction

Lee County, Fort Myers, Florida, is requesting bids from qualified individuals/firms for
Homestead Road Widening

Then and there to be publicly opened and read aloud for the purpose of selecting a vendor to furnish all necessary labor, services, materials, equipment, tools, consumables, transportation, skills and incidentals required for Lee County, Fort Myers, Florida, in conformance with solicitation documents, which include technical specifications and/or a scope of work.

Those individuals/firms interested in being considered for this solicitation are instructed to submit, in accordance with specifications, their Bids, pertinent to this project prior to

2:30 PM Thursday, December 15, 2016

to the office of **Procurement Management, 1500 Monroe Street, 4th Floor, Fort Myers, Florida 33901.**

The Invitation to Bid shall be received in a sealed envelope, prior to the time scheduled to receive Bid(s), and shall be clearly marked with the solicitation name, solicitation number, bidder name, and contact information as identified in these solicitation documents.

The Scope of Work/Specifications for this solicitation is available from www.leegov.com/procurement. Bidders who obtain Scope of Work/Specifications from sources other than www.leegov.com/procurement are cautioned that the solicitation package may be incomplete. The County's official bidders list, addendum(s) and information must be obtained from www.leegov.com/procurement. It is the bidder's responsibility to check for posted information. The County may not accept incomplete Bids.

A Non-Mandatory Pre-Bid Conference has been scheduled for the following time and location:

9:00 AM November 30, 2016 1500 Monroe Street, 4th Floor, Fort Myers, Florida 33901

for the purpose of discussing the proposed project. Prospective bidders are encouraged to attend. All prospective bidders are encouraged to obtain and review plans, specifications, and scope of work for this bid before the pre-bid conference so that they may be prepared to discuss any question or concerns they have regarding this project. A site visit may follow the pre-bid conference. Questions regarding this solicitation are to be directed, in writing, to the individual listed below using the email address listed below or faxed to (239) 485 8383 during normal working hours.

Diana Khan dkhan@leegov.com

Sincerely,

Mary G. Tucker, CPPO, FCCM, FCCN
Procurement Management Director

*WWW.leegov.Com/Procurement is the County's official posting site

Terms and Conditions
INVITATION TO BID (B)
CONSTRUCTION

1. DEFINITIONS

- 1.1. **Addendum/Addenda:** A written change, addition, alteration, correction or revision to a bid, proposal or contract Agreement/Contract. Addendum/Addenda may be issued following a pre-bid/pre-proposal conference or as a result of a specification or work scope change to the solicitation.
- 1.2. **Approved Alternate:** Solicitation documents may make reference of specific manufacturer(s) or product(s). These references serve only as a recommendation and a guide to minimum quality and performance. The references are not intended to exclude approved alternatives of other manufacturer(s) or product(s).
- 1.3. **Bid/Proposal Package:** A bid/proposal is a document submitted by a vendor in response to some type of solicitation to be used as a basis for negotiations or for entering into a contract.
- 1.4. **Bidder/Responder/Proposer:** One who submits a response to a solicitation.
- 1.5. **County:** Refers to Lee County Board of County Commissioners.
- 1.6. **Due Date and Time/Opening:** Is defined as the date and time upon which a bid or proposal shall be submitted to the Lee County Procurement Management Division. Only bids or proposals received prior to the established date and time will be considered.
- 1.7. **Liquidated Damages:** Damages paid usually in the form of monetary payment, agreed by the parties to a contract which are due and payable as damages by the party who breaches all or part of the contract. May be applied on a daily basis for as long as the breach is in effect.
- 1.8. **Procurement Management:** shall mean the Director of Lee County's Procurement Management Department or designee.
- 1.9. **Responsible:** A vendor, business entity or individual who is fully capable to meet all of the requirements of the bid/proposal solicitation documents and subsequent contract. Must possess the full capability including financial and technical, to perform as contractually required. Must be able to fully document the ability to provide good faith performance.
- 1.10. **Responsive:** A vendor, business entity or individual who has submitted a bid or request for proposal that fully conforms in all material respects to the bid/proposal solicitation documents and all of its requirements, including all form and substance.
- 1.11. **Solicitation:** An invitation to bid, a request for proposal, invitation to negotiate or any document used to obtain bids or proposals for the purpose of entering into a contract.

2. ORDER OF PRECEDENCE

- 2.1. In resolving conflicts, errors, and discrepancies, the order of precedence of the bid document is as follows
 - 2.1.1. Florida State Law as applied to Municipal Purchasing in accordance with Title XIX, "Public Business", Chapter 287 "Procurement of Personal Property and Services."
 - 2.1.2. Lee County Procurement Management Manual and Ordinances
 - 2.1.3. Change Order
 - 2.1.4. Agreement
 - 2.1.5. Addenda
 - 2.1.6. Special Conditions
 - 2.1.7. General Conditions, if any
 - 2.1.8. Specifications
 - 2.1.9. Supplemental Information
 - 2.1.10. Drawings/Plans, if any
 - 2.1.11. Figure Dimensions, if any
 - 2.1.12. Scale Dimensions (Large Scale Drawings supersede Small Scale Drawings)
 - 2.1.13. Invitation to Bid Terms and Conditions

3. RULES, REGULATIONS, LAWS, ORDINANCES AND LICENSES

- 3.1. It shall be the responsibility of the bidder to assure compliance with all other federal, state, or county codes, rules, regulations or other requirements, as each may apply. Any involvement with the Lee County shall be in accordance with but not limited to:
 - 3.1.1. Lee County Procurement Management Manual
 - 3.1.2. Pursuant to FL § Section 119.071, Public Records, General exemptions from inspection or copying of public records. Sealed bids, proposals or replies received by the agency pursuant to a solicitation are exempt from public records request (s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I, of the State Constitution until such time as the agency provides notice of an intended decision or until 30 days after opening the bids, proposals or final replies, whichever is earlier.
 - 3.1.3. FL § 215 regarding scrutinized companies and business operations.
 - 3.1.4. FL § 218 Public Bid Disclosure Act.
 - 3.1.5. Florida State Law as applied to Municipal Purchasing in accordance with Title XIX, "Public Business", Chapter 287 "Procurement of Personal Property and Services."
 - 3.1.6. FL § 337.168 Confidentiality of official estimates, identities of potential bidders, and bid analysis and monitoring system.
 - 3.1.7. FL § Section 607.1501(1) states: A foreign corporation may not transact business in the State of Florida until it obtains a certificate of authority from the Department of State.
- 3.2. **Local Business Tax Account:** As applicable, anyone providing merchandise or services to the public within the jurisdiction of Lee County must obtain a Lee County business tax account to operate unless specifically exempted.
- 3.3. **License(s):** Bidder should provide, at the time of the opening of the bid, licenses required for this product and/or service.

4. BID – PREPARATION OF SUBMITTAL

- 4.1. **Sealed Bid:** Submission must be in a sealed envelope/box, and the outside of the submission must be marked with the following information (Sealed Bid Label Form is attached for your use):
 - 4.1.1. Marked with the words "Sealed Bid"
 - 4.1.2. Bid Number
 - 4.1.3. Bid Title
 - 4.1.4. Bid Due Date
 - 4.1.5. Name of the firm submitting the bid
 - 4.1.6. Contact e-mail and telephone number
- 4.2. **Bid submission shall include:**
 - 4.2.1. Provide two (2) hard copies. Mark each: one "Original", one "Copy"
 - 4.2.2. Provide one (1) electronic CD ROM or flash drive set of the entire submission documents.
 - 4.2.3. Electronic submission document is to be one single Adobe PDF file in the same order as the original hard copy.
 - 4.2.4. Limit the color and number of images to avoid unmanageable file sizes.
 - 4.2.5. Use rewritable CD ROM and do not lock files.
- 4.3. **Submission Format:**
 - 4.3.1. Required Forms: complete and return **all** required forms. If the form is not applicable please return with "Not Applicable" or "N/A" in large letters across the form.
 - 4.3.2. Failure to submit required or requested information may result in the bidder being found non-responsive.
 - 4.3.3. Execution of Bid: All documents must be properly signed by corporate authorized representative, witnessed, and where applicable corporate and/or notary seals affixed. All Bids shall be typed or printed in ink. The bidder may not use erasable ink. All corrections made to the bids shall be initialed.
 - 4.3.4. If a cost/bid schedule was provided in Microsoft Excel format, the returned completed schedule should be included as a Microsoft Excel File on the CD ROM or Flash drive.

- 4.3.5. The submission should not contain links to other web pages.
- 4.3.6. Include any information requested by the County necessary to analyze your bid, i.e., required submittals, literature, technical data, financial statements.
- 4.3.7. Bid Security/Bond(s), as applicable (Construction projects)
- 4.4. **Preparation Cost:** The Bidder is solely responsible for any and all costs associated with responding to this solicitation. No reimbursement will be made for any costs associated with the preparation and submittal of any bid, or for any travel and per diem costs that are incurred by any Bidder.

5. RESPONSES RECEIVED LATE

- 5.1. It shall be the Bidder's sole responsibility to deliver the bid submission to the Lee County Procurement Management Division prior to or on the time and date stated. All references to date and time herein reference Lee County, FL local time.
- 5.2. Any bids received after the stated time and date will not be considered. The bid shall not be opened at the public opening. Arrangements may be made for the unopened bid to be returned at the bidder's request and expense.
- 5.3. The Lee County Procurement Management Division shall not be responsible for delays caused by the method of delivery such as, but not limited to; internet, United States Postal Service, overnight express mail service(s), or delays caused by any other occurrence.

6. BIDDER REQUIREMENTS (unless otherwise noted)

- 6.1. **Responsive and Responsible:** Only bids received from responsive and responsible bidders will be considered. The County reserves the right before recommending any award to inspect the facilities and organization; or to take any other necessary action, such as background checks, to determine ability to perform is satisfactory, and reserves the right to reject submission packages where evidence submitted or investigation and evaluation indicates an inability for the bidder to perform.
 - 6.1.1. Bids may be declared "non-responsive" due to omissions of "Negligence or Breach of Contract" on the disclosure form. Additionally, bidders may be declared "not responsible" due to past or pending lawsuits that are relevant to the subject procurement such that they call into question the ability of the bidder to assure good faith performance. This determination may be made by the Procurement Management Director, after consulting with the County Attorney.
 - 6.1.2. Additional sources may be utilized to determine credit worthiness and ability to perform.
 - 6.1.3. Any bidder or sub-contractor that will have access to County facilities or property may be required to be screened to a level that may include, but is not limited to fingerprints, statewide criminal. There may be fees associated with these procedures. These costs are the responsibility of the bidder or sub-contractor.
- 6.2. **BID--Past Performance:** Bidders past performance and prior dealings with Lee County (i.e., failure to meet specifications, poor workmanship, late delivery, etc.) may be reviewed. Poor or unacceptable past performance may result in bidder disqualification.
- 6.3. Submission packages, unless otherwise noted, will be considered only from bidders normally engaged in the provision of the services specified here in. The bidder shall have adequate organization, facilities, equipment, and personnel to ensure prompt and efficient service to Lee County. The County reserves the right before recommending any award to inspect the facilities and organization; or to take any other action necessary to determine ability to perform satisfactory, and reserves the right to reject submission packages where evidence submitted or investigation and evaluation indicated an inability of the bidder to perform.

7. PRE-BID CONFERENCE

- 7.1. A pre-bid conference will be held in the location, date, and time specified on the cover of this solicitation. The cover will also note if the pre-bid conference is Non-Mandatory or Mandatory. All questions and answers are considered informal. All prospective bidders are encouraged to obtain and review the solicitation documents prior to the pre-bid conference so they may be prepared to discuss any questions or concerns they have concerning this project. All questions must be submitted formally in writing to the procurement staff noted on the first page of the bid document. A formal response will be provided in the

form of an addendum (see “County Interpretation/Addendums” for additional information.) A site visit may follow the pre-bid conference, as applicable.

- 7.2. **Non-Mandatory:** Pre-bid conferences are generally non-mandatory, but it is highly recommended that prospective bidders participate.
- 7.3. **Mandatory:** Failure to attend a mandatory pre-bid conference will result in the bid being considered **non-responsive**.

8. COUNTY INTERPRETATION/ADDENDUMS

- 8.1. Each bidder shall examine the solicitation documents and shall judge all matters relating to the adequacy and accuracy of such documents. Any inquiries, suggestions or requests concerning interpretation, clarification or additional information pertaining to the bid shall be made **in writing, submitted at least eight (8) calendar days prior to the date when the bid is due**.
- 8.2. Response(s) will be in the form of an Addendum posted on www.leegov.com/procurement. It is solely the bidder’s responsibility to check the website for information. No notifications will be sent by Lee County Procurement Management Division.
- 8.3. All Addenda shall become part of the Contract Documents.
- 8.4. The County shall not be responsible for oral interpretations given by any County employee, representative, or others. Interpretation of the meaning of the plans, specifications or any other contract document, or for correction of any apparent ambiguity, inconsistency or error there in, shall be in writing. Issuance of a written addendum by the County’s Procurement Management Division is the only official method whereby interpretation, clarification or additional information can be given.

9. QUALITY GUARANTEE/WARRANTY (as applicable)

- 9.1. Bidder will guarantee their work without disclaimers, unless otherwise specifically approved by the County, for a minimum of twelve (12) months from the date of final completion.
- 9.2. Unless otherwise specifically provided in the specifications, all equipment and materials and articles incorporated in the work covered by this contract shall be new, unused and of the most suitable grade for the purpose intended. Refurbished parts or equipment are not acceptable unless otherwise specified in the specifications. All warranties will begin from the date of final completion.
- 9.3. Unless otherwise specifically provided in the specifications, the equipment must be warranted for twelve (12) months, shipping, parts and labor. Should the equipment be taken out of service for more than forty-eight (48) hours to have warranty work performed, a loaner machine of equal capability or better shall be provided for use until the repaired equipment is returned to service at no additional charge to the County.
- 9.4. If any product does not meet performance representation or other quality assurance representations as published by manufacturers, producers or distributors of such products or the specifications listed, the vendor shall pick up the product from the County at no expense to the County. The County reserves the right to reject any or all materials, if in its judgment the item reflects unsatisfactory workmanship or manufacturing or shipping damage. The vendor shall refund, to the County, any money which has been paid for same.

10. SUBSTITUTION(S)/APPROVED ALTERNATE(S)

- 10.1. Unless otherwise specifically provided in the specifications, reference to any equipment, material, article or patented process, by trade name, brand name, make or catalog number, shall be regarded as establishing a standard of quality and shall not be construed as limiting competition. If a bidder wishes to make a substitution in the specifications, the bidder shall furnish to the County, **no later than ten (10) business days prior to the bid opening date**, the name of the manufacturer, the model number, and other identifying data and information necessary to aid the County in evaluating the substitution. Such information is submitted through the Procurement Management Division. Any such substitution shall be subject to County approval through the issuance of a written addendum by the County’s Procurement Management Division. Substitutions shall be approved only if determined by the County to be an **Approved Alternate** to the prescribed specifications.

- 10.2. A bid containing a substitution is subject to disqualification if the substitution is not approved by the County. Items bid must be identified by brand name, number, manufacturer and model, and shall include full descriptive information, brochures, and appropriate attachments. Brand names are used for descriptive purposes only. An **Approved Alternate** product or service may be used.

11. NEGOTIATED ITEMS

- 11.1. Any item not outlined in the Scope of Work/Specifications may be subject to negotiations between the County and the successful bidder.
- 11.2. After award of this bid the County reserves the right to add or delete items/services at prices to be negotiated at the time of addition or deletion.
- 11.3. At contract renewal time(s) or in the event of significant industry wide market changes, the County may negotiate justified adjustments such as price, terms, etc., if in its sole judgment, the County considers such adjustments to be in their best interest.

12. ERRORS, OMISSIONS, CALCULATION ERRORS (as applicable)

- 12.1. **Calculation Errors:** In the event of multiplication/addition error(s), the unit price shall prevail. Written prices shall prevail over figures where applicable. All bids will be reviewed mathematically and corrected, if necessary, using these standards, prior to further evaluation.

13. CONFIDENTIALITY

- 13.1. Bidders should be aware that all submissions provided are subject to public disclosure and will **not** be afforded confidentiality, unless provided by Chapter 119 FL §.
- 13.2. If information is submitted with a bid that is deemed "Confidential" the bidder must stamp those pages of the submission that are considered confidential. The bidder must provide documentation as to validate why these documents should be declared confidential in accordance with Chapter 119, "Public Records," exemptions.
- 13.3. Lee County **will not reveal engineering estimates or budget amounts for a project** unless required by grant funding or unless it is in the best interest of the County. According to FL § 337.168: A document or electronic file revealing the official cost estimate of the department of a project is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) until the contract for the project has been executed or until the project is no longer under active consideration.

14. BID -- CONFLICT OF INTEREST

- 14.1. **Business Relationship Disclosure Requirement:** The award hereunder is subject to the provisions of Chapter 112, Public Officers and Employees: General Provisions, Florida Statutes. All bidders must disclose with their submission the name of any officer, director or agent who is also an employee of the Lee County or any of its agencies. Further, all bidders must disclose the name of any County employee who owns directly or indirectly, an interest of five percent (5%) or more in the bidder's firm or any of its branches.

15. ANTI-LOBBYING CLAUSE (Cone of Silence)

- 15.1. Following FL § Section 287.057(23), Upon the issuance of the solicitation, prospective proposers/bidders or any agent, representative or person acting at the request of such proposer/bidder shall not have any contact, communicate with or discuss any matter relating in any way to the solicitation with any Commissioner, Evaluation Review Committee, agent or employee of the County other than the Procurement Management Director or their designee. This prohibition begins with the issuance of any solicitation, and ends upon execution of the final contract or when the solicitation has been cancelled. **If it is determined that improper communications were conducted, the Bidder/Proposer may be declared non-responsible.**

16. DRUG FREE WORKPLACE

- 16.1. Lee County Board of County Commissioners encourages Drug Free Workplace programs as defined in accordance with Section 287.087, FL §.
17. DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE)
 - 17.1. The County encourages the use of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Bidder(s) as defined and certified by the State of Florida Department of Transportation (DBE).
 - 17.2. As requested in the required forms the Bidder is required to indicate whether they and/or any proposed sub-contractor(s) are Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE). Lee County encourages the utilization and participation of DBEs in procurements, and evaluation proceedings will be conducted within the established guidelines regarding equal employment opportunity and nondiscriminatory action based upon the grounds of race, color, sex or national origin. Interested certified Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) firms as well as other minority-owned and women-owned firms, as defined and certified by the State of Florida Office of Supplier Diversity (Minority), are encouraged to respond.
18. ANTI-DISCRIMINATION/EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY
 - 18.1. The bidder agrees to comply, in accordance with FL § 287.134, 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as amended, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA), the ADA Amendments Act of 2008 (ADAAA) that furnishing goods or services to the County hereunder, no person on the grounds of race, religion, color, age, sex, national origin, disability or marital status shall be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination.
 - 18.2. The bidder will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, religion, color, age, sex, national origin, disability or marital status. The bidder will make affirmative efforts to ensure that applicants are employed and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, religion, color, age, sex, national origin, disability or marital status.
 - 18.3. The bidder will include the provisions of this section in every sub-contract under this contract to ensure its provisions will be binding upon each sub-contractor. The bidder will take such actions in respect to any sub-contractor, as the contracting agency may direct, as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for non-compliance.
 - 18.4. An entity or affiliate who has been placed on the State of Florida's Discriminatory Vendor List (This list may be viewed by going to the Department of Management Services website at <http://www.dms.myflorida.com>) may not submit a bid on a contract to provide goods or services to a public entity, may not submit a bid on a contract with a public entity for the construction or repair of a public building or public work, may not submit bids on leases of real property to a public entity, may not award or perform work as a vendor, supplier, sub-contractor, or consultant under contract with any public entity, and may not transact business with any public entity.
19. LOCAL BIDDER'S PREFERENCE
 - 19.1. The Lee County Local Bidder's Preference Ordinance No. 08-26 is being included as part of the award process for this project. As such, Lee County at its sole discretion may chose to award a preference to any qualified "Local Contractor/Vendor" in a amount not to exceed 3% of the total amount quoted by that firm.
 - 19.2. "Local Contractor/Vendor" as noted in Ordinance No. 08-26, or revision thereof, shall be defined as:
 - 19.2.1. Any person, firm, partnership, company or corporation whose principal place of business in the sole opinion of the County, is located within the boundaries of Lee/Collier County, Florida
 - OR
 - 19.2.2. Any person, firm, partnership, company or corporation that has provided goods or services to Lee County on a regular basis for the preceding consecutive three (3) years, and that has the personnel, equipment and materials located within the boundaries of Lee/Collier County sufficient to constitute a present ability to perform the service or provide the goods.

20. SUB-CONTRACTOR

- 20.1. The use of sub-contractors under this solicitation requires prior written authorization from the County representative.
21. **BID - PROJECT GUIDELINES** (as applicable)
 - 21.1. The County has established the following guidelines, criteria, goals, objectives, constraints, schedule, budget and or requirements which shall service as a guide to the bidder(s) in conforming to the provision of goods and/or services to be provided pursuant to this Agreement/Contract:
 - 21.1.1. No amount of work is guaranteed upon the execution of an Agreement/Contract.
 - 21.1.2. Rates and all other negotiated expenses will remain in effect throughout the duration of the Agreement/Contract period.
 - 21.1.3. This contract does not entitle any bidder to exclusive rights to County Agreement/Contracts/contracts. The County reserves the right to perform any and all available required work in-house or by any other means it so desires.
 - 21.1.4. In reference to vehicle travel, mileage and man-hours spent in travel time, is considered incidental to the work and not an extra compensable expense.
 - 21.1.5. Lee County reserves the right to add or delete, at any time, and or all material, tasks or services associated with this Agreement/Contract.
 - 21.1.6. Any Single Large Project: The County, in its sole discretion, reserves the right to separately solicit any project that is outside the scope of this solicitation, whether through size, complexity or the dollar value.
22. **BID – TIEBREAKER**
 - 22.1. Whenever two or more bids, which are equal with respect to price, quality and service, are received for procurement of commodities or contractual services, from responsive and responsible bidders the following steps will be taken to establish the award to the lowest bidder. This method shall be used for all ties.
 - 22.1.1. Step 1 Local Bidder: Between a local business, and a non-local business, a contract award, or the first opportunity to negotiate, as applicable, shall be made to the local business. Local shall be defined by Lee County Ordinance 08-26 or current revision thereof.
 - 22.1.2. Step 2 Drug Free Workplace: At the conclusion of step 1 if all is equal, the vendor with a Drug Free Workplace program shall be given preference, over a vendor with no Drug Free Workplace program. The contract award, or the first opportunity to negotiate, as applicable, shall be made to the bidder with the Drug Free Workplace program. In order to have a drug free workplace program, a business shall comply with the requirements of FL § 287.087.
 - 22.1.3. Step 3 Coin Flip: At the conclusion of Step 1, and Step 2 if all is equal, the contract award, or the first opportunity to negotiate, as applicable, shall be determined by the flip of a coin to determine final outcome.
 - 22.2. When the tie has been determined the contract award, or the first opportunity to negotiate, as applicable, shall be made.
 - 22.3. If an award or negotiation is unsuccessful with the initial bidder, award or negotiations may commence with the next highest bidder, utilizing the tiebreaker steps above to make the determination of next lowest bidder.
23. **WITHDRAWAL OF BID**
 - 23.1. No bid may be withdrawn for a period of **180 calendar days** after the scheduled time for receiving submissions. A bid may be withdrawn prior to the solicitation opening date and time. Withdrawal requests must be made in writing to the Procurement Management Director, who will approve or disapprove the request.
 - 23.2. A bidder may withdraw a submission any time prior to the opening of the solicitation.
 - 23.3. After submissions are opened, but prior to award of the contract by the County Commission, the Procurement Management Director may allow the withdrawal of a bid because of the mistake of the bidder in the preparation of the submission document. In such circumstance, the decision of the Procurement

Management Director to allow the submission withdrawal, although discretionary, shall be based upon a finding that the bidder, by clear and convincing evidence, has met each of the following four tests:

- 23.3.1. The bidder acted in good faith in submitting the bid,
- 23.3.2. The mistake in bid preparation that was of such magnitude that to enforce compliance by the bidder would cause a severe hardship on the bidder,
- 23.3.3. The mistake was not the result of gross negligence or willful inattention by the bidder; and
- 23.3.4. The mistake was discovered and was communicated to the County prior to the County Commission having formally awarded the Agreement/Contract.

24. PROTEST RIGHTS

- 24.1. Any bidder that has submitted a formal response to Lee County, and who is adversely affected by an intended decision with respect to the award, has the right to protest an intended decision posted by the County as part of the solicitation process.
- 24.2. "Decisions" are posted on the Lee County Procurement Management Division website. Bidders are solely responsible to check for information regarding the solicitation. (www.leegov.com/procurement)
- 24.3. Refer to the "Bid/Proposal Protest Procedure" section of the Lee County "Contracts Manual" for the complete protest process and requirements. The Manual is posted on the Lee County website or may be obtained by contacting the Procurement Management Director.
- 24.4. In order to preserve the right to protest, a written **"Notice Of Intent To File A Protest"** must be filed with the Lee County Procurement Management Director by 4:00 PM on the 3rd working day after the decision affecting your rights is posted on the Lee County website.
 - 24.4.1. The notice must clearly state the basis and reasons for the protest.
 - 24.4.2. The notice must be physically received by the Procurement Management Director within the required time frame. No additional time will be granted for mailing.
- 24.5. To secure the right to protest a **"Protest Bond"** and written **"Formal Protest"** document must be filed **within 10 calendar days** after the date of "Notice of Intent to File a Protest" is received by the Procurement Management Director.
- 24.6. **Failure to follow the protest procedures requirement within the time frames as prescribed herein and established by the Lee County Board of County Commissioners, Florida, shall constitute a waiver of the right to protest and bar any resulting claims.**

25. AUTHORITY TO UTILIZE BY OTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITIES

- 25.1. This opportunity is also made available to any government entity. Pursuant to their own governing laws, and subject to the Agreement/Contract of the vendor, other entities may be permitted to make purchases at the terms and conditions contained herein. Lee County Board of County Commissioners will not be financially responsible for the purchases of other entities from this solicitation.

26. CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION

- 26.1. **Designated Contact:**
 - 26.1.1. The awarded bidder shall appoint a person(s) to act as a primary contact for all County departments. This person or back-up shall be readily available during normal working hours by phone or in person, and shall be knowledgeable of the terms and procedures involved.
 - 26.1.2. Lee County requires that the awarded bidder to provide the name of a contact person(s) and phone number(s) which will afford Lee County access 24 hours per day, 365 days per year, of this service in the event of major breakdowns or natural disasters.
- 26.2. **BID – Term:** (unless otherwise stated in the Scope of Work or Detailed Specifications)
 - 26.2.1. Unless otherwise stated in the scope of work, specifications, or special conditions the default **contract term shall be one (1) year with three (3), one (1) year renewals for a total of four (4) years upon mutual Agreement/Contract of both parties.**

- 26.2.2. The County reserves the right to renew this Agreement/Contract (or any portion thereof) and to negotiate pricing as a condition for each.
- 26.2.3. The County's performance and obligation to pay under this contract, and any applicable renewal options, is contingent upon annual appropriation of funds.
- 26.3. **BID – Basis of Award:**
 - 26.3.1. The bid is awarded under a system of sealed, competitive bidding to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder.
 - 26.3.2. In the event the lowest responsible and responsive bid for a project exceeds the available funds the County may negotiate an adjustment of the bid price with the lowest responsible and responsive bidder, in order to bring the total cost of the project within the amount of available funds.
 - 26.3.3. The County reserves the right to make award(s) by individual item, group of items, all or none, or a combination thereof. The County reserves the right to reject any and all bids or to waive any minor irregularity or technicality in the bids received. Award will be made to the lowest responsive and responsive bidder(s) within the category chosen for basis of award.
 - 26.3.4. The County reserves the right to award to one or multiple bidders at the discretion of the requesting authority and approval of the Procurement Management Director.
- 26.4. **Agreement/Contracts/Contracts:**
 - 26.4.1. The awarded bidder will be required to execute an Agreement/Contract as a condition of award. A sample of this document may be viewed on-line at <http://www.leegov.com/procurement/forms>.
- 26.5. **Records:**
 - 26.5.1. Retention: The bidder shall maintain such financial records and other records as may be prescribed by Lee County or by applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations. Unless otherwise stated in the specifications, the bidder shall retain these records for a period of five years after final payment, or until they are audited by Lee County, whichever event occurs first.
 - 26.5.2. Right to Audit/Disclosure: These records shall be made available during the term of the contract as well as the retention period. These records shall be made readily available to County personnel with reasonable notice and other persons in accordance with the Florida General Records Schedule. Awarded Bidder/Proposer(s) are hereby informed of their requirement to comply with FL §119 specifically to:
 - 26.5.2.1. Keep and maintain public records required by the County to perform the service.
 - 26.5.2.2. Upon request from the County's custodian of public records, provide the County with a copy of the requested records or allow the records to be inspected or copied within a reasonable time at a cost that does not exceed the cost provided or as otherwise provided by law.
 - 26.5.2.3. Ensure that public records that are exempt or confidential and exempt from public records disclosure requirements are not disclosed except as authorized by law for the duration of the contract term and following completion of the contract if the contractor does not transfer the records to the County.
 - 26.5.2.4. Upon completion of the contract, transfer, at no cost, to the County all public records in possession of the contractor or keep and maintain public records required by the County to perform the service. If the contractor transfers all public records to the County upon completion of the contract, the contractor shall destroy any duplicate public records that are exempt or confidential and exempt from public records disclosure requirements. If the contractor keeps and maintains public records upon completion of the contract, the contractor shall meet all applicable requirements for retaining public records. All records stored electronically must be provided to the County, upon request from the County's custodian of public records, in a format that is compatible with the information technology systems of the County.
 - 26.5.3. Public Record: **IF THE VENDOR HAS QUESTIONS REGARDING THE APPLICATION OF CHAPTER 119, FLORIDA STATUTES, TO THE**

VENDOR'S DUTY TO PROVIDE PUBLIC RECORDS RELATING TO THE CONTRACT, CONTACT THE CUSTODIAN OF PUBLIC RECORDS AT 239-533-2221, 2115 SECOND STREET, FORT MYERS, FL 33901, <http://www.leegov.com/publicrecords>.

- 26.5.4. **Ownership:** It is understood and agreed that all documents, including detailed reports, plans, original tracings, specifications and all data prepared or obtained by the successful bidder in connection with its services hereunder, include any documents bearing the professional seal of the successful bidder, and shall be delivered to and become the property of Lee County, prior to final payment to the successful bidder or the termination of the Agreement/Contract. This includes any electronic versions, such as CAD or other computer aided drafting programs.

26.6. Termination:

- 26.6.1. Any Agreement/Contract as a result of this solicitation may be terminated by either party giving **thirty (30) calendar days advance written notice**. The County reserves the right to accept or not accept a termination notice submitted by the vendor, and no such termination notice submitted by the vendor shall become effective unless and until the vendor is notified in writing by the County of its acceptance.
- 26.6.2. The Procurement Management Director may immediately terminate any Agreement/Contract as a result of this solicitation for emergency purposes, as defined by the Lee County Purchasing and Payment Procedures Manual (Purchasing Manual), (also known as Appendix "D" "AC-4-1.pdf".)
- 26.6.3. Any bidder who has voluntarily withdrawn from a solicitation without the County's mutual consent during the contract period shall be barred from further County procurement for a **period of 180 days**. The vendor may apply to the Board for a waiver of this debarment. Such application for waiver of debarment must be coordinated with and processed by the Procurement Management Department.
- 26.6.4. The County reserves the right to terminate award or contract following any of the below for goods or services over \$1,000,000:
- 26.6.4.1. Contractor is found to have submitted a false certification as provided under FL § 287.135 (5);
- 26.6.4.2. Contractor has been placed on the Scrutinized Companies with Activities in Sudan List or the Scrutinized Companies with Activities in the Iran Petroleum Energy Sector List (FL §215.473);
- 26.6.4.3. Contractor has engaged in business operations in Cuba or Syria (FL § 215.471);
- 26.6.4.4. Contractor has been placed on the Scrutinized Companies that Boycott Israel List, or is engaged in a boycott of Israel. (FL § 215.4725)
- 26.6.4.5. The County reserves the right to review, on a case-by-case basis, and waive this stipulation if it is deemed to advantageous to the County.

27. WAIVER OF CLAIMS

- 27.1. Once this contract expires, or final payment has been requested and made, the awarded bidder shall have waived any claims against the County concerning this contract. After that period, the County will consider the bidder to have waived any right to claims against the County concerning this Agreement/Contract.

28. LEE COUNTY PAYMENT PROCEDURES

- 28.1. Unless otherwise noted, all vendors are requested to mail an original invoice to:
Lee County Finance Department
Post Office Box 2238
Fort Myers, FL 33902-2238
- 28.2. All invoices will be paid as directed by the Lee County payment procedure unless otherwise stated in the detailed specifications for this project.

- 28.3. Lee County will not be liable for requests for payment deriving from aid, assistance, or help by any individual, vendor, proposer, or bidder for the preparation of these specifications.
 - 28.4. Lee County is generally a tax exempt entity subject to the provisions of the 1987 legislation regarding sales tax on services. Lee County will pay those taxes for which it is obligated, or it will provide a Certificate of Exemption furnished by the Department of Revenue. All bidders should include in their bids, all sales or use taxes, which they will pay when making purchases of material or sub-contractor's services.
29. MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS (MSDS) (as applicable)
- 29.1. In accordance with Chapter 443 of the FL §, it is the vendor's responsibility to provide Lee County with Material Safety Data Sheets on bid materials, as may apply to this procurement.
30. DEBRIS DISPOSAL (as applicable)
- 30.1. Unless otherwise stated, the bidder shall be fully responsible for the lawful removal and disposal of any materials, debris, garbage, vehicles or other such items which would interfere with the undertaking and completion of the project. There shall not be an increase in time or price associated with such removal.
31. SHIPPING (as applicable)
- 31.1. Cost of all shipping to the site, including any inside delivery charges and all unusual storage requirements shall be borne by the bidder unless otherwise agreed upon in writing prior to service. It shall be the bidders responsibility to make appropriate arrangements, and to coordinate with authorized personnel at the site, for proper acceptance, handling, protection and storage (if available) of equipment and material delivered. All pricing to be F.O. B. destination.
 - 31.2. The materials and/or services delivered under the bid shall remain the property of the seller until a physical inspection and actual usage of these materials and/or services is accepted by the County and is deemed to be in compliance with the terms herein, fully in accord with the specifications and of the highest quality.
32. BOND/SURETY (CONSTRUCTION)
- 32.1. Bonding/Surety is required for construction projects over \$100,000.00 unless otherwise noted.
 - 32.2. **Bid Bond/Security:** The bidder/vendor shall submit **not less than 5% of proposed dollar amount** (including applicable alternates) as bid security. One **ORIGINAL** Bid Bond/Security is to be submitted to the County with Bid Submission. The Bid Security of the bidder/vendor will be retained until the bidder/vendor has executed the contract, whereupon the Bid security may be returned. The bid Security of the bidder/vendor whom the County believes to have a reasonable chance of receiving the award may be retained by the County until the effective date of the Agreement/Contract, whereupon Bid Securities furnished by the bidder/vendor may be returned. The following types of Bid Security are acceptable:
 - 32.2.1. **A Certified Check or a Cashier's Check** in the stated dollar amount of not less than 5% of proposed dollar amount. Any Certified Check or Cashier Check submitted in lieu of a Bid Bond Shall be drawn on a solvent bank or trust company, made payable to Lee County Board of County Commissioners and shall have all necessary documentary revenue stamps attached (if required by law); or
 - 32.2.2. **A Bid Bond** may be submitted on a Lee County paper Bid Bond Form. Must be signed by all required parties, of not less than 5% of proposed dollar amount (including Alternate(s) as applicable) shall accompany each submission. The Bid Bond shall be issued by a duly authorized surety authorized to do business and in good standing with the Florida Department of state
 - 32.3. **Payment and Performance Bond:** In accordance with F.S. 255.05 and Lee County Ordinance 95-2-102, a Public Payment and Performance Bond is to be issued in a sum equal to one-hundred (100%) percent of the total awarded contract amount by a surety company considered satisfactory by Lee County and otherwise authorized to transact business in the State of Florida shall be required from the successful bidder/vendor. This shall insure the faithful performance of the obligations imposed by the resulting contract and protect the County from lawsuits for non-payment of debts incurred during the successful bidder/vendor performance under such Contract.

- 32.3.1. A public Payment and Performance bond must be properly executed, by the Surety Company and successful bidder/vendor, and recorded with the Lee County Clerk of Court, within **seven calendar days** after notification by Lee County of the approval to award the Contract.
 - 32.3.2. A **Clean Irrevocable Letter of Credit or Cash Bond** may be accepted by the County in lieu of the Public Payment and Performance Bond.
 - 32.4. Only Lee County form(s) may be accepted. Forms are available at <https://www.leegov.com/procurement/forms>.
 - 32.5. **Personal Checks are not acceptable to Lee County as a Bid Security.**
 - 32.6. **Surety:** In order to be acceptable to the County, a Surety Company issuing Evidence of Bondability, Bid Guaranty Bonds or 100% Public Payment and Performance Bonds or Letters of Credit called for herein shall meet and comply with the minimum standards set forth in as part of the Contract Documents. The surety company shall be authorized to do business and in good standing with the Florida Department of State. All such bonds shall be issued or countersigned by a local producing agent who is a Florida resident with satisfactory evidence of its authority to execute the bond being submitted.
33. INSURANCE (AS APPLICABLE)
- 33.1. Insurance shall be provided by the awarded bidder/vendor. Prior to execution of the Agreement/Contract a certificate of insurance (COI) complying with the bid documents shall be provided by the bidder/vendor.

End of Terms and Conditions Section

INSURANCE GUIDE



Major Insurance Requirements

Minimum Insurance Requirements: *Risk Management in no way represents that the insurance required is sufficient or adequate to protect the vendors' interest or liabilities. The following are the required minimums the vendor must maintain throughout the duration of this contract. The County reserves the right to request additional documentation regarding insurance provided*

- a. **Commercial General Liability** - Coverage shall apply to premises and/or operations, products and completed operations, independent contractors, contractual liability exposures with minimum limits of:

\$1,000,000 per occurrence
 \$2,000,000 general aggregate
 \$1,000,000 products and completed operations
 \$1,000,000 personal and advertising injury

- b. **Business Auto Liability** - The following Automobile Liability will be required and coverage shall apply to all owned, hired and non-owned vehicles use with minimum limits of:

\$1,000,000 combined single limit (CSL)
 \$500,000 bodily injury per person
 \$1,000,000 bodily injury per accident
 \$500,000 property damage per accident

- c. **Workers' Compensation** - Statutory benefits as defined by FS 440 encompassing all operations contemplated by this contract or agreement to apply to all owners, officers, and employees regardless of the number of employees. Workers Compensation exemptions may be accepted with written proof of the State of Florida's approval of such exemption. Employers' liability will have minimum limits of:

\$500,000 per accident
 \$500,000 disease limit
 \$500,000 disease – policy limit

*The required minimum limit of liability shown in a and b may be provided in the form of "Excess Insurance" or "Commercial Umbrella Policies." In which case, a "Following Form Endorsement" will be

required on the “Excess Insurance Policy” or “Commercial Umbrella Policy.”

Verification of Coverage:

1. Coverage shall be in place prior to the commencement of any work and throughout the duration of the contract. A certificate of insurance will be provided to the Risk Manager for review and approval. The certificate shall provide for the following:
 - a. The certificate holder shall read as follows:
Lee County Board of County Commissioners
P.O. Box 398
Fort Myers, Florida 33902
 - b. *“Lee County, a political subdivision and Charter County of the State of Florida, its agents, employees, and public officials”* will be named as an “Additional Insured” on the General Liability policy, including Products and Completed Operations coverage.

Special Requirements:

1. An appropriate “Indemnification” clause shall be made a provision of the contract.
2. It is the responsibility of the general contractor to insure that all subcontractors comply with all insurance requirements.



Major Insurance Requirements

- a. **Commercial General Liability** - Coverage shall apply to premises and/or operations, products and completed operations, independent contractors, contractual liability exposures with minimum limits of:

\$1,000,000 per occurrence
\$2,000,000 general aggregate
\$1,000,000 products and completed operations
\$1,000,000 personal and advertising injury

- b. **Business Auto Liability** - The following Automobile Liability will be required and coverage shall apply to all owned, hired and non-owned vehicles use with minimum limits of:

\$1,000,000 combined single limit (CSL)
\$500,000 bodily injury per person
\$1,000,000 bodily injury per accident
\$500,000 property damage per accident

- c. **Workers' Compensation** - Statutory benefits as defined by FS 440 encompassing all operations contemplated by this contract or agreement to apply to all owners, officers, and employees regardless of the number of employees. Workers Compensation exemptions may be accepted with written proof of the State of Florida's approval of such exemption. Employers' liability will have minimum limits of:

\$500,000 per accident
\$500,000 disease limit
\$500,000 disease – policy limit

*The required minimum limit of liability shown in a and b may be provided in the form of "Excess Insurance" or "Commercial Umbrella Policies." In which case, a "Following Form Endorsement" will be required on the "Excess Insurance Policy" or "Commercial Umbrella Policy."

Verification of Coverage:

1. Coverage shall be in place prior to the commencement of any work and throughout the duration of the contract. The certificate shall provide for the following:
 - a. The certificate holder shall read as follows:
Florida Government Utility Authority
280 Wekiva Springs Road, Suite 2070
Longwood, Florida 32779
 - b. “*FGUA, its officers, and employees*” will be named as an "Additional Insured" on the General Liability policy, including Products and Completed Operations coverage.

Special Requirements:

1. An appropriate "Indemnification" clause shall be made a provision of the contract.
2. It is the responsibility of the general contractor to insure that all subcontractors comply with all insurance requirements.

Lehigh Acres Fire Control and Rescue District

Major Insurance Requirements

- a. **Commercial General Liability** - Coverage shall apply to premises and/or operations, products and completed operations, independent contractors, contractual liability exposures with minimum limits of:
- \$1,000,000 per occurrence
 - \$2,000,000 general aggregate
 - \$1,000,000 products and completed operations
 - \$1,000,000 personal and advertising injury
- b. **Business Auto Liability** - The following Automobile Liability will be required and coverage shall apply to all owned, hired and non-owned vehicles use with minimum limits of:
- \$1,000,000 combined single limit (CSL)
 - \$500,000 bodily injury per person
 - \$1,000,000 bodily injury per accident
 - \$500,000 property damage per accident
- c. **Workers' Compensation** - Statutory benefits as defined by FS 440 encompassing all operations contemplated by this contract or agreement to apply to all owners, officers, and employees regardless of the number of employees. Workers Compensation exemptions may be accepted with written proof of the State of Florida's approval of such exemption. Employers' liability will have minimum limits of:
- \$500,000 per accident
 - \$500,000 disease limit
 - \$500,000 disease – policy limit

*The required minimum limit of liability shown in a and b may be provided in the form of "Excess Insurance" or "Commercial Umbrella Policies." In which case, a "Following Form Endorsement" will be required on the "Excess Insurance Policy" or "Commercial Umbrella Policy."

Verification of Coverage:

1. Coverage shall be in place prior to the commencement of any work and throughout the duration of the contract. The certificate shall provide for the following:

- a. The certificate holder shall read as follows:
Lehigh Acres Fire Control and Rescue District
636 Thomas Sherwin Ave S
Lehigh Acres, Florida 33974

- b. "*Lehigh Acres Fire Control and Rescue District, its officers, and employees*" will be named as an "Additional Insured" on the General Liability policy, including Products and Completed Operations coverage.

Special Requirements:

1. An appropriate "Indemnification" clause shall be made a provision of the contract.
2. It is the responsibility of the general contractor to insure that all subcontractors comply with all insurance requirements.

End of Insurance Guide Section

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

These are conditions that are in relation to this solicitation only and have not been included in the County's standard Terms and Conditions or the Scope of Work.

1. Scope of Work

This Project includes the widening of Homestead Road from south of Sunrise Boulevard to north of Alabama Road. The project includes, but is not limited to: roadway, drainage, lighting, and sidewalk construction and also includes an additive alternate for underground utility work on behalf of Florida Governmental Utility Authority (FGUA).

2. Basis of Award

Award will be made to the lowest most responsive, responsible, and qualified bidder meeting all requirements of this solicitation. The additive alternate bid for utility work will be included for determination of the apparent low bidder. The County reserves the right to award to the Contractor whose prices, in its sole judgment, are the most realistic in terms of provision of the best services and in the best interest of the County. The County reserves the right to reject any and all bids at any time, unconditionally, and without cause. FGUA retains the right to reject bids on the utility work additive bid alternate.

3. Time of Performance

Time is of the essence. Contractor hereby agrees to commence work under this project on or before ten (10) calendar days from the receipt of the Notice to Proceed (NTP) and to achieve Substantial and Final Completion within the noted number of calendar days from the date of the NTP:

Substantial Completion: 915 Calendar Days

Final Completion: 945 Calendar Days

4. Liquidated Damages

In accordance with the terms set forth in the Agreement, for each consecutive calendar day of delay in achieving Substantial Completion as set forth herein, the Contractor shall be liable to the County for per diem liquidated damages in the amount of **\$3,645**.

For delay in achieving Final Completion in accordance with the terms set forth herein, the Contractor shall be liable to the County for Actual Damages.

5. Permits

Unless otherwise specified herein, the Contractor shall secure and pay for all permits, impact fees, and licenses and will pay for all governmental charges and inspection fees necessary for the prosecution of the work. County permits and fees are required to be obtained and paid for by the Contractor. The Contractor will also pay all public utility charges and connection fees, except as provided for in the Contract Documents.

The State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection permit titled "Generic Permit for Stormwater Discharge from Construction Activities That Disturb Five or More Acres of Land" applies to this Contract. The website for the permit, associated forms and instructions is provided in the permit section of these documents. The Contractor is responsible for administration, processing, fees, inspections and all other requirements of the permit. The State NPDES permit requires that inspections be performed by qualified personnel who have completed the Florida Storm Water, Erosion and Sediment Control Training and Certification Program for Inspectors and Contractors and who have passed the examination. The Contractor is responsible for all inspection requirements of the State NPDES permit. Use the inspection form provided by the Engineer to report all inspection findings and to document all corrective actions taken as a result of the inspection. Sign each inspection report and submit it weekly to the Engineer.

Permits and licenses of regulatory agencies, which are necessary to be maintained after completion of the guarantee period, shall be secured and paid for by the County.

Pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statute 218.80, the table below is a disclosure of permits and fees to be paid by the Contractor to complete the scope of work as described herein. This list does not relieve the successful bidder/vendor of its responsibility to obtain and pay for permits required by other governmental entities as specified elsewhere in this document.

| Permit | Obtained from (County,SWFWMD, etc) | Permit Cost (Amount/Percentage Method/Unit Method of Computation) | Obtained by (Contractor or County) |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Environmental Resource Standard General Permit No. 36- 07214-P | South Florida Water Management District | | County |
| Permit No. SAJ-2008- 2877 | Department of Army, Jacksonville District Corps of Engineers | | County |
| Permit No. 0226980- 089DSGP | Florida Department of Health | | County |
| Permit No. 48064-132- DWC/CG | Florida Department of Environmental Protection | | County |

6. Minimum Insurance Requirements

Lee County in no way represents that the insurance required herein is sufficient or adequate to protect the Contractor's interests or liabilities. The following are the required minimums the Contractor must maintain throughout the duration of this contract. The County reserves the right to request additional documentation at any time regarding insurance provided.

The Lee County Board of County Commissioners, Florida Gulf Utility Association, and Lehigh Acres Fire Control and Rescue District each have specific insurance requirements applicable to this project, as detailed in the Insurance Guide. Contractor shall comply with all requirements contained therein.

End of Special Conditions Section

GENERAL CONDITIONS

1. Administration

The Consultant is the initial interpreter of the Contract Documents but is not the Judge between the COUNTY and the CONTRACTOR. The COUNTY reserves the right to make final decisions considering the Consultant's recommendations or interpretations of the Contract Documents. The Consultant does not have authority to obligate or commit the COUNTY to fund additional expenditures or approve extensions of time over the approved Contract time or price. However, the CONSULTANT'S interpretation as to the intent of his design shall be final and not subject to interpretation by the COUNTY'S staff.

1.1. Copies of Documents

The COUNTY shall furnish to the CONTRACTOR the number of copies specified in the Supplemental Information of the Contract Documents as are reasonably necessary for the execution of the Work. Additional copies will be furnished, upon request, at the cost of reproduction which shall be paid by the CONTRACTOR.

1.2. Before Starting Construction

Before undertaking each phase of the Work, the CONTRACTOR shall carefully study and compare the Contract Documents and check and verify pertinent figures shown thereon and all applicable field measurements. The CONTRACTOR shall promptly report in writing to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE any conflict, error or discrepancy which the CONTRACTOR may discover or other information known to the CONTRACTOR and shall obtain a written interpretation or clarification from the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE before proceeding with any Work affected thereby. If the CONTRACTOR performs any construction activity knowing it involves a recognized error, inconsistency or omission in the Contract Documents without such notice to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, the CONTRACTOR shall assume responsibility for such performance and shall share in costs associated with correction; however, the CONTRACTOR shall not be liable to the COUNTY for failure to report any conflict, error or discrepancy in the Contract Documents, unless the CONTRACTOR had actual knowledge thereof or should reasonably have known thereof.

1.2.1. Within ten calendar days after the Effective Date of the Agreement (unless otherwise specified in the Contract Documents), the CONTRACTOR shall submit to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE for review:

- 1.2.1.1. An estimated progress schedule indicating the starting and completion dates of the various stages of the Work:
- 1.2.1.2. Long lead item shall be identified and scheduled accordingly.
- 1.2.1.3. A preliminary schedule of Shop Drawing submission; and
- 1.2.1.4. A preliminary schedule of values for all of the Work which will include quantities and prices of items aggregating the Contract Price and will subdivide the Work into component parts in sufficient detail to serve as the basis for progress payments during construction on form No. CMO:013. Such prices will include an appropriate amount of overhead and profit applicable to each item of Work which will be confirmed in writing by the CONTRACTOR at the time of submission; and specify times for Application for Payment.
- 1.2.1.5. A plan of work for maintenance of traffic, when the Contract Documents require maintenance of traffic.

1.2.1.6. For informational purposes, a proposed listing of sub-contractors to be used for the project.

1.2.2. **Pre-Construction Conference**

Within fifteen calendar days after the Effective Date of the Agreement, but before the CONTRACTOR starts the Work at the site, a conference attended by the CONTRACTOR, the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, the COUNTY, and Others as appropriate, will be held to discuss the items, to discuss procedures for handling Shop Drawings and other submittals and for processing Applications for Payment, and to establish an understanding among the parties as to the Work.

1.2.3 **Finalizing Schedules**

At least ten calendar days before submission of the first Application for payment, a conference attended by the CONTRACTOR, the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, the COUNTY, and Others as appropriate, will be held to finalize the schedules submitted. The finalized progress schedule will be acceptable to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE and the COUNTY as providing an orderly progression of the Work to completion within the Contract Time, but such acceptance will neither impose on the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE or the COUNTY responsibility for the progress or scheduling of the Work nor relieve the CONTRACTOR from full responsibility therefor. The finalized schedule of Shop Drawing submissions will be acceptable to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE as providing a workable arrangement for processing the submissions. The finalized schedule of values will be acceptable to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE and the COUNTY as to form and substance.

Definitions

The following definition of terms associated with this Contract is provided to establish a common understanding between both parties to this Contract as to the intended usage, application and interpretation of such terms pertaining to this Contract.

ADDENDUM means any additional Contract provisions in writing signed and sealed by the CONSULTANT, if applicable, issued by the COUNTY prior to the receipt of Bid which clarify, correct, change or interpret the Bidding Documents or the Contract Documents.

AGREEMENT means the written agreement between the COUNTY and the CONTRACTOR covering the Work to be performed; the Agreement is a part of the Contract Documents.

BIDDER is any individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, or corporation submitting a bid for this project, acting directly or through an authorized representative.

BID is a complete and properly signed proposal to do the Work or designated portion thereof for the sums stipulated therein, submitted in accordance with the Bidding Documents.

BID BOND is a security in the form and amount required by the COUNTY pledging that the BIDDER will enter into a Contract with the COUNTY on the terms stated in his Bid.

BID DOCUMENTS are the Invitation to Bid, the Notice to Bidders, the Invitation to Bid Terms and Conditions, sample forms, the Bid Proposal Form and the proposed Contract Documents (including all Addenda issued prior to receipt of Bids).

CHANGE ORDERS are written order to the CONTRACTOR signed by the COUNTY, issued after execution of the Contract, authorizing a change in the Work or an adjustment in the Contract price or the Contract Time. The Contract Price and the Contract Time may be changed only by a Change Order. A Change Order signed by the CONTRACTOR indicates his agreement therewith, including the adjustment in the Contract Price or the Contract Time.

COMPLETION (FINAL) means acceptance of the Project by the COUNTY as evidenced by its signature upon a final payment Certification and approval thereof by the Board of County Commissioners or their designee. The final payment Certification shall be signed only after the COUNTY has assured itself by tests, inspections, or otherwise that all of the provisions of the Contract have been carried out as required.

COMPLETION (SUBSTANTIAL) shall mean an acceptance of the Work by the COUNTY when construction is sufficiently complete in accordance with the Contract Documents so the COUNTY can occupy or utilize the Work or designated portion thereof for the use applicable, issued by the Building Official is required concurrent with or prior to issuance of the Certificate of Substantial Completion.

CONSTRUCTION is the erection, fabrication, assembly, remodeling, renovation, addition, modification, repair or demolition of any building or structure or any appurtenances connected or attached to such buildings or structures. The term applies but is not limited to the repair, replacement modification or construction of roads, bridges, sidewalks, traffic devices, parking lots, drainage, underground and overhead utilities.

CONSULTANT is the person lawfully licensed to practice Architecture or Engineering and registered in the State of Florida, or an entity lawfully practicing Architecture or Engineering, identified as such in the Construction Contract, and is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number and masculine in genre. The term CONSULTANT means the Architect or Engineer or his authorized representative.

CONTRACT DOCUMENTS consist of the Invitation to Bid, Agreement, General and Special Conditions of the Contract, Specifications, the Plans, Supplemental Information, Addenda issued prior to execution of the Contract, all written modifications issued after execution of the Contract, all provisions required by law to be inserted in this Contract whether actually inserted or not, and a Contract Number issued by the COUNTY.

A *MODIFICATION* is:

- (1) A written Amendment to the Contract.
- (2) A Change Order.
- (3) A written interpretation necessary for the proper execution or progress of the Work issued by the OWNER'S Representative.
- (4) A Field Change Order.
- (5) A Field Directive Change.

CONTRACT PRICE means the total monies payable to the CONTRACTOR under the Contract Documents.

CONTRACT TIME means the number of Calendar days stated in the Agreement for the purpose of establishing Substantial Completion and Final Completion dates.

CONTRACTOR is the person, firm, joint venture, or corporation with whom the COUNTY has contracted and who has the primary responsibility for performance of the work.

COUNTY means the Board of County Commissioners of Lee County, Florida, a political subdivision of the State of Florida, its successors and assigns. Also hereinafter referred to as OWNER.

DAYS - The term “day” as used in the Contract Documents shall mean calendar day unless otherwise specifically designated. A calendar day constitutes twenty four hours measured from midnight to the next midnight.

DEFECTIVE - An adjective which when modifying the word “Work” refers to Work that is unsatisfactory, faulty or deficient, or does not conform to the Contract Documents, or does not meet the requirements of any inspection, reference standard, test or approval referred to in the Contract Documents, or has been damaged prior to the OWNER’S REPRESENTATIVE recommendation of final payment.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE AGREEMENT means the date on which the agreement is signed and delivered by the latter of the two parties.

ENGINEER shall mean the Director of the Lee County Department of Transportation or his designated County Project Manager.

FIELD CHANGE ORDER is a written change order requested by the OWNER’S Representative, accepted by the CONTRACTOR, and approved by the PROJECT MANAGER for minor changes in the Work, not involving adjustments in the Contract Sum or an extension of Time, and not inconsistent with the overall intent of the Contract Documents.

FIELD DIRECTIVE CHANGE - A written directive to the CONTRACT, issued on or after the effective date of the Agreement ordering an addition, deletion, or revision in the Work, or responding to differing or unforeseen physical conditions under which the Work is to be performed as defined elsewhere in these documents. A Field Directive Change may not change the Contract Price or the Contract Time, but is evidence that the parties expect that the change directed or documented by a Field Directive Change will be incorporated in a subsequently issued Change Order following negotiations by the parties as to its effect, if any, on the Contract Price or the Contract Time.

FINAL ACCEPTANCE means acceptance of the Work by the COUNTY upon the expiration of the warranty period as stated in the Contract Documents.

MATERIALS - Anything used in the process of, but not limited to, constructing, demolishing, renovating or remodeling of any building, structure, road, bridge, recreational facility, transportation element and utility or any addition thereto utilized for this project.

NOTICE means written notice. Notice shall be served upon the CONTRACTOR either personally or by leaving the said Notice at his residence or with his agency in charge of the Work, or addressed to the CONTRACTOR at the residence or place of business stated in the Bid Proposal and deposited in a postpaid wrapper in any United States Mailbox.

NOTICE TO PROCEED is a written instrument issued by the COUNTY to the CONTRACTOR, authorizing the CONTRACTOR to commence Work on the Project. The NOTICE TO PROCEED shall include the effective date of Commencement.

NOTICE OF AWARD means the written Notice given by the COUNTY to the successful Bidder.

NOTICE OF TERMINATION is a written instrument issued in accordance with the Contract Documents by the COUNTY to the CONTRACTOR or by the CONTRACTOR to the COUNTY notifying the receiving party that the Contract is being terminated. The NOTICE shall clearly identify the effective date the Contract is to be terminated.

OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE is the CONSULTANT contracted by the COUNTY for Professional Services during the construction phase of this project or a qualified person authorized as his official representative, or in the absence of such a contract, the project Manager will be considered the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE for the purpose of this Contract Document. The OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE is not authorized to issue change orders to the contract sum, contract time or scope of work without express approval of the Board of County Commissioners.

PLANS AND/OR DRAWINGS are a graphic representation of the arrangement of the materials or parts of the construction of the project and are a portion of the Contract Documents.

PROCUREMENT MANAGEMENT shall mean the Director of Lee County's Procurement Management Department or designee.

PROJECT shall mean the entire improvement of which this contract forms a part.

PROJECT MANAGER is an employee of the Department or the COUNTY which requested the Contract and is a designee authorized by or for that Department who is the representative of the Board of County Commissioners in matters concerning the contractor of this project. The project manager will act as the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE in the absence of a contract with a CONSULTANT. The PROJECT MANAGER is not authorized to issue changes to the Contract Sum, Contract Time, or Scope of Work without express approval by the Department Director, County Manager, or Board of County Commissioners.

The PROJECT MANAGER, within the authority conferred by the Board of County Commissioners, acting as the COUNTY'S designated representative shall initiate written Change Orders, and notification to the CONTRACTOR of any and all changes approved by the COUNTY in the CONTRACTOR'S (1) compensation (2) time and/or schedule of service delivery; (3) any Amendment (s) or other change(s) relative to the WORK and ADDITIONAL SERVICES pursuant to this Contract, or AMENDMENTS, or CHANGE ORDERS pertaining thereto. Following COUNTY approval, the Project Manager shall coordinate assurance of any such documents. The PROJECT MANAGER or his designee shall be responsible for acting on the COUNTY'S behalf to administer, coordinate, interpret and otherwise manage the contractual provisions and requirements set forth in this Contract, or any AMENDMENT(S), or CHANGE ORDER(S) issued there under.

SPECIFICATIONS are written documents organized into divisions, sections, and articles which provide detailed instructions to the CONTRACTOR pertaining, but not limited to, materials, style,

workmanship, fabrication, dimensions, colors, warranties, finishes, quality, manufacturer, grade and operational data of all components to be provided by the CONTRACTOR and incorporated into the Project.

SUB-CONTRACTOR is a person, firm, partnership, corporation, or entity who has a direct contract with the CONTRACTOR to perform any of the Work at the site. The term Sub-contractor does not include those whose sole purpose is that of a supplier of materials. A supplier of materials shall be classified as a Sub-contractor if it enters into any agreement, whether written or verbal, for the installation of said materials. The term Sub-contractor means a Sub-contractor or its authorized representative.

SUPPLIER - A manufacturer, fabricator, distributor, materialmen or vendor.

SURETY is the surety company or individual that is bound by Contract bond with and for the CONTRACTOR who is primarily liable, and is responsible for CONTRACTOR'S acceptable performance of the Project and payment of all debts pertaining to the Contract Documents in accordance with Section 255.05, Florida Statutes.

UNDERGROUND FACILITIES - All pipeline, conduits, ducts, cables, wires, manholes, vaults, tanks, tunnels or other such facilities or attachments, and any encasements containing such facilities which have been installed underground to furnish any of the following services or materials: electricity, gases, steam, liquid petroleum products, telephone or other communications, cable television, sewage and drainage removal, traffic or other control systems or water.

WORK is the construction required by the Contract Documents and includes all labor necessary to produce such construction, and all materials and equipment incorporated or to be incorporated in such construction.

2. Starting the Work

Written Notice to Proceed is contingent upon and will be done subsequent to the CONTRACTOR fully satisfying the COUNTY'S stated insurance and Bond submittal requirements. Until the CONTRACTOR receives the COUNTY'S written Notice to Proceed, the CONTRACTOR is advised that the COUNTY will not be liable for any expenses which the CONTRACTOR may incur relative to this Contract before the written Notice to Proceed is issued.

- 2.1. The Contract time shall commence to run from the date specified in the "Notice to Proceed".
- 2.2. The CONTRACTOR is required, before commencing the Work, to deliver to the COUNTY the Public Payment and Performance Bond issued by a surety insurer authorized to do business in the State of Florida as Surety. The Bond must state the name and principal business address of both the principal and the Surety and must contain a description of the project sufficient to identify it and post in conspicuous place at the project site.
- 2.3. The COUNTY will forward to the CONTRACTOR a Notice of Commencement along with a copy of the recorded Public Payment and Performance Bond with instructions to post in a conspicuous spot on the project site.

3. Interpretation Intent, Amending and Reuse of Contract Documents

It is the intent of the Specifications and Plans to describe a complete Project to be constructed in accordance with the Contract Documents.

3.1 The Contract Documents are complementary; what is called for by one is as binding as if called for by all. If the CONTRACTOR finds a conflict, error or discrepancy in the Contract Documents, he shall immediately call it to the attention of the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE in writing before proceeding with the Work affected thereby.

3.2 Any Work that may be reasonably inferred from the specifications or Drawings as being required to produce the intended result shall be supplied whether or not it is specifically called for.

3.3 Work, materials or equipment described in words which have a well-known technical or trade meaning, shall be deemed to refer to such recognized standards.

3.4 In resolving conflicts, errors, and discrepancies, the order of precedence of the Contract Document is as follows:

- (1) Change Order
- (2) Agreement
- (3) Addenda
- (4) Special Conditions
- (5) General Conditions
- (6) Specifications
- (7) Supplemental Information
- (8) Drawings
- (9) Figure Dimensions
- (10) Scale Dimensions (Large Scale Drawings supersede Small Scale Drawings)
- (11) Invitation to Bid Terms and Conditions

3.5 Amending and Supplementing Contract Documents

The Contract Documents may be amended to provide for additions, deletions and revisions in the Work or to modify the terms and conditions thereof in one or more of the following ways:

3.5.1 A formal Written Amendment,

3.5.2 A Change Order.

3.5.3 A Field Directive Change.

The Contract Price and the Contract Time may only be changed by a Change Order or Written Amendment.

3.6 In addition, the requirements of the Contract Documents may be supplemented and minor variations and deviations of the Work may be authorized, in one or more of the following ways:

3.6.1 A Field Change Order,

3.6.2 The OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE approval of a Shop Drawing or sample, or

3.6.3 The OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE written interpretation or clarification.

3.7 Reuse of Documents

Neither the CONTRACTOR nor any SUB-CONTRACTOR or Supplier or other person or organization performing or furnishing any of the Work under a direct or indirect contract with the COUNTY shall have or acquire any title to or ownership rights in any of the Drawings, Specifications or other documents (or copies of any thereof) prepared by or bearing the seal of the CONSULTANT; and they shall not reuse any of them on extensions of the Project or any other project without written consent of the COUNTY or their CONSULTANT and the specific written verification or adaptation by the CONSULTANT.

4 Availability of Lands

The COUNTY will furnish, as indicated in the Contract Documents and not later than the date when needed by the CONTRACTOR, the lands upon which the Work is to be done, rights-of-way for access thereto, and such other lands which are designated for the use of the CONTRACTOR. Easements for permanent structures or permanent changes in existing facilities will be obtained by the COUNTY unless otherwise specified in the Contract Documents. If the CONTRACTOR believes that any delay in the COUNTY'S furnishing these lands or easements entitles him to an extension of the Contract Time, he may make a claim therefore. The CONTRACTOR will provide for all additional lands and access thereto that may be required for temporary construction facilities or storage of materials and equipment unless designated otherwise. The OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE will, upon request, furnish to the CONTRACTOR copies of all available boundary and topographic surveys as required and sub-surface tests. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for staging and storing equipment or materials. All parcels utilized for staging shall be secured. All parcels utilized for staging will be kept in a neat and orderly fashion and then restored to the landowner's satisfaction upon terminating the use of the staging area or improved as noted in the plans. The CONTRACTOR shall maintain on the job site written proof of authorization for the use of any private land. The COUNTY does not condone trespass on private property and will hold the CONTRACTOR liable for any such trespass. Right-of-way maps, if available, of the lands upon which the improvements will be made shall be provided upon request from the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE. The CONTRACTOR may use these lands for work associated with this contract only. The CONTRACTOR shall verify the availability of these lands with the Lee County D.O.T. project manager prior to the issuance of the notice to proceed.

4.1 Physical Conditions

Explorations and Reports: Reference is made to the Supplemental Information for identification of those reports of explorations and tests of subsurface conditions at the site that have been utilized by the CONSULTANT and/or the COUNTY in preparation of the Contract Documents. These reports are not part of the contract Documents. The CONTRACTOR may rely upon the accuracy of the technical data contained in such reports but not upon the non-technical data, interpretations or opinions contained therein for the completeness or accuracy thereof for the CONTRACTOR'S purposes of preparing or submitting a bid. Except as indicated in the immediately preceding sentence, the CONTRACTOR shall have full responsibility with respect to subsurface conditions at the site. The technical data which will be made available only at the CONTRACTOR'S request may not be sufficient for construction purposes. Additional investigations may be necessary for the purposes of carrying out the construction project.

4.2 Existing Structures: Reference is made to the Supplemental Information for identification of those drawings of physical conditions in or relating to existing surface and subsurface structures (except Underground Facilities) which are at or contiguous to the site that have been utilized by the CONSULTANT and/or the

COUNTY in preparation of the Contract Documents. The CONTRACT may rely upon the accuracy of the technical data contained in such drawings but not for the completeness thereof for the purposes of preparing or submitting a bid. Except as indicated in the immediately preceding sentence, the CONTRACTOR shall have full responsibility with respect to physical conditions in or relating to such structures.

4.3 Unless otherwise stated, the CONTRACTOR shall be fully responsible for the removal of any materials, debris, garbage, vehicles or other such items which would interfere with the undertaking and completion of the project. By submission of a bid, the CONTRACTOR assumes full responsibility for the expenses associated with such removal. There shall not be an increase in time or price associated with such removal.

4.4 Report of Differing Conditions: If the CONTRACTOR believes that:

4.4.1.1 Any technical data on which the CONTRACTOR is entitled to is inaccurate,
or

4.4.1.2 Any physical condition uncovered or revealed at the site differs materially from that indicated, reflected or referred to in the Contract Documents.

4.4.1.3 The CONTRACTOR shall, promptly after becoming aware thereof and before performing any Work in connection therewith (except in an emergency as permitted) notify the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE in writing about the inaccuracy or difference.

4.5 OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE Review: The OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE will promptly review the pertinent conditions, determine the necessity of obtaining additional explorations or tests with respect thereto and advise the COUNTY in writing (with a copy to the CONTRACTOR) of the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE'S findings and conclusions.

4.6 Possible Document Change: If the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE and the COUNTY conclude that there is a material error in the Contract Documents and a change in the Contract Documents is required, a Field Directive Change, a Field Change or a Change Order will be issued as to reflect and document the consequences of the inaccuracy or difference.

4.7 Possible Price and Time Adjustments: In each case of a material error in the Contract Documents, an increase or decrease in the Contract Price or an extension or shortening of the Contract Time, or any combination thereof, will be allowable to the extent that they are attributable to any such inaccuracy or difference.

4.8 Physical Conditions - Underground Facilities

Shown or Indicated: The information and data shown or indicated in the Contract Documents with respect to existing Underground Facilities at or contiguous to the site is based on information and data furnished to the COUNTY or the CONSULTANT by the owners of such Underground facilities or by others. Unless it is otherwise expressly provided in the Supplemental Information:

4.8.1 The CONTRACTOR shall have full responsibility for reviewing and checking all such information and data, for locating all Underground Facilities shown or indicated in the Contract Documents, for coordination of the Work with the owners of such Underground Facilities during construction, for the safety and protection thereof and

for repairing any damage thereto resulting from the Work, the cost of all of which will be considered as having been included in the Contract Price. The CONSULTANT and COUNTY shall not be responsible for the accuracy or completeness of any such information or data.

- 4.9 Not Shown or Indicated: If an Underground Facility is uncovered or revealed at or contiguous to the site which was not shown or indicated in the Contract Documents and which the CONTRACTOR could not reasonably have been expected to be aware of, the CONTRACTOR shall, promptly after becoming aware thereof and before performing any Work affected thereby (except in an emergency as permitted) identify the owner of such Underground Facility and give written notice thereof to that owner and to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE. The OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE will promptly review the Underground Facility to determine the extent to which the Contract Documents should be modified to reflect and document the consequences of the existence of the Underground Facility, and with the COUNTY'S approval, the Contract Documents will be amended or supplemented to the extent necessary. During such time, the CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for the safety and protection of such Underground Facility. The CONTRACTOR shall be allowed an increase in the Contract Price or an extension of the Contract Time, or both, to the extent that they are attributable to the existence of any Underground Facility that was not shown or indicated in the Contract Documents and which the CONTRACTOR could not reasonably have been expected to be aware of. Locations of existing underground utilities are not field confirmed. In the case of a conflict between this or any other utility and proposed improvements, it shall be the CONTRACTOR'S duty to coordinate with all utility company relocation activities whether shown or not shown in the plans. Coordination is to include efforts by the CONTRACTOR to minimize time lost due to unexpected utility relocation or modifications.

4.10 Reference Points

The COUNTY shall provide engineering surveys to establish reference points, as specified in the Supplemental Information, for construction which in the judgment of the COUNTY and the CONSULTANT are necessary to enable CONTRACTOR to proceed with the Work. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for laying out the Work (unless otherwise specified in the Technical Specifications), shall protect and preserve the established reference points and shall make no changes or relocations without the prior written approval of the COUNTY. The CONTRACTOR shall report to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE whenever any reference point is lost or destroyed or requires relocation because of necessary changes in grades or locations, and shall be responsible for the accurate replacement or relocation of such reference points by professionally qualified personnel.

5. Bonds and Insurance

5.1. Public Payment and Performance Bond

The CONTRACTOR will execute the Public Payment and Performance Bonds included herein as security for the faithful performance and payment of all his obligations under the Contract Documents.

- 5.2. This Bond shall be in amounts at least equal to the Contract Price and in such form and with such securities as are acceptable to the COUNTY. Prior to execution of the Contract Documents, the COUNTY may require the CONTRACTOR to furnish such other bonds, in such form and with such sureties as it may require. If such bonds are required by written instructions given prior to opening of Bids, the Premiums shall be paid by the CONTRACTOR. If the Contract is increased by a Change Order, it shall be the CONTRACTOR'S responsibility to insure that the Public Payment and Performance Bond be amended accordingly and a copy of the

amendment forwarded to PROCUREMENT MANAGEMENT.

- 5.3. If the surety on any bond furnished by the CONTRACTOR is declared bankrupt or becomes insolvent or its right to do business is terminated in the State of Florida or it ceases to meet the requirements imposed by the Contract Documents, the CONTRACTOR shall within five calendar days thereafter substitute another Bond and Surety, both of which shall be acceptable to the COUNTY.
- 5.4. If the CONTRACTOR cannot obtain another bond and surety within five calendar days the COUNTY will accept and the CONTRACTOR shall submit an irrevocable letter of credit drawn on a Lee County, Florida bank until the bond and surety can be obtained.

6 Qualifications of Surety Companies

In order to be acceptable to the COUNTY, a surety company issuing Bid Guaranty Bonds or 100% Public Payment and Performance Bonds, called for in these specifications, shall meet and comply with the following minimum standards:

- 6.1 General
All Sureties for Lee County projects must be admitted to do business in the State of Florida and shall comply with the provisions of Florida Statute 255.05.
- 6.2 Attorneys-in-Fact who sign bid bonds or Public Payment and Performance Bonds for Lee County projects must file with such bond a certified copy of their Power of Attorney to sign such bond.
- 6.3 Agents of surety companies must list their name, address, and telephone number on all bonds.
- 6.4 The life of all bonds provided to Lee County shall extend twelve months beyond the date of final payment and shall contain a waiver of alteration to the terms of the Contract, extensions of time and/or forbearance on the part of the COUNTY.
- 6.5 To be acceptable to the OWNER on projects not in excess of \$500,000.00, Surety shall comply with these minimum provisions of State Statute 287.0935 as follows:
 - 6.5.1 Surety must have twice the minimum surplus and capital required by Florida Insurance Code at the time of bid solicitation.
 - 6.5.2 Surety must be in compliance with all provisions of the Florida Insurance Code and hold a currently valid certificate of authority issued by the United States Department of the Treasury under SS.31 U.S.C. 9404-9308.
 - 6.5.3 Sureties on projects in excess of \$500,000.00 shall comply with the above minimum provisions as well as being rated thru A.M. Best shall comply with the following provisions:
 - 6.5.4 The Surety shall be rated as "A-" or better as to General Policyholders Rating and Class VII or better as to financial category by the most current Best's Key Rating Guide, published by A.M. Best Company.
 - 6.5.5 Surety must have fulfilled all of its obligations on all other bonds previously given to the COUNTY.
 - 6.5.6 Surety must have a minimum underwriting limitation of \$5,000,000 published in the latest edition of the Federal Register for Federal Bonds (U.S. Dept. of Treasury).
- 6.6 Letter of Credit
At any time during the life of the letter of credit, should the rating of financial institution fall below both of the minimum ratings as indicated in the Contract Documents, or should the

financial institution become insolvent, the CONTRACTOR must, within five calendar days after notification by the COUNTY:

- 6.6.1 Replace the existing letter of credit with a replacement letter of credit from a financial institution with either of the minimum ratings as specified in the Contract Documents,
or
 - 6.6.2 Have the existing letter of credit confirmed by a financial institution with either of the minimum ratings as specified in the Contract Documents.
 - 6.6.3 At the COUNTY'S option, the letter of credit may be replaced by a Public Payment and Performance Bond in accordance with the COUNTY'S existing bond policies.
- 6.7 Failure to comply with this provision may result in any or all of the following actions by the COUNTY:
- 6.7.1 Suspension of the CONTRACTOR'S right to pull building permits and schedule inspections;
 - 6.7.2 A stop work order; and/or Revocation of the Land Development Permit.

6.8 Financial Institutions/Letters of Credit

In order to be acceptable to the COUNTY, a financial institution issuing 100% Letters of Credit, called for in these specifications, shall meet and comply with the following minimum standards:

6.8.1 General

The face of the letter of credit must be in a format utilizing Lee County Standard Form and indicate the following:

- 6.8.1.1 The letter of credit is "clean" and "irrevocable";
- 6.8.1.2 An exact expiration date. The life of all letters of credit provided to Lee County shall extend twelve months beyond the date of final payment;
- 6.8.1.3 Statement of the purpose or project for which the letter of credit is issued;
- 6.8.1.4 A specific amount of the letter of credit, in U.S. dollars;
- 6.8.1.5 The method of disbursement of draws against the letter of credit;
- 6.8.1.6 The street address where draws against the letter of credit may be made; and
- 6.8.1.7 Venue in Lee County.
- 6.8.1.8 Verification of the status or certification of any financial institution may be made with:

Department of Insurance and Treasurer
Bureau of Collateral Securities
200 East Gaines Street
Tallahassee, FL 32377-0345
Phone (850) 922-3167

or

Lee County Procurement Management
1500 Monroe Street, 4th Floor
Fort Myers, FL 33901
Phone (239) 533-8881

or

Lee County Risk Management
2115 Second Street

Fort Myers, FL 33901
Phone (239) 533-2221

6.8.1.9 At the time of issuance of the letter of credit, the financial institution must have a minimum “peer group” rating of 50 in the latest Sheshunoff Quarterly Listing or a minimum rating of 125 in the latest IDC Bank Financial Quarterly Listing.

6.8.1.9.1.1.1 5.7.3 Letters of Credit from financial institutions which do not meet either of the minimum ratings indicated above must be confirmed by a financial institution with either of the minimum ratings indicated above.

6.8.1.9.1.1.2 5.7.4 All financial institutions which issue or confirm any Letter of Credit must be authorized by the Secretary of State to do business in the State of Florida, shall show proof of same upon request by COUNTY staff, and agree to venue in Lee County.

6.8.2 In addition to the institutions meeting the aforementioned requirements, the Federal Home Loan Bank of Atlanta is authorized to issue and confirm letters of credit which are in accordance with the provisions above and all subsequent sub-paragraphs.

6.8.3 These actions shall be in effect until a satisfactory replacement bond or letter of credit is accepted by the COUNTY. The CONTRACTOR agreement shall so provide for replacement or confirmation in accordance with this policy.

7 Contractor’s Liability Insurance

7.1 The CONTRACTOR will purchase and maintain such insurance as will protect him from claims under Worker’s Compensation laws, disability benefit laws or other similar employee benefit laws; from claims for damages because of bodily injury, occupational sickness or disease, or death of his employees including claims insured by usual personal injury, sickness and disease, or death of any person other than his employees including claims insured by usual personal injury liability coverage; and from claims for injury to or destruction of tangible property including loss of use resulting there from any or all of which may arise out of or result from the CONTRACTOR’S operations under the Contract Documents, whether such operations be by himself or any Sub-contractor or anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or for whose acts any of them may be legally liable. This insurance shall be written for no less than the limits of liability specified in the Contract Documents or required by law, whichever is greater, and shall include contractual liability insurance. As a prerequisite to the COUNTY signing the Contract, the CONTRACTOR will file with the COUNTY certificates of such insurance, acceptable to the COUNTY; these certificates shall contain a provision

for cancellation.

7.2 Insurance Requirements

7.2.6 Before final execution of the Agreement and until acceptance of the Work by the COUNTY, the CONTRACTOR shall procure and maintain insurance of the types and the limits specified below.

7.2.7 All CONTRACTOR'S Certificates of Insurance must be approved by the Lee County Risk Manager (or designee) before the final execution of the agreement by the COUNTY.

7.2.8 An Insurance Certificate shall be required from the successful BIDDER. Such form must be properly executed and submitted by an authorized representative of the insurance company and successful BIDDER within seven calendar days after notification by Lee County of the Board of County Commissioners' approval to award the contract. Such certificate of insurance state that the coverage is primary, and shall be in the types and amounts stated in the Contract Documents. Certificate should include producers' phone number and reference the name of the project.

8 Contractor's Responsibilities

8.1 Supervision and Superintendence

8.1.1 The CONTRACTOR will supervise and direct the Work efficiently. He will be solely responsible for the means, methods, techniques, sequences, safety, and procedure of construction, unless otherwise specified. The CONTRACTOR will be responsible to see that the finished Work complies with the Contract Documents.

8.1.2 The CONTRACTOR will keep on the site at all times when work is being performed, a competent, resident superintendent who shall not be replaced without prior written notice to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE. The superintendent will be the CONTRACTOR'S representative at the site and shall have authority to act on behalf of the CONTRACTOR. All communications given to the superintendent shall be binding as if given to the CONTRACTOR.

9 Labor Material and Equipment

9.1 The CONTRACTOR will provide competent, suitable, qualified personnel to lay out the Work and perform construction as required by the Contract Documents. He will at all times maintain good discipline and order at the site.

9.2 The CONTRACTOR will furnish all materials, equipment, labor, transportation, construction equipment and machinery, tools, appliances, fuel, power, heat, light, telephone, water and sanitary facilities and incidentals necessary for the execution, testing, initial operation and completion of the Work unless otherwise specified. All materials and equipment such as concrete pipe, inlets, manhole covers, etc., furnished by the CONTRACTOR shall be made by the same manufacturer, e.g., all pipe by one company, all inlets by one company, etc.

9.3 All materials and equipment will be new except as otherwise provided in the Contract Documents. If required by the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, the CONTRACTOR will furnish satisfactory evidence as to the kind and quality of

materials and equipment furnished.

9.4 All materials and equipment shall be applied, installed, connected, erected, used, cleaned and conditioned in accordance with the instructions of the applicable manufacturers, fabricator or processors except as otherwise provided in the Contract Documents.

9.5 In instances where the act is applicable due to the nature of the bid matter with which this bid package is concerned, all material, equipment, etc., as proposed and offered by CONTRACTOR must meet and conform to all O.S.H.A. requirements; the CONTRACTOR'S signature upon the bid proposal form being by this reference considered a certification of such fact.

10 Adjusting the Progress Schedule

10.1 The CONTRACTOR shall submit to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE for acceptance of adjustments in the progress schedule to reflect the impact thereon of new developments; these will conform generally to the progress schedule then in effect and additionally will comply with any provisions of the Contract Documents applicable thereto. The COUNTY reserves the right to reject the progress schedule from the CONTRACTOR which in its judgment does not appear to devote sufficient resources of manpower to enable the timely completion of the project. If the COUNTY requests the progress schedule to be adjusted, the CONTRACTOR shall do so and perform the work according to the adjusted schedule at no additional cost to the COUNTY.

11 Substitute Materials or Equipment

11.1 If it is indicated in the specifications that the CONTRACTOR may furnish or use a substitute that is equal to any material or equipment specified, and if the CONTRACTOR wishes to furnish or use a proposed substitute, he will, within thirty calendar days after the award of the Contract, make written application to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE for approval of such a substitute, certifying in writing that the proposed substitute will perform adequately the duties imposed by the general design, be similar and of equal substance to that specified and be suited to the same use and capable of performing the same function as that specified. No substitute shall be ordered or installed without the written approval of the COUNTY who shall be the judge of quality. Whether or not the COUNTY accepts a proposed substitute, the CONTRACTOR shall reimburse the COUNTY for any charges or cost for evaluating any proposed substitute.

12 Concerning Sub-contractors

12.1 The CONTRACTOR will be fully responsible for all acts and omissions of his SUB-CONTRACTORS and of persons directly or indirectly employed by them and of persons for whose acts they may be liable to the same extent that they are employed by him. Nothing in the Contract Documents shall create any contractual relationship between any SUB-CONTRACTOR and the COUNTY. The COUNTY may, upon request, furnish to any SUB-CONTRACTOR, to the extent practicable, evidence of amounts paid to the CONTRACTOR on account of specific Work done.

- 12.2 The divisions and sections of the specifications and the identifications of any Drawings shall not control the CONTRACTOR in dividing the Work among SUB-CONTRACTORS or delineating the Work to be performed by any specific trade.
- 12.3 The CONTRACTOR agrees to bind specifically every SUB-CONTRACTOR to the applicable terms and conditions of these Contract Documents for the benefit of the COUNTY.
- 12.4 All Work performed for the CONTRACTOR by a SUB-CONTRACTOR shall be pursuant to an appropriate agreement between the CONTRACTOR and the SUB-CONTRACTOR which shall contain provisions that waive all rights the contracting parties may have against one another for damages caused by fire or perils covered by insurance, except such rights as they may have to the proceeds of such insurance held by the COUNTY as trustee.

13 Patent Fees and Royalties

- 13.1 The costs involved in fees, royalties, or claims for any patented invention, article, process or method that may be used upon, or in a manner connected with the work under this contract, shall be paid by the CONTRACTOR. The CONTRACTOR and his sureties, together with his officers, agents, and employees, shall protect and hold the COUNTY harmless against any and all demands made for such fees or claims brought or made by holder of any invention or patent. Before final payment is made on the account of this Contract, the CONTRACTOR shall, if requested by the COUNTY, furnish acceptable proof of a proper release from all such fees or claims.
- 13.2 Should the CONTRACTOR, his agent, employee, or any of them be enjoined from furnishing or using any invention, article, material or plans supplied or required to be supplied or used under this contract, the CONTRACTOR shall promptly pay such royalties and secure the requisite licenses; or, subject to acceptance by the COUNTY, substitute other articles, materials or appliances in lieu thereof which are of equal efficiency, quality, finish, suitability and market value to those planned or required under the contract. Descriptive information of these substitutions shall be submitted to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE for determination of general conformance to the design concept and the construction contract. Should the COUNTY elect to use the substitution, the CONTRACTOR agrees to pay such royalties and secure such valid licenses as may be requisite for the COUNTY, his officers, agents, and employees, or any of them, to use such invention, article, material, or appliance without being disturbed or in any way interfered with by any proceeding in law or equity on account thereof.

14 Permits

- 14.1 Unless otherwise specified herein, the CONTRACTOR will secure and pay for all permits, impact fees, and licenses and will pay all governmental charges and inspections' fees necessary for the prosecution of the Work which are applicable at the time of his bid. The CONTRACTOR will also pay all public utility charges and connection fees except as provided for in the Contract Documents. Permits and licenses of regulatory agencies which are necessary to be maintained after completion of the guarantee period shall be secured and paid for by the COUNTY.

14.2 Pursuant to the requirements of F.S. 218.80, the County permits and fees required to be obtained and paid for by the CONTRACTOR, are contained in the Special Conditions.

14.2 This is a disclosure of permits and fees required by Lee County for this project and does not relieve the contractor of its responsibility to obtain and pay for permits required by other governmental entities as specified elsewhere in this document.

14.3 The CONTRACTOR will give all notices and comply with all laws, ordinances, rules and regulations applicable to the Work. If the CONTRACTOR observes that the Specifications or Drawings are at a variance therewith, he will give the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE prompt written notice thereof, and any necessary changes shall be adjusted by an appropriate modification. If the CONTRACTOR performs any Work knowing it to be contrary to such laws, ordinances, rules and regulations and without such notice to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, he will bear all cost arising there from; however, it shall not be his primary responsibility to make certain that the Drawings and Specifications are in accordance with such laws, ordinances, rules and regulations.

15 Licenses

15.1 The CONTRACTOR must be properly licensed, within the jurisdiction where the project is to be constructed, to perform the work specified in the Scope of Work at the time of bid submittal.

16 Use of Premises

16.1 The CONTRACTOR will confine his equipment, the storage of materials and equipment, and the operations of his workmen to the areas permitted by law, ordinances, permits or the requirements of the Contract Documents and shall not unreasonably encumber the premises with materials or equipment.

17 Record Drawings

17.1 The CONTRACTOR will keep one record copy of all Specifications, Drawings, Addenda, Modifications and Shop Drawings at the site in good order, and annotated to show all changes made during the construction process or addition and exact location of underground or otherwise concealed components such as, but not limited to, plumbing, air conditioning, electric, culverts, drainage structures, water main, force mains, service lines, wiring, traffic loops, pond or ditch bottoms and banks, signal poles, light poles, signs, and conduit which were not installed exactly as shown on the contract drawings. These shall be available to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE and shall be verified by the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE at 30%, 60%, and 100% completion of the Project. The CONTRACTOR shall submit to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE one complete set of all recorded changes made during Construction entitled "As-Built", and dated. Submittals shall be made in accordance with the above and shall be submitted at the time of substantial completion.

17.2 The sum of \$100,000.00 shall be withheld from the final payment until written acceptance or all of the Record Drawings by the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE has occurred.

17.3 Certified "as-built" information, which the CONTRACTOR must show on marked-up copies of

the design drawings, prints, and other materials as specified above shall include both authorized and unauthorized changes to horizontal pavement dimensions, finish pavement grades, finish dimensions, elevations and alignment of the items noted in Article 17.1, and any modifications to material types from that specified in the bid plans and specifications. As a prerequisite to any payments, the CONTRACTOR shall make available to the Engineer all “as-built” information pertinent to the design drawings each month prior to his submission of a monthly application for payment. The CONTRACTOR shall also obtain “as-built” cross-sections of the roadway, ditches, channels, and other drainage ways as shown in the Contract Documents at intervals not to exceed 100 ft. The CONTRACTOR shall set benchmarks on or within 100 ft. of each control structure constructed as part of this project. A complete description including elevation and location of each control structure benchmark shall be provided to the Engineer as part of the “as-built” information. The elevation shall be clearly and permanently indicated on each benchmark.

- 17.4 “As-built” dimensions and elevations shall be obtained by a Professional Land Surveyor registered in the State of Florida pursuant to Chapter 472, Florida Statutes. The “as-built” drawings shall be signed and sealed by the CONTRACTOR’S Professional Land Surveyor in accordance with Section 472.025, Florida Statutes.
- 17.5 All pertinent surveyors’ field survey notes containing the “as-built” data shall be sealed and submitted to the Engineer for review and acceptance prior to authorization of the final payment.
- 17.6 “As-built” data shall be secured and the accuracy of measurements shall be 0.01 ft.
- 17.7 All sub-surface improvements considered part of the Work as shown in the Contract Documents shall be “as-built” by the CONTRACTOR prior to backfilling.
- 17.8 A final bench level circuit shall be secured indicating accuracy of vertical closure and a copy of these field notes shall be submitted to the Engineer before final acceptance of the project.
- 17.9 The CONTRACTOR shall annotate and show all “as-built” information on 11” x 17” prints of the bid plans during the course of the construction process. Upon completion of all contract work, but prior to authorization of the final payment by the Engineer, the CONTRACTOR shall deliver one (1) set of such annotated, in neat draftsman-like manner, “as-built” 11” x 17” prints to the Engineer for approval. Upon approval of such “as-built” plans, the CONTRACTOR shall forthwith provide two (2) sets of these drawings containing all “as-built” information, a CD of the “as-built” electronic files in AutoCAD or MicroStation format and data which have been sealed by a Professional Land Surveyor by the CONTRACTOR at the CONTRACTOR’S cost and forthwith become the property of the COUNTY.
- 17.10 The cost of preparing, maintaining, and providing “as-built” plans and documents as specified in this Article must be included in the Lump Sum payment for mobilization for each part of the Bid Schedule providing for Mobilization.
- 17.11 Shop drawing submittals processed by the Engineer shall not be construed as Change Orders; the purpose of a shop drawing is to demonstrate to the Engineer that the CONTRACTOR understands the design concept, and that his understanding is demonstrated by indicating the equipment and material to be furnished and installed. Corrections or changes indicated by the Engineer in the shop drawings do not constitute authorization to perform extra work.

- 17.12 The review of shop drawings and schedules shall be considered general and shall not be construed as permitting any departures from the contract requirements. The design drawings and contract specifications shall take precedence over the shop drawings in the event of deviations, discrepancy, or conflict.

18 Safety and Protection

- 18.1 The CONTRACTOR will be responsible for initiating, maintaining and supervising all safety precautions and programs in connection with the Work. He will take all necessary precautions for the safety of and will provide the necessary protection to prevent damage, injury or loss to:

18.1.1 All employees on the Project and other persons who may be affected thereby;

18.1.2 All the Work and all materials or equipment to be incorporated therein, whether in storage on or off the

18.1.3 site; and

18.1.4 Other property at the site or adjacent thereto including trees, shrubs, lawns, walks, pavements, roadways, structures and utilities not designated for removal, relocation or replacement in the course of construction.

18.1.5 The CONTRACTOR will comply with all applicable laws, ordinances, rules, regulations and orders of any public body having jurisdiction for the safety of persons or property or to protect them from damage, injury or loss. He will erect and maintain, as required by the conditions and progress of the Work, all necessary safeguards for safety and protection and, in addition, he will comply with all applicable recommendations of the "Manual of Accident Prevention in Construction" published by the Associated General Contractors of America, Inc.; "Roadway and Traffic Design Standards" latest edition published by the Florida Department of Transportation, specifically Index 600-650; and Occupational Safety and Health Administration published by the United States Department of Labor. He will notify owners of adjacent utilities when prosecution of the Work may affect them. All damage, injury or loss to any property caused directly or indirectly, in whole or in part by the CONTRACTOR, any SUB-CONTRACTOR, anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them, or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable will be remedied by the CONTRACTOR; except any damage or loss attributable to the fault of the Drawings or the Specifications or to the acts or omissions of the COUNTY, and not attributable, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, to the fault of negligence of the CONTRACTOR.

18.1.6 The CONTRACTOR will designate a member of his organization whose responsibility will be to plan for the prevention of accidents at the site. This person shall be the CONTRACTOR'S Superintendent unless otherwise designated in writing by the CONTRACTOR to the

OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.

19 Emergencies

- 19.1 In emergencies affecting the safety of persons, the Work or property at the site or adjacent thereto, the CONTRACTOR, without special instruction or authorization from the COUNTY, is obligated to act at his discretion to prevent threatened damage, injury or loss. He will give the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE prompt written notice of any significant changes in the Work or deviations from the Contract Documents caused thereby. If the COUNTY and the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE determine that a change to the Contract Documents is required because of the action taken in response to an emergency, a Field Directive Change or Change Order shall thereupon be issued covering the changes and deviations involved.

20 Shop Drawings and Samples

- 20.1 After checking and verifying all field measurements, the CONTRACTOR will submit to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE for approval, in accordance with the acceptable schedule of Shop Drawing submission, five copies (or at the option of the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, one reproducible copy) of all Shop Drawings, which shall have been checked by and stamped with the approval of the CONTRACTOR and identified as the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE may require. The data shown on the Shop Drawings will be complete with respect to dimensions, design criteria, materials of construction and the like to enable the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE to review the information as required.
- 20.2 The CONTRACTOR will also submit to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE for approval with such promptness as to cause no delay in the Work, all samples required by the Contract Documents. All samples will have been checked by and stamped with the approval of the CONTRACTOR, identified clearly as to material, manufacturer, any pertinent numbers and the use for which intended.
- 20.3 At the time of each submission, the CONTRACTOR will in writing call the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE'S attention to any deviations that the Shop Drawing or sample may have from the requirements of the Contract Documents and, in addition, shall cause a specific notation to be made on each shop drawing submitted for review and approval of each such variation.
- 20.4 The OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE will review and approve with reasonable promptness Shop Drawings and Samples, but its review and approval shall be only for conformance with the design concept of the Project and for compliance with the information given in the Contract Documents. The approval of a separate item as such will not indicate approval of the assembly in which the item functions. The CONTRACTOR will make any corrections required by the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE and will return the required number of corrected copies of Shop Drawings and re-submit new samples until approved. All cost

incurred by the COUNTY for the review of a shop drawing in excess of two reviews shall be the CONTRACTORS responsibility. The CONTRACTOR'S stamp of approval on any Shop Drawing or sample shall constitute a representation to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE that the CONTRACTOR has either determined and verified all quantities, dimensions, field construction criteria, materials, catalog numbers and similar data or he assumes full responsibility for doing so, and that he has reviewed or coordinated each Shop Drawing or sample with the requirements of the Work and the Contract Document.

- 20.5 No work requiring a Shop Drawing or sample submissions shall be commenced until the submission has been approved by the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE. Any related Work performed prior to review and approval by the COUNTY of the pertinent submission will be the sole expense and responsibility of the CONTRACTOR. A copy of each approved Shop Drawing and each approved sample shall be kept in good order by the CONTRACTOR at the site and shall be available to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
- 20.6 The OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE approval of Shop Drawings or samples shall not relieve the CONTRACTOR from his responsibility for any deviations from the requirements of the Contract Documents, unless the CONTRACTOR has in writing called the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE attention to such deviation at the time of submission and the COUNTY and the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE have given written approval to the specific deviation; nor shall any approval by the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE relieve the CONTRACTOR from responsibility for errors or omissions in the Shop Drawings.
 - 20.6.1 The CONTRACTOR shall, upon completion of the work, furnish to the Engineer two (2) complete sets of prints, neatly bound together, and in good condition, of all the CONTRACTOR'S, Subcontractors' and manufacturers' drawings as finally checked and reviewed by the Engineer with all modifications accepted by the Engineer subsequent thereto, showing the work as actually completed. Such "as-built" information for bridges, culverts, and similar structures shall also be provided by the CONTRACTOR.

21 Indemnification

- 21.1 The CONTRACTOR shall indemnify, save harmless and defend the COUNTY and all of its officers, agents, consultants and employees from and against all losses, claims, demands, payments, suits, actions, recoveries and judgments of every nature and description brought or recoverable against it or them by reason of any act or omission of the CONTRACTOR, his agent, consultants, employees, sub-contractors etc., in the execution of the work or in consequence of any negligence or carelessness in guarding the same and agrees to assume any related cost.
- 21.2 The CONTRACTOR shall assume all risk and bear any loss or injury to property or persons occasioned by neglect or accident during the progress of work until the same shall have been completed and accepted. The CONTRACTOR agrees to

repair, restore or rebuild any damages he causes to any property of the COUNTY. He shall also assume all blame or loss by reason of neglect or violation of any state or federal law or municipal rule, regulation or order. The CONTRACTOR shall give to the proper authorities all required notices relating to the work, obtain all official permits and licenses and pay all proper fees. He shall repair any damage that may have occurred to any adjoining building, structure, utility or private property in the course of this work.

22 Cleaning Up

- 22.1 The CONTRACTOR will keep the premises free from accumulations of waste materials, rubbish and other debris resulting from the Work; at the completion of the Work he will remove all waste materials, rubbish and debris from and about the premises as well as all tools, construction equipment and machinery, and surplus materials, and will leave the site clean and ready for occupancy by the COUNTY. The CONTRACTOR will restore to their original condition those portions of the site not designated for alteration by the Contract Documents.
- 22.2 If the CONTRACTOR fails to clean up as provided in the Contract Documents, the COUNTY may do so and the cost thereof shall be deducted from the final retainage due the CONTRACTOR.

23 Continuing the Work

- 23.1 The CONTRACTOR shall carry on the Work and adhere to the progress schedule during all disputes and disagreements with the COUNTY. No work shall be delayed or postponed pending resolution of any disputes or disagreements, except as permitted (The COUNTY May Stop Work) or as the CONTRACTOR and the COUNTY may otherwise agree in writing.

24 Anti-Discrimination

- 24.1 The CONTRACTOR for itself, its successors in interest, and assignees, as part of the consideration thereof covenant and agree that:
- 24.2 In the furnishing of services to the COUNTY hereunder, no person on the grounds of race, religion, color, age, sex, national origin, handicap or marital status shall be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination.
- 24.3 The CONTRACTOR will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, religion, color, age, sex, national origin, handicap or marital status. The CONTRACTOR will make affirmative efforts to insure that applicants are employed and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, religion, color, age, sex, national origin, handicap or marital status. Such action shall include, but not be limited to, acts of employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment advertising; layoff or termination, rates of pay or other forms of compensation and selection for

training, including apprenticeships.

- 24.4 CONTRACTOR agrees to post in a conspicuous place, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices setting forth the provisions of this anti-discrimination clause.
- 24.5 CONTRACTOR will provide all information and reports required by relevant regulations and/or applicable directives. In addition, the CONTRACTOR shall permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the COUNTY to be pertinent to ascertain compliance. The CONTRACTOR shall maintain and make available relevant data showing the extent to which members of minority groups are beneficiaries under these contracts.
- 24.6 Where any information required of the CONTRACTOR is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish this information, the CONTRACTOR shall so certify to the COUNTY its efforts made toward obtaining said information. The CONTRACTOR shall remain obligated under this paragraph until the expiration of three years after the termination of this CONTRACT.
- 24.7 In the event of breach of any of the above anti-discrimination covenants, the COUNTY shall have the right to impose sanctions as it may determine to be appropriate, including withholding payment to the CONTRACTOR or canceling, terminating or suspending this CONTRACT, in whole or in part.
- 24.8 Additionally, the CONTRACTOR may be declared ineligible for further COUNTY contracts by rule, regulation or order of the Board of County Commissioners of Lee County, or as otherwise provided by law.
- 24.9 The CONTRACTOR will send to each labor union, or representative of workers with which the CONTRACTOR has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract of understanding, a notice informing the labor union or worker's representative of the CONTRACTOR'S commitments under this assurance, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to the employees and the applicants for employment.
- 24.10 The CONTRACTOR will include the provisions in every sub-contract under this contract to insure its provisions will be binding upon each Sub-contractor. The CONTRACTOR will take such action with respect to any Sub-contractor, as the contracting agency may direct, as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for non-compliance.

25 Work by Others

- 25.1 The COUNTY may perform additional Work related to the Project by itself, or it may let other direct contracts which shall contain General Conditions similar to these.

- 25.2 The CONTRACTOR will afford the other Contractors who are parties to such direct contracts (or the COUNTY, if it is performing the additional Work itself), reasonable opportunity for the introduction and storage of materials and equipment and the execution of the Work, and shall properly connect and coordinate his work with theirs. Should the Contract entail relocation of facilities not a part of this Contract, the CONTRACTOR will coordinate and cooperate with the applicable entity responsible for this portion of the Work.
- 25.3 Water lines, gas lines, wire lines, service connections, water and gas meter boxes, water and gas valve boxes, light standards, cableways, signals, and all other utility appurtenances within the limits of the proposed construction which are to be relocated or adjusted are to be moved by the owners at their expense, unless otherwise provided in the Contract. It is understood and agreed that the CONTRACTOR has considered in his bid all of the permanent and temporary utility appurtenances in their present or relocated positions as shown on the plans and that no additional compensation will be allowed for any delays, inconveniences, or damage sustained to him due to any interference from the said utility appurtenances or the operation of moving them. If any part of the CONTRACTOR'S work depends (for proper execution) upon the Work of any such other Contractor (or the COUNTY), the CONTRACTOR will inspect and promptly report to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE in writing, any defects, deficiencies or delays in such Work that render it unsuitable for such proper execution and results. His failure to report shall constitute an acceptance of the Work, except as to defects, deficiencies and delays which may appear in the other Work after the execution of his Work.
- 25.4 The CONTRACTOR will do all cutting, fitting and patching of his Work, which is consistent with the Contract Documents that may be required to make its several parts come together properly and fit it to receive or be received by such other Work. The CONTRACTOR will not endanger any Work of others by cutting, excavating or otherwise altering such other Work and will only cut or alter such other work with the written consent of the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
- 25.5 If the performance of additional Work by other Contractors or the COUNTY is not noted in the Contract Documents prior to the execution of the Contract, written notice thereof shall be given to the CONTRACTOR prior to starting any such additional Work.
- 25.6 The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for coordination with all activities with adjacent projects.

26 Owner's Representative Status During Construction

26.1 County's Representatives

26.1.1 The COUNTY shall issue all communications to the CONTRACTOR through the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.

26.2 Clarifications and Interpretations

26.2.1 The OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE will issue with reasonable promptness, through the COUNTY, such written clarifications or interpretations of the requirements of the Contract Documents (in the form of Drawings or otherwise) as the COUNTY may determine necessary, which shall be consistent with or reasonably inferable from the overall intent of the Contract Documents. If the CONTRACTOR believes that a written clarification or interpretation justifies an increase in the Contract Price or an extension of the Contract Time and the parties are unable to agree to the amount or extent thereof, the CONTRACTOR may make a claim.

26.3 Authorized Variations in Work

26.3.1 The OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE may authorize, with prior approval from the COUNTY minor variations in the Work from the requirements of the Contract Documents which do not involve an adjustment in the Contract Price or the Contract Time and are consistent with the overall intent of the Contract Documents. These may be accomplished by a Field Change Order and the CONTRACTOR shall perform the Work involved promptly. If the CONTRACTOR believes that a Field Change Order justifies an increase in the Contract Price or an extension of the Contract Time and the parties are unable to agree as to the amount or extent thereof, the CONTRACTOR may make a claim.

27. Changes in Work

27.1 Without invalidating the Agreement, the COUNTY may unilaterally and at any time or from time to time order additions, deletions or revisions in the Work; these will be authorized by Change Orders or Field Directive Change. Upon receipt of a Change Order or Field Directive Change, the CONTRACTOR will proceed with the Work involved.

27.2 All such Work shall be executed under the applicable conditions of the Contract Documents.

27.3 If any Change Order or Field Directive Change causes an increase or decrease in the Contract Price or any extension or shortening of the Contract Time, an equitable adjustment will be made.

27.4 Additional Work performed by the CONTRACTOR without written authorization of a change in the form of an approved Change Order will not

entitle him to an increase in the Contract Price or any extension of the Contract Time, except in the case of an emergency.

- 27.5 It is the CONTRACTOR'S responsibility to notify the Surety of any changes affecting the general scope of the Work or change of the Contract Price and the amount of the applicable Bonds shall be adjusted accordingly. The Surety's Acceptance must be submitted to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, by the CONTRACTOR, within ten calendar days of the initiation of the change.

28 Change of Contract Price

- 28.1 The Contract Price constitutes the total compensation payable to the CONTRACTOR for performing the Work. All duties, responsibilities and obligations assigned to or undertaken by the CONTRACTOR shall be at his expense without change in the Contract Price.
- 28.2 The Contract Price may only be changed by a Change Order. Any claim for an increase or decrease in the Contract Price shall be in writing and delivered to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE within fifteen calendar days of the occurrence of the event giving rise to the claim and stating the general nature of the claim. Notice of the amount of the claim with supporting data shall be delivered within sixty calendar days after such occurrence (unless COUNTY allows an additional period of time to ascertain more accurate data in support of the claim) and shall be accompanied by the CONTRACTOR'S written statement that the amount claimed covers all known amounts (direct, indirect, and consequential) to which the CONTRACTOR has reason to believe it is entitled as a result of the occurrence of said event. No claim for an adjustment in the Contract Price will be valid if not submitted in accordance. All claims for adjustment in the Contract Price shall be reviewed by the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE. Any change in the Contract Price shall be incorporated in a Change Order and approved by the COUNTY. No claim by the CONTRACTOR for an equitable adjustment hereunder shall be allowed if asserted after final payment under this Contract.
- 28.3 Where the Work involved is covered by unit prices contained in the Contract Documents or subsequently agreed upon, by application of unit prices to the quantities of the items involved.
- 28.4 By mutual acceptance of a lump sum properly itemized and supported by sufficient substantiating data to permit evaluation.
- 28.5 By cost of the Work and mutually acceptable fixed amount for overhead and profit agreed upon by the parties.
- 28.6 If none of the above methods is agreed upon, the value shall be determined by the COUNTY on the basis of cost of the Work and a percentage for overhead and profit. Cost shall only include labor (payroll, payroll taxes, fringe benefits,

worker's compensation, etc.), materials, equipment, and other incidentals directly related to the Work involved.

- 28.7 In such cases the CONTRACTOR will submit in the form prescribed by the COUNTY an itemized cost breakdown together with supporting data. The amount of credit to be allowed by the CONTRACTOR to the COUNTY for any such change which results in a net decrease in cost will be the amount of the actual net decrease as determined by the COUNTY. When both additions and credits are involved in any one change, the combined overhead and profit shall be figured on the basis of the net decrease, if any.

29 Cash Allowance

- 29.1 It is understood that the CONTRACTOR has included in the Contract Price any allowances so named in the Contract Documents and shall cause the Work so covered to be done by such materialmen, suppliers, or SUB-CONTRACTORS and for such sums within the limit of the allowances as the COUNTY may approve. Upon final payment, the Contract Price shall be adjusted as required and an appropriate Change Order issued. The CONTRACTOR agrees that the original Contract Price includes such sums as he deems proper for cost and profit on account of cash allowances. No demand for an additional sum for overhead or profit in connection therewith will be allowed.

29.2 Unit Price Work

29.2.1 Where the Contract Documents provide that all or part of the Work is to be Unit Price Work, the Contract Price will be deemed to include for all Unit Price Work an amount equal to the sum of the established unit prices for each separately identified item of Unit Price Work times the estimated quantity of each item as indicated in the Agreement. The estimated quantities of items of Unit Price Work are not guaranteed and are solely for the purpose of comparison of Bids and determining an initial Contract Price.

29.2.2 Each unit price will be deemed to include an amount considered by the CONTRACTOR to be adequate to cover the CONTRACTOR'S overhead and profit for each separately identified item.

29.2.3 The unit price of an item of Unit Price Work shall be subject to revaluation and adjustment under the following conditions:

- 29.2.3.1 If the total cost of a particular item of Unit Price Work amounts to 5% or more of the Contract Price and the variation in the quantity of that particular item of Unit Price Work performed by the CONTRACTOR differs by more than 15% from the estimated quantity of such item indicated in the Agreement; and,

- 29.2.3.2 If there is no corresponding adjustment with respect to any other item of Work; and
- 29.2.3.3 If the CONTRACTOR believes that it has incurred additional expense as a result thereof; or
- 29.2.3.4 If the COUNTY believes that the quantity variation entitles it to an adjustment in the unit price, either the COUNTY or the CONTRACTOR may make a claim for an adjustment in the Contract Price if the parties are unable to agree as to the effect of any such variations in the quantity of Unit Price Work performed.

30 Change of Contract Time

- 30.1 The Contract Time may only be changed by a Change Order. Any claim for an extension in the Contract Time shall be in writing and delivered to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE within fifteen calendar days of the occurrence of the event giving rise to the claim and stating general nature of the claim. Notice of the extent of the claim with supporting data (analysis and documentation) shall be delivered within sixty calendar days after such occurrence (unless the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE allows an additional period of time to ascertain more accurate data in support of the claim) and shall be accompanied by the CONTRACTOR'S written statement that the adjustment claimed is the entire adjustment to which the CONTRACTOR has reason to believe it is entitled as a result of the occurrence of said event. If adverse weather conditions are the basis for a claim for additional time, such claim shall be documented by data substantiating that weather conditions were abnormal for the period of time and could not have been reasonably anticipated, and that the weather conditions had an adverse effect on the scheduled construction. No claim by the CONTRACTOR under this provision shall be allowed unless the CONTRACTOR has given the notice and the analysis and documentation required in this paragraph. All claims for adjustment in the Contract Time shall be determined by the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE. Any change in the Contract Time resulting from any such claim shall be incorporated in a Change Order.
- 30.2 The COUNTY shall not be responsible for any delay in the completion of the project where the delay is beyond the control or without fault or negligence on behalf of the COUNTY. The COUNTY shall not be held accountable for extra compensation or an extension of time due to default by the CONTRACTOR, SUB-CONTRACTORS, or suppliers in the furnishing of labor or materials for the project, or having to replace defective materials.
- 30.3 The CONTRACTOR shall be entitled to a claim for an extension of time when a

delay or hindrance is caused by an act of God, or any act or omission on the part of the COUNTY, provided the CONTRACTOR gives notice to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE within fifteen calendar days of the occurrence of the event giving rise to the claim and having stated the general nature of the claim. The CONTRACTOR'S sole remedy shall be an extension of Contract Time.

- 30.4 No extension of Contract Time or increases in Contract Price shall be granted for any delay caused either by (1) inadequate crewing, default or bankruptcy of lower tier contract, slow submittals, etc., or (2) by severe though not unusual weather conditions (other than hurricanes and tornadoes) or (3) any delay impacting a portion of the Work within the available total float or slack time and not necessarily preventing completion of the Work within the Contract Time unless otherwise agreed to by the COUNTY in its sole discretion or (4) for any delay which is caused by the CONTRACTOR having to replace defective material or equipment or (5) delays attributable to the lack of performance by Sub-contractors regardless of the reasons.
- 30.5 All time limits stated in the Contract Documents are of the essence of the Agreement. Shall not exclude recovery for damages (including but not limited to fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys and other professionals and court cost) for delay by either party.

31 Warranty and Guarantee: Acceptance of Defective Work

31.1 Warranty and Guarantee

31.1.1 The CONTRACTOR warrants and guarantees to the COUNTY that all materials and equipment will be new unless otherwise specified and that all Work will be of good quality, free from faults or defects and in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents and any inspections, test or approvals referred to in this Article. All unsatisfactory Work, all faulty Work, and all Work not conforming to the requirements of the Contract Documents or such inspections, tests or approvals shall be considered defective. Prompt notice of all defects shall be given to the CONTRACTOR. All defective Work, whether or not in place, may be rejected, corrected or accepted as provided herein. Contractor is to assign any and all warranties or guarantees on equipment, materials, etc. to the COUNTY.

31.2 Tests and Inspections

31.2.1 If the Contract Documents, laws, ordinances, rules, regulations or order of any public authority having jurisdiction require any Work to specifically be inspected, tested or approved by someone other than the CONTRACTOR, the CONTRACTOR will give the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE forty-eight (48) hours' notice of readiness

therefore. The CONTRACTOR will furnish the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE with the required certificates of inspection, testing or approval. All such tests will be in accordance with the methods prescribed by the American Society for Testing and Materials or such other applicable organizations as may be required by law or the Contract Documents. If any such Work required to be inspected, tested or approved is covered without written approval of the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, it shall, if requested by the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, be uncovered for observation at the CONTRACTOR'S expense. The cost of all such inspections, tests and approvals shall be borne by the CONTRACTOR unless otherwise provided.

- 31.2.2 Project field testing of materials required by the specifications or the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE shall be provided by and at the expense of the COUNTY. The CONTRACTOR shall coordinate and schedule the required testing. The Contractor shall pay for all retests when the initial test result reveals that the materials failed to meet the requirements of the specifications. The CONTRACTOR shall notify the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE twenty-four (24) hours prior to conducting any test so the OWNER's REPRESENTATIVE may be present.
- 31.2.3 The OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE shall have the right to require all materials to be submitted to tests prior to incorporation in the Work. In some instances, it may be expedient to perform these tests at the source of supply, and for this reason, it is required that the CONTRACTOR furnish the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE with the information concerning the location of his source before incorporating material into the Work. This does not in any way obligate the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE to perform tests for acceptance of material and does not relieve the CONTRACTOR of his responsibility to furnish satisfactory material. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish manufacturer's certificates of compliance with these specifications covering manufactured items incorporated in the Work.
- 31.2.4 Neither observations by the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, nor inspections, tests or approvals by persons other than the CONTRACTOR shall relieve the CONTRACTOR from his obligations to perform the Work in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- 31.2.5 Testing/Permits: The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for performing any testing and the cost for all items that may be required as part of the NPDES, FDEP, FDOH, USACOE and SFWMD permits.

32 Close Out Procedure

32.1 General Operating/Maintenance Instructions & Manuals

32.1.1 The CONTRACTOR shall organize maintenance operating manual information into four suitable sets of manageable size, and bind into individual binders properly identified and indexed (thumb-tabbed). Emergency instructions, spare parts listing, warranties, wiring diagrams, recommended "turn around" cycles, inspection procedures, shop drawings, product data, and similar acceptable information shall be included. The CONTRACTOR shall bind each manual of each set in a heavy duty, 3-ring vinyl covered binder, and include pocket folders for folded sheet information. Mark identification on both front and spine of each binder.

32.1.2 Arrange for each installer of work requiring continuing maintenance (by the OWNER) or operation, to meet with the OWNER'S personnel, at the project site, to provide basic instructions needed for proper operation and maintenance of the entire work. Include instructions by manufacturer's representatives where installers are not expert in the required procedures. Review maintenance manuals, record documentation, tools, spare parts and materials, lubricants, fuels, identification system, control sequences, hazards, cleaning and similar procedures and facilities. For operational equipment, demonstrate start-up, shut-down, emergency operations, noise and vibration adjustments, safety, economy/efficiency adjustments, and similar operations. Review maintenance and operations in relation with applicable guaranties, warranties, agreements to maintain, bonds, and similar continuing commitments.

33 Access to the Work

33.1 The COUNTY and the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE shall at all times have access to the Work. The CONTRACTOR shall provide proper facilities for such access and observation of the Work and also for any inspection or testing thereof by others.

34 Uncovering the Work

34.1 If any work has been covered which the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE has not specifically requested to observe prior to its being covered, or if the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE considers it necessary or advisable that covered Work be inspected or tested by others, the CONTRACTOR, at the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE'S request, will uncover, expose or otherwise make available for observation, inspection or testing as the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE may require, that portion of the Work in question, furnishing all necessary labor, material and equipment. If it is found that such Work is defective, the CONTRACTOR will bear all the expense of such

uncovering, exposure, observation, inspection and testing, and of satisfactory reconstruction. If, however, such Work is not found to be defective, the CONTRACTOR will be allowed an increase in the Contract Price or an extension of the Contract Time, or both, directly attributable to such uncovering, exposure, observation, inspection, testing and reconstruction, if he makes a claim therefor.

35 County May Stop Work

- 35.1 If the Work is defective, if the CONTRACTOR fails to supply sufficient skilled workmen or suitable materials or equipment, or if the CONTRACTOR fails to make prompt payments to SUB-CONTRACTORS for labor, materials or equipment: the COUNTY may order the CONTRACTOR to stop the Work, or any portion thereof, until the cause for such order has been eliminated; however, this right of the COUNTY to stop the work shall not give rise to any duty on the part of the COUNTY to exercise this right for the benefit of the CONTRACTOR or any other party.
- 35.2 Notwithstanding Paragraph 35.1, the COUNTY may also issue a Stop Work Order for the following reasons:
- a. Insufficient Maintenance of Traffic practices.
 - b. Failure to comply with permits regarding pollution control.
 - c. Insufficient construction materials or methods.
 - d. Failure to provide a safe working environment in accordance with the US Department of Labor Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).
- 35.3 Upon notice of the Stop Work Order, the CONTRACTOR shall cease all contracted work except for the activities required to correct the problem and as directed by the COUNTY.
- 35.4 If the CONTRACTOR fails to correct the problem causing the Stop Work Order and there is immediate threat to the public's health, safety, or environmental protection, the COUNTY may perform any remedial activities necessary to protect the public and environment. Any costs incurred by the County in the performance of this work shall be deducted from monies due the Contractor or paid by the Contractor to the County.
- 35.5 No increase in the Contract Price or extension of the Contract Time will be granted for any delays or loss of time due to a Stop Work Order.

36 Correction of Removal of Defective Work

- 36.1 If required by the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE prior to approval of final payment, the CONTRACTOR will, promptly, without cost to the COUNTY and as specified by the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, either correct any defective

Work whether or not fabricated, installed or completed or, if the Work has been rejected by the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, remove it from the site and replace it with non-defective Work. If the CONTRACTOR does not correct such defective Work or remove and replace such rejected Work within ten calendar days, all as specified in a written notice from the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE may have the deficiency corrected or the rejected Work removed and replaced. All direct or indirect costs of such correction or removal and replacement shall be paid by the CONTRACTOR. The CONTRACTOR will also bear the expense of making good all Work of others destroyed or damaged by his correction, removal or replacement of his defective Work.

37 One Year Correction Period

- 37.1 If, after the approval of the final payment and prior to the expiration of one year after the date of Final Completion or such longer period of time as may be prescribed by law or by the terms of any applicable special guarantee required by the Contract Documents, any Work is found to be defective, the CONTRACTOR will promptly, without cost to the COUNTY, and in accordance with the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE'S written instructions, either correct such defective Work or, if it has been rejected by the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, remove it from the site and replace it with non-defective Work. If, within seven calendar days, the CONTRACTOR does not comply with the terms of such instructions, the Bonding Company shall be notified of default and requested to make repairs or replacement, the COUNTY may have the defective Work corrected or the rejected Work removed and replaced. All direct and indirect costs of such removal and replacement shall be paid by the CONTRACTOR.

38 Acceptance of Defective Work

- 38.1 If, instead of requiring correction or removal and replacement of defective Work, the COUNTY prefers to accept it, the COUNTY may do so. In such case, if acceptance occurs prior to approval of final payment, a Change Order shall be issued incorporating the appropriate revisions to the Contract Documents including an appropriate reduction in the Contract Price. If the acceptance occurs after approval of the final payment, an appropriate amount shall be paid by the CONTRACTOR to the COUNTY.

39 Neglected Work By Contractor

- 39.1 If the CONTRACTOR should neglect to prosecute the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents, including any requirements of the progress schedule, the COUNTY may, after three calendar days written notice to the CONTRACTOR and without prejudice to any other remedy it may have, make good such deficiency and the cost thereof shall be charged against the CONTRACTOR. A Change Order shall be issued incorporating the appropriate revision to the Contract Documents including an appropriate reduction in the

Contract Price. If the payments then or thereafter due the CONTRACTOR are not sufficient to cover such amount, the CONTRACTOR shall pay the difference to the COUNTY.

40 Payment and Completion

40.1 Schedule of Values

40.1.1 Within ten (10) calendar days after the effective date of the Agreement, the CONTRACTOR must submit a schedule of values of the Work including quantities and unit prices totaling to the Contract Price. This schedule shall be satisfactory in form and substance to the COUNTY and shall subdivide the Work into sufficient detail to serve as the basis for progress payments during construction. Upon approval of the schedule of values by the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, it shall be incorporated into the Estimate and Requisition for Payment prescribed by the COUNTY. Unit Price Contracts shall have the bid proposal prices incorporated into the Estimate and Requisition for Payment.

40.2 Application for Progress Payment

40.2.1 Bid proposal units and unit prices shall serve as the basis for progress payments during construction. The bid proposal process shall be incorporated into the Estimate and Requisition for Payment Form No. CSD:505(4) prescribed by the COUNTY.

40.2.2 Not more often than once a month, nor less often than specified in the approved payment schedule, and on a date established at the Project Pre-Construction Conference, the CONTRACTOR will submit to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE for review the Estimate and Requisition for Payment form filled out and signed by the CONTRACTOR covering the Work completed as of the date of the Application and supported by such data as the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE may reasonably require. Also, if payment is requested on the basis of materials and equipment not incorporated in the Work but delivered and suitably stored at the site or at another location agreed to in writing, the Application for Payment shall also be accompanied by such supporting data, satisfactory to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, as will establish the COUNTY'S title to the material and equipment and protect its interest therein, including applicable insurance. All progress payments will be subject to the retainage percentage specified in the Contract Documents. Such retainage shall be paid and will be issued in the final payment after acceptance by the COUNTY of the Work.

41 Contractor's Warranty of Title

41.1 The CONTRACTOR warrants and guarantees that title to all Work, materials

and equipment covered by an application for progress payment, whether incorporated in the Project or not, will be passed to the COUNTY prior to the next making of application for progress payment, free and clear of all liens, claims, security interest and encumbrances; and that no Work, materials or equipment covered by an Application for Payment will have been acquired by the CONTRACTOR or by any other person performing the Work at the site or furnishing materials and equipment for the Project subject to an agreement under which an interest therein or encumbrance thereon is retained by the seller or otherwise imposed by the CONTRACTOR or such other person.

42 Approval of Payments

- 42.1 The OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE will, within ten calendar days after receipt of each Application for Payment, either indicate his approval of payment and deliver the application to the COUNTY or return the Application to the CONTRACTOR indicating in writing the reason for refusing to approve payment. In the latter case, the CONTRACTOR may make the necessary corrections and re-submit the Application. The COUNTY will, within five calendar days after receipt of each approved application for payment, either indicate their approval of payment and within fifteen calendar days pay the CONTRACTOR the amount approved or return the application to the CONTRACTOR thru the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE indicating in writing the reason for refusing to approve payment. In the latter case, the CONTRACTOR may make the necessary corrections and resubmit the application to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
- 42.2 The OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE'S approval of any payment requested in an Application for Payment shall constitute a representation by him to the COUNTY, based on the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE'S on-site observations of the Work in progress and on his review of the Application for Payment and the supporting data that the CONTRACTOR is entitled to payment of the amount approved.
- 42.3 The OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE'S approval of final payment shall constitute an additional representation by him to the COUNTY that the conditions precedent to the CONTRACTOR'S being entitled to final payment as set forth have been fulfilled.
- 42.4 The OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE may refuse to approve the whole or any part of any payment if in his opinion; he is unable to make such representations to the COUNTY. He may then refuse to approve any such payment because of subsequently discovered evidence or the results of subsequent inspections or test, nullify any such payment previously approved, to such extent as may be necessary in his opinion to protect the COUNTY from loss because:

- a. The Work is defective;
- b. A portion of such payment is the subject of a dispute or claim that has been filed;
- c. The Contract Price has been reduced because of Modifications;
- d. The COUNTY has been required to correct defective Work or complete the Work, or Of unsatisfactory prosecution of the Work, including failure to clean up as required.

43 Substantial Completion

- 43.1 Prior to final payment, the CONTRACTOR shall, in writing to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, certify that the entire Project is substantially complete and request that the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE issue a Certificate of Substantial Completion. Within fourteen calendar days thereafter, the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE and the CONTRACTOR will make an inspection of the Project to determine the status of completion. If the COUNTY does not consider the Project substantially complete, it will notify the CONTRACTOR in writing giving the reasons therefore. If the COUNTY considers the Project substantially complete, a Certificate of Substantial Completion will be issued. This certificate shall fix the date of Substantial Completion and the responsibilities between the COUNTY and the CONTRACTOR for maintenance, heat and utilities. The Certificate of Substantial Completion will also include a punch list of items to be completed or corrected, said time to be within the Contract Time. The COUNTY shall have the right to exclude the CONTRACTOR from the Project after the date of Substantial Completion but the COUNTY will allow the CONTRACTOR reasonable access to complete items on the punch list.

44 Partial Utilization

- 44.1 Prior to final payment, the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE may request the CONTRACTOR to permit the use of a specified part of the Project which the COUNTY believes it may use without significant interference with construction of the other parts of the Project. If the CONTRACTOR agrees, he will certify to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE that said part of the Project is substantially complete and request the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE to issue a Certificate of Substantial Completion for that part of the Project. Within fourteen calendar days thereafter, the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE and the CONTRACTOR will make an inspection of that part of the Project to determine its status of completion. If the COUNTY considers that part of the Project to be substantially complete, the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE will deliver to the CONTRACTOR a certificate to that effect, fixing the date of Substantial Completion as to that part of the Project, and listing the punch list of items to be completed or corrected before final payment and fixing the responsibility between the COUNTY and the CONTRACTOR for maintenance, heat and utilities as to that part of the Project. The COUNTY shall have the right to exclude the CONTRACTOR from any part of the Project which is so certified to

be substantially complete but the COUNTY will allow the CONTRACTOR reasonable access to complete or correct items on the punch list.

45 Final Inspection

- 45.1 Upon written notice from the CONTRACTOR that the Project is complete, the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE will make a final inspection with the CONTRACTOR and will notify the CONTRACTOR in writing of any particulars which this inspection reveals that the Work is defective. The CONTRACTOR shall immediately make such corrections as are necessary to remedy the defects within a reasonable time.

46 Final Inspection for Payment

- 46.1 After the CONTRACTOR has completed any such corrections to the satisfaction of the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE and delivered all maintenance and operating instructions, schedules, guarantees, bonds, Certificates of Inspection and other documents as required by the Contract Documents, he may make application for final payment following the procedure for progress payments. The final Application for Payment shall be accompanied by legally effective final releases or waivers of liens from the CONTRACTOR and all SUB-CONTRACTORS which performed services for the CONTRACTOR pursuant to the Contract Documents and the consent of surety, if applicable to final payment.

47 Approval of Final Payment

- 47.1 If, on the basis of its observations and review of the Work during construction, its final inspection and its review of the final Estimate and Requisition for Payment, all as required by the Contract Documents, the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE is satisfied that the Work has been completed and the CONTRACTOR has fulfilled all of his obligations under the Contract Documents, it will, within ten calendar days after receipt of the final Application for Payment, indicate in writing its approval of payment and deliver the application to the COUNTY. Otherwise, it will return the Application to the CONTRACTOR, indicating in writing its reason for refusing to approve final payment, in which case the CONTRACTOR will make the necessary corrections and re-submit the Application. The COUNTY will, within fifteen calendar days after receipt of approved application for final payment, either indicate their approval of the estimate and requisition application for payment and within fifteen calendar days pay the CONTRACTOR the amount approved by the COUNTY and issue a Certificate of Final Completion or return the application thru the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE indicating in writing the reason for refusing to approve payment. In the latter case, the CONTRACTOR may make the necessary corrections and resubmit the application to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
- 47.2 If, after substantial Completion of the Work, final completion is materially

delayed through no fault of the CONTRACTOR, and the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE so confirms, the COUNTY shall and without terminating the Agreement, make payment of the balance due for that portion of the Work fully completed and accepted. If the remaining balance for Work not fully completed or corrected is less than the retainage stipulated in the Agreement, and if bonds have been furnished as required, the written consent of the Surety to the payment of the balance due for that portion of the Work fully completed and accepted shall be submitted by the CONTRACTOR to the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, prior to certification of such payment. Such payment shall be made under the terms and conditions governing final payment, except that it shall not constitute a waiver of claims.

- 47.3 If liquidated damages are to be deducted from the final payment, the COUNTY shall so notify the CONTRACTOR in writing at least seven calendar days prior to the COUNTY'S submittal to Finance.
- 47.4 The Contractor will be required to submit with his final payment documents a DBE Participation Certification, indicating all DBE sub-contractor(s) and amount(s) utilized for the project.
- 47.5 If the CONTRACTOR did not utilize the DBE firm(s) listed on the Bid Proposal, a letter of justification, as to why shall be submitted along with the DBE Participation Certification.
- 47.6 At the final completion of the construction project if the county project manager experienced problems with the CONTRACTOR the project manager will prepare a Contractor Performance Evaluation, and forward to the Contractor for review, comment and signature.
- 47.7 Upon receipt of the Contractor Performance Evaluation the CONTRACTOR will have seven calendar days, from the date received, to review, comment, sign and return back to the project manager. If the evaluation has not been received back from the CONTRACTOR within the seven calendar days, the COUNTY will assume the CONTRACTOR fully agrees with and has no comments to the evaluation. The evaluation will then be placed on file with Lee County Procurement Management.

48 Contractor's Continuing Obligation

- 48.1 The CONTRACTOR'S obligation to perform the Work and complete the Project in accordance with the Contract Documents shall be absolute. Neither approval of any progress or final payment by the COUNTY, the issuance of the Certificates of Completion, any payment by the COUNTY to the CONTRACTOR under the Contract Documents, any use or occupancy of the Project or any part thereof by the COUNTY, any act of acceptance by the COUNTY, any failure to do so, nor any correction of defective Work by the

COUNTY shall constitute an acceptance of Work not in accordance with the Contract Documents.

49 Waiver of Claims

49.1 The making and acceptance of final payment shall constitute:

49.1.1 A waiver of all claims by the COUNTY against the CONTRACTOR other than those arising from unsettled liens, from defective Work appearing after final payment or from failure to comply with the requirements of the Contract Documents, or from the terms of any special guarantees specified therein, and,

49.1.2 A waiver of all claims by the CONTRACTOR against the COUNTY other than those previously made in writing and still unsettled.

50 Suspension of Work and Termination

50.1 County May Suspend Work

50.1.1 The COUNTY may at any time and without cause suspend the Work or any portion thereof for a period of not more than ninety calendar days by notice in writing to the CONTRACTOR. The COUNTY shall fix the date on which Work shall be resumed and the CONTRACTOR will resume the Work on the date so fixed. The CONTRACTOR will be allowed an increase in the Contract Price, an extension of the Contract Time or both, if such increases are justified and directly attributable to any COUNTY suspension and if he makes a claim thereof.

51 County May Terminate

51.1 If the CONTRACTOR is adjudged bankrupt or insolvent, if he makes a general assignment for the benefit of his creditors, if a trustee or receiver is appointed for the CONTRACTOR or for any of his property, if he files a petition to take advantage of any debtor's act or reorganizes under the bankruptcy or similar laws, if he repeatedly fails to supply sufficient skilled workmen or suitable materials or equipment, if he repeatedly fails to make prompt payments to SUB-CONTRACTORS for labor, materials or equipment, if he disregards laws, ordinances, rules, regulations or orders of any public body having jurisdiction, if he disregards the authority of the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, or if he otherwise substantially violates any provisions of the Contract Documents, then the COUNTY may, without prejudice to any other right or remedy and after giving the CONTRACTOR and his surety seven (7) calendar days' written notice, terminate the services of the CONTRACTOR and take possession of the Project and all materials, equipment, tools, construction equipment and machinery thereon owned by the CONTRACTOR and finish the Work by whatever method the COUNTY may deem expedient or arrange with the Surety to complete the project. The CONTRACTOR, if notified by the COUNTY to do

so, shall promptly remove any part of his equipment and supplies from the property of the COUNTY; failing, the COUNTY shall have the right to remove such equipment and supplies at the expense of the CONTRACTOR.

- 51.2 In such case the CONTRACTOR shall not be entitled to receive any further payment until the Work is finished. If the unpaid balance of the Contract Price exceeds the direct and indirect cost of completing the Project, including compensation for additional professional services, such excess shall be paid to the CONTRACTOR. If such cost exceeds such unpaid balance, the CONTRACTOR will pay the difference to the COUNTY. Such cost incurred by the COUNTY will be determined by the COUNTY and incorporated in a Change Order.
- 51.3 Where the CONTRACTOR'S services have been so terminated by the COUNTY, said termination shall not affect any rights of the COUNTY against the CONTRACTOR then existing or which may thereafter accrue.
- 51.4 If so terminated, any retention or payment of monies by the COUNTY due the CONTRACTOR will not release the CONTRACTOR from liability accruing under this Contract.
- 51.5 If after notice of termination of the CONTRACTOR'S right to proceed under the provisions of this clause, it is determined for any reason that the CONTRACTOR was not in default under the provisions or that the delay was excusable, the rights and obligations of the parties shall be the same as if the notice of termination had been issued.
- 51.6 Upon thirty (30) calendar days' written notice to the CONTRACTOR, the COUNTY may without cause and without prejudice to any other right or remedy elect to abandon the Project and terminate the Agreement. In such case the CONTRACTOR shall be paid for all Work executed and any expense sustained plus a reasonable profit.

52 Contractor May Stop Work or Terminate The Contract

- 52.1 If through no fault of the CONTRACTOR, or a Sub-contractor, or their agents or employees or any other persons performing portions of the Work under Contract with the CONTRACTOR, the WORK is suspended for a period of more than ninety calendar days by the COUNTY or under an order of court or other public authority, or the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE has not issued a certificate for payment and has not notified the CONTRACTOR of the reason for withholding certification or because the COUNTY has not made payment on a certificate for payment within the time stated in the Contract Documents, then the CONTRACTOR may, upon seven calendar days written notice to the COUNTY and the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, terminate the Agreement and recover from the COUNTY payment for all Work executed and proven loss with respect

to materials, equipment, tools and construction equipment and machinery, including reasonable overhead, profit and damages.

- 52.2 In addition and in lieu of terminating the Agreement, if the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE has failed to act on an application for payment or the COUNTY has failed to make any payment as aforesaid, the CONTRACTOR may upon seven calendar days written notice to the COUNTY and the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE stop the Work until payment of all amounts then due. The provisions of this paragraph shall not relieve the CONTRACTOR of the obligation to carry on the Work in accordance with the progress schedule and without delay during disputes and disagreements with the COUNTY.

53 Miscellaneous

53.1 General

53.1.1 All Specifications, Drawings and copies thereof furnished by the COUNTY, to the CONTRACTOR, shall remain the COUNTY'S property. They shall not be used on another Project.

53.1.2 The duties and obligations imposed by these General Conditions and the rights and remedies available hereunder, and, in particular but without limitation, the warrants, guarantees and obligations imposed upon the CONTRACTOR and the rights and remedies available to the COUNTY thereunder shall be in addition to and not a limitation of any otherwise imposed or available by law, by special guarantee or other provisions of the Contract Documents.

53.1.3 Should the COUNTY or the CONTRACTOR suffer injury or damage to its person or property because of any error, omission or act of the other or any of his employees, agents, or others for whose acts he is legally liable, claim should be made in writing to the other party within seven calendar days of the first observance of such injury or damage.

53.1.4 The Contract Documents shall be governed by the laws of the State of Florida, the County of Lee, and the municipality in which the project is being done.

53.2 Right-of-Way Station Boards: The CONTRACTOR must establish and maintain throughout construction the right-of-way station boards at every even station within ten (10) days after the Notice to Proceed to assist and expedite construction and utility coordination. No additional compensation or separate pay item will be made for this work.

53.3 Abbreviations: Reference in the technical specifications to the specifications or requirements of technical societies, associated organization, or bodies shall mean their most current specifications. These groups are identified in the technical

specifications.

- 53.4 Use of Public Streets: The use of public streets and roads shall be such as to minimize any inconvenience to the public and to other traffic. Any earth or other excavation materials spilled from trucks shall be removed by the CONTRACTOR and the streets and roads shall be cleaned by the CONTRACTOR to the satisfaction of the COUNTY.
- 53.5 Damage to Existing Property, Structures and Utilities: The CONTRACTOR shall be held responsible for and shall repair all damage to pavement beyond the limits of the contract or outside the right-of-way. Also, the CONTRACTOR shall repair if damaged buildings, telephone or other cables, poles, signs, mailboxes, irrigation piping, water pipes, sanitary pipes, or other structures which may be encountered, whether or not they are shown on the Drawings. Information shown on the Drawings as to the location of existing utilities has been prepared from the most reliable data available to the Engineer. However, this information is not guaranteed, and it shall be the CONTRACTOR'S responsibility to determine the location, character, and depth of any existing utilities. The CONTRACTOR shall assist the utility companies, by every means possible, to determine said locations. The CONTRACTOR shall exercise extreme caution to eliminate any possibility of any damage to utilities resulting from his activities.
- 53.5.1 At least two (2) business days prior to excavating any section of the Work, the CONTRACTOR shall call the utility companies noted on the plans and inform them that Work on the specific section is about to commence and request that they field locate their underground utilities.
- 53.5.2 When proceeding with the Work, the CONTRACTOR shall exercise due caution to protect all underground and overhead utilities and existing structures from damage. In keeping with the Trench Safety Act, the CONTRACTOR shall provide all sheeting, shoring, and bracing that may be required to properly protect adjacent property, structures and people. The CONTRACTOR shall repair, to the satisfaction of the OWNER, any surface or subsurface Improvement damaged during the course of the Work (unless such improvement is shown to be abandoned or removed) whether or not such improvement is shown on the Drawing. Should any utilities be encountered that are not shown on the Drawing, the CONTRACTOR shall immediately notify the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE and shall take all due caution necessary to protect the utility.
- 53.6 Adjustment of Grades: Adjustments of grades shown on Drawings may be necessary to conform to actual field conditions or to maintain cover under proposed future grades. Such adjustments shall be considered part of the job

conditions and no extra compensation will be allowed for such changes, except where specifically otherwise noted in the plans or specifications. Such adjustments must be approved by the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE prior to being made.

53.7 Existing Drainage: Existing drainage shall be maintained at all times and drainage under construction shall be left open so as not to cause flooding due to blockage. Any damage to construction caused by this requirement shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR.

53.8 Reference to Other Specifications

53.8.1 Reference to FDOT Specifications shall mean the State of Florida Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction dated July 2016 and supplements thereto unless specifically stated otherwise in the Contract Documents. Where an FDOT Specification section cites or contains references to other sections, they shall also be included as though cited herein. Where FDOT Specifications refer to the "Engineer", "Engineer of Record" or "Division of Transportation", it shall be understood to mean the OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE or his designee. Where FDOT Specifications refer to the "Department", it shall mean the Department of Transportation of Lee County, Florida.

53.8.2 In case of conflict between the referenced FDOT Specifications and the Contract Documents, the Contract Documents shall govern.

53.8.3 Reference to AASHTO and ASTM are to the latest editions of published text of the American Association of Highway and Transportation Officials and the American Society for Testing and Materials, respectively.

53.9 Shoring

53.9.1 Unless trench banks are cut back on a stable slope, sheet and brace trenches shall be used as necessary to prevent caving or sliding, to provide protection for workmen and the pipe, and to protect adjacent structures and facilities. The CONTRACTOR shall not brace sheeting against the pipe, but shall brace it so that no concentrated loads of horizontal thrust are transmitted to the pipe. If portable metal box is used for bracing the slopes, the CONTRACTOR shall take care not to disturb the pipe when the box is removed.

53.9.2 The CONTRACTOR must comply with the Trench Safety Act, Florida Statutes Sections 553.60 – 553.64. Cost of compliance is not a separate

pay item. Costs shall be included in the cost of pipe placement.

- 53.10 Dewatering: Dewatering of excavations, trenches, structures and utilities may be required. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for obtaining water use permits for dewatering operations, as necessary, from the South Florida Water Management District. No separate payment will be made for dewatering operations or procurement of dewatering permits. Costs shall be included in the cost of items as included in the Bid Form.
- 53.11 Excess Excavated Material: Unless otherwise specified, all excavated material in excess of the needs for backfill and area fill shall become the property of the CONTRACTOR, and the CONTRACTOR shall remove same from the project.
- 53.12 Asphalt Paving Conference: A pre-paving conference shall be held prior to any asphalt placement. The conference is intended to closely coordinate the CONTRACTOR'S plant and site personnel with the COUNTY'S plant and field inspectors and establish expected quality assurance procedures. The CONTRACTOR shall not perform any paving prior to this conference.
- 53.13 Rock Excavation: All excavations for the installation of pipes, structures, foundations, or other contract items shall be unclassified and no additional or separate payment for rock excavation shall be provided not shall additional or separate payment be made for backfill required to compensate for excavated rock material that cannot be reused as backfill.
- 53.14 Permits
- 53.14.1 Copies of permits for this project other than for dewatering or NPDES will be provided by the COUNTY.
- 53.14.2 The CONTRACTOR shall abide by all conditions, statutes, and regulations issued by the jurisdiction authorities, boards and agencies of the COUNTY, State and Federal Governments. The CONTRACTOR shall be fully responsible for the execution and adherence to all directives, instructions, conditions, issuance of notices, special conditions, and limiting conditions contained in permits specifically issued for this project and which pertain to or affect the construction phase of this project. Except as may be provided elsewhere in these documents, the cost of materials, supplies, labor testing, permit fees and other direct or indirect expenses required to abide by or execute conditions of the permits shall be paid for by the CONTRACTOR. There is no direct or specific payment item in the bid for cost due to compliance with said permits. The CONTRACTOR'S reimbursement for said costs shall be distributed within the various items of work and materials associated with the construction of the project.

- 53.15 Field Office: CONTRACTOR is not required to provide a field office within the project limits as long as CONTRACTOR has a field office within Lee, Collier or Charlotte County prior to bidding. If CONTRACTOR does not have an established office within Lee, Collier or Charlotte County, then the CONTRACTOR shall provide and staff a field office within the project limits for the entire project duration, per FDOT requirements. This item shall be compensated under the mobilization item and no separate payment will be made. The CONTRACTOR shall coordinate the location of this field office with the Lee County DOT Project Manager prior to the issuance of the Notice to Proceed.

54 Computation of Time

- 54.1 When any period of time is referred to in the Contract Documents by days, it will be computed to exclude the first and include the last day of such period. If the last day of any such period falls on a Saturday or Sunday or on a day made a legal holiday by the law of the applicable jurisdiction, such day will be omitted from the computation.

55 Maintenance of Records

- 55.1 The CONTRACTOR shall keep adequate records and supporting documents applicable to this contractual matter. Said records and documentation will be retained by the CONTRACTOR for a minimum of five years from the date of termination of this Contract. The COUNTY and its authorized agents shall have the right to audit, inspect and copy records and documentation as often as the COUNTY deems necessary during the period of this Contract and during the period of five years thereafter; provided, however, such activity shall be conducted only during normal business hours. The COUNTY, during the period of time expressed by the preceding sentence, shall also have the right to obtain a copy of and otherwise inspect any audit made at the direction of the CONTRACTOR as concerns the aforesaid records and documentation.
- 55.2 Vendor specifically acknowledges its obligations to comply with §119.0701, F.S., with regard to public records, and shall:
- 55.2.1 keep and maintain public records that ordinarily and necessarily would be required by the County in order to perform the services required under this Agreement;
 - 55.2.2 provide the public with access to public records on the same terms and conditions that the County would provide the records and at a cost that does not exceed the cost provided in Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, or as otherwise provided by law;
 - 55.2.3 ensure that public records that are exempt or confidential and exempt from public records disclosure requirements are not disclosed, except as authorized by law; and

55.2.4 meet all requirements for retaining public records and transfer, at no cost to the County, all public records in possession of Vendor upon termination of this Agreement and destroy any duplicate public records that are exempt or confidential and exempt from public records disclosure requirements. All records stored electronically must be provided to the County in a format that is compatible with the information technology system of the County.

55.3 **IF THE VENDOR HAS QUESTIONS REGARDING THE APPLICATION OF CHAPTER 119, FLORIDA STATUTES, TO THE VENDOR'S DUTY TO PROVIDE PUBLIC RECORDS RELATING TO THE CONTRACT, CONTACT THE CUSTODIAN OF PUBLIC RECORDS AT 239-533-2221, 2115 SECOND STREET, FORT MYERS, FL 33901, <http://www.leegov.com/publicrecords>.**

56 Federal Requirements

56.1 In the event this Contract is paid in whole or in part from any Federal Governmental agency or source, the specific terms, regulations and requirements governing the disbursement of these funds are incorporated by reference and made a part of this Contract as if attached hereto and become a part of this clause.

End of General Conditions Section

SPECIFICATIONS

Contents

1. Lee County Department of Transportation Specifications Package
2. Technical Specifications, Florida Governmental Utility Authority

In resolving conflicts or discrepancies, the Lee County Department of Transportation Specifications Package shall prevail.

October 31, 2016
PREPARED BY: Jason L. Starr



SPECIFICATIONS PACKAGE

LEE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

The applicable Articles and Subarticles of the General Requirements & Covenants division (Division I) of the July 2016 edition of the Florida Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction are added, and all of the Construction Details and Materials divisions (Division II & III) are revised, as follows:

I hereby certify that this specifications package has been properly prepared by me, or under my responsible charge, in accordance with procedures adopted by the Florida Department of Transportation.

The official record of this package has been electronically signed and sealed using a Digital Signature as required by 61G15-23.004 F.A.C. Printed copies of this document are not considered signed and sealed and the signature must be verified on any electronic copies.

Signature

and Seal::

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Date: | <u>October 31st, 2016</u> |
| Engineer of Record: | <u>Jason L. Starr</u> |
| Fla. License No.: | <u>70171</u> |
| Firm Name: | <u>HDR Engineering Inc.</u> |
| Firm Address: | <u>2601 Cattlemen Road Suite 400</u> |
| City, State, Zipcode: | <u>Sarasota, FL 34232</u> |
| Certificate of Authorization Number: | <u>4213</u> |
| Page(s): | <u>1-43</u> |



| | |
|--|-----------|
| SECTION 1 – DEFINITIONS AND TERMS | 3 |
| SECTION 2 – PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS | 3 |
| SECTION 3 – AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT..... | 3 |
| SECTION 4 – SCOPE OF THE WORK | 3 |
| SECTION 5 – CONTROL OF THE WORK | 4 |
| SECTION 6 – CONTROL OF MATERIALS..... | 5 |
| SECTION 7 – LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY TO THE PUBLIC | 5 |
| SECTION 8 – PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS | 7 |
| SECTION 9 – MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT | 9 |
| SECTION 102 – MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC..... | 9 |
| SECTION 320 – HOT BITUMINOUS MIXTURES – PLANT, METHODS AND EQUIPMENT | 10 |
| SECTION 330 – HOT BITUMINOUS MIXTURES – GENERAL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS..... | 10 |
| SECTION 331 – TYPE S ASPHALT CONCRETE, QUALITY ASSURANCE, AND ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURES | 11 |
| SECTION 333 – TYPE III ASPHALT CONCRETE..... | 32 |
| SECTION 430 – PIPE CULVERTS AND STORM SEWERS..... | 34 |
| SECTION 580 – LANDSCAPING | 34 |
| SECTION 916 – BITUMINOUS MATERIALS | 35 |
| SECTION 992 – HIGHWAY LIGHTING MATERIALS | 40 |

SECTION 1 – DEFINITIONS AND TERMS

Article 1-3: Delete the definitions of the underlined terms below in their entirety and substitute the following definitions in lieu thereof:

Department – The Board of County Commissioners of Lee County, Florida, as Owner.

Engineer – The Director of the Lee County Department of Transportation or his designated County Project Manager.

Holidays – Holidays as designated by the Board of County Commissioners of Lee County, Florida.

Proposal Form – The official Lee County bid form as contained in the bid proposal.

Secretary – The Chairman, Lee County Board of County Commissioners.

State – County: The Board of County Commissioners of Lee County, Florida, as Owner.

Financial Project Identification Number – Lee County Project Number

SECTION 2 – PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

Articles 2-1, 2-2, 2-5, 2-6, 2-7, 2-8, 2-9, and 2-11 are deleted in their entirety.

Remaining Articles: **2-3 Interpretation of Estimated Quantities, 2-4 Examination of Plans, Specifications, Special Provisions and Site of Work, 2-10 Opening of Proposals, and 2-12 Material, Samples and Statement.**

SECTION 3 – AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT

Articles 3-1 through 3-8 are deleted in their entirety. **Article 3-9 Public Records** remains.

SECTION 4 – SCOPE OF THE WORK

Article 4-2 is deleted in its entirety and the following is substituted:

Proposed construction and any contractual requirements not covered by these Standard Specifications may be covered by Plan notes or Special Conditions for the Contract, and all requirements of such Special Conditions shall be considered as part of these Specifications.

SECTION 5 – CONTROL OF THE WORK

Article 5-1.1: Remove the word “Department’s” and replace with “FDOT’s”.

Article 5-1.4.3: Remove the words “Shop Drawing Review Office” from the last sentence of the first paragraph.

Article 5-1.4.5.1.1 and Article 5-1.4.5.1.2: Remove the words “Shop Drawing Review Office”.

Article 5-2: is deleted in its entirety.

Article 5-5: In the second line the term, Director, Office of Construction, shall refer to the “Engineer” and add the following after the second paragraph:

The Engineer shall order such changes and execute such supplemental agreements as he may decide as provided for under the Sections of these specifications. The provision of this article or elsewhere in this Contract regarding administration by the County or action taken pursuant thereto is not intended to and shall not relieve the Contractor of his responsibility for the management of the work either as regards sufficiency or the time of performance.

Article 5-6: In the first line the term, Director, Office of Construction, shall refer to the “Engineer”.

Article 5-7.1: Delete the first paragraph of this subarticle and substitute the following paragraphs:

The Contractor shall carefully compare all lines given on the plans with existing lines and levels, and shall call any discrepancies to the attention of the Engineer, in writing, for a proper determination before proceeding with the work. In any event, the Contractor shall be responsible for the accuracy of the work and shall make good any work performed in error, at no cost to the County.

Stakes, monuments, benchmarks and other control points provided by the County shall be scrupulously preserved by the Contractor. The cost of preserving/relocating survey reference points or monuments shall be paid under pay item number 101-1. In the event that stakes or other control points are willfully or carelessly destroyed or disturbed, they shall be reset at the sole expense of the Contractor.

Article 5-7.2: is deleted in its entirety.

Article 5-7.3: is deleted in its entirety.

Article 5-7.5: Add the following to this subarticle:

The Contractor shall utilize the services of a Professional Land Surveyor pursuant to the requirements set forth in Chapter 472, Florida Statutes, as amended. All construction surveying and layout work to be provided herein shall be coordinated with and subject to the approval of the Engineer.

SECTION 6 – CONTROL OF MATERIALS

Article 6-1.2 is deleted in its entirety.

Article 6-1.3: Remove the word “Department’s” and replace with “FDOT’s” in all references to website URLs.

Article 6-5.1: Delete the last sentence of this subarticle and add the following paragraph:

Except where otherwise indicated in these specifications, the on-site project field testing of selected materials and work and the laboratory testing of concrete and soil materials required by the Engineer shall be provided by and at the expense of the County. The Contractor shall coordinate and schedule the required testing. It is the contractor’s responsibility to notify the county of all testing parameters needed for the subsequent testing. Also, the Contractor shall pay for the cost of all unacceptable field and laboratory tests which reveal that the materials or work failed to meet the requirements of these specifications. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer twenty-four (24) hours prior to the time of required testing so that the Engineer may arrange to have his representative present.

The responsibility and cost of formulating, establishing and controlling the design mix (es) for asphaltic concrete shall be done by the Contractor.

Article 6-5.2: is deleted in its entirety.

SECTION 7 – LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY TO THE PUBLIC

Article 7-1 is expanded by the following:

The Contractor’s attention is directed to the fact that the noise and dust generated by his construction equipment and/or operations must comply with all applicable Federal, State and local environmental regulations. In the event noise sensitive sites are identified during construction, the County may direct that effective and/or additional abatement measures be utilized. No additional or separate payment will be authorized by the County for compliance with applicable regulations.

Article 7-1.8: is deleted in its entirety:

Article 7-1.9: is deleted in its entirety:

Article 7-2.1: is deleted in its entirety:

Article 7-5 is deleted in its entirety and the following is substituted:

The County reserves the right to allow parties other than the Contractor or its subcontractors, upon presentation of a duly authorized and satisfactory Lee County right-of-way permit, to perform work in the existing highway within the limits of construction. In all such instances, the Contractor will afford parties bearing such permits reasonable opportunity for the proper execution of the work under Permit including the right to store materials and equipment. All parties authorized to perform work within the right-of-way shall make, in an acceptable manner, all necessary repairs due to such work ordered by the Engineer shall be subject to the conditions specified in Lee County Administrative Code 11-12, as amended.

Article 7-9 is deleted in its entirety and the following is substituted:

The use of explosives on this project is not permitted.

Article 7-11.3.1: In the first line in the first paragraph, delete the words “On System Other than the State Highway” and substitute the words “Streets and Roads”. In the second sentence in the first paragraph, insert the words “State Highway System,” before the the words “State park road system”. In the first line in the second paragraph, delete the word “Department” and substitute the word “Contractor”.

Article 7-11.3.2: is deleted in its entirety:

Article 7-13 and **Article 7-14** is deleted in its entirety.

Article 7-16 is deleted in its entirety.

Article 7-17 is deleted in its entirety and the following substituted:

Supplemental Agreements (inclusive of change orders) shall be authorized in accordance with purchasing policies adopted by the County.

Article 7-22 thru **Article 7-26** are deleted in their entirety.

SECTION 8 – PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

Article 8-3.3: The last sentence is deleted.

Article 8-3.5 is deleted and the following is substituted:

After the award of the contract and prior to the issuance of the “Notice-to-Proceed” with contract work, a conference will be held to discuss the date for the “Notice-to-Proceed” and the effective date to be contained therein, to establish procedures for handling shop drawings and other submissions and for processing applications for payment and to establish a working understanding between the parties as to the Contractor’s project management responsibilities.

Present at the conference will be the Contractor and his subcontractor, utility companies, CEI Consultant and the Engineer. The time and place of this conference will be set by the Engineer. The Contractor shall be represented at the conference by a person authorized to speak on behalf of the Contractor, together with all of the Contractor’s supervisory personnel who will be on the project continually; and shall submit all required plans, sketches, data and other materials at that time as specified in the Special Provisions and Standard Specifications. The Contractor shall submit the following minimum information to the Engineer for his review and approval on or prior to the date established for the pre-construction conference:

- a. Name/qualifications of the Contractor’s proposed full-time superintendent.
- b. Name/qualifications of the Contractor’s representative for implementing and maintaining the Maintenance of Traffic Plan during construction.
- c. Listing/qualifications of the Contractor’s proposed subcontractors.
- d. Project Schedule.
- e. Traffic Control Plan/Maintenance of Traffic Plan.
- f. Quality control plan per Section 6-8.4 of the Standard Specifications.
- g. Name/qualifications of Contractor’s registered land surveyor.
- h. Name/qualifications of Contractor’s quality control technician per subsection 6-8.4 of the Standard Specifications.
- i. Schedule and plan for prevention, control and abatement of erosion and water pollution per Section 104-5 of the Standard Specifications.

Article 8-3.6: Add the following new subarticle to **Article 8.3:**

8-3.6 Progress Meetings: The Contractor shall attend regular progress meetings with and between the County field representatives and those of the Contractor, subcontractors, utility companies, CEI Consultant and other parties having an interest in the Contract. The progress meetings shall be hosted by the County and

shall be held at locations to be mutually agreed upon by the County and the Contractor at no less than two (2) week intervals. The purpose of such meetings shall include, but not to be limited to, discussing all general aspects of the project and specifically addressing problem areas, schedules, progress payments, etc. The Contractor shall prepare the minutes and the Contractor and the Engineer shall approve the minutes document prior to distribution to all attendees.

Article 8-4.1: Add the following to this subarticle:

8-4.1.1 Holiday And Weekend Work: If work is authorized by the Engineer on holidays and weekends, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer seventy-two (72) hours in advance of the time and date on which the Contractor or any of his subcontractors propose to perform during such time periods to afford the Engineer ample time to effectively schedule his inspection personnel in accordance with the Contractor's timetable. This applies to day work and night work during holidays and weekend.

Article 8-4.2: Add the following to this subarticle:

Specific requirements pertaining to the sequence of operations for constructing the project and maintaining traffic therein shall be included in the Contractor's Project Schedule.

Article 8-5: Add the following to this article:

The Contractor shall have a competent superintendent (serving in the capacity as a Contractor Project Manager) on the project at all times whenever the Contractor's work crews, or work crews of other parties authorized by the Engineer, are engaged in any activity whatsoever associated with the project. Should the Contractor fail to comply with the above condition, the Engineer shall, at his discretion deduct from the Contractor's partial monthly payment estimate, sufficient monies to account for the County's loss of adequate project management and superintendent, not as a penalty, but as liquidated damages for services not rendered. The Contractor shall assign a full-time Project Manager/Superintendent to routinely and constantly supervise, manager, plan, monitor, schedule, and control the construction operations on behalf of the Contractor. An equipment operator will not be considered as a full-time superintendent.

Article 8-8 is deleted in its entirety.

Article 8-9.2 is deleted in its entirety.

Article 8-10.1 is deleted in its entirety.

Article 8-10.2 is deleted in its entirety.

SECTION 9 – MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Article 9-2.1.1 is deleted in its entirety, no fuel price index will be considered on this project.

Article 9-3.1 is deleted in its entirety.

Article 9-5 is deleted in its entirety.

Articles 9-6, 9-7, 9-8, 9-9 and 9-10 are deleted in their entirety.

SECTION 102 – MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

Article 102-4 Delete in its entirety and substitute the following:

The Contractor shall submit a complete Traffic Control Plan that has been signed and sealed by a professional engineer registered in the state of Florida to the Engineer for review and approval at the preconstruction meeting. Prepare the TCP in conformance with and in the form outlined in the current version of the Roadway Plans Preparation Manual, current FDOT Design Standards – Index 600 series and the MUTCD. Indicate in the plan a TCP for each phase of activities. Take responsibility for identifying and assessing any potential impacts to a utility that may be caused by the TCP, and notify the Department in writing of any such potential impacts to utilities.

Engineer's approval of the TCP does not relieve the Contractor of sole responsibility for all utility impacts, costs, delays or damages, whether direct or indirect, resulting from Contractor initiated changes in the design or construction activities from those in the original Contract Specifications, design plans (including traffic control plans) or other Contract Documents and which effect a change in utility work different from that shown in the utility plans, joint project agreements or utility relocation schedules.

The County reserves the right to reject any Traffic Control Plan. Obtain the Engineer's written approval before beginning work using a TCP. The Engineer's written approval is required for all modifications to the TCP. The Engineer will only allow changes to the TCP in an emergency without the proper documentation.

Pedestrian and/or bicycle traffic must be safely and continuously maintained through, or around, work zones on highway or streets where pedestrian and bicyclists were permitted at the start of the project. The Contractor shall submit a plan for approval signed and sealed by a professional engineer licensed in the state of Florida for the safe passage of pedestrian and bicycle traffic prior to closure of any existing pedestrian facility.

Facilities constructed to specifically provide access for pedestrians in or around work zones must be consistent with the current PROWAG.

The plan shall detail the rerouting of users, duration of closure and proposed construction methods for any temporary facility. Payment for this work shall be included in price bid for Pay Item 102-1a -Maintenance of Pedestrian and Bicycle Traffic.

All costs for maintenance of traffic including preparation of Traffic Control Plan shall be included in the price bids for Pay Item 102-1 – Maintenance of Traffic, except as provided for in other pay items in the contract.

Article 102-9.15 - delete in its entirety and substitute the following:

Temporary Traffic Detection Technology – Maintain all existing actuated or traffic responsive mode signal operations for main and side street movements for the duration of the contract and restore any loss of detection within 12 hours. Video detection shall be installed at the beginning of the project before any loss of detection has occurred. The contractor shall furnish, install and operate video detection using technology approved by Lee DOT Traffic Division and as listed in Lee DOT Traffic plans specifications posted on the county website at http://www.lee-county.com/publicworks/pdf/traffic/DOT_Plan_Specifications.pdf.

SECTION 320 – HOT BITUMINOUS MIXTURES – PLANT, METHODS AND EQUIPMENT

Section 320 is deleted in its entirety and the following substituted:

Section 320 *Hot Bituminous Mixtures – Plant, Methods and Equipment* of the 2000 edition of the FDOT Standard Specifications for the Road and Bridge Construction.

All references to other sections of the specifications shall be considered to apply to the corresponding section as described for Marshall Mixes in the 2000 edition of the FDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

SECTION 330 – HOT BITUMINOUS MIXTURES – GENERAL CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Section 330 is deleted in its entirety and the following substituted:

Section 330 *Hot Bituminous Mixtures – Quality Assurance, General Construction Requirements and Acceptance Procedures* of the 2000 edition of the FDOT Standard Specifications for the Road and Bridge Construction.

All references to other sections of the specifications shall be considered to apply to the

corresponding section as described for Marshall Mixes in the 2000 edition of the FDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

SECTION 331 – TYPE S ASPHALT CONCRETE, QUALITY ASSURANCE, AND ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURES

331-1 Description.

331-1.1 General: Construct a Type S Asphalt Concrete course (using the Quality Assurance acceptance system) using the type of mixture specified in the Contract, or when offered as alternates, as selected. If offered as alternates, meet the layer thickness criteria specified in 331-1.2. Type S mixes are identified as Type S-I, Type S-II, or Type S-III. The composition and physical test properties for all mixes including Type S Asphalt Concrete are shown in Tables 331-1 and 331-2. This Section establishes Acceptance Procedures for materials and work performed under Sections 280, 290, 331, 332, 333, 335, and 337.

Where Type S Asphalt Concrete is specified in the Contract, if approved by the Engineer, the equivalent fine Type SP Asphalt Concrete mixture (Traffic Level C) meeting the requirements of Section 334 may be selected as an alternate at no additional cost to the Department. The equivalent mixes are as follows:

Type S-IType SP-12.5

Type S-IIType SP-19.0

Type S-III.....Type SP-9.5

Meet the requirements for plant and equipment specified in Section 320.

Meet the general construction requirements specified in Section 330.

| Table 331-1 Bituminous Concrete Mixtures (Gradation Design Range) | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Type | Total Aggregate Passing Sieves ¹ | | | | | | | |
| | 3/4 inch [19.0 mm] | 1/2 inch [12.5 mm] | 3/8 inch [9.5 mm] | No. 4 [4.75 mm] | No. 10 [2.0 mm] | No. 40 [425 µm] | No. 80 [180 µm] | No. 200 [75 µm] |
| S-I ⁵ | 100 | 88-98 | 75-93 | 47-75 | 31-53 | 19-35 | 7-21 | 2-6 |
| S-II ² | 83-98 | 71-87 | 62-78 | 47-63 | 33-49 | 19-35 | 9-18 | 2-6 |
| S-III ⁵ | | 100 | 88-98 | 60-90 | 40-70 | 20-45 | 10-30 | 2-6 |
| Type II | | 100 | 90-100 | 80-100 | 55-90 | | | 2-12 |
| Type III | | 100 | 80-100 | 65-100 | 40-75 | 20-45 | 10-30 | 2-10 |
| SAHM | | 100 | | | | | | 0-12 |
| ABC-1 | | 100 | | | | | | 0-12 |
| ABC-2 | | 100 | | | 55-90 | | | 0-12 |
| ABC-3 ³ | 70-100 | | | 30-70 | 20-60 | 10-40 | | 2-10 |
| FC-2 ⁴ | | 100 | 85-100 | 10-40 | 4-12 | | | 2-5 |
| FC-3 ⁵ | | 100 | 88-98 | 60-90 | 40-70 | 20-45 | 10-30 | 2-6 |

¹ In inches [mm] or sieves [µm].

² 100% passing 1 1/4 inch [31.5 mm] sieve and 94 to 100% passing 1 inch [25.0 mm] sieve.

| Table 331-1 Bituminous Concrete Mixtures (Gradation Design Range) | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Type | Total Aggregate Passing Sieves ¹ | | | | | | | |
| | 3/4 inch [19.0 mm] | 1/2 inch [12.5 mm] | 3/8 inch [9.5 mm] | No. 4 [4.75 mm] | No. 10 [2.0 mm] | No. 40 [425 µm] | No. 80 [180 µm] | No. 200 [75 µm] |
| ³ 100% passing 1 1/2 inch [37.5 mm] sieve. | | | | | | | | |
| ⁴ The Engineer may increase the design range for the No. 10 [2.00 mm] sieve for lightweight aggregates. | | | | | | | | |
| ⁵ The Engineer may retain up to 1% on the maximum sieve size. | | | | | | | | |

| Table 331-2 Non SI Units Marshall Design Properties For Bituminous Concrete Mixes | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Mix Type | Minimum Marshall Stability (lbs.) | Flow** (0.01 in.) | Minimum VMA (%) | Air Voids (%) | Minimum Effective Asphalt Content (%) | VFA Voids Filled with Asphalt (%) |
| S-I | 1,500* | 8-13 | 14.5 | 4-5 | *** | 65-75 |
| S-II | 1,500* | 8-13 | 13.5 | 4-5 | *** | 65-75 |
| S-III | 1,500* | 8-13 | 15.5 | 4-6 | *** | 65-75 |
| Type II | 500-750 | 7-15 | 18 | 5-16 | 6.0 | - |
| Type III | 750-1,000 | 7-15 | 15 | 5-12 | 5.5 | - |
| SAHM | 300-500 | 7-15 | 15 | 5-16 | 6.0 | - |
| ABC-1 | 500 | 7-15 | 15 | 5-16 | 6.0 | - |
| ABC-2 | 750 | 7-15 | 15 | 5-14 | 5.5 | - |
| ABC-3 | 1,000 | 8-13 | 14 | 4-7 | *** | 65-78 |
| FC-2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| FC-3 | 1,500 | 8-13 | 15.5 | 4-6 | *** | 65-75 |
| *The minimum Marshall Stability for Type S mixes used on limited access facilities (Interstate, Turnpike, and Expressways) shall be 1,800 lbs. | | | | | | |
| **The maximum Flow value during production shall not exceed one point more than shown in the Table. | | | | | | |
| ***The ratio of the percentage by weight of total aggregate passing the No. 200 sieve to the effective asphalt content expressed as a percentage by weight of total mix shall be in the range of 0.6 to 1.2. | | | | | | |

| Table 331-2 SI Units Marshall Design Properties For Bituminous Concrete Mixes | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Mix Type | Minimum Marshall Stability (kN) | Flow** (mm) | Minimum VMA (%) | Air Voids (%) | Minimum Effective Asphalt Content (%) | VFA Voids Filled with Asphalt (%) |
| S-I | 6.7* | 2.0-3.3 | 14.5 | 4-5 | *** | 65-75 |
| S-II | 6.7* | 2.0-3.3 | 13.5 | 4-5 | *** | 65-75 |
| S-III | 6.7* | 2.0-3.3 | 15.5 | 4-6 | *** | 65-75 |
| Type II | 2.2-3.3 | 1.8-3.8 | 18 | 5-16 | 6.0 | - |
| Type III | 3.3-4.4 | 1.8-3.8 | 15 | 5-12 | 5.5 | - |
| SAHM | 1.3-2.2 | 1.8-3.8 | 15 | 5-16 | 6.0 | - |
| ABC-1 | 2.2 | 1.8-3.8 | 15 | 5-16 | 6.0 | - |
| ABC-2 | 3.3 | 1.8-3.8 | 15 | 5-14 | 5.5 | - |
| ABC-3 | 4.4 | 2.0-3.3 | 14 | 4-7 | *** | 65-78 |
| FC-2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| FC-3 | 6.7 | 2.0-3.3 | 15.5 | 4-6 | *** | 65-75 |
| <p>*The minimum Marshall Stability for Type S mixes used on limited access facilities (Interstate, Turnpike, and Expressways) shall be 8.0 kN.</p> <p>**The maximum Flow value during production shall not exceed 0.25 mm more than shown in the Table.</p> <p>***The ratio of the percentage by weight of total aggregate passing the 75µm sieve to the effective asphalt content expressed as a percentage by weight of total mix shall be in the range of 0.6 to 1.2.</p> | | | | | | |

The Engineer will accept the work on a LOT to LOT basis in accordance with the applicable requirements of Sections 5, 6, and 9. The size of the LOT will be as specified in 331-6 for the bituminous mixture produced at the plant and as stipulated in 331-7 for the material placed on the roadway.

331-1.2 Layer Thicknesses:

331-1.2.1 Structural Layers: The allowable layer thicknesses for Type S Asphalt Concrete mixtures used in structural and overbuild applications is as follows:

Type S-III... 3/4 – 1 1/4 inches [20 – 30 mm]

Type S-I .. 1 1/4 – 2 1/2 inches [30 – 60 mm]

Type S-II 2 – 2 3/4 inches [50 – 70 mm]

In addition to the minimum and maximum thickness requirements, the following restrictions are placed on Type S mixtures when used as a structural course:

Type S-III – Limited to the final (top) structural layer, one layer only.

Type S-I – May not be used in the first layer of courses over 3 1/2 inches [90 mm] thick, nor in the first layer of courses over 2 3/4 inches [70 mm] thick on limited access facilities.

Type S-II – May not be used in the final (top) structural layer.

331-1.2.2 Additional Requirements: The following requirements also apply to Type S Asphalt Concrete mixtures:

1. A minimum 1 1/2 inch [40 mm] initial lift is required over an Asphalt Rubber Membrane Interlayer (ARMI).
2. When construction includes the paving of adjacent shoulders (□5 feet [□1.5 m] wide), the layer thickness for the upper pavement layer and shoulder shall be the same and paved in a single pass, unless shown differently in the plans.
3. All overbuild layers shall be Type S asphalt concrete. Use the minimum and maximum layer thicknesses as specified in 331-1.2.1 unless shown differently in the plans. On variable thickness overbuild layers, the minimum allowable thickness may be reduced by 1/2 inch [13 mm], and the maximum allowable thickness may be increased 1/2 inch [13 mm], unless shown differently in the plans. Other variations from these thicknesses must be approved by the Engineer.

331-2 Materials.

331-2.1 General Requirements: Meet the material requirements specified in Division III. Specific references are as follows:

Superpave PG Asphalt Binder or Recycling Agent 916-1, 916-2
 Mineral Filler 917-1, 917-2
 Coarse Aggregate, Stone, Slag or Crushed Gravel Section 901
 Fine Aggregate Section 902

Asphalt concrete mixes containing crushed gravel as coarse aggregate component must show no potential for stripping during laboratory testing for mix design verification.

Crushed Reclaimed Portland Cement Concrete Pavement may be used as a coarse aggregate or screenings component subject to meeting all applicable specifications.

331-2.2 Specific Requirements:

331-2.2.1 Condition of Aggregate: Use clean aggregate containing no deleterious substances. Do not use coarse or fine aggregate which contains more than 0.5% of phosphate.

331-2.2.2 Fine Aggregate and Mineral Filler: In laboratory tests, and for the purpose of proportioning the paving mixture, consider all material passing the No. 10 [2.00 mm] sieve and retained on the No. 200 [75 µm] sieve as fine aggregate, and the material passing the No. 200 [75 µm] sieve as mineral filler.

331-2.2.3 Screenings: Do not use any screenings in the combination of aggregates containing more than 15% of material passing the No. 200 [75 µm] sieve. When two screenings are blended to produce the screening component of the aggregate, one of such screenings may contain up to 18% of material passing the No. 200 [75 µm] sieve, as long as the combination of the two does not contain over 15% material passing the No. 200 [75 µm] sieve. Screenings may be washed to meet these requirements.

331-2.2.4 Use of Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP): Subject to certain requirements, Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP) may be used as a component material of the asphalt mixture. Where the material is recovered from a FDOT project, the Composition of Existing pavement may be available on the Department's web site. The URL for obtaining this information, if available, is:

www11.myflorida.com/statematerialsoffice/Bituminous/CentralBitLab/AsphaltCompositions/Compositions.htm

RAP may be used as a component material of the bituminous mixture subject to the following:

1. Assume responsibility for the design of asphalt mixes which incorporate RAP as a component part.
2. Do not allow RAP to exceed 60% by weight of total aggregates for Asphalt Base Courses nor more than 50% by weight of total aggregates for Structural and Leveling Courses. Do not use RAP in Friction Courses.
3. Mount a grizzly or grid with openings of a sufficient size to prevent clogging of the cold feed over the RAP cold bin.

Use a grizzly or grid over the RAP cold bin, in-line roller crusher, screen, or other suitable means to prevent oversized RAP material from showing up in the completed recycled mixture.

If oversized RAP material appears in the completed recycled mix, cease plant operations and take appropriate corrective action.

4. Ensure that the RAP material as stockpiled is reasonably uniform in characteristics and contains no aggregate particles which are soft or conglomerates of fines.

5. Ensure that the RAP has a minimum average asphalt content of 4% by weight of total mix. The Department reserves the right to sample the stockpile in order that this requirement is met.

When material milled from the project is used as a component of the asphalt mixture and a Composition of Existing Pavement is known, use the following procedures for obtaining representative samples for the mix design:

1. Cut ten 6-inch [150 mm] cores in area(s) approved by the Engineer. Fill the core holes immediately prior to opening to traffic.
2. Representative samples may also be obtained by milling the existing pavement to the full depth shown on the plans for pavement removal for a length of approximately 200 feet [60 m]. Immediately replace the pavement removed with the specified mix in the Contract.
3. Submit a request in writing to the Engineer for any variance from the above outlined methods of obtaining samples for mix designs.

When the RAP to be used as a component in a mix design is stockpiled from a previous DOT project and the Composition of Existing Pavement is known, design the mix and submit to the Department for verification.

When the composition of stockpiled RAP to be used as a component in a mix design is not known, design the mix as follows:

1. Submit a bag of RAP, composed of samples from several locations in the stockpile(s), to the Department at least four weeks prior to the planned start of mix design. The Engineer will run viscosities on the reclaimed asphalt pavement and furnish the information to the Contractor.
2. Run a minimum of six extraction gradation analyses of the RAP. Take the samples at random locations around the stockpile(s).

3. Request the Engineer to make a visual inspection of the stockpile(s) of RAP. Based on visual inspection, the Engineer will determine the suitability of the stockpiled materials.

4. When the proposed mix design is submitted to the Department for verification, submit the data from the extraction gradation analyses required above.

331-2.2.5 Binder for Mixes with RAP: Use a PG 67-22 where RAP is less than 20% by weight of total aggregate; use a PG 64-22 where RAP is 20% or greater but less than 30% by weight of total aggregate; use appropriate recycle agent where RAP is 30% or greater.

The Engineer reserves the right to change binder type and grade at design based on the characteristics of the RAP binder, and reserves the right to request reasonable changes during the production based on the requirements of 331-4.4.4.

331-2.2.6 Use of Recycled Crushed Glass: Recycled crushed glass may be used as a component of the bituminous mixture subject to the following:

1. Consider the recycled crushed glass a local material and meet all requirements specified in 902-6.

2. The percentage of recycled crushed glass in any bituminous mixture does not exceed 15% of the total aggregate weight.

3. The asphalt binder used with mixtures containing recycled crushed glass contains 0.5% anti-stripping agent from an approved source. The addition of the specified amount of anti-stripping agent must be certified by the supplier.

4. Test bituminous mixtures containing recycled crushed glass in accordance with AASHTO T 283 as part of the mix design approval. The minimum tensile strength ratio must not be less than 80%. An increase in the amount of anti-stripping agent may be necessary in order to meet this requirement.

5. Recycled crushed glass must not be used in friction course mixtures nor in structural course mixtures which are to be used as the final wearing course.

331-3 Permissible Variation for the Coarse Aggregate.

Size and uniformly grade or combine the aggregate or aggregates shipped to the job in such proportions that the resulting mixture meets the grading requirements of the mix design.

331-4 General Composition of Mixture.

331-4.1 General: Use a bituminous mixture composed of a combination of aggregate (coarse, fine or mixtures thereof), mineral filler, if required, and bituminous material. Ensure that not more than 20% by weight of the total aggregate used is silica sand or local materials as defined in Section 902. Consider the silica sand and local materials contained in any RAP material, if used in the mix, in this limitation. Size, grade and combine the several aggregate fractions in such proportions that the resulting mixture meets the grading and physical properties of the verified mix design.

RAP meeting the requirements of 331-2.2.4 may be approved as a substitution for a portion of the combination of aggregates, subject to all applicable specification requirements being met.

331-4.2 Grading Requirements: In all cases, use a mix design within the design ranges specified in Table 331-1.

331-4.3 Mix Design:

331-4.3.1 General: Prior to the production of any asphalt paving mixture, submit a mix design and representative samples of all component materials to the Department at least two weeks before the scheduled start of production. The Engineer will verify the mix design before use. Send a copy of the proposed mix design to the Engineer at the same time. (Open-graded mixes will be designed by the Engineer.) Furnish the following information:

1. The specific project on which the mixture will be used.
2. The source and description of the materials to be used.
3. The gradation and approximate proportions of the raw materials as intended to be combined in the paving mixture. The gradation of the component materials shall be representative of the material at the time of use.
4. A single percentage of the combined mineral aggregate passing each specified sieve. Degradation of the aggregate due to processing (particularly No. 200 [75 µm]) should be accounted for and identified for the applicable sieves.
5. A single percentage of asphalt by weight of total mix intended to be incorporated in the completed mixture, shown to the nearest 0.1%. For structural mixes (S-I, S-II and S-III) establish the optimum asphalt content at a level corresponding to a minimum of 4.5% air voids. For FC-3 mixes, establish optimum asphalt content at a level corresponding to a minimum of 5.0% air voids.
6. A single temperature at which the mixture is intended to be discharged from the plant.
7. The laboratory density of the asphalt mixture for all mixes except Open-Graded Friction Courses.
8. Evidence that the completed mixture will meet all specified physical requirements.
9. The name of the individual responsible for the Quality Control of the mixture during production.

331-4.3.2 Revision of Mix Design: Submit all requests for revisions to approved mix designs, along with supporting documentation, in writing to the Engineer. In order to expedite the revision process, a verbal revision request or discussion of the possibility of a revision request may be made, but must be followed up with a written request. The verified mix design will remain in effect until a change is authorized by the Engineer. In no case will the effective date of the revision be established earlier than the date of the first communication with the Engineer regarding the revision.

Provide a new mix design for any change in source of aggregate.

331-4.3.3 Resistance to Plastic Flow: Include with the submitted mix design test data showing that the material as produced will meet the requirements specified in Table 331-2 when tested in accordance with FM 1-T 245. Further, determine the bulk specific gravity of the laboratory compacted bituminous mixture in accordance with FM 1-T 166.

Determine the percent of unfilled voids and the percent of aggregate voids filled with asphalt using the maximum specific gravity of the bituminous mixture and on the asphalt content of each group of specimens prepared from the same sample. Determine maximum specific gravity of the bituminous mixture by FM 1-T 209.

331-4.3.4 Revocation of Mix Design: The Engineer will consider any marked variations from original test data for a mix design or any evidence of inadequate field performance of a mix design as sufficient evidence that the properties of the mix design have changed, and the Engineer will no longer allow the use of the mix design.

331-4.4 Contractor's Quality Control:

331-4.4.1 Personnel: In accordance with the requirements of 331-5.2 provide the necessary quality control personnel. Ensure that the Quality Control Technician is certified by the Department and possesses a valid certificate of qualification. When it becomes evident to the Department that the Quality Control Technician cannot perform as required by the position, the Department will revoke the certification and require replacement with a certified technician.

331-4.4.2 Extraction Gradation Analysis: Sample the bituminous mixture at the plant in accordance with FM 1-T 168. Determine the percent bitumen content of the mixture in accordance with FM 5-563, and determine the percent passing the standard sieves in accordance with FM 1-T 030. In the event the calibration factor for the mix exceeds 0.50%, conduct the extraction and gradation analysis in accordance with FM 5-544 and FM 5-545, respectively. Show all test results to the nearest 0.01. Carry all calculations to the nearest 0.001 and rounded to the nearest 0.01, in accordance with the Department's rules of rounding.

Run a minimum of one extraction gradation analysis of the mixture for each day's or part of a day's production and immediately following any change in the production process. Take the quality control sample of mixture for the extraction gradation analysis each day as soon as the plant operations have stabilized. Obtain the results in a timely manner (no later than the end of the day) so that adjustments can be made if necessary.

On initial use of a Type S or FC-3 mix design at a particular plant, as a minimum, run an additional extraction gradation analysis if more than 500 tons [450 metric tons] of mixture are produced on the first day of production.

Extraction gradation analysis will not be required on the days when mix production is less than 100 tons [90 metric tons]. However, when mix production is less than 100 tons [90 metric tons] per day on successive days, run the test when the accumulative tonnage on such days exceeds 100 tons [90 metric tons].

Use the target gradation and asphalt content as shown on the mix design. Any changes in target will require a change in the mix design in accordance with 331-4.3.2.

If the percentage of bitumen deviates from the optimum asphalt content by more than 0.55% or the percentage passing any sieve falls outside the limits shown in Table 331-3, make the necessary correction. If the results for two consecutive tests deviate from the optimum asphalt content by more than 0.55% or exceeds the limits as shown in Table 331-3 for any sieve, stop the plant operations until the problem has been corrected. In addition, if the results of two consecutive tests show an amount greater than 99.0% passing the 1/2 inch [12.5 mm] sieve for Type S-I, an amount greater than

99.0% passing the 3/4 inch [19.0 mm] sieve for Type S-II, or an amount greater than 99.0% passing the 3/8 inch [9.5 mm] sieve for Types S-III or FC-3, stop the plant operation until the problem has been corrected.

Maintain control charts showing the results of the extraction gradation analysis (bitumen content and sieve analysis).

| Table 331-3 Tolerances for Quality Control Tests (Extraction Gradation Analysis) | |
|---|-----------------|
| Sieve Size | Percent Passing |
| 1 inch [25.0 mm] | 7 |
| 3/4 inch [19.0 mm] | 7 |
| 1/2 inch [12.5 mm] | 7 |
| 3/8 inch [9.5 mm] | 7 |
| No. 4 [4.75 mm] | 7 |
| No. 10 [2.00 mm] | 5.5 |
| No. 40* [*425 μ m] | 4.5 |
| No. 80* [*180 μ m] | 3 |
| No. 200 [75 μ m] | 2 |
| *Does not apply to SAHM, ABC-1 or Type II. | |

331-4.4.3 Plant Calibration: At or before the start of mix production, perform a wash gradation on a set of hot bin samples for batch or continuous mix plants or belt cut for drum mix plants to verify calibration of the plant. When approved by the Engineer, extraction gradation analysis of the mix may be used to verify calibration of the plant. This extraction gradation analysis may also be used to fulfill the quality control requirements for the first day's production.

331-4.4.4 Viscosity of Asphalt in Mixes Containing RAP: When RAP is a component material, the viscosity of the asphalt material in the bituminous mixture, determined by the Engineer in accordance with ASTM D 2171, shall be $6,000 \pm 2,000$ poises [600 ± 200 Pa·s]. This determination will be made on samples obtained by the Department on a random basis at a frequency of approximately one per 2,000 tons [1,800 metric tons] of mix.

If the viscosity determined by the Engineer is out of the specified range, adjust the binder formulation or blend of RAP in the mix to bring the viscosity within tolerance.

331-5 Acceptance Procedures.

The Department will approve all materials for acceptance through the Department's Acceptance Procedures specified herein. The Engineer is responsible for determining the acceptability of the construction and materials incorporated therein. The Contractor is responsible for the quality of construction and materials incorporated therein. Accomplish all quality control sampling and testing on a random basis in accordance with the approved Quality Control Plan. The Department will perform all necessary sampling and testing for acceptance purposes on a random basis as specified

herein, in addition to monitoring and observing the Contractor's quality control test procedures and results. Maintain effective quality control until final project acceptance.

A LOT is defined as an isolated quantity of a specified material produced from a single source or operation, or it is a measured amount of specified construction produced by the same process. In order to change the process, thereby necessitating the termination of the current LOT and starting a new LOT, submit a written request, with justification, to the Engineer for approval. Obtain the Engineer's approval prior to making the process change.

Perform all quality control sampling and testing of materials in strict conformance with the Florida Method of Sampling and Testing as found in the Field Sampling and Testing Manual. The Department will perform all acceptance sampling and testing of materials in strict conformance with the Florida Method of Sampling and Testing as found in the Field Sampling and Testing Manual. This manual, developed and distributed by the FDOT Materials Office, contains the detailed sampling and testing procedures from AASHTO and ASTM as modified by the Department.

331-5.1 Acceptance Plans:

331-5.1.1 Payment Based on Acceptance Results: The Department will adjust the payment for each LOT of material, product, item of construction or completed construction on the basis of acceptance test results in accordance with the requirements specified hereinafter in the applicable Sections.

331-5.1.2 Resampling of LOTs: The Department requires that LOTs of materials, products, items of construction or completed construction meet the requirements of these Specifications at the time of submission. The Department will not take check samples for acceptance purposes.

331-5.1.3 Referee System: The Department has established a referee system to verify the validity of the acceptance test results on LOTs at the asphalt plant. The Department will evaluate the acceptance test results with data from split samples run by the District and Central Labs. The Engineer will make a final determination and disposition of the acceptance test results. Acceptance results will be considered non-representative if the test results from the Field and Referee samples differ by more than 0.44% for asphalt content when obtained by the use of FM 5-563 or 0.56% for FM 5-544. Acceptance results for gradation will be considered non-representative if the test results from the Field and Referee samples differ by more than the precision values given in Figure 2 of FM 1-T 030 when using FM 5-563 or Figure 2 of FM 5-545 when using FM 5-544. When the referee analysis indicates that one or more test results are not representative, the Engineer will discard the non-representative test value(s) and base payment calculations for the LOT (including the subplot with the non-representative test values) on the remaining subplot(s) test data as defined in 331-6.

331-5.2 Quality Control by the Contractor: Provide and maintain a quality control system that provides reasonable assurance that all materials, products and completed construction submitted for acceptance meet Contract requirements. Develop and maintain a quality control system in conformance with the following requirements:

CONTRACTOR QUALITY CONTROL SYSTEM

I. SCOPE:

These Specifications establish minimum requirements and activities for a Contractor quality control system. These requirements pertain to the inspections and tests necessary to substantiate material and product conformance to Contract requirements and to all inspections and tests required by the Contract.

II. FUNCTIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES:

1. The Department. The Department will verify the Contractor's design mixes, inspect plants and monitor control of the operations to ensure conformance with these Specifications. The Department will design all open-graded friction mixes (FC-2 and FC-5).

At no time will the Engineer issue instructions to the Contractor or producer as to the setting of dials, gauges, scales and meters. However, the Department's representatives may question and warn the Contractor against the continuance of any operations or sequence of operations that obviously do not result in satisfactory compliance with the requirements of these Specifications.

2. The Contractor. Submit in writing the proposed Quality Control Plan for each asphalt plant for the Engineer's approval. Maintain the approved Quality Control Plan in effect for the plant to which it is assigned until the Engineer rejects it in writing. Include in the plan the sampling, testing, inspection and the anticipated frequencies of each to maintain process control. A recommended series of sampling, testing and inspecting activities are shown in Table 331-4.

| Table 331-4 |
|--|
| RECOMMENDATIONS FOR A CONTRACTOR QUALITY CONTROL PLAN |

A. All Types of Plants

1. Stockpiles
 - a. Place materials in the correct stockpile.
 - b. Use good stockpiling techniques.
 - c. Inspect stockpiles for separation, contamination, segregation, etc.
2. Incoming Aggregate
 - a. Obtain gradations and bulk specific gravity (BSG) values from the aggregate supplier.
 - b. Determine gradation of all component materials.
 - c. Compare gradations and BSG to mix design.
3. Cold Bins
 - a. Calibrate the cold gate/feeder belt settings.
 - b. Observe operation of cold feed for uniformity.
4. Dryer
 - a. Observe pyrometer for aggregate temperature control.
 - b. Observe efficiency of the burner.
5. Hot Bins
 - a. Determine gradation of aggregates in each bin.
 - b. Determine theoretical combined grading.
6. Bituminous Mixture

- a. Determine asphalt content.
- b. Determine mix gradation.
- c. Check mix temperature.
- d. Verify modifier addition.

B. Batch Plants

- 1. For batch weights, determine percent used and weight to be pulled from each bin to ensure compliance with the mix design.
- 2. Check mixing time.
- 3. Check operations of weigh bucket and scales.

C. Continuous Mix Plant

- 1. Determine gate calibration chart for each bin.
- 2. Determine gate settings for each bin to ensure compliance with the mix design.
- 3. Determine gallons [cubic meters] per revolution or gallons [cubic meters] per minute to ensure compliance with the mix design.

D. Drum Mixer Plant

- 1. Calibrate the cold feed and prepare a calibration chart for each cold gate.
- 2. Develop information for the synchronization of the aggregate feed, reclaimed asphalt pavement (RAP) feed and the bituminous material feed.
- 3. Calibrate the weigh bridge on the changing conveyor.

The activities shown in Table 331-4 are the normal activities necessary to control the production of bituminous concrete at an acceptable quality level. The Department recognizes, however, that depending on the type of process or materials, some of the activities listed may not be necessary and, in other cases, additional activities may be required. The frequency of these activities will also vary with the process and the materials. When the process varies from the defined process average and variability targets, increase the frequency of these activities until the proper conditions are restored. Take one sample and test for every 1,000 tons [900 metric tons] of incoming aggregate (including RAP) as it is stockpiled. Test RAP material for extracted gradation and asphalt content.

Plot and keep up-to-date control charts for all quality control sampling and testing. Provide control charts for the following:

- a. gradation of incoming aggregates
- b. gradation and asphalt content of RAP
- c. combined gradations of hot bins
- d. extracted asphalt content
- e. mix gradation
- f. gradation of cold feed (drum mixers)

Post all current control charts in the asphalt lab where they can be seen.

Formulate all design mixes with the exception of open-graded friction mixes (FC-2 and FC-5). Submit design mixes to the Engineer for verification prior to their use. Provide process control of all materials during handling, blending, mixing and placing operations.

III. QUALITY CONTROL SYSTEM:

- 1. General Requirements. Furnish and maintain a quality control system that provides reasonable assurance that all materials and products submitted to the Engineer

for acceptance meet the Contract requirements. Perform, or have performed, the inspection and tests required to substantiate product conformance to Contract requirements, and also perform, or have performed, all inspections and tests otherwise required by the Contract. Keep a quality control technician, who has been certified by the Department as a Qualified Asphalt Plant Technician (Plant Level II), available at the asphalt plant at all times when producing asphalt mix for the Department. Place a person in responsible charge of the paving operations who is qualified by the Department as a Qualified Asphalt Paving Technician (Paving Level II). Document the quality control procedures, inspection and tests, and make that information available for review by the Engineer throughout the life of the Contract.

2. Documentation. Maintain adequate records of all inspections and tests. Record the nature and number of tests made, the number and type of deficiencies found, the quantities approved and rejected, and the nature of corrective action taken, as appropriate. The Department may review and approve all documentation procedures prior to the start of the work. The Department will take ownership of all charts and records documenting the Contractor's quality control tests and inspections upon completion of the work.

3. Charts and Forms. Record all conforming and nonconforming inspections and test results on approved forms and charts, and keep them up to date and complete and make them available at all times to the Engineer during the performance of the work. Prepare charts of test properties for the various materials and mixtures on forms that are in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Department. The Engineer will furnish a copy of each applicable chart and form. Provide a supply of the charts and forms from the copy furnished. Obtain the Engineer's approval of non-standard forms and charts prior to using them.

4. Corrective Actions. Take prompt action to correct any errors, equipment malfunctions, process changes or other problems that result or could result in the submission of materials, products or completed construction that do not meet the requirements of these Specifications. When it becomes evident to the Department that the Contractor is not controlling his process and is making no effort to take corrective actions, the Department will require the Contractor to cease plant operations until such time as the Contractor can demonstrate that he can and is willing to control the process.

5. Laboratories with Measuring and Testing Equipment. Furnish a fully equipped asphalt laboratory (permanent or portable) at the production site, and meeting the following requirements:

a. Area - Provide an effective working area for the laboratory that is a minimum of 180 ft² [17 m²]. This area does not include the space for desks, chairs and file cabinets.

b. Lighting - Provide lighting in the lab adequate to illuminate all areas of work.

c. Temperature Control - Equip the lab with heating and air conditioning units that provide a satisfactory working environment.

d. Ventilation - Equip the lab with fume hoods and exhaust fans that will remove all hazardous fumes from within the laboratory in accordance with OSHA requirements.

e. Equipment and Supplies - Furnish the lab with the necessary sampling and testing equipment, and supplies, for performing Contractor quality control and

Department acceptance sampling and testing. A detailed list of equipment and supplies required for each test is included in the Field Sampling and Testing Manual.

When running plants at a high production rate, furnish additional testing equipment as necessary to allow the completion of the Contractor's quality control tests and the Department's Acceptance tests within the specified time frame.

6. Sampling and Testing. Use the sampling and testing methods and procedures that the Department provides to determine quality conformance of the materials and products. The Department will use these same methods and procedures for its acceptance tests. Include the sampling for other material characteristics on a random basis and the plotting of the test results on control charts in the Quality Control Plan.

7. Alternative Procedures. The Contractor may use alternative sampling methods, procedures and inspection equipment when such procedures and equipment provide, as a minimum, the quality assurance required by the Contract Documents. Prior to applying such alternative procedures, describe them in a written proposal and demonstrate for the Engineer's approval that their effectiveness is equal to or better than the Contract requirements. In case of dispute as to whether certain proposed procedures provide equal assurance, use the procedures stipulated by the Contract Documents.

8. Nonconforming Materials. Establish and maintain an effective and positive system for controlling nonconforming materials, including procedures for identification, isolation and disposition. Reclaim or rework nonconforming materials in accordance with procedures acceptable to the Engineer. Discuss the details of this system at the preconstruction conference, and make these details a part of the record of the conference.

9. Department Inspection at Subcontractor or Supplier Facilities. The Department reserves the right to inspect materials not manufactured within the Contractor's facility. The Department's inspection does not constitute acceptance and does not, in any way, replace the Contractor's inspection or otherwise relieve the Contractor of his responsibility to furnish an acceptable material or product. When the Department inspects the subcontractor's or supplier's product, such inspection does not replace the Contractor's responsibility to inspect such subcontractor's or supplier's product.

Inspect subcontracted or purchased materials when received, as necessary, to ensure conformance to Contract requirements. Report to the Engineer any nonconformance found on Department source-inspected material, and require the supplier to take necessary corrective action.

331-5.3 Defective Materials:

331-5.3.1 Acceptance or Rejection: Following the application of the appropriate acceptance plan, the Engineer will make the final decision as to the acceptance, rejection or acceptance at an adjusted payment of the LOTs.

331-5.3.2 Disposition of LOTs: For nonconforming LOTs of materials, products, items of construction or complete construction that are not adaptable to correction by reworking, either remove and replace the nonconforming work, or accept no payment or an adjusted payment as stated in these Specifications, or, if not stated, as directed by the Engineer.

331-5.4 General Basis of Adjusted Payment For Deficiencies: When the Engineer determines that a deficiency exists, the Engineer will apply the applicable payment factor as shown in these Specifications to the entire LOT. When the Engineer determines that multiple deficiencies exist, the Engineer will apply an adjustment to the

LOT of material that is identified by each deficiency. The Engineer will apply the adjustment for each deficiency separately as it occurs. The Engineer will not allow an adjustment to be affected by any other adjustment occurring for the same LOT. As an exception to the foregoing requirements, when there are two or more deficiencies in the gradation acceptance tests (% pass No. 4 [4.75 mm] sieve, % pass No. 10 [2.0 mm] sieve, % pass No. 40 [425 µm sieve], % pass No. 200 [75 µm] sieve) the Engineer will only apply the greater adjustment. The Engineer will express all reductions in payment in terms of equivalent pay items at no pay. When the item is measured by the ton [metric ton], the Engineer will convert the LOT in the field, which is measured in feet [meters], to equivalent tons [metric tons] and by using the average calculated spread for that LOT. When the pay item is measured by the square yard [square meter], the Engineer will convert the LOT at the production point, which is measured in tons [metric tons], to equivalent square yards [square meters] at the design thickness and by using the laboratory density as a conversion factor.

331-6 Acceptance of the Mixture at the Plant.

331-6.1 General: The quantity to be paid for will be the area in square yards of pavement installed in accordance with the plans. The area of pavement to be paid for shall be plan quantity subject to the provisions of 9-3.2, omitting any areas not allowed for payment under the provisions of 330-15.

For initial use of a Type S or FC-3 mix design with a Florida limestone source north of the 28th parallel at a particular plant, limit the first day's production to a maximum of 300 tons [275 metric tons]. Resume production upon notification of acceptable Marshall properties as determined in accordance with 331-6.4

A standard size LOT at the asphalt plant will consist of 4,000 tons [3,600 metric tons] with four equal sublots of 1,000 tons [900 metric tons] each. As an exception, the first LOT for the initial use of a Type S or FC-3 mix design with a particular plant will consist of four sublots, the first subplot of 500 tons [450 metric tons] or the first day's production (300 tons [275 metric tons] maximum for mix design with a Florida limestone source north of the 28th parallel), the second subplot of 500 tons [450 metric tons], and the remaining two sublots of 1,000 tons [900 metric tons] each.

A partial LOT may occur due to the following:

- (1) the completion of a given mix type on a project.
- (2) an approved LOT termination by the Engineer due to a change in process, extended delay in production, or change in mix design.

If the partial LOT contains one or two sublots with their appropriate test results, then the previous full-size LOT will be redefined to include this partial LOT and the evaluation of the LOT will be based on either five or six subplot determinations. If the partial LOT contains three sublots with their appropriate test results, this partial LOT will be redefined to be a whole LOT and the evaluation of it will be based on three subplot determinations.

When the total quantity of any mix is less than 3,000 tons [2,700 metric tons], the partial LOT will be evaluated for the appropriate number of sublots from n=1 to n=3. When the total quantity of any mix type is less than 500 tons [450 metric tons], the Department will accept the mix on the basis of visual inspection. The Department may

run extraction and gradation analysis for information purposes; however, the provisions for partial payment will not apply.

On multiple project contracts, the LOT(s) at the asphalt plant will carry over from project to project.

331-6.2 Acceptance Procedures: Control all operations in the handling, preparation, and mixing of the asphalt mix so that the percent bitumen and the percents passing the No. 4, No. 10, No. 40 and No. 200 [4.75 mm, 2.00 mm, 425 µm and 75 µm] sieves will meet the approved job mix formula within the tolerance shown in Table 331-6.

| Table 331-6 Tolerances for Acceptance Tests | |
|--|------------|
| Characteristic | Tolerance* |
| Asphalt Content (Extraction) | ±0.55% |
| Asphalt Content (Printout) | ±0.15% |
| Passing No. 4 [4.75 mm] sieve | ±7.00% |
| Passing No. 10 [2.00 mm] sieve | ±5.50% |
| Passing No. 40 [425 µm] sieve** | ±4.50% |
| Passing No. 200 [75 µm] sieve | ±2.00% |
| *Tolerances for sample size of n=1. See Table 331-7 for other sample sizes n=2 through n=6. **Applies only to Types S-I, S-II, S-III, and FC-3. | |

Acceptance of the mixture will be on the basis of test results on consecutive random samples from each LOT. One random sample will be taken from each subplot. The bituminous mixture will be sampled and tested at the plant as specified in 331-4.4.2.

Calculations for the acceptance test results for bitumen content and gradation (percentages passing No. 4, No. 10, No. 40 and No. 200 [4.75 mm, 2.00 mm, 425 µm and 75 µm] sieves) will be shown to the nearest 0.01. Calculations for arithmetic averages will be carried to the nearest 0.001 and rounded to the nearest 0.01 in accordance with the Department's rules of rounding.

Payment will be made on the basis of Table 331-7, "Acceptance Schedule of Payment". The process will be considered out of control when the deviation of any individual test result from the mix design falls in the 80% pay factor for the "one test" column of Table 331-7. When this happens, the LOT will be automatically terminated and production stopped. The approval of the Engineer will be required prior to resuming production of the mix. Acceptance of the LOT will then be determined in accordance with Table 331-7.

All acceptance tests will be completed on the same day the sample was taken, when possible, and on no occasion will they be completed later than the following work day.

| Table 331-7 Acceptance Schedule of Payment (Asphalt Plant Mix Characteristics) | | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Average of Accumulated Deviations of the Acceptance Tests from the Mix Design. | | | | | | |
| Pay Factor | 1-Test | 2-Tests | 3-Tests | 4-Tests | 5-Tests | 6-Tests |
| Asphalt Cement Content (Extraction - FM 5-544 or 5-563) | | | | | | |
| 1.00 | 0.00-0.55 | 0.00-0.43 | 0.00-0.38 | 0.00-0.35 | 0.00-0.33 | 0.00-0.31 |
| 0.95 | 0.56-0.65 | 0.44-0.50 | 0.39-0.44 | 0.36-0.40 | 0.34-0.37 | 0.32-0.36 |
| 0.90 | 0.66-0.75 | 0.51-0.57 | 0.45-0.50 | 0.41-0.45 | 0.38-0.42 | 0.36-0.39 |
| 0.80* | over 0.75 | over 0.57 | over 0.50 | over 0.45 | over 0.42 | over 0.39 |
| Asphalt Cement Content (Printout) | | | | | | |
| 1.00 | 0.00-0.15 | 0.00-0.15 | 0.00-0.15 | 0.00-0.15 | 0.00-0.15 | 0.00-0.15 |
| 0.95 | 0.16-0.25 | 0.16-0.25 | 0.16-0.25 | 0.16-0.25 | 0.16-0.25 | 0.16-0.25 |
| 0.90 | 0.26-0.35 | 0.26-0.35 | 0.26-0.35 | 0.26-0.35 | 0.26-0.35 | 0.26-0.35 |
| 0.80* | over 0.35 | over 0.35 | over 0.35 | over 0.35 | over 0.35 | over 0.35 |
| No. 4 [4.75 mm] sieve** | | | | | | |
| 1.00 | 0.00-7.00 | 0.00-5.24 | 0.00-4.46 | 0.00-4.00 | 0.00-3.68 | 0.00-3.45 |
| 0.98 | 7.01-8.00 | 5.25-5.95 | 4.47-5.04 | 4.01-4.50 | 3.69-4.13 | 3.46-3.86 |
| 0.95 | 8.01-9.00 | 5.96-6.66 | 5.05-5.62 | 4.51-5.00 | 4.14-4.58 | 3.87-4.27 |
| 0.90 | 9.01-10.00 | 6.67-7.36 | 5.63-6.20 | 5.01-5.50 | 4.59-5.02 | 4.28-4.67 |
| 0.80* | over 10.00 | over 7.36 | over 6.20 | over 5.50 | over 5.02 | over 4.67 |
| No. 10 [2.00 mm] sieve** | | | | | | |
| 1.00 | 0.00-5.50 | 0.00-4.33 | 0.00-3.81 | 0.00-3.50 | 0.00-3.29 | 0.00-3.13 |
| 0.98 | 5.51-6.50 | 4.34-5.04 | 3.82-4.39 | 3.51-4.00 | 3.30-3.74 | 3.14-3.54 |
| 0.95 | 6.51-7.50 | 5.05-5.74 | 4.40-4.96 | 4.01-4.50 | 3.75-4.18 | 3.55-3.95 |
| 0.90 | 7.51-8.50 | 5.75-6.45 | 4.97-5.54 | 4.51-5.00 | 4.19-4.63 | 3.96-4.36 |
| 0.80* | over 8.50 | over 6.45 | over 5.54 | over 5.00 | over 4.63 | over 4.36 |
| No. 40 [425 µm] sieve** | | | | | | |
| 1.00 | 0.00-4.50 | 0.00-3.91 | 0.00-3.65 | 0.00-3.50 | 0.00-3.39 | 0.00-3.32 |
| 0.98 | 4.51-5.50 | 3.92-4.62 | 3.66-4.23 | 3.51-4.00 | 3.40-3.84 | 3.33-3.72 |
| 0.95 | 5.51-6.50 | 4.63-5.33 | 4.24-4.81 | 4.01-4.50 | 3.85-4.29 | 3.73-4.13 |
| 0.90 | 6.51-7.50 | 5.34-6.04 | 4.82-5.39 | 4.51-5.00 | 4.30-4.74 | 4.14-4.54 |
| 0.80* | over 7.50 | over 6.04 | over 5.39 | over 5.00 | over 4.74 | over 4.54 |
| No. 200 [75µm] sieve** | | | | | | |
| 1.00 | 0.00-2.00 | 0.00-1.71 | 0.00-1.58 | 0.00-1.50 | 0.00-1.45 | 0.00-1.41 |
| 0.95 | 2.01-2.40 | 1.72-1.99 | 1.59-1.81 | 1.51-1.70 | 1.46-1.63 | 1.42-1.57 |
| 0.90 | 2.41-2.80 | 2.00-2.27 | 1.82-2.04 | 1.71-1.90 | 1.64-1.80 | 1.58-1.73 |
| 0.80* | over 2.80 | over 2.27 | over 2.04 | over 1.90 | over 1.80 | over 1.73 |
| <p>*If approved by the Engineer based on an engineering determination that the material is acceptable to remain in place, the Contractor may accept the indicated partial pay. Otherwise, remove and replace the material at no cost to the Department at any item.</p> <p>**When there are two or more reduced payments for these items in one LOT of material, only the greatest reduction in payment will be applied. CAUTION: This rule applies only to these four gradation test results.</p> <p>NOTES:</p> <p>(1) The No. 40 [425 µm] sieve applies to Type S-I, S-II, S-III and FC-3.</p> <p>(2) Deviations are absolute values with no plus or minus signs.</p> | | | | | | |

331-6.3 Automatic Batch Plant With Printout: Acceptance determinations for asphalt content for mixtures produced by automatic batch plants with printout will be based on the calculated bitumen content using the printout of the weights of asphalt actually used. Acceptance determinations for gradations (No. 4, No. 10, No. 40 and No. 200 [4.75 mm, 2.00 mm, 425 µm and 75 µm] sieves) will be based on the actual test results from extraction gradation analyses. Payment will be made based on the provisions of Table 331-7.

331-6.4 Additional Tests: The Engineer reserves the right to run any test at any time for informational purposes and for determining the effectiveness of the Contractor's quality control.

331-6.4.1 Determination of Marshall and Volumetric Properties: The Engineer will determine the Marshall and Volumetric Properties of the mix at a minimum frequency of one set per LOT, to determine whether or not the produced mix is meeting the specification requirements. The Department will sample and prepare test specimens and test them in accordance with FM 5-511 for Marshall stability and flow, FM 1-T 209 for maximum specific gravity, and FM 1-T 166 for density. Volumetric properties will be determined for Type S and FC-3 mixes only.

331-6.4.2 Failing Marshall Properties: When the average value of the specimens fails to meet specification requirements for stability or flow, the Engineer may stop the plant operations until all specification requirements can be met or until another verified mix design has been approved. Make revisions to a mix design in accordance with 331-4.3.2. If the Lab Density of the mix during production differs from the value shown on the verified mix design by more than 2 lbs/ft³ [32 kg/m³] for two consecutive tests, the Engineer will revise the target value.

331-6.4.3 Failing Volumetric Properties (Type S and FC-3 mixes only): When the Engineer determines the air void content to be less than 3.0%, or greater than 6.5%, make appropriate adjustments to the mix. When the air void content is determined to be less than 2.5% or greater than 7.0% on any one test, or less than 3.0% on two consecutive tests, cease operations until the problem has been resolved.

331-6.4.4 Resuming Production: In the event that plant operations are stopped due to a failure to meet specification requirements, obtain the Engineer's approval before resuming production of the mix. Limit production to a maximum of 300 tons [270 metric tons]. At this time, the Marshall and volumetric properties of the mix will be verified. After the Marshall and volumetric properties are verified, full scale production of the mix may be resumed.

331-6.5.5 Disposition of In-Place Material: Any material in-place that is represented by the failing test results (low stability, high flow, or less than 2.5% air voids) will be evaluated by the Engineer to determine if removal and replacement is necessary. Remove and replace any in-place material, if required, at no cost to the Department.

331-7 Acceptance of the Mixture at the Roadway

331-7.1 Density Control Nuclear Method: Determine the in-place density of each course of asphalt mix construction using the Nuclear Density Backscatter Method as

specified by FM 1-T 238 (Method B). For a completed course, obtain an average in-place LOT density of at least 98% of the valid control strip density.

Do not perform density testing on patching courses, leveling and intermediate courses less than 1 inch [25 mm] thick (or a specified spread rate less than 100 lb/yd² [55kg/m²]), overbuild courses where the minimum thickness is less than 1 inch [25 mm], projects less than 1,000 feet [300 m], sections with variable width, or open-graded friction courses. Compact these courses, with the exception of open-graded friction courses in accordance with 330-10.1.2.

331-7.2 Control Strips: In order to determine the density of compacted asphalt mixtures for the purpose of acceptance, first establish a control strip. Construct one or more control strips for the purpose of determining the control strip density. Construct a control strip at the beginning of asphalt construction and one thereafter for each successive course. Construct a new control strip for any change in the composition of the mix design, underlying pavement structure, compaction equipment, or procedures. The Engineer may require an additional control strip when the Engineer deems it necessary to establish a new control strip density or confirm the validity of the control strip density being used at that time. The Contractor may also request a confirmation of the control strip density. Construct the control strip as a part of a normal day's run.

Construct a control strip 300 feet [100 m] in length and of an adequately uniform width to maintain a consistent compactive effort throughout the section. When constructing the control strip, start it between 300 and 1,000 feet [100 and 300 m] from the beginning of the paving operation. Construct a control strip of a thickness that is the same as that specified for the course of which it is a part. Construct the control strip using the same mix, the same paving and rolling equipment, and the same procedures as those used in laying the asphalt course of which the control strip is to become a part. Leave every control strip in place to become a portion of the completed roadway.

In order to determine the acceptability of the control strip, make ten nuclear density determinations at random locations within the control strip after completing the compaction of the control strip. Do not make any determinations within 12 inches [300 mm] of any unsupported edge. Use the average of these ten determinations for the Control Strip Density. For purposes of determining the percent of laboratory density, as required in Table 331-8, the Engineer will develop a correction factor at four nuclear density locations from 6 inch [150 mm] diameter cores or by direct transmission nuclear determination where applicable. Cut the cores prior to opening the roadway to traffic. The Engineer will calculate the percent of lab density to the nearest 0.01% and round it to the nearest 0.1%. Should the percent of lab density in a control strip exceed 99.0%, notify the Engineer immediately.

In the event that a control strip does not meet the minimum density requirements specified in Table 331-8, take appropriate corrective actions and construct a new control strip. If three consecutive control strips fail to meet specification requirements, the Engineer will limit production and placement of the mix to 800 to 1,000 feet [250 to 300 m], regardless of the thickness and width the Contractor is placing, until the Contractor obtains a passing control strip.

Once the Contractor has obtained a passing control strip after a failing control strip (for the same mix, layer, and project), the Department will use the passing control strip to accept all previously laid mix. In the event the Contractor does not obtain

a passing control strip, and this particular mix, layer, etc., is completed on the project, the Engineer will evaluate density in accordance with FM 5-543.

| Table 331-8 | | | |
|--|---------------------|--|-------------------|
| Roadway Requirements for Bituminous Concrete Mixes | | | |
| Mix Type | Density | Minimum Control Strip Density* (% of Lab Density) | Surface Tolerance |
| S-I, S-II, S-III, Type II, Type III, SAHM | per 331-7 | 96 | per 330-12 |
| ABC-1, ABC-2, ABC-3 | per 280-8.6 | 96 | per 200-7 |
| FC-2 | No density required | N/A | per 330-12 |
| FC-3 | per 331-7 | 96 | per 330-12 |
| * The minimum control strip density requirement for shoulders is 95% of lab density. | | | |

331-7.3 LOTs: For the purpose of acceptance and partial payment, the Engineer will divide each day's production into LOTs. The Engineer will close out all LOTs at the end of the day. The standard size of a LOT is 5,000 feet [1,500 m] of any pass made by the paving train regardless of the width of the pass or the thickness of the course. A subplot will be 1,000 feet [300 m] or less. The Engineer will consider pavers traveling in echelon as two separate passes. When at the end of a production day, the completion of a given course, layer, or mix, or at the completion of the project, and a LOT size is determined to be less than 5,000 feet [1,500 m], it will be considered a partial LOT. Handle partial LOTs as follows:

If the length of the partial LOT is 2,000 feet [600 m] or less, and a previous full-size LOT from the same day, mix, layer, and project is available, then the previous full-size LOT will be redefined to include this partial LOT and the number of tests required for the combined LOT will be as shown in Table 331-9.

If the partial LOT is 2,000 feet [600 m] or less, and a previous full-size LOT from the same day, mix, layer, and project is not available, the Engineer will evaluate the partial LOT separately and perform the number of tests required for the partial LOT as shown in Table 331-9.

If the partial LOT is greater than 2,000 feet [600 m] long, the Engineer will evaluate the partial LOT separately and perform the number of tests required for the partial LOT as shown in Table 331-9.

| Table 331-9 | |
|--|-----------------|
| Testing Requirements for Partial LOTs | |
| LOT Size | Number of Tests |
| Less than 3,000 feet [900 m] | 3 |
| 3,001 to 4,000 feet [901 to 1,200 m] | 4 |
| 4,001 to 5,000 feet [1,201 to 1,500 m] | 5 |
| 5,001 to 6,000 feet [1,501 to 1,800 m] | 6 |
| 6,001 to 7,000 feet [1,801 to 2,100 m] | 7 |

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|
| Greater than 7,000 feet [2,100 m] | 2 LOTs |
|-----------------------------------|--------|

For each LOT and partial LOT, the Engineer will make density determinations at a frequency shown in Table 331-9 at random locations within the LOT, but will not take them within 12 inches [300 mm] of any unsupported edge. The Engineer will determine the random locations by the use of statistically derived stratified random number tables. For the Contractor to receive full payment for density, the average density of a LOT shall be a minimum of 98.0% of the control strip density. Once the Engineer determines the average density of a LOT, do not provide additional compaction to raise the average. Notify the Engineer should the average density for two consecutive LOTs be greater than 102% of control strip density.

331-7.4 Acceptance: The Engineer will accept the completed pavement with respect to density on a LOT basis. The Department will make partial payment for those LOTs that have an average density less than 98.0% of the Control Strip Density based on Table 331-10:

| Table 331-10 | |
|--|--------------------|
| Payment Schedule For Density | |
| Percent of Control Strip Density* | Percent of Payment |
| 98.0 and above | 100 |
| 97.0 to less than 98.0 | 95 |
| 96.0 to less than 97.0 | 90 |
| Less than 96.0** | 75 |
| <p>* In calculating the percent of control strip density, do not round off the final percentage.</p> <p>** If approved by the Engineer, based on an engineering determination that the material is acceptable to remain in place, the Contractor may accept the indicated partial pay; otherwise, remove and replace the material at no expense to the Department. The Contractor may remove and replace the material at no expense to the Department at any time.</p> | |

331-7.5 Density Requirements for Small Projects and Other Non-mainline Roadway Areas: For projects less than 1,000 feet [300 m] in length and bridge projects with approaches less than 1,000 feet [300 m] each side, do not apply the requirements for control strips and nuclear density determination. Use the standard rolling procedures as specified in 330-10.1.2. Do not apply the provisions for partial payment to these small projects.

In other non-mainline roadway areas where it is not practical to establish a control strip, such as parking areas, toll plazas, turn lanes, and acceleration/deceleration lanes, the Contractor may use the standard rolling procedure to determine density requirements if so authorized in writing by the Engineer.

331-7.6 Surface Tolerance: The bituminous mixture will be accepted on the roadway with respect to surface tolerance in accordance with 330-12.

331-8 Method of Measurement.

The quantity to be paid for will be the weight of the mixture, in tons [metric tons], completed and accepted. The weight will be determined as provided in 320-2 (including the provisions for the automatic recordation system).

The bid price for the asphalt mix will include the cost of the liquid asphalt or the asphalt recycling agent. There will be no separate payment or unit price adjustment for the bituminous material in the asphalt mix.

331-9 Basis of Payment:

Price and payment will be full compensation for all the work specified under this Section, including the applicable requirements of Sections 320 and 330.

Payment will be made under:

Item No. 331- 2- Type S Asphaltic Concrete - per ton.

SECTION 333 – TYPE III ASPHALT CONCRETE

333-1 Description.

Construct an asphalt concrete pavement course composed of a mixture of stone or slag screenings with silica sand and asphalt cement, and mineral filler if needed.

Meet the plant and equipment requirements as specified in Section 320. Meet the general construction requirements as specified in Section 330.

The Engineer will accept work on a LOT to LOT basis in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 331. The Engineer will determine the size of the LOT as specified in 331-6 for the bituminous mixture accepted at the plant and as specified in 331-7 for the material accepted on the roadway.

333-2 Materials.

333-2.1 Bituminous Material: Use Superpave PG Asphalt Binder or Recycling Agent meeting the requirements of 916-1 or 916-2.

333-2.2 Aggregate: Use aggregate consisting of crushed stone or crushed slag screenings, or a combination of these screenings with silica sand, that meets the gradation requirements and that provides the required stability of the mix, as specified below. Use crushed stone or crushed slag screenings that meet the requirements of Section 901. Use sand that meets the requirements of 332-2.2.3. Do not use aggregate containing any appreciable amount of phosphate.

333-2.3 Mineral Filler: If needed, meet the requirements of Section 917.

333-3 Composition of Mixture.

333-3.1 General: Use a bituminous mixture composed of a combination of aggregate (coarse, fine, or mixtures thereof), mineral filler if required, and bituminous material. Size, uniformly grade, and combine the several aggregate fractions in the proportions that the resulting mixture meets the grading and physical properties of the verified mix design.

The Contractor may use RAP meeting the requirements of 331-2.2.4 as a substitution for a portion of the combination of aggregates. If using RAP, the Contractor may use a recycling agent in accordance with the requirements of 331-2.2.5.

The Contractor may use recycled crushed glass meeting the requirements of 331-2.2.6 as a substitution for a portion of the combination of aggregates.

333-3.2 Grading Requirements:

333-3.2.1 General: Use a mix design that has been verified by the Engineer and meets the design range specified in Table 331-1.

333-3.2.2 Gradation: When tested before entering the asphalt plant in the combination to be used, ensure that the aggregate, including any mineral filler, does not contain more than 10% by weight of material passing the No. 200 [75 µm sieve]. Do not use any screenings in the combination of aggregate that contain more than 15% of material passing the No. 200 [75 µm] sieve. When blending two screenings to produce the screenings component of the aggregate, the Contractor may allow any component of such screenings to contain up to 18% of material passing the No. 200 [75 µm] sieve. The Contractor may wash screenings to meet these requirements. Use screenings that are free from lumps and foreign matter.

333-3.2.3 Proportions of Sand and Screenings: Allow no more than 25% by weight of the total aggregate used to be local sand. In addition to the local sand, the Contractor may use commercial washed sand in a quantity not to exceed 15% by weight of the total aggregate. Obtain the commercial washed sand from an approved source having a Department sand mine number and meeting the requirements of Section 902 except those in 902-2.2.

If used in the mixture, consider the sand portion of RAP material to be local sand.

333-3.3 Mix Design:

333-3.3.1 General: Meet the mix design requirements of 331-4.3. In addition to these requirements, include, in the mix design, test data showing that the material as produced will meet the requirements of Table 331-2.

333-3.3.2 Stability: Combine the constituents of the mixture in such proportions as to produce a mixture having Marshall properties within the limits shown in Table 331-2.

333-3.4 Contractor's Quality Control: Provide the necessary control of the bituminous mixture and construction in accordance with the applicable provisions of 331-4.4 and 331-5.2. Furnish materials that meet the verified mix design. For the extraction gradation analysis, meet the provisions of 331-4.4.2 and Table 331-3. For plant calibration, meet the provisions of 331-4.4.3 and Table 331-3.

333-4 Acceptance of Mixture.

333-4.1 Acceptance at the Plant: The Engineer will accept the bituminous mixture at the plant with respect to gradation and asphalt content in accordance with the requirements of 331-6.

333-4.2 Acceptance on the Roadway: The Engineer will accept the bituminous mixture on the roadway with respect to compacted density and surface tolerance in accordance with the applicable provisions of 331-7.

333-4.3 Additional Tests: The Engineer will apply the provisions of 331-6.4 to Type III Asphalt Concrete.

333-5 Method of Measurement.

The quantities to be paid for will be measured as specified for Type S Asphalt Concrete under the applicable provisions of 331-7.

333-6 Basis of Payment.

Price and payment will be full compensation for all work specified under this Section.

Payment will be made under:

Item No. 333- 2- Type III Asphaltic Concrete - per ton.

SECTION 430 – PIPE CULVERTS AND STORM SEWERS

Articles 430-3.1 and 430-3.2 are modified as follows:

Pipe material for storm sewer or cross drain installations under pavement shall consist of steel reinforced concrete pipe in accordance with Section 449 and shall be a minimum of Class III or HE-III.

SECTION 580 – LANDSCAPING**580-1 Description.**

Install landscaping as indicated in the Contract Documents.

580-2 Materials.**580-2.1 Plants:**

580-2.1.1 Sizes: Small plants includes all ground covers, shrubs to less than 7 gallon, trees to less than 7 gallon, clustering type palms less than 6 foot overall height, cycads to less than 7 gallon, and incidental landscaping.

Large plants include shrubs 7 gallon or greater, trees 7 gallon or greater, all single trunk palms, and clustering type palms 6 foot overall height and greater.

580-2.1.2 Grade Standards and Conformity with Type and Species:

Only use nursery grown plant materials purchased from Florida based Nurseryman Stock that comply with all required inspection, grading standards, and plant regulations in accordance with the latest edition of the Florida Department of Agriculture's "Grades and Standards for Nursery Plants."

Unless otherwise specified, minimum grade for all plants is Florida No. 1 or better. All plants must be the specified size and grade at the time of delivery to the site and the minimum grade maintained until final acceptance.

Use only plants that are true to type and species and ensure that the plants not specifically covered by Florida Department of Agriculture's "Grades and Standards for Nursery Plants" conform in type and species with the standards and designations in general acceptance by Florida nurseries. Prior to planting, certify to the

Engineer that all plant materials have been purchased from Florida based Nurseryman Stock.

A minimum of two plants of each species on each shipment must be shipped with tags stating the botanical nomenclature and common name of the plant. Should discrepancies between botanical nomenclature and common name arise, the botanical name will take precedence.

580-2.1.3 Inspection and Transporting: Move nursery stock in accordance with all Federal and State regulations and accompany each shipment with the required inspection certificates for filing with the Engineer.

580-2.2 Water: Meet the requirements of Section 983.

580-2.3 Mulching: Use of cypress mulch is prohibited.

580-3 Installation.

580-3.1 Delivery: All materials must be available for inspection before installation and will be subject to approval or rejection.

580-3.2 Layout: Mark proposed mowing limits, planting beds and individual locations of trees and palms as shown in the Contract Documents for the Engineer's review, prior to excavation or planting.

Make no changes to the layout, materials or any variations of plant materials from the Contract Documents without the Engineer's written approval.

580-3.3 Soil Drainage: All planting holes and beds must drain sufficiently prior to installing any plants. Immediately notify the Engineer of drainage or percolation problems before plant installation.

580-3.4 Planting: Meet the requirements of the Design Standards, Index No. 544.

580-4 Disposal of Surplus Materials and Debris.

Remove from the jobsite any surplus material unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. Surplus is defined as material not needed after installation of plants per Contract Documents. Upon commencement of the plant installation, remove daily all landscape installation debris from the landscape locations described in the Contract Documents.

580-5 Method of Measurement.

The quantities to be paid for will be the items shown in the Contract Documents, completed and accepted.

580-6 Basis of Payment.

Price and payment will be full compensation for all work and materials specified in this Section.

SECTION 916 – BITUMINOUS MATERIALS

916-1 General.

All products supplied under this Specification shall be one of the products included on the Approved Product List (APL). Producers seeking evaluation of a product for inclusion on the APL shall submit an application in accordance with Section 6.

For liquid anti-strip agents, in addition to the above, producers shall include a report of test results from an independent laboratory confirming the material meets the requirements of this section. In lieu of submitting test results from an independent laboratory, the Department will evaluate the material. For each liquid anti-strip agent, the producer will submit one pint of a representative sample of liquid anti-strip agent to the State Materials Office when submitting the APL application to the Department's Product Evaluation Section.

Any marked variation from the original test values for a material below the established limits or evidence of inadequate quality control or field performance of a material will be considered sufficient evidence that the properties of the material have changed, and the material will be removed from the APL.

916-2 Superpave PG Asphalt Binder:

916-2.1 Requirements: Superpave Performance Graded (PG) asphalt binders, identified as PG 52-28, PG 58-22, PG 67-22, polymer modified asphalt (PMA) binders, PG 76-22 (PMA) and PG 82-22 (PMA), and asphalt rubber binders (ARB), PG 76-22 (ARB), shall meet the requirements of 916-2 and AASHTO M 332-14. All PG asphalt binders shall meet the following additional requirements:

1. The intermediate test temperature at 10 rad/sec. for the Dynamic Shear Rheometer (DSR) test (AASHTO T 315-12) shall be 26.5°C for PG grades PG 67 and higher.
2. An additional high temperature grade of PG 67 is added for which the high test temperature at 10 rad/sec for the DSR test (AASHTO T 315-12) shall be 67°C.
3. All PG asphalt binders having a high temperature designation of PG 67 or lower shall be prepared without modification.
4. All PMA binders having a high temperature designation higher than PG 67 shall only be produced with a styrene-butadiene-styrene (SBS) or styrene-butadiene (SB) elastomeric polymer modifier and the resultant binder shall meet all requirements of this Section.
5. Polyphosphoric acid may be used as a modifier not exceeding 0.75% by weight of asphalt binder for PG 76-22 (PMA), PG 76-22 (ARB), and PG 82-22 (PMA) binders.
6. PG 76-22 (ARB) shall meet the additional requirements of 916-2.1.1.
7. All PG asphalt binders having a high temperature designation of PG 67 or lower shall not have a high temperature true grade more than 5.9°C higher than the specified PG grade, (for example, if a PG 58-22 is specified, do not supply a PG 64-22 or higher).

For all PG binder used in all hot mix asphalt, silicone may be added to the PG binder at the rate of 25 cubic centimeters of silicone mixed to each 5,000 gallons of PG binder. If a disbursing fluid is used in conjunction with the silicone, the resultant mixture containing the full 25 cubic centimeters of silicone shall be added in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation. The blending of the silicone with the PG binder shall be done by the supplier prior to the shipment. When the asphalt binder will be used with a foaming warm mix technology, refer to the technology supplier's guidance on the addition of silicone.

Where an anti-strip additive is required, per the requirements of Sections 334 and 337, the amount shall be from 0.25% to 0.75% by weight of asphalt

binder. The anti-strip additive shall meet the requirements of 916-4. The anti-strip additive shall be introduced into the PG binder by the supplier during loading.

916-2.1.1 Additional Requirements for PG 76-22 (ARB): The following additional requirements apply only to PG 76-22 (ARB):

1. The asphalt binder shall contain a minimum of 7.0% ground tire rubber (GTR) by weight of asphalt binder.
2. The GTR shall meet the requirements of Section 919.
3. Polymer modification is optional for PG 76-22 (ARB).
4. Use of excess PG 76-22 (ARB): The Contractor may use excess PG 76-22 (ARB) in other asphalt concrete mixes requiring the use of a PG 67-22 binder by blending with straight PG 67-22 binder so that the total amount of ground tire rubber in the binder is less than 2.0%. The Contractor may use excess PG 76-22 (ARB) in asphalt concrete mixtures requiring the use of a PG 52-28 or PG 58-22 by blending with the designated binder in such proportions that the total amount of ground tire rubber in the binder is less than 1.0%.

916-2.2 Compliance with Materials Manual: Producers of Superpave PG binders shall meet the requirements of Section 3.5, Volume II of the Department's Material Manual, which may be viewed at the following URL:
<http://www.dot.state.fl.us/programmanagement/Implemented/URLinSpecs/files/Section3.5-100915.pdf>

916-2.3 Reporting: Specification compliance testing results shall be reported for the tests in the table below, unless noted otherwise. Quality control (QC) testing results shall be reported for original binder DSR ($G/\sin \delta$ and phase angle, as applicable).

| SUPERPAVE PG ASPHALT BINDER | | |
|--|--|--|
| Test and Method | Conditions | Specification Minimum/Maximum Value |
| Superpave PG Asphalt Binder Grade | | Report |
| APL Number | | Report |
| Modifier (name and type) | Polymer, Ground Tire Rubber with Approved Product List (APL) number, Sulfur, PPA, REOB, and any Rejuvenating Agents | Report |
| Original Binder | | |
| Solubility, AASHTO T 44-14 | in Trichloroethylene | Minimum 99.0% (Not applicable for PG 76-22 (ARB)) |
| Flash Point, AASHTO T 48-06 (2015) | Cleveland Open Cup | Minimum 450°F |
| Rotational Viscosity, AASHTO T 316-13 | 275°F | Maximum 3 Pa·s ^(a) |
| Dynamic Shear Rheometer ^(b) , AASHTO T 315-12 | $G^*/\sin \delta$ | Minimum 1.00 kPa |
| | Phase Angle, $\delta^{(c)}$ PG 76-22 (PMA) and PG 76-22 (ARB) ^(d) PG 82-22 (PMA) | Maximum 75 degrees Maximum 65 degrees |
| Separation Test, ASTM D 7173-14 and Softening Point, AASHTO T 53-09 (2013) | 163±5°C 48 hours | Maximum 15°F (PG 76-22 (ARB) only) |
| Rolling Thin Film Oven Test Residue (AASHTO T 240-09) | | |
| Rolling Thin Film Oven, AASHTO T 240-13 | Mass Change % | Maximum 1.00 |
| Multiple Stress Creep Recovery, $J_{nr, 3.2}$ AASHTO M 332-14 | Grade Temperature (Unmodified binders only) | "S" = 4.50kPa ⁻¹ max |
| Multiple Stress Creep Recovery, $J_{nr, 3.2}^{(d, e, f)}$ AASHTO M 332-14 | 67°C (Modified binders only) | "V" = 1.0 kPa ⁻¹ max "E" = 0.5 kPa ⁻¹ max Maximum $J_{nr, diff}$ = 75% |
| Multiple Stress Creep Recovery, %Recovery ^(d, e) AASHTO M 332-14 | 67°C (Modified binders only) | $\%R_{3.2} \geq 29.37$ $(J_{nr, 3.2})^{-0.2633}$ |

| Pressure Aging Vessel Residue (AASHTO R 28-12) | | |
|--|--|------------------------------------|
| Dynamic Shear Rheometer, AASHTO T 315-12 | $G^* \sin \delta$, 10 rad/sec. | Maximum 5000 kPa ^(f, g) |
| Creep Stiffness, AASHTO T 313-12 | S (Stiffness), @ 60 sec. m-value, @ 60 sec. | Maximum 300 MPa Minimum 0.300 |
| <p>(a) Binders with values higher than 3 Pa·s should be used with caution and only after consulting with the supplier as to any special handling procedures, including pumping capabilities.</p> <p>(b) Dynamic Shear Rheometer (AASHTO T 315) shall be performed on original binders for the purposes of QC testing only.</p> <p>(c) The original binder phase angle (AASHTO T 315-12) shall be performed at grade temperature.</p> <p>(d) AASHTO T 315-12 and AASHTO T 350-14 will be performed at a 2 mm gap for PG 76-22 (ARB)</p> <p>(e) All binders with a high temperature designation >67 will be tested at 67°C. PG 76-22 (PMA) and PG 76-22 (ARB) shall pass a “V” graded and PG 82-22 (PMA) shall pass an “E” grade per AASHTO M 332-14.</p> <p>(f) A maximum Jnr diff = 75% does not apply for any Jnr value < 0.5 kPa-1.</p> <p>(g) For all PG grades of a PG 67 or higher, perform the PAV residue testing at 26.5°C with a maximum of 5000 kPa.</p> | | |

916-3 Asphalt Emulsions.

916-3.1 Compliance with Materials Manual: Producers of asphalt emulsions shall meet the requirements of Section 3.4, Volume II of the Department’s Material Manual, which may be viewed at the following URL:
<http://www.dot.state.fl.us/programmanagement/Implemented/URLinSpecs/files/Section3.4-100915.pdf>

916-3.2 Requirements: Use a prime coat meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 140-13 for anionic emulsions, AASHTO M 208-01 (2013) or AASHTO M 316-13 for cationic emulsions, or as specified in the Producer’s QC Plan. For anionic emulsions, the cement mixing test will be waived. For tack products the minimum testing requirements shall include percent residue, naphtha content (as needed), one-day storage stability, sieve test, Saybolt Furol viscosity, original DSR, and solubility (on an annual basis). Residue testing shall be performed on residue obtained from distillation (AASHTO T 59-15) or low- temperature evaporation (AASHTO PP 72-11(2013) Method B).

916-4 Liquid Anti-strip Agents.

916-4.1 Requirements: Liquid anti-strip agents shall be tested in accordance with FM 1-T 283. A minimum tensile strength ratio of 0.80 must be obtained when testing the liquid anti-strip with various aggregate sources and two nominal maximum aggregate size mixtures. Specific requirements are contained in the APL process.

916-4.2 Mix Design Verification: Inclusion of a liquid anti-strip agent on the APL does not guarantee that the anti-strip will be approved for use in an asphalt mixture. Particular aggregate sources may require moisture susceptibility testing per FM 1-T 283 for each mix design. Results from this testing may meet the Department’s requirement of minimum tensile strength ratio of 0.80 or may indicate the need for a larger dosage rate of anti-strip agent (up to 0.75% maximum) or a different anti-strip agent to meet the specification requirements.

SECTION 992 – HIGHWAY LIGHTING MATERIALS

Article 992-1.2 is deleted and the following substituted:

992-1.2 Luminaires, Driver, etc.: All luminaires shall be one of the products listed in the Department's Approved Product List (APL). Manufacturers seeking evaluation of their product shall submit an application in accordance with Section 6.

The light source for luminaires shall be either light emitting diodes (LED), magnetic induction or plazma induction.

The luminaire shall be constructed of precision cast aluminum with a corrosive resistant polyester powder coat finish. The standard color shall be gray. The refractor and lens shall consist of glass or an optical grade polymer. The manufacturer shall place a permanent tag in the luminaire housing imprinted with: the manufacturer name, luminaire voltage, lamp wattage, and provide a blank area for the Contractor to inscribe the installation date.

Luminaires shall meet the following requirements: UL 1598 listed and labeled for installation in wet locations by an OSHA recognized "Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory" (NRTL), be capable of maintaining 94.1% intensity at 10,000 hours with an ambient temperature of 25°C (IES LM-80) and have IESNA light distribution curves (IES LM-79) by an EPA recognized laboratory.

The driver shall be rated for 100,000 hours and have a power factor greater than or equal to 90% at full load with a total harmonic distortion less than or equal to 20% at full load. The fixture shall accommodate a circuit voltage of 480V.

Luminaires shall be provided with a minimum 10kV/10kA internal surge suppression module meeting UL 1449/ANSI C62.41.2 Category C.

The manufacturer shall submit a five year non-prorated full warranty on all components of the luminaire to the Department. The warranty shall begin on the project acceptance date and include all components of luminaire.

Article 992-2.4 is deleted and the following substituted:

992-2.4 Luminaires: The luminaires shall meet the requirements shown in the Plans and the following additional requirements.

a. A maximum correlated color temperature (CCT) of 4000°K meeting ANSI C78.377A (3985°K, plus or minus 275°K).

b. The optical portion of the housing shall be sealed to provide an IP 66 rating.

The luminaire mounting assembly shall be a slipfitter type designed to accommodate a nominal 2 inch pipe size (2-3/8 inch O.D.) arm or a pole top mounting assembly designed to accommodate a 2-3/8 inch pole top tenon.

For APL qualification, the manufacturer must have a fixture with an IESNA light distribution curve (IES LM-79) by an EPA recognized laboratory, meeting a minimum pole spacing of 215 feet using the AGi32 lighting optimization tool with the following settings:

| Setting | Requirement |
|--|--|
| Roadway Standard | IES RP-8-200 |
| R-Table | R3 (Q0=0.07) |
| Roadway Layout | Two Rows Opposite, With Median, 2R OPP w/M |
| Roadway Width | 40 feet |
| Median Width | 22 feet |
| Number of Lanes in Direction of Travel | 3 |
| Driver's Side of Roadway | Right |
| Calculation Area | Bottom |
| Mounting Height | As per manufacturer's recommendation |
| Setback | 12 feet |
| Tilt | 0° |
| Optimization Criteria | Avg. Illuminance = 1.5 fc Avg./Min. Ratio = 4 Max./Min. Ratio= 10 Lv Max./L Avg. Ratio= 0.3 |
| Arm Length | Pole top fixtures – as provided by the IES file Arm mounted fixtures – 12 feet |

Article 992-3.2 is deleted and the following substituted:

992-3.2 Luminaires: The luminaires shall meet the following requirements.

- A maximum correlated color temperature (CCT) of 4000°K meeting ANSI C78.377A (3985°K, plus or minus 275°K).
- The optical portion of the housing shall be sealed to provide an IP 66 rating.

The luminaire mounting assembly shall be a slip fitter type designed to accommodate a nominal 2 inch pipe size (2-3/8 inch O.D.) connection. For qualification, the manufacturer must have a fixture with a Type V IESNA light distribution curve (IES LM-79) by an EPA recognized laboratory, capable of providing photometrics similar to a 1000 W HPS fixture when mounted on 80 to 120 foot poles.

Article 992-4.1 is deleted and the following substituted:

992-4.1 Luminaires: The luminaires shall meet the following requirements.

- A maximum correlated color temperature (CCT) of 5000°K meeting ANSI C78.377A (3985°K, plus or minus 275°K).
- The optical portion of the housing shall be sealed to provide an IP 66 rating.

The luminaire mounting assembly for a sign luminaire shall be a slipfitter type designed to accommodate a 1-1/2 inch, Schedule 40 steel pipe arm connection.

Article 992-5.1 is deleted and the following substituted:

992-5.1 Luminaires: The luminaires shall meet the following requirements.

- a. A maximum correlated color temperature (CCT) of 4000°K meeting ANSI C78.377A (3985°K, plus or minus 275°K).
- b. The optical portion of the housing shall be sealed to provide an IP 55 rating.

Underdeck fixtures shall be wall mounted fixtures.

THIS COMPLETES THIS SPECIFICATIONS PACKAGE



Technical Specifications

Florida Governmental
Utility Authority

Lehigh Homestead Road

Water and Wastewater Utility Project

FGUA Contract No. CON00963641

Prepared By:
HDR Engineering, Inc.
2601 Cattlemen Road, Suite 400
Sarasota, Florida 34232
Ph. (941)342-2700
CA# 4213

HDR Project No. 10022974/250366

September 9, 2016

Technical Specifications



Heather L. Manganiello, P.E.
Florida License No.68385

This document has been digitally signed and sealed.
Printed copies of this document are not considered signed
and sealed. The signature must be verified on the electronic
documents.



2601 Cattlemen Road
Suite 400
Sarasota, Florida 34232
CA 4213

**FGUA
LEHIGH HOMESTEAD ROAD
WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITY PROJECT
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| DIVISION 1 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS | SECTION |
|--|---------|
| Summary of Work | 01010 |
| Payments | 01025 |
| Measurement and Payment | 01026 |
| Change Order and Field Directive Change Procedures | 01035 |
| Project Meetings | 01040 |
| Project Coordination | 01041 |
| Cutting and Patching | 01045 |
| Lines and Grades | 01051 |
| Reference Standards | 01090 |
| Abbreviations | 01092 |
| Submittals | 01300 |
| Progress Schedule | 01310 |
| Quality Control | 01400 |
| Construction Facilities and Temporary Controls | 01500 |
| Traffic Regulation | 01570 |
| Material and Equipment | 01600 |
| Cleaning | 01710 |
| Contract Close Out | 01720 |
| Operation and Maintenance Manuals | 01730 |
| Warranties and Bonds | 01740 |
| DIVISION 2 - SITEWORK | |
| Demolition | 02050 |
| Site Clearing | 02110 |
| Shoring, Sheeting and Bracing | 02151 |
| Excavation – Earth and Rock | 02222 |
| Backfilling | 02223 |
| Jacking, Augering and Mining | 02226 |
| Roadway Crossings by Open Cut | 02230 |
| Temporary Erosion and Sedimentation Control | 02276 |

| | |
|---|-------|
| Directional Drilling | 02300 |
| Lawn Restoration | 02400 |
| Seeding and Sodding | 02485 |
| Sidewalks, Driveways and Curbs | 02523 |
| Groundwater Control for Open Cut Excavation | 02530 |
| Pavement Repair and Restoration | 02575 |
| High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) Pipe and Fittings | 02620 |
| Buried Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Sewer and Pressure Pipe | 02621 |
| Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Force Main Pipe | 02622 |
| Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Water Main Pipe | 02623 |
| Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings | 02630 |
| Hydrants | 02645 |
| Laying and Jointing Buried Pipelines | 02650 |
| Disinfection | 02675 |
| Leakage Tests | 02676 |
| Miscellaneous Work and Cleanup | 02999 |
| DIVISION 3 - CONCRETE | |
| Concrete Formwork | 03100 |
| Concrete for Non-Plant Work | 03311 |
| Precast Concrete Structures | 03410 |
| DIVISION 9 - FINISHES | |
| Surface Preparation and Shop Prime Painting | 09865 |
| Painting and Coating | 09900 |
| DIVISION 15 - MECHANICAL | |
| Water Valves and Appurtenances | 15100 |
| Wastewater Valves and Appurtenances | 15110 |

DIVISION 1 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 01010
SUMMARY OF WORK

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Description of Work
- B. Constraints
- C. Work by Others
- D. CONTRACTOR's Use of Site
- E. Work Sequence
- F. Owner Occupancy

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

- A. General: The Work to be done under this Contract consists of the construction of approximately 10,000 linear feet of 12-inch water main, 200 linear feet of 14-inch HDPE water main horizontal directional drill, 340 linear feet of 10-inch HDPE water main horizontal directional drill, 1,300 linear feet of 4-inch through 10-inch water main, fire hydrant relocations, meter relocations, service lines, approximately 1,100 linear feet of 12-inch wastewater force main, and 4,100 linear feet of 16-inch wastewater force main and appurtenances as shown and specified in Contract Documents. The Work also includes the plug and fill, removal where needed, of approximately 11,000 linear feet of 12-inch existing utilities, 4,200 linear feet of 16-inch existing utilities and 2,000 linear feet of 4-inch through 8-inch existing utilities.
- B. The Work includes:
 - 1. Furnishing of all labor, material, superintendence, power, light, heat, fuel, water, tools, appliances, equipment, supplies, services and other means of construction necessary or proper for performing and completing the Work.
 - 2. Sole responsibility for adequacy of work and equipment.
 - 3. Maintaining the Work area and site in a clean and acceptable manner.
 - 4. Maintaining existing facilities in service at all times except where specifically provided for otherwise herein.
 - 5. Protection of finished and unfinished Work.

6. Repair and restoration of Work damaged during construction.
7. Furnishing as necessary proper equipment and machinery, of a sufficient capacity, to facilitate the Work and to handle all emergencies normally encountered in Work of this character.
8. Furnishing, installing, and protecting all necessary appurtenances needed for the installation of the water main, force main and appurtenances included in the equipment specified. Furnish substantial templates and shop drawings for installation.

C. Implied and Normally Required Work

It is the intent of these Specifications to provide the FGUA with complete operable systems, subsystems and other items of Work. Any part or item of Work which is reasonably implied or normally required to make each installation satisfactorily and completely operable is deemed to be included in the Work and the Contract Amount. All miscellaneous appurtenances and other items of Work incidental to meeting the intent of these Specifications are included in the Work and the Contract Amount even though these appurtenances may not be specifically called for in these Specifications.

- D. Quality of Work Regard the apparent silence of the Contract Documents as to any detail, or the apparent omission from them of a detailed description concerning any Work to be done and materials to be furnished as meaning that only the best general practice is to prevail and that only materials and workmanship of the best quality are to be used. Interpretation of these specifications will be made upon this basis.

1.3 CONSTRAINTS

- A. The Contract Documents are intended to allow the CONTRACTOR flexibility in construction of the Work, however, the following constraints apply:
1. Water main, force main and appurtenances shall be installed outside of the proposed roadway.
 2. All existing water meters connected to the existing water main to be plugged and filled (taken out of service) shall be relocated as needed and reconnected to the new water main.
 3. Contractor is responsible for cost of bypass pumping existing wastewater pump stations affected by the abandonment of the existing force main and placing into service of the new force main. Contractor is to submit a bypass plan that is to include bypass pumps and/or number/size of vacuum trucks intended to be used by the Contractor to bypass the existing wastewater collection system as needed for placing the new force man into service and abandonment of the existing force main. Contractor is to coordinate with the FGUA for the development of the bypass plan and will notify FGUA 72 hours in advance of connection to the existing collection system.
 4. All fire hydrants located within the proposed roadway are to be relocated.

5. Contractor is to notify the FGUA 72 hour in advance prior to connecting to an existing water main. Prior to connection, the new water main shall be disinfected and bacteriologically tested in accordance with the FDOH permit and be cleared by FDOH prior to connection to the existing system.
6. Contractor to provide frac-out plan for horizontal directional drill operations. The frac-out plan shall be submitted and must be accepted by FGUA prior to drilling activities. Frac-out plan shall include emergency contact person and disposal site.
7. Contractor to provide enough vacuum trucks during horizontal directional drilling to allow for continuous removal of or recycling of drilling fluid, such that, the drilling time is not impeded by drill fluid build up and lack of ability for removal.

1.4 WORK BY OTHERS

- A. Work on the Project, which may take place concurrently with this CONTRACT and which is excluded from this CONTRACT, is as follows:
 1. Homestead Road widening and stormwater piping and structures construction may take place concurrently.
 2. Other utility relocations and installations may occur concurrently (i.e. LCEC, Verizon, etc.)

1.5 CONTRACTOR'S USE OF SITE

- A. In addition to the requirements of the General Conditions, limit use of site and premises for work and storage to allow for the following:
 1. Coordination of the Work under this CONTRACT with the work of the other contractors where Work under this CONTRACT encroaches on the Work of other contractors.
 2. FGUA occupancy and access to operate existing facilities.
 3. Coordination of site use with ENGINEER.
 4. Responsibility for protection and safekeeping of products under this CONTRACT.
 5. Providing additional off site storage at no additional cost to FGUA as needed.

1.6 WORK SEQUENCE

- A. Construct Work in stages to accommodate FGUA's use of premises during construction period and in accordance with the limitations on the sequence of construction specified. Coordinate construction schedules and operations with ENGINEER.
- B. Coordinate Work of all subcontractors.

1.7 FGUA OCCUPANCY

- A. FGUA will occupy premises during entire period of construction in order to maintain normal operations. Cooperate with FGUA's representative in all construction operations to minimize conflict, and to facilitate FGUA usage.
- B. Conduct operations so as to inconvenience the general public in the least.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

- A. Starting Work
Start Work within 10 days following the date stated in the Notice to Proceed and execute with such progress as may be required to prevent delay to other contractors or to the general completion of the project. Execute Work at such items and in or on such parts of the project, and with such forces, material and equipment, as to complete the Work in the time established by the Contract. At all times, schedule and direct the Work so that it provides an orderly progression to completion within the specified time for completion.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01025

PAYMENTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Schedule of Values
- B. Application for Payment

1.2 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Approval of Schedule: Submit for approval a preliminary schedule of values, in duplicate, for all of the Work. Prepare preliminary schedule in accordance with the General Conditions. Submit preliminary schedule of values within 10 calendar days after the Effective Date of the Agreement. Submit final schedule of values in accordance with the General Conditions.
- B. Format: Utilize a format similar to the Table of Contents of the Project Specifications. Identify each line item with number and title of the major specification section. Identify site mobilization, bonds and insurance. Include within each line item, a direct proportional amount of CONTRACTOR'S overhead and profit.
- C. Revisions: With each Application for Payment revise schedule to list approved Change Orders.

1.3 APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT

- A. Required Copies: Submit three copies of each application on EJCDC Form No. 1910- 8-E (1990) or approved equal. Present required information in typewritten form or on electronic media printout.
- B. Execute certification by signature of authorized officer.
- C. Use data from approved Schedule of Values.
- D. Stored Materials: When payment for materials stored is permitted, submit a separate schedule for Materials Stored showing line item, description, previous value received, value incorporated into the Work and present value.
- E. Change Orders: List each authorized Change Order as an extension on continuation sheet, listing Change Order number and dollar amount as for an original item of work.

- F. Final Payment: Prepare Application for Final Payment as required in the General Conditions.
- G. Submit an updated construction schedule with each Application for Payment.
- H. Submit application for payment to FGUA monthly.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01026

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Explanation and Definitions
- B. Measurement
- C. Payment
- D. Schedule of Values
- E. Application for Payment

1.2 EXPLANATION AND DEFINITIONS

- A. The following explanation of the Measurement and Payment for the bid form items is made for information and guidance. The omission of reference to any item in this description shall not, however, alter the intent of the bid form or relieve the CONTRACTOR of the necessity of furnishing such as a part of the Contract.

1.3 MEASUREMENT

- A. The quantities set forth in the bid form are approximate and are given to establish a uniform basis for the comparison of bids. FGUA reserves the right to increase or decrease the quantity of any class or portion of the work during the progress of construction in accord with the terms of the Contract.

1.4 PAYMENT

- A. Payment shall be made for the items listed on the Bid Form on the basis of the work actually performed and completed, such work including but not limited to, the furnishing of all necessary labor, materials, equipment, transportation, clean up, restoration of disturbed areas, and all other appurtenances to complete the construction and installation of the work as shown on the drawings and described in the specifications.
- B. Unit prices are used as a means of computing the final figures for bid and Contract purposes, for periodic payments for work performed, for determining value of additions or deletions and wherever else reasonable.

1.5 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Approval of Schedule: Submit for approval a preliminary schedule of values, in duplicate, for all of the Work. Prepare preliminary schedule in accordance with the General Conditions. Submit preliminary schedule of values within 10 calendar days after the Effective Date of the Agreement. Submit final schedule of values in accordance with the General Conditions.
- B. Format: Utilize a format similar to the Table of Contents of the Project Specifications. Identify each line item with number and title of the major specification. Identify site mobilization, bonds and insurance. Include within each line item, a direct proportional amount of CONTRACTOR's overhead profit.
- C. Revisions: With each Application for Payment, revise schedule to list approved Change Orders.

1.6 APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT

- A. Required Copies: Submit three copies of each application on EJCDC Form No. 1910-8-E (1990) or approved equal. Present required information in typewritten form or on electronic media printout.
- B. Execute certification by signature of authorized officer.
- C. Use data from approved Schedule of Values.
- D. Stored Materials: When payment for materials stored is permitted, submit a separate schedule for Materials Stored showing line item, description, previous value received, value incorporated into the Work and present value.
- E. Change Orders: List each authorized Change Order as an extension on continuation sheet, listing Change Order number and dollar amount as for an original item of work.
- F. Final Payment: Prepare Application for Final Payment as required in the General Conditions.
- G. Submit an updated construction schedule for each Application for Payment.
- H. Submit application for payment to ENGINEER monthly.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

- A. Payment shall be made on the basis of work actually performed completing each item in the Bid, such work including, but not limited to, the furnishing of all necessary labor, materials, equipment, transportation, cleanup, and all other appurtenances to complete the construction and installation of the work to the configuration and extent as shown on the drawings and described in the specifications. Payment for each item includes compensation for cleanup and restorations. Cleanup and surface restorations (including pavement replacement) will be considered as ten percent (10%) of each pay item and complete payment will not be made until cleanup, restorations and as-builts are completed. Materials and products to meet requirements of Contract Plans, Specifications and Lee County Approved Products/Materials Lists.

No separate payment will be made for the following items for work under these Specifications and the cost of such work shall be included in the applicable contract pay items of work.

1. Water main and force main alignment survey.
2. Excavation, including necessary pavement/slab removal.
3. Shoring and sheeting as required by OSHA trench excavation safety standards.
4. Obtaining permits for de-watering per NPDES.
5. Dewatering and proper disposal of surplus water.
6. Repairing utilities damaged by heavy equipment or by the CONTRACTORs operation.
7. Backfill and proper compaction, including suitable fill and density testing.
8. Grading and surface restoration.
9. Temporary facilities and controls during construction such as sanitary facilities, informational signs and environmental protection, unless specifically provided for in a pay item.
10. Removing and disposing of waste material due to construction, including but not limited to all pipe and appurtenances.
11. Cleanup.
12. Refill materials, including suitable fill except as hereinafter specified.
13. All material and equipment required to be installed and used for the testing.
14. Appurtenant work as required for a complete and operable system.
15. Cutting of existing or new pipe for purposes of removal or installation of new pipe, valves or fittings.
16. Obtaining GPS data for pipe alignment, pipe connections to existing pipelines, valves, fittings, line stops, sampling point corporation stops, casing ends, and other main appurtenances and elevation and preparation of record drawings.

17. Pipe Bedding material, including clean sand, clean gravel, etc. in accordance with these Specifications.
18. Asbuilt development;
19. Acquiring and payment for permits required for construction;
20. Development and Submittal of shop drawings;
21. Development and Submittal of Dewatering Plan, Connection and Shutdown Plan, Erosion Control Plan, Stormwater Protection Plan, Maintenance of Traffic Plan, Wastewater Bypass Plan, Frac-out Plan (for HDD), and Spill Prevention and Spill Cleanup Plan.
22. Project Pre-construction, Construction and Post-construction photographs.

All work performed and materials provided shall be in accordance with this these Specifications, Drawings, other Contract Documents and Lee County Standards.

B. PAY ITEMS

Bid Item No. 1 Mobilization, Demobilization, Bonds and Permits

Measurement of various items for Mobilization and Demobilization shall not be made for payment and all items shall be included in the lump sum (LS) bid price. This lump sum price shall not exceed 7.5% of the total bid price.

Payment of 75 percent of the applicable lump sum bid price for the item shall be full compensation for the Work consisting of the preparatory work and operations in mobilizing for beginning work on the Contract, including, but not limited to, operations necessary for the movement of those personnel, equipment, supplies and incidentals to the project site, preparation of submittals, and for the establishment of temporary offices and buildings, necessary employee training (railroad safety, OSHA, Confined Space Entry etc.), safety equipment and first aid supplies, project signs, field surveys, sanitary and other facilities required by these Specifications, special provisions, and State and local laws and regulations. The costs of bonds, permits, and any required insurance, project signs, and any other preconstruction expense necessary for the start of the Work, excluding the cost of construction materials, shall also be included. The cost for audio-visual documentation, indemnification, and for provisions of the field office shall be included in this item. This Work also consist of the general project management of the Work including, but not limited to, field supervision and office management, as well as other incidental cost for management of the Work during the duration of the Contract. This Work also includes maintenance of the field offices for the duration of the Contract.

Payment of the remaining 25 percent of the applicable lump sum price for this item also consists of demobilization or the operations normally involved in ending Work on the project including, but not limited to, termination and removal of temporary utility service and field offices; demolition and removal of temporary structures and

facilities; restoration of CONTRACTOR storage areas; disposal of trash and rubbish, and any other post-construction work necessary for the proper conclusion of the Work.

Pay item to be apportioned to the water and wastewater system improvements of the Project.

Bid Item No. 2 Maintenance of Traffic and Pedestrian Safety

Maintenance of traffic and pedestrian safety within the limits of the project for the duration of the construction period will be in accordance with the requirements of Section 102 of the Florida Department of Transportation's "Standard Specifications for Road & Bridge Construction," latest edition and the State of Florida's "Manual of Traffic Control and Safe Practices for Street and Highway Construction, Maintenance and Utility Operations," applicable edition, except as amended by these Contract Specifications.

The work specified under this Section shall include furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to maintain public roadway and pedestrian traffic including flag men, uniformed police officers, temporary barricades of whatever type required, warning lights/flashers, safety ropes, and for such duration as may be required by the ENGINEER. This will also include all materials and construction necessary for temporary connections and driveway maintenance. Also included is furnishing, installing and maintaining a Traffic Control Plan, control and safety devices, control of dust, temporary crossing structures over trenches, any necessary detour facilities, and other special requirements for the safe and expeditious movements of traffic.

The CONTRACTOR will take all necessary precautions for the protection of the Work and safety of the public for the duration of the construction period.

The CONTRACTOR will provide barriers to prevent unauthorized entry to construction areas and to protect persons and property from damage due to construction operations. CONTRACTOR will provide temporary fencing where needed to protect the Work or CONTRACTOR's office, materials, and equipment.

This item will be paid for at the applicable contract unit price of lump sum (LS) as listed in the Contract Plans and paid monthly based on the Work completed as part of the pay application.

Bid Item No. 3 Erosion and Sedimentation Control

Erosion and Sedimentation Control within the limits of the project for the duration of the construction period will be in accordance with the requirements of these Specifications and Section 104 of the Florida Department of Transportation's

“Standard Specifications for Road & Bridge Construction,” latest edition. Install silt fences, rock bags, and other erosion and sedimentation control devices as shown on the Construction Plans or as directed by the ENGINEER or FGUA.

The work specified under this Section will include furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment to control and prevent sediment transportation from the Work area to adjacent properties, including installation, maintenance, and removal of temporary erosion and sediment controls for such duration as may be required by the ENGINEER or FGUA.

The CONTRACTOR will clean up the site to preconstruction condition, as described in these Specifications.

This item will be paid for at the applicable contract unit price of lump sum (LS) as listed in the Contract Plans

Bid Item No. 4 Clearing and Grubbing

This work consists of clearing and preparation of sites for proposed construction, in accordance with the requirements of Section 110 of the Florida Department of Transportation’s “Standard Specifications for Road & Bridge Construction,” latest edition, except as amended by these Contract Specifications:

The work specified under this pay item will include the removal and disposal of all brush, stumps, roots, debris, concrete and other such protruding objects, structures, appurtenances, existing pavement, and other facilities necessary to prepare the area for the proposed construction.

Clearing and grubbing will be paid for at the applicable contract unit price of lump sum (LS) as listed in the Contract Plans.

Bid Item No. 5 -9 Plug and Fill (Place Out of Service)

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| <u>Bid Item No. 5</u> | <u>Plug and Fill (Place Out of Service) (4")</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 6</u> | <u>Plug and Fill (Place Out of Service) (6")</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 7</u> | <u>Plug and Fill (Place Out of Service) (8")</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 8</u> | <u>Plug and Fill (Place Out of Service) (12")</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 9</u> | <u>Plug and Fill (Place Out of Service) (16")</u> |

The work specified in these items consists of plugging, grouting, and otherwise placing existing pipes out of service as shown in the plans. The unit price will include all cost of excavation, backfill and compaction, dewatering, sheeting and shoring, all labor, equipment and materials necessary to perform all the work associated with the placement out of service by injection of cementitious grout, of existing water and sanitary piping as indicated on the Construction Plans. The unit price includes the disposal of water or wastewater in accordance with regulations.

The unit price includes removal of above grade appurtenances and valve abandonment (removal of lid and stem, filling of voids) and surface restoration. The unit price includes trench safety, the in-place grouting of all existing water and wastewater utilities, including casing pipe, to be in-place grouted as shown in the Construction Plans. The unit price of in-place grouting and plugging will include any necessary removal of pipe and associated appurtenances, furnish and injection of cementitious grout, and furnish and installation of restrained joint ductile iron plugs or caps at each pipe section and all pipe open end sections taken out of service, including end sections to remain where pipe is removed as needed. Ductile iron plugs and caps to be sized for existing pipe.

Measurement will be based on linear feet of plug and fill at locations called out in the Plans. Payment will be at the applicable contract unit price of linear feet (LF) and shall include all labor, materials and equipment.

Bid Item No. 10 -11 Pipe Removal

Bid Item No. 10 Pipe Removal (6")

Bid Item No. 11 Pipe Removal (16")

Payment for removing pipe grade shall be at the linear foot (LF) unit price for each linear foot of pipe actually removed. Payment shall include removal of grassing; excavating; dewatering; sheeting and shoring; removal of piping; transporting and disposal of the pipe and appurtenances; placing and removing all traffic signs and barriers; maintaining traffic, A-3 soil fill replacement; backfill and compacting as required; surface restoration to pre-construction condition; ductile iron plugs (restrained joint) on piping to remain in place; and shall include all labor, materials and equipment necessary. The unit price includes the disposal of water or wastewater in accordance with regulations.

Bid Item No. 12-19 Valves (with Boxes)

Bid Item No. 12 4" Plug Valve (with Box) (RJ)

Bid Item No. 13 6" Plug Valve (with Box) (RJ)

Bid Item No. 14 12" Plug Valve (with Box) (RJ)

Bid Item No. 15 16" Plug Valve (with Box) (RJ)

Bid Item No. 16 6" Gate Valve (with Box) (RJ)

Bid Item No. 17 8" Gate Valve (with Box) (RJ)

Bid Item No. 18 10" Gate Valve (with Box) (RJ)

Bid Item No. 19 12" Gate Valve (with Box) (RJ)

Payment for valves and appurtenances shall be based on the actual number of units installed in the locations shown on the plans or as directed by the ENGINEER or FGUA at the unit price of each (EA). Payment shall include costs for all labor and materials required for the complete installation. Valves and appurtenances shall include operators, valve boxes, bedding rock, concrete collars, lids, brass identification tags to be cast in concrete collar, and coatings; valves shall include extension stems. Payment also includes excavation, sheeting, shoring and

bracing, trench safety, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading, pressure testing, surface restoration, sod and all other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation. This pay item does not include valves for line tapping assemblies.

1. In addition to the above, the 12" gate valve located on the upstream side of the 14" HDPE horizontal directional drill under Bonefish Canal shall include cost of 4-foot precast manhole and two sample points, one on each side of the gate valve.

Bid Item No. 20 Water Service Saddle and Corporation Stop

Measurement for Water Service Saddles and Corporation Stops shall be made at the applicable contract unit price of each (EA) actual number of service connections satisfactorily furnished and installed to provide a complete and functional unit. Payment for the Water Service Saddles and Corporation Stops shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to install the water service saddle, and corporation stop. Payment also includes excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, trench safety, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading, pressure testing, surface restoration, sod and all other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation.

Bid Item No. 21 PE3408 SDR9 Water Service (Size Unknown)

Measurement for PE3408 SDR9 Water Service (Size Unknown) shall be made at the applicable contract unit price of linear foot (LF) of actual water service line satisfactorily furnished and installed to provide a complete and functional unit. Payment shall include cost of CONTRACTOR field verification of size of water service line to be replaced prior to ordering water service lines (PE3408). Payment for the PE3408 SDR9 Water Service (Size Unknown) shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to install the water service line (PE3408 SDR 9) under existing roadway by a trenchless technology installation method or by open cut, locate wire, disinfection, testing, and flushing, and connection to meter box. Payment also includes excavation sheeting, shoring and bracing, trench safety, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading, pressure testing, surface restoration, sod and all other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation.

Bid Item No. 22 2" PVC Casing (for Water Service Road Crossings)

Measurement for 2" PVC Casing (for Water Service Road Crossings) shall be made at the applicable contract unit price of linear foot (LF) of actual water service

line casing satisfactorily furnished and installed to provide a complete and functional unit. Payment for the 2" PVC Casing (for Water Service Road Crossings) shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to install the water service line casing under roadway by a trenchless technology installation method or by open cut, locate wire, disinfection, testing, and flushing, and connection to meter box. Payment also includes excavation sheeting, shoring and bracing, trench safety, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading, pressure testing, surface restoration, sod and all other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation.

Bid Item No. 23-31, 34-38 Pressure Pipe (Open Cut)

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| Bid Item No. 23 | 4" Water Main (PVC C900, Restrained Joint/Plain End) |
| Bid Item No. 24 | 6" Water Main (PVC C900, Restrained Joint/Plain End) |
| Bid Item No. 25 | 8" Water Main (PVC C900, Restrained Joint/Plain End) |
| Bid Item No. 26 | 10" Water Main (PVC C900, Restrained Joint/Plain End) |
| Bid Item No. 27 | 12" Water Main (PVC C900, Restrained Joint/Plain End) |
| Bid Item No. 28 | 6" Water Main (DIP, Cement Lined, Restrained Joint) |
| Bid Item No. 29 | 8" Water Main (DIP, Cement Lined, Restrained Joint) |
| Bid Item No. 30 | 12" Water Main (DIP, Cement Lined, Restrained Joint) |
| Bid Item No. 31 | 14" Water Main (DIP, Cement Lined, Restrained Joint) |
| Bid Item No. 34 | 4" Force Main (PVC C900, Restrained Joint/Plain End) |
| Bid Item No. 35 | 6" Force Main (PVC C900, Restrained Joint/Plain End) |
| Bid Item No. 36 | 12" Force Main (PVC C900, Restrained Joint/Plain End) |
| Bid Item No. 37 | 16" Force Main (PVC C905, Restrained Joint/Plain End) |
| Bid Item No. 38 | 6" Force Main (DIP, Cement Lined, Restrained Joint) |

The actual length of pipe installed shall be measured horizontally along the pipe centerline from the start of construction to its termination with no deduction made for valves and fittings. Pipe installation will be paid for at the applicable contract unit price per linear foot (LF) for the type of service, size and type of pipe which price shall include the furnishing of all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to complete the work, including all surveying, excavation, sheeting, shoring and bracing, trench safety, dewatering, pipe laying, jointing, marking tape and locating wire, thrust restraint (restrained joint, mechanical restraint, thrust blocking, etc), backfilling, compaction, surface restoration, planting replacement, connections to existing systems, removing excess material, hydrostatic testing, clean-up, and all items necessary to construct the piping systems complete and ready for service unless specifically covered by other pay items specified under this Contract. Payment for steel casing will be made separately.

1. In addition to the above, water transmission main shall include cutting into and connection to existing mains, maintenance of service to customers, disinfection and bacteriological testing of new main and transfer of service to the new main. Additionally, water main to include the furnish hand installation, as well as, the removal of bacteriological sampling points.

Additionally, water main ductile iron pipe shall include cement lining. Water main PVC pipe shall be C900 or C905.

2. In addition to the above, sanitary force main shall include cutting into and connection to existing mains, development of a bypass plan, maintenance of flow in the collection system, and transfer of service to new force main. Additionally, sanitary force main ductile iron pipe shall include epoxy lining. Sanitary force main PVC pipe shall be C900 or C905.

In addition to the above, unit price shall include pipe restraint (mechanical joint restraint and thrust blocking) for fittings and pipe requiring restraint and existing piping post restraining as identified in the Contract Plans.

Bid Item No.32-33 HDPE Horizontal Directional Drill

Bid Item No. 32 10" Water Main (HDPE, HDD)

Bid Item No. 33 14" Water Main (HDPE, HDD)

HDPE installation via horizontal directional drill method shall be measured in actual linear feet satisfactorily furnished and installed and placed into service, as measured along the length of the centerline of the completed directionally drilled pipe in accordance with these Specifications and Lee County Standards. Payment shall include all labor, materials, and equipment necessary for a complete directional drill pipe installation. Item includes labor, trench/access pit excavation, trench safety, exploratory excavation, dewatering, erosion and pollution control, trench safety and shoring, site clearing and all offsite disposal costs of excess site material and drilling fluid in an acceptable manner, ductile iron transition coupling (see Detail 9.18, JCM Industries, Inc. (or equal), 150 PSI pressure rating) mechanical restraint to connecting pipe, vacuum trucks (one to be present to receive drilling/bentonite fluid at all times), fluid recycle, marking tape, mechanical pipe restraints, pipe fittings, fusion of pipe, post restraining of the existing pipe (as needed), marker balls, locating wire, backfill material, importation of acceptable fill material, if required, compaction testing, pressure testing, bacteriologic testing (for water main), and any other testing, site restoration, including sodding, temporary jumper connections, clearing and grubbing, temporary relocation and reinstallation of trees, shrubs, signs, and mailboxes, thrust collars, socket clamps, temporary support of existing utilities to remain, utility pipe support, and clean-up. CONTRACTOR is responsible for extra lengths of directional drilling beyond that which is installed and placed into service. Payment shall include development of a Frac-out Plan to be submitted and approved prior to beginning construction. Any excess pipe cut and not used as part of the directional drill process will not be paid for. In addition, CONTRACTOR is responsible for cost of additional fittings and other associated appurtenances needed should continuous drills be segmented into multiple pulls at the CONTRACTOR's convenience. No payment shall be made for failed drilling path(s)

Bid Item No.39-41 Steel Casing

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| <u>Bid Item No. 39</u> | <u>12" Steel Casing</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 40</u> | <u>16" Steel Casing</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 41</u> | <u>24" Steel Casing</u> |

Price and Payment will be full compensation for all work and materials required to complete the work specified in these Specification, including furnishing and installing casing, from plan point of beginning to plan point of ending at plan depth, removal of excavated material and spoils, backfilling, complete restoration of site, exploratory excavation, erosion and pollution control, site clearing and all offsite disposal costs of excess site material, temporary support of existing utilities to remain, utility pipe support, trench safety, bulkheads, sheeting and shoring, grouting, dewatering, end seals, casing spacers and all appurtenances required, testing, and inspection. The installation of tracking conductors (wire or tape) will be included in the cost.

Measurement will be based on the actual length of the installation in feet, measured in place along the surface of the ground, complete and accepted. Payment will be at the applicable contract unit price of linear feet (LF) and shall include all labor, materials and equipment necessary

1. In addition to the above, if Contractor chooses to jack and bore the steel casing in lieu of open cut, unit price shall include disposal of drilling fluids. No payment shall be made for failed bore path(s)

Bid Item No.42-52 Sanitary Fittings, DI, Epoxy Lined, Restrained Joint

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| <u>Bid Item No. 42</u> | <u>4" Sanitary 45° Bend (DI) (Epoxy Lined), (RJ)</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 43</u> | <u>6" Sanitary 45° Bend (DI) (Epoxy Lined), (RJ)</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 44</u> | <u>6"X4" Sanitary Reducer (DI) (Epoxy Lined), (RJ)</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 45</u> | <u>12" Sanitary 11.25° Bend (DI) (Epoxy Lined), (RJ)</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 46</u> | <u>12" Sanitary 22.5° Bend (DI) (Epoxy Lined), (RJ)</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 47</u> | <u>12" Sanitary 45° Bend (DI) (Epoxy Lined), (RJ)</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 48</u> | <u>12"X6" Sanitary Tee (DI) (Epoxy Lined), (RJ)</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 49</u> | <u>16" Sanitary 22.5° Bend (DI) (Epoxy Lined), (RJ)</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 50</u> | <u>16" Sanitary 45° Bend (DI) (Epoxy Lined), (RJ)</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 51</u> | <u>16"X6" Sanitary Wye (DI) (Epoxy Lined), (RJ)</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 52</u> | <u>16"X12" Sanitary Reducer (DI) (Epoxy Lined), (RJ)</u> |

Payment shall be at the applicable contract unit price of the actual number of each (EA) of ductile iron fittings furnished and installed complete with joint accessories. Payment shall include the furnishing of all labor, material and equipment necessary to complete the work, including excavation, sheeting and shoring, dewatering, site restoration, placing and jointing fittings to pipe, restraint devices, tie-rods or harness bands, epoxy lining, testing, backfilling, compaction, cleaning-up and all other operations necessary to complete the installation of the fittings.

Bid Item No.53-78 Potable Water Fittings, DI, Cement Lined

Bid Item No. 53 4" Potable Water 45° Bend (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 54 6" Potable Water 45° Bend (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 55 6" Potable Water 90° Bend (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 56 8" Potable Water 11.25° Bend (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 57 8" Potable Water 22.5° Bend (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 58 8" Potable Water 45° Bend (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 59 8" Potable Water 90° Bend (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 60 8" X 6" Potable Water Tee (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 61 8" X 8" Potable Water Tee (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 62 8" Potable Plug (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 63 10" Potable Water 11.25° Bend (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 64 10" Potable Water 45° Bend (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 65 10"X8" Potable Water Reducer (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 66 12" Potable Water 22.5° Bend (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 67 12" Potable Water 45° Bend (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 68 12" Potable Water 90° Bend (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 69 12" X 6" Potable Water Tee (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 70 12" X 8" Potable Water Tee (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 71 12" X 12" Potable Water Tee (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 72 12" X 6" Potable Water Reducer (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 73 12" X 8" Potable Water Reducer (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 74 12" X 10" Potable Water Reducer (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 75 12" Potable Water Plug (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 76 12" Potable Water Sleeve (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 77 14" Potable Water 11.25° Bend (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)
Bid Item No. 78 14" X 12" Potable Water Reducer (DI) (Cement Lined), (RJ)

Payment shall be at the applicable contract unit price of the actual number of each (EA) of ductile iron fittings furnished and installed complete with joint accessories. Payment shall include the furnishing of all labor, material and equipment necessary to complete the work, including excavation, sheeting and shoring, dewatering, site restoration, placing and jointing fittings to pipe, restraint devices, tie-rods or harness bands, cement lining, testing, disinfection, backfilling, compaction, cleaning-up and all other operations necessary to complete the installation of the fittings. Bacteriological testing is incorporated into cost of water main pipe furnish and installation.

Bid Item No.79 4"x4" Tapping Sleeve and Valve

The work specified in this item consists of furnishing and installing water valve(s) and tapping sleeve(s) as indicated on the Construction Plans. The quantity for payment will be made at the contract unit price of each (EA). Payment will be made for each type and size of valve acceptably furnished and installed. The unit price will include all cost of excavation and backfill, dewatering, sheeting, surface

restoration, furnishing and installing tapping valves, valve boxes, tapping sleeves, mechanical restraining devices, concrete pads, and all other work required for a complete and satisfactory installation as specified and shown on the Construction Plans. The unit price will also include the cost of recertifying existing backflow prevention devices that are being tapped and that are to remain in service as identified by the ENGINEER and coordination with FGUA on any system impacts.

Bid Item No.80 Relocate Existing Fire Hydrant Assembly

The CONTRACTOR shall provide all labor, equipment and specified materials to completely install, adjust, relocate or modify full and complete fire hydrant assemblies including protection posts where shown on the Construction Drawings or as directed by the ENGINEER or FGUA.

Hydrant assembly installation shall include, but may not be limited to:

1. Excavation of hydrant assembly trench;
2. Maintaining the trench, including dewatering, bracing and sheeting where required or as directed by the ENGINEER;
3. Anchoring the hydrant to existing or new main;
4. Furnishing and installing 6-inch ductile iron pipe from hydrant elbow to hydrant;
5. Removing any plugs, caps, and/or restraining devices from existing water mains;
6. Furnishing and installing the hydrant;
7. Furnishing and installing all mechanical thrust restraint as required in these Contract Documents or as directed by the ENGINEER;
8. Install hydrant plumb;
9. Furnishing and installing concrete thrust collars around the barrel of the hydrant.
10. Furnishing and installing of a concrete "support block" under each hydrant;
11. Furnishing and installing of a concrete support cradle under each hydrant tee on PVC mains;
12. Backfilling and compacting hydrant assembly trench, regrading the terrain and restoring the roadway or right-of-way and all required restoration;
13. Furnishing paint and painting fire hydrant yellow and the bonnet in accordance with NFPA 291 as required in these Specifications;
14. Fire Flow Testing.

The CONTRACTOR shall do all things necessary to completely install a fire hydrant assembly in accordance with these Specifications.

In addition, it shall be the CONTRACTOR's responsibility to determine the correct size (bury depth) of each hydrant installed so that the requirements of these Specifications is satisfied. Any hydrant not conforming to the proper final grade

shall be replaced with one of the correct size and grade by the CONTRACTOR at his expense prior to final approval and acceptance.

Fittings required because of CONTRACTOR convenience, (i.e. installed because the CONTRACTOR elected to install a shallow bury hydrant) shall be furnished and installed at no additional cost.

Bid Item No.81 Relocate Existing Meter Box and BFP

Measurement for Relocate Existing Meter Box and Backflow Preventor (BFP) shall be made at the applicable contract unit price of each (EA) relocation of existing water meters and boxes, relocation of existing backflow preventor for actual number of satisfactorily furnished and installed to provide a complete and functional service unit. Payment for the Relocate Existing Meter Box and Backflow BFP shall be made based on the authorized quantity at the unit price indicated in the Bid. Payment of the applicable Contract unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials and equipment necessary to install the, disinfection, flushing, relocation of existing meter boxes and surface restoration. Payment also includes excavation sheeting, shoring and bracing, trench safety, dewatering, backfill, compaction, grading, restoration, sod and all other items required for a complete, acceptable and operable installation.

Bid Item No.82-83 ARV

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| <u>Bid Item No. 82</u> | <u>ARV, Water</u> |
| <u>Bid Item No. 83</u> | <u>ARV, Wastewater</u> |

The quantity to be paid will be the actual number of air valve assemblies (as detailed in Detail 9.37 for wastewater and Detail 6.27 for potable water) furnished and installed. Unit price will be made at the Contract Unit Price of each (EA) for each air valve assembly furnished and installed and shall include all labor, equipment and materials required. Unit price shall include all excavation; sheeting and shoring; surface restoration; backfill; taping pipelines; furnishing and installing air valve with all required appurtenances, pedestal housing, all piping fittings and valves (gate, corp. stop, etc.) between air valve and main, tapping saddle, furnish and installation of all other items shown in Detail 9.37 (for wastewater) or Detail 6.27 (for potable water), all material, labor, tools and equipment and all incidental and related work to complete the air valve assembly and associated piping between the air valve and the main.

Bid Item No.84 Contingency

The Contingency pay item shall include for utility work (water and wastewater) performed within the intersection of Alabama Rd/Leeland Heights Blvd and Homestead Road. The Contingency pay item shall also include cost of items noted in the Contract Plans to be paid for under bid item "Contingency". Pay item is a contingency pay item to be utilized for additional work needed and performed

by the CONTRACTOR beyond what is shown on the Contract Drawings and indicated within other Contract Documents. CONTRACTOR must receive permission from FGUA prior to performing work beyond what is noted within the Contract Documents.

PART 3 EXECUTION (NOT USED)

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01035

CHANGE ORDER AND FIELD DIRECTIVE CHANGE PROCEDURES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Definitions
- B. Change Orders
- C. Field Directive Change

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Change Order: Refer to the Change Order definition in Article 2 of the General Conditions.
- B. Field Directive Change: Field Directive Change is a written directive to the CONTRACTOR issued on or after the effective date of the agreement; signed by FGUA, recommended by the ENGINEER ordering an addition, deletion, or revision in the Work. A Field Directive Change will subsequently be followed by the issuance of a Change Order.
- C. Overhead: Overhead is defined as the cost of administration, field office and home office costs, general superintendence, office engineering and estimating costs, other required insurance, materials used in temporary structures (not including form work), additional premiums on the performance bond of the CONTRACTOR, the use of small tools, scheduling costs, and all other costs incidental to the performance of the change or the cost of doing business.

1.3 CHANGE ORDERS

- A. Initiation of Proposals:
 - 1. From time to time, FGUA or the ENGINEER may issue a Request for a Change Order Proposal. The Request will contain a description of the intended change with supplementary or revised Drawings and Specifications as applicable, and the projected time for accomplishing the change.
 - 2. The CONTRACTOR may propose a change in the Work by submittal of a Change Order Request to the ENGINEER describing the proposed change with a statement of the reason for the change and the effect on the

Contract time and price, along with supporting documentation.

B. Execution of Change Order Proposal:

1. When a Proposal is requested for changed work, submit proposal within 15 days following receipt of the Request from FGUA or ENGINEER. State the increase or decrease, if any, in Contract Completion time and Contract Price.
2. Explain proposal in sufficient detail to permit review by FGUA.
3. For Omitted Work the decrease in the Contract Price will be determined by the ENGINEER and will include appropriate amounts for profit and overhead.
4. FGUA and ENGINEER will review the Proposal and may request additional information and documentation. Provide these items upon request.
5. If FGUA decides to proceed with the change, FGUA will issue a Change Order for signature first by the CONTRACTOR and then by FGUA.
6. The CONTRACTOR will promptly complete the approved change in the Work on receipt of the executed Change Order.
 - a. Failure to sign the Change Order does not relieve the CONTRACTOR from performing the Work if the Change Order is signed by FGUA.

C. Compute the cost of both additive and deductive changes in the Work in accordance with Article 11 of the General Conditions and as follows:

1. Include, the costs of labor, crew foreman and general foreman performing or directly supervising the changed Work on the site. Include travel and subsistence, but only to the extent incurred.
2. To the labor cost add all net premium for Workman's Compensation, taxes pursuant to the Federal Social Security Act, and payments required under State and Federal unemployment laws.
3. Add necessary extra materials, delivered at the site.
4. Include rent for plant and equipment at unit rental costs for similar rentals from an independent firm (i.e. a firm which is not owned in whole or in part by the CONTRACTOR). If equipment is owned by CONTRACTOR or rented from a firm in which the CONTRACTOR has an interest, calculate

the rent in accordance with the applicable provisions and terms of the current "Cost Reference Guide for Construction Equipment" published by Dataquest.

5. Include Subcontractor's costs, determined by items 1 through 4 in the preceding subparagraphs, including a maximum of 10 percent overhead and 10 percent profit for the first \$20,000; 7-1/2 percent overhead and 7-1/2 percent profit on the next \$30,000; and 5 percent overhead and 5 percent profit on balance over \$50,000.
6. For all subcontract work add 5 percent overhead and 5 percent profit to the subcontractor's costs as determined in paragraph 5. For work performed by the CONTRACTOR's own forces add a maximum of 10 percent overhead and 10 percent profit for the first \$20,000; 7-1/2 percent overhead and 7-1/2 percent profit on the next \$30,000; and 5 percent overhead and 5 percent profit on balance over \$50,000.

1.4 FIELD DIRECTIVE CHANGE

- A. Initiation by FGUA: FGUA may issue a Field Directive Change with a Notice to Proceed without a prior Request for a Change Order Proposal or the CONTRACTOR's signature.
- B. Payment Determination: FGUA will designate the method of determining the amount of compensation or credit, if any, based on one of the methods contained in Article 11 of the General Conditions.
- C. Timing: Proceed with the change in the Work immediately upon receipt of the Field Directive Change.
- D. Addition to Contract: The Field Directive Change will be incorporated into the Contract Documents via a Change Order at a later date.

PART 2 PRODUCTS Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01040

PROJECT MEETINGS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Coordination
- B. Preconstruction Conference
- C. Progress Meetings

1.2 COORDINATION

- A. General: Coordinate scheduling, submittals, and Contract work to assure efficient and orderly sequence of installation of interdependent construction elements.
- B. Accessory Placement: Place conduits, saddles, boxes, cabinets, sleeves, inserts, foundation bolts, anchors and other like work in floors, roofs or walls of buildings and structures in conformity with the construction program.

1.3 PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE

- A. General: Prior to commencement of the Work, in accordance with the General Conditions, FGUA will conduct a preconstruction conference to be held at a predetermined time and place.
- B. Delineation of Responsibilities: The purpose of the conference is to designate responsible personnel, to establish a working relationship among the parties and to identify the responsibilities of FGUA, plant personnel and the CONTRACTOR/VENDOR. Matters requiring coordination will be discussed and procedures for handling such matters, established. The agenda will include:
 - 1. Submittal procedures
 - 2. Partial Payment procedures
 - 3. Maintenance of Records
 - 4. Schedules, sequences and maintenance of facility operations
 - 5. Safety and First Aid responsibilities
 - 6. Change Orders and Field Directive Changes
 - 7. Use of site
 - 8. Housekeeping
 - 9. Equipment delivery

- C. Attendees: The preconstruction conference is to be attended by the representatives of the CONTRACTOR/VENDOR, FGUA and plant personnel that will be associated with the project. Representatives of regulatory agencies, subcontractors, and principal suppliers may also attend when appropriate.
- D. Chair and Minutes: The preconstruction conference will be chaired by the Owner who will also arrange for the keeping and distribution of minutes to all attendees.

1.4 PROGRESS MEETINGS

- A. Meeting Frequency and Format: Schedule progress meetings on at least a basis or more frequently as warranted by the complexity of the Project, to review the Work, discuss changes in schedules, maintain coordination and resolve potential problems. Invite FGUA, ENGINEER and all SUBCONTRACTOR/VENDORS. Suppliers may be invited as appropriate. Minutes of the meeting will be maintained by CONTRACTOR/VENDOR and reviewed by ENGINEER prior to distribution by the CONTRACTOR/VENDOR. Distribute reviewed minutes to attendees within calendar days after each meeting.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01041

PROJECT COORDINATION

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Work Progress
- B. Private Land
- C. Work Locations
- D. Open Excavations
- E. Test Pits
- F. Maintenance of Traffic
- G. Maintenance of Flow

1.2 WORK PROGRESS

- A. Furnish personnel and equipment which will be efficient, appropriate and large enough to secure a satisfactory quality of work and a rate of progress which will allow the completion of the work within the time stipulated in the Bid of these Specifications. If at any time such personnel appears to the ENGINEER to be inefficient, inappropriate or insufficient for securing the quality of work required or for producing the rate of progress aforesaid, he may order the CONTRACTOR to increase the efficiency, change the character or increase the personnel and equipment, and the CONTRACTOR shall conform to such order. Failure of the ENGINEER to give such order shall in no way relieve the CONTRACTOR of his obligations to secure the quality of the work and rate of progress.

1.3 PRIVATE LAND

- A. Do not enter or occupy private land outside of easements, except by permission of FGUA. Construction operations shall be conducted in accordance with Section 01500.

1.4 WORK LOCATIONS

- A. Structures and pipelines shall be located substantially as indicated on the Drawings, but the ENGINEER reserves the right to make such modifications in locations as may be found desirable to avoid interference noted on the Drawings, such notation is for the CONTRACTOR's convenience and does not relieve him

from laying and jointing different or additional items where required.

1.5 OPEN EXCAVATIONS

- A. All open excavations shall be adequately safeguarded by providing temporary barricades, caution signs, lights and other means to prevent accidents to persons, and damage to property. The CONTRACTOR shall, at his own expense, provide suitable and safe bridges and other crossings for accommodating travel by the public and workmen.

1.6 TEST PITS

- A. Test pits for the purpose of locating underground pipeline or structures in advance of the construction shall be excavated and backfilled by the CONTRACTOR. Test pits shall be backfilled immediately after their purpose has been satisfied and maintained in a manner satisfactory to the ENGINEER. The costs for such test pits shall be borne by the CONTRACTOR.

1.7 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

- A. Maintenance of traffic shall be in accordance with Sections 01570 and 02230.
- B. All projects and work on highways, roads, and streets, shall have a traffic control plan, (TCP), as required by Florida Statute and Federal regulations. All work shall be executed under the established plan and Department approved procedures. The TCP is the result of considerations and investigations made in the development of a comprehensive plan for accommodating vehicular and pedestrian traffic through the construction zone.
- C. The complexity of the TCP varies with the complexity of the traffic problems associated with a project. Many situations can be covered adequately with reference to specific sections from the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), the Traffic Control Devices Handbook (TCDH), or Roadway and Traffic Design Standard Series 600.

1.8 MAINTENANCE OF FLOW

- A. Provide for the flow of sewers, drains, courses interrupted during the progress of the work, and shall immediately cart away and remove all offensive matter. The entire procedure of maintaining existing flow shall be fully discussed with the ENGINEER well in advance of the interruption of any flow.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 PROTECTION OF CONSTRUCTION AND EQUIPMENT

- A. All newly constructed work shall be carefully protected from damage in any way. No wheeling or walking or placing of heavy loads on it shall be allowed and all portions

damaged shall be reconstructed by the CONTRACTOR at his own expense.

- B. All structures shall be protected in a manner approved by the ENGINEER. Should any of the floors or other parts of the structures become heaved, cracked or otherwise damaged, all such damaged portions of the work shall be completely repaired and made good by the CONTRACTOR at his own expense and to the satisfaction of the ENGINEER. Special attention is directed to substructure bracing requirements, described in Section 02151. If, in the final inspection of the work, any defects, faults or omissions are found, the CONTRACTOR shall cause the same to be repaired or removed and replaced by proper materials and workmanship without extra compensation for the materials and labor required. The CONTRACTOR shall be fully responsible for the satisfactory maintenance and repair of the construction and other work undertaken herein, for at least the guarantee period described in the contract.
- C. Take all necessary precautions to prevent damage to any structure due to water pressure during and after construction and until such structure is accepted and taken over by FGUA.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 PROTECTION OF CONSTRUCTION AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Sequence and schedule work in a manner to preclude delays and conflicts between the work of various trades and contractors. Each trade shall keep informed as to the work of other trades on the project and shall execute their work in a manner that will not interfere with the work of other trades.

3.2 DIAGRAMMATIC NATURE OF DRAWINGS

- A. Where layout is diagrammatic, such as pipelines, conduits, ductwork, etc., it shall be followed as closely as other work will permit. Changes from diagrams shall be made as required to conform to the construction requirements.
- B. Before running lines, carefully verify locations, depths and sizes and confirm that lines can be run as contemplated without interfering with other construction. Any deviation shall be referred to the ENGINEER for approval before lines are run. Minor changes in location of the equipment, fixtures, piping, etc., from those shown on the Drawings, shall be made without extra charge if so directed by the ENGINEER before installation.
- C. Determine the locations and sizes of equipment, fixtures, conduit, ducts, openings, etc., in order that there will be no interference in the installation of the work or delay in the progress of other work. In the event that interferences develop, the ENGINEER's decision regarding relocation of work will be final.
- D. Any changes made necessary through failure to make proper arrangements to avoid interference shall not be considered as extras. Cooperate with those performing other work in preparation of interference drawings, to the extent that the location of

pipng, ductwork, etc., with respect to the installations of other trades shall be mutually agreed upon by those performing the work.

3.3 PROVISIONS FOR LATER INSTALLATION

- A. Where any work cannot be installed as the construction is progressing, provide for boxes, sleeves, inserts, fixtures or devices as necessary to permit installation of the omitted work during later phases of construction. Arrange for chases, holes, and other openings in the masonry, concrete or other work and provide for subsequent closure after placing equipment. Arrangement for and closure of openings shall be subject to the approval of the ENGINEER and all costs therefor shall be included in the contract price for the work.

3.4 COORDINATION

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall be fully responsible for the coordination of his work and the work of his employees, subcontractors, and suppliers with FGUA, and regulatory agencies, and assure compliance with schedules.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01045

CUTTING AND PATCHING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. General Requirements
- B. Scheduling of Shutdown

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 02575 – Pavement Repair and Restoration

1.3 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for all cutting, fitting and patching, including attendant excavation and backfill, required to complete the work or to:
 - 1. Make its several parts fit together properly.
 - 2. Uncover portions of the work to provide for installation of ill-timed work.
 - 3. Remove and replace defective work.
 - 4. Remove and replace work not conforming to requirements of Contract Documents.
 - 5. Remove samples of installed work as specified for testing.
 - 6. Provide routine penetrations of non-structural surfaces for installation of piping and electrical conduit.
- B. Coordination: Perform all cutting, fitting or patching of the Work that may be required to make the several parts thereof join in accordance with the Contract Documents. Perform restoration with competent workmen skilled in the trade.
- C. Improperly Timed Work: Perform all cutting and patching required to install improperly timed work, to remove samples of installed materials for testing, and to provide for alteration of existing facilities or for the installation of new Work in the existing construction.
- D. Limitations: Except when the cutting or removal of existing construction is specified or indicated, do not undertake any cutting or demolition which may affect the structural stability of the Work or existing facilities without the

ENGINEER's concurrence.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit a written request to the ENGINEER well in advance of executing any cutting or alteration which affects:
 - 1. Work of FGUA or any separate contractor.
 - 2. Structural value or integrity of any element of the project or work.
 - 3. Integrity or effectiveness of weather-exposed or moisture-resistant elements or systems.
 - 4. Efficiency, operational life, maintenance or safety of operational elements.
 - 5. Visual qualities of sight-exposed elements.
- B. Request shall include:
 - 1. Identification of the work.
 - 2. Description of affected work.
 - 3. The necessity for cutting, alteration or excavation.
 - 4. Effect on work of FGUA or any separate contract, or on structural or weatherproof integrity of work.
 - 5. Description of proposed work:
 - a. Scope of cutting, patching, alteration, or excavation.
 - b. Trades who will execute the work.
 - c. Products proposed to be used.
 - d. Extent of refinishing to be done.
 - 6. Alternatives to cutting and patching.
 - 7. Cost proposal, when applicable.
 - 8. Written permission of any separate contractor whose work will be affected.
- C. SUBMIT WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE ENGINEER DESIGNATING THE DATE AND THE TIME THE WORK WILL BE UNCOVERED.

1.5 SCHEDULING OF SHUTDOWN

- A. Connections to Existing Facilities: If any connections, replacement, or other work requiring the shutdown of an existing facility is necessary, schedule such work at times when the impact on the FGUA's normal operation is minimal. Overtime, night and weekend work without additional compensation from the FGUA, may be required to make these connections, especially if the connections are made at times other than those specified.
- B. Request for Shutdowns: Submit a written request for each shutdown to FGUA and the ENGINEER sufficiently in advance of any required shutdown.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Comply with specifications and standards for each specific product involved.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION

- A. Inspect existing conditions of projects, including elements subject to damage or to movement during cutting and patching.
- B. After uncovering work, inspect conditions affecting installation of products, or performance of the work.
- C. Report unsatisfactory or questionable conditions to the ENGINEER in writing; do not proceed with work until the ENGINEER has provided further instructions.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Provide adequate temporary support as necessary to assure structural value or integrity or affected portion of work.
- B. Provide devices and methods to protect other portions of project from damage.
- C. Provide protection from elements for that portion of the project which may be exposed by cutting and patching work, and maintain excavations free from water.
- D. Material Removal: Cut and remove all materials to the extent shown or as required to complete the Work. Remove materials in a careful manner with no damage to adjacent facilities. Remove materials which are not salvageable from the site.

3.3 PERFORMANCE

- A. Execute cutting and demolition by methods which will prevent damage to other work, and will provide proper surfaces to receive installation of repairs.
- B. Execute excavating and backfilling by methods which will prevent settlement or damage to other work.
- C. Employ original installer or fabricator to perform cutting and patching for:
 - 1. Weather-exposed or moisture-resistant elements.
 - 2. Sight-exposed finished surfaces.
- D. Execute fitting and adjustment of products to provide a finished installation to comply with specified products, functions, tolerances, and finishes.

- E. Restore work which has been cut or removed; install new products to provide completed work in accord with requirements of contract documents.
- F. Fit work airtight to pipes, sleeves, ducts, conduit and other penetrations through surfaces.
- G. Refinish entire surfaces as necessary to provide an even finish to match adjacent finishes:
 - 1. For continuous surfaces, refinish to nearest intersection.
 - 2. For an assembly, refinish entire unit.

3.4 PAVEMENT RESTORATION

- A. Restore all pavement or roadway surfaces in accordance with Section 02575 – Pavement Repair and Restoration.
- B. The restoration of existing street paving, including underdrains, if any are encountered, where damaged, shall be restored by the CONTRACTOR and shall be replaced or rebuilt using the same type of construction as was in the original. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for restoring all such work, including subgrade, base courses, curb and gutter or other appurtenances where present. The CONTRACTOR shall obtain and pay for at his own expense such local or other governmental permits as may be necessary for the opening of streets and shall satisfy himself as to any requirements other than those herein set forth which may effect the type, quality and manner of carrying on the restoration of surfaces by reason of jurisdiction of such governmental bodies.
- C. This section does not describe the construction of new road surfaces or the complete resurfacing of existing pavements.
- D. In all cases, the CONTRACTOR will be required to maintain, without additional compensation, all permanent replacement of street paving, done by him under this Contract for a period of 12 months after the acceptance of the Contract, including the removal and replacement of such work wherever surface depressions or underlying cavities result from settlement of trench backfill.
- E. The CONTRACTOR shall do all the final resurfacing or repaving of streets or roads, over the excavations that he has made and he shall be responsible for relaying paving surfaces of roads that have failed or been damaged, at any time before the termination of the maintenance period on account of work done by him and he shall resurface or repave over any tunnel jacking, or boring excavation that shall settle or break the surface, shall be repaved to the satisfaction of FGUA and at the CONTRACTOR's sole expense. Backfilling of trenches and the preparation of subgrades shall conform to the

requirements of excavation and backfilling of pipeline trenches.

- F. Where pipeline construction crosses paved streets, the CONTRACTOR may elect, at no additional cost to FGUA, to place the pipe by the jacking or boring or tunneling method in lieu of cutting and patching of the paved surfaces.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01051
LINES AND GRADES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. General
- B. Surveys
- C. Datum Plane
- D. Protection of Survey Data

1.2 GENERAL

- A. Construct all work in accordance with the lines and grades shown on the Drawings. Assume full responsibility for keeping all alignment and grade.

1.3 SURVEYS

- A. Reference Points: FGUA will provide reference points for the work as described in the General Conditions. Base horizontal and vertical control points will be designated by the ENGINEER and used as datum for the Work. Perform all additional survey, layout, and measurement work.
 - 1. Keep ENGINEER informed, sufficiently in advance, of the times and places at which work is to be performed so that base horizontal and vertical control points may be established and any checking deemed necessary by ENGINEER may be done, with minimum inconvenience to the ENGINEER and at no delay to CONTRACTOR. It is the intention not to impede the Work for the establishment of control points and the checking of lines and grades set by the CONTRACTOR. However, when necessary, suspend working operations for such reasonable time as the ENGINEER may require for this purpose. Costs associated with such suspension are deemed to be included in the Contract Price, and no time extension or additional costs will be allowed.
 - 2. Provide an experienced survey crew including an instrument operator, competent assistants, and any instruments, tools, stakes, and other materials required to complete the survey, layout, and measurement of work performed by the CONTRACTOR.

1.4 DATUM PLANE

- A. All elevations indicated or specified refer to the Mean Sea Level Datum Plane, 1929 General Adjustment, of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey and are expressed in feet and decimal parts thereof, or in feet and inches.

1.5 PROTECTION OF SURVEY DATA

- A. General: Safeguard all points, stakes, grade marks, known property corners, monuments, and bench marks made or established for the Work. Reestablish them if disturbed, and bear the entire expense of checking reestablished marks and rectifying work improperly installed.
- B. Records: Keep neat and legible notes of measurements and calculations made in connection with the layout of the Work. Furnish copies of such data to the ENGINEER for use in checking the CONTRACTOR's layout. Data considered of value to FGUA will be transmitted to FGUA by the ENGINEER with other records on completion of the Work.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01090
REFERENCE STANDARDS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Abbreviations and Symbols
- B. Reference Standards
- C. Definitions

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Information provided in this section is used where applicable in individual Specification Sections, Divisions 2 through 16.

1.3 REFERENCE ABBREVIATIONS

- A. Reference to a technical society, trade association or standards setting organization, may be made in the Specifications by abbreviations in accordance with the following list:

| | |
|--------|---|
| AABC | Associated Air Balance Council |
| AAMA | Architectural Aluminum Manufacturers Association |
| AASHTO | American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials |
| AATCC | American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists |
| ACI | American Concrete Institute |
| ADC | Air Diffusion Council |
| AFBMA | Anti-friction Bearing Manufacturers Association |
| AGA | American Gas Association |
| AGMA | American Gear Manufacturers Association |
| AHA | Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers |
| AISC | American Institute of Steel Construction |
| AISI | American Iron and Steel Institute |
| AMCA | Air Movement and Control Association, Inc. |
| ANSI | American National Standards Institute |
| APA | American Plywood Association |
| ARI | American Refrigeration Institute |
| ASCE | American Society of Civil Engineers |
| ASHRAE | American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers |
| ASME | American Society of Mechanical Engineers |
| ASSE | American Society of Sanitary Engineers |

| | |
|------------|---|
| ASTM | American Society for Testing and Materials |
| AWI | Architectural Woodwork Institute |
| AWPA | American Wood Preservers Association |
| AWS | American Welding Society |
| AWWA | American Water Works Association |
| BHMA | Builders' Hardware Manufacturers Association |
| BIA | Brick Institute of American |
| CABO | Council of American Building Officials |
| CAGI | Compressed Air and Gas Institute |
| CISPI | Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute |
| CMAA | Crane Manufacturers Association of America |
| CRD | U.S. Corps of Engineers Specifications CRSI Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute |
| CTI | Cooling Tower Institute |
| DHI | Door and Hardware Institute |
| DOH | Department of Health |
| DOT | Department of Transportation |
| Fed. Spec. | Federal Specifications |
| FGMA | Flat Glass Marketing Association |
| FM | Factory Mutual |
| HMI | Hoist Manufacturing Institute |
| HPMA | See HPVA |
| HPVA | Hardwood Plywood Veneer Association |
| ICEA | Insulated Cable Engineers Association |
| IEEE | Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers |
| IFI | Industrial Fasteners Institute |
| MIL | Military Specifications |
| MSS | Manufacturer's Standardization Society |
| NAAMM | National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers |
| NACM | National Association of Chain Manufacturers |
| NBS | National Bureau of Standards, See NIST |
| NEBB | National Environmental Balancing Bureau |
| NEC | National Electrical Code |
| NEMA | National Electrical Manufacturers Association |
| NETA | National Electrical Testing Association |
| NFPA | National Fire Protection Association |
| NFPA | National Forest Products Association |
| NFPA | National Fluid Power Association |
| NIST | National Institute of Standards and Technology |
| NLMA | National Lumber Manufacturers Association |
| NSF | National Sanitation Foundation |
| OSHA | Occupational Safety and Health Act |
| PCI | Prestressed Concrete Institute |
| PDI | Plumbing and Drainage Institute |
| SAE | Society of Automotive Engineers |
| SCPRF | Structural Clay Products Research Foundation |
| SMACNA | Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association |
| SPI | Society of the Plastics Industry |

SSPC Steel Structures Painting
 Council STI Steel Tank Institute
 TCA Tile Council of American
 TIMA Thermal Insulation Manufacturers'
 Association UL Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.
 USBR U. S. Bureau of Reclamation
 USBS U. S. Bureau of Standards, See NIST

1.4 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. Latest Edition: Construe references to furnishing materials or testing, which conform to the standards of a particular technical society, organization, or body, to mean the latest standard, code, or specification of that body, adopted and published as of the date of bidding this Contract. Standards referred to herein are made a part of these Specifications to the extent which is indicated or intended.
- B. Precedence: The duties and responsibilities of FGUA, CONTRACTOR or ENGINEER, or any of their consultants, agents or employees are set forth in the Contract Documents, and are not changed or altered by any provision of any referenced standard specifications, manuals or code, whether such standard manual or code is or is not specifically incorporated by reference in the Contract Documents. Any duty or authority to supervise or direct the furnishing or performance of the Work or any duty or authority, to undertake responsibility contrary to the powers of the ENGINEER as set forth in the Contract Documents cannot be assigned to the ENGINEER or any of the ENGINEER's consultants, agents or employees.

1.5 DEFINITIONS

- A. In these Contract Documents the words furnish, install and provide are defined as follows:
 - 1. Furnish (Materials): to supply and deliver to the project ready for installation and in operable condition.
 - 2. Install (services or labor): to place in final position, complete, anchored, connected in operable condition.
 - 3. Provide: to furnish and install complete. Includes the supply of specified services. When neither furnish, install or provide is stated, provided is implied.

PART 2 PRODUCTS Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01092

ABBREVIATIONS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Abbreviations
- B. Standards for Abbreviations

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Abbreviations provided in this section are used where applicable in individual Specification Sections, Divisions 2 through 16.

1.3 ABBREVIATIONS

- A. Abbreviations which may be used in Divisions 1 through 16 for units of measure are as follows:

alternating current..... ac
American wire gaugeAWG
ampere(s) amp
ampere-hour(s) AH
annual..... ann
Ampere Interrupting
Capacity..... AIC
atmosphere(s) atm
average avg

biochemical oxygen demand BOD
Board Foot..... FBM
brake horsepower bhp
Brinell Hardness BH
British thermal unit(s).....Btu

calorie (s).....cal
carbonaceous biochemical
oxygen demand CBOD
Celsius (centigrade)..... C
Center to Center C to C
centimeter(s)..... cm
chemical oxygen demand COD
coefficient, valve flow..... C_v
construct.....CONST
cubic cu
cubic centimeter(s)..... cc
cubic feet per day..... cfd
cubic feet per hour cfh

cubic feet per minute..... cfm
cubic feet per minute,
standard conditions scfm
cubic feet per second cfs
cubic foot (feet) cu ft
cubic inch(es)..... cu in
cubic yard(s) cu yd

decibels..... dB
decibels (A scale)..... dBA
degree(s).....deg
dewpoint temperaturedpt
diameter dia
direct current dc
dissolved oxygen..... DO
dissolved solidsDS
dry-bulb temperature.....dbt
ductile iron.....DI
ductile iron pipeDIP
efficiencyeff
elevation..... el
entering water temperature.....ewt
entering air temperature eat
equivalent direct radiationedr

face area fa
face to face f to f
Fahrenheit F
feet per day..... fpd
feet per hour fph

feet per minute..... fpm
 feet per second..... fps
 foot (feet) ft
 foot-candle..... fc
 foot-pound ft-lb
 foot-pounds per minute..... ft-lb/min
 foot-pounds per secondft-lb/sec
 formazin turbidity unit(s) FTU
 frequency..... freq

 gallon(s)..... gal
 gallons per daygpd
 gallons per day per
 cubic foot gpd/cu ft
 gallons per day per
 square foot..... gpd/sq ft
 gallons per hour gph
 gallons per minutegpm
 gallons per second gps
 gas chromatography and
 mass spectrometry GC-MS
 gauge ga
 grain(s)gr
 gram(s)g
 grams per cubic centimetergm/cc

 Heat Transfer Coefficient.....U
 height..... hgt
 Hertz..... Hz
 horsepower..... hp
 horsepower-hourhp-hr
 hour(s) hr
 humidity, relative..... rh
 hydrogen ion concentrationpH

 inch(es)..... in
 inches per secondips
 inside diameterID
 Jackson turbidity unit(s) JTU

 kelvin..... K
 kiloamperes..... kA
 kilogram(s)kg
 kilometer(s)km
 kilovar (kilovolt-amperes

reactive) kvar
 kilovolt(s)..... kV
 kilovolt-ampere(s)..... kVA
 kilowatt(s).....kW
 kilowatt-hour(s)kWh

 linear foot (feet)..... lin ft
 liter(s)L

 megavolt-ampere(s) MVA
 meter(s).....m
 micrograms per liter ug/L
 miles per hourmph
 milliamperes(s) mA
 milligram(s) mg
 milligrams per litermg/L
 milliliter(s)..... mL
 millimeter(s) mm
 million gallons MG
 million gallons per day..... mgd
 millisecond(s) ms
 millivolt(s) mV
 minute(s) min

 mixed liquor suspended
 solids..... MLSS

 nephelometric turbidity
 unit NTU
 net positive suction head.....NPSH
 noise criteria..... nc
 noise reduction coefficient..... NRC
 number.....no

 ounce(s) oz
 outside airoa
 outside diameter OD

 parts per billion..... ppb
 parts per million..... ppm
 percent pct
 polyvinyl chloride..... PVC
 phase (electrical) ph
 pound(s) lb
 pounds per cubic foot pcf

pounds per cubic foot
 per hourpcf/hr
 pounds per day..... lbs/day
 pounds per day per
 cubic foot..... lbs/day/cu ft
 pounds per day per
 square foot..... lbs/day/sq ft
 pounds per square foot..... psf
 pounds per square foot
 per hourpsf/hr
 pounds per square inch psi
 pounds per square inch
 absolutepsia
 pounds per square inch
 gaugepsig
 power factor.....PF
 pressure drop or
 difference..... dp
 pressure, dynamic
 (velocity) vp
 pressure, vapor..... vap pr
 proposed.....PROP
 quart(s)qt

 Rankine R
 relative humidity..... rh
 resistance res
 restrained joint.....RJ
 return air ra
 revolution(s)..... rev
 revolutions per minuterpm
 revolutions per second..... rps
 root mean squared..... rms

 safety factor sf
 second(s)..... sec
 shading coefficient SC
 sludge density index SDI

 Sound Transmission
 Coefficient..... STC
 specific gravity sp gr
 specific volume Sp Vol
 square centimeter(s).....sq cm
 square foot (feet)..... sq ft
 square inch (es) sq in

square meter(s)..... sq m
 square yard(s)..... sq yd
 standard std
 static pressure.....st pr
 supply air..... . sa
 suspended solids SS

 temperature..... temp
 temperature difference TD
 temperature entering..... TE
 temperature leaving TL
 thousand Btu per hour..... Mbh
 thousand circular mils kcmil
 thousand cubic feet Mcf
 threshold limit value TLV
 tons of refrigeration tons
 torque..... TRQ
 total dissolved solids TDS
 total dynamic head TDH
 total kjeldahl nitrogen TKN
 total oxygen demand..... TOD
 total pressure TP
 total solids TS
 total suspended solids..... TSS
 total volatile solids TVS

 vacuum vac
 viscosity visc
 volatile organic chemical VOC
 volatile solids..... VS
 volatile suspended solids VSS
 volt(s) V
 volts-ampere(s) VA
 volume vol

 watt(s) W
 watthour(s) Wh
 watt-hour demandWHD
 watt-hour demand meter WHDM
 week(s) wk
 weight wt
 wet-bulb WB
 wet bulb temperature WBT

 yard(s)..... yd
 year(s).....yr

1.4 STANDARD FOR ABBREVIATIONS

- A. Use ASME Y1.1-1989, "Abbreviations for use on Drawings and in Text" for abbreviations for units of measure not included in Paragraph 1.3.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01300

SUBMITTALS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Description of Requirements
- B. Submittal Procedures
- C. Specific Submittal Requirements
- D. Action on Submittals
- E. Repetitive Review

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF REQUIREMENTS

- A. This section specifies procedural requirements for Shop Drawings, product data, samples, and other miscellaneous Work-related submittals.
- B. Procedures concerning items such as listing of manufacturers, suppliers, subcontractors, construction progress schedule, schedule of Shop Drawing submissions, bonds, payment applications, insurance certificates, and schedule of values are specified elsewhere.
- C. Work-Related Submittals:
 - 1. Substitution or "Or Equal" Items:
 - a. Includes material or equipment CONTRACTOR requests ENGINEER to accept, after Bids are received, as substitute for items specified or described in Specifications by using name of a proprietary item or name of particular supplier.
 - 2. Shop Drawings:
 - a. Includes technical data and drawings specially prepared for this Project, including fabrication and installation drawings, diagrams, actual performance curves, data sheets, schedules, templates, patterns, reports, instructions, design mix formulas, measurements, and similar information not in standard printed form.

- b. Standard information prepared without specific reference to the Project is not considered a Shop Drawing.
- 3. Product Data:
 - a. Includes standard printed information on manufactured products, and systems that has not been specially prepared for this Project, including manufacturer's product specifications and installation instructions, catalog cuts, standard wiring diagrams, printed performance curves, mill reports, and standard color charts.
- 4. Samples:
 - a. Includes both fabricated and manufactured physical examples of materials, products, and units of work, partial cuts of manufactured or fabricated work, swatches showing color, texture, and pattern, and units of work to be used for independent inspection and testing.
 - b. Mock-ups are special forms of samples which are too large or otherwise inconvenient for handling in manner specified for transmittal of sample submittals.
- 5. Working Drawings:
 - a. When used in the Contract Documents, the term "working drawings" shall be considered to mean the CONTRACTOR'S plans for temporary structures such as temporary bulkheads, support of open cut excavation, support of utilities control systems, forming and falsework for underpinning; temporary by-pass pumping and for such other work as may be required for construction but does not become an integral part of the project.
 - b. Copies of working drawings shall be submitted to the ENGINEER at least fourteen (14) calendar days (unless otherwise specified by the ENGINEER) in advance of the required work.
 - c. Working drawings shall be signed by a registered Professional Engineer currently licensed to practice in the State of Florida and shall convey, or be accompanied by, calculation or other sufficient information to completely explain the structure, machine, or system described and its intended manner of use.

6. Miscellaneous Submittals:

- a. Work-related submittals that do not fit in the previous categories, such as guarantees, warranties, certifications, experience records, maintenance agreements, Operating and Maintenance Manuals, submittals noted within other specifications (i.e. Frac-out Plan, Erosion Control Plan, et.c), workmanship bonds, survey data and reports, physical work records, quality testing and certifying reports, copies of industry standards, record drawings, field measurement data, and similar information, devices, and materials applicable to the Work.

1.3 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

A. Scheduling:

1. Submit for approval, a preliminary schedule of shop drawings and samples submittals, in duplicate, and in accordance with the General Conditions.
2. Prepare and transmit each submittal to ENGINEER sufficiently in advance of scheduled performance of related work and other applicable activities.

B. Coordination:

1. Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of work. Coordinate each submittal with other submittals and related activities such as substitution requests, testing, purchasing, fabrication, delivery, and similar activities that require sequential activity.
2. Coordinate submission of different units of interrelated work so that one submittal will not be delayed by ENGINEER's need to review a related submittal. ENGINEER may withhold action on any submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until related submittals are forthcoming.

C. Submittal Preparation:

1. Stamp and sign each submittal certifying to review of submittal, verification of products, field measurement, field construction criteria, coordination of information within submittal with requirements of the Work and the Contract Documents, coordination with all trades, and verification that product will fit in space provided.
2. Transmittal Form: In the transmittal form forwarding each specific submittal to the ENGINEER include the following information as a minimum.

- a. Date of submittal and dates of previous submittals containing the same material.
- b. Project title and number.
- c. Submittal and transmittal number.
- d. Contract identification.
- e. Names of:
 - (1) Contractor
 - (2) Supplier
 - (3) Manufacturer
- f. Identification of equipment and material with equipment identification numbers, model numbers, and Specification section number.
- g. Variations from Contract Documents and any limitations which may impact the Work.
- h. Drawing sheet and detail number as appropriate.

D. Resubmittal Preparation:

- 1. Comply with the requirements described in Submittal Preparation. In addition:
 - a. Identify on transmittal form that submittal is a resubmission.
 - b. Make any corrections or changes in submittals required by ENGINEER's notations on returned submittal.
 - c. Respond to ENGINEER's notations:
 - (1) On the transmittal or on a separate page attached to CONTRACTOR's resubmission transmittal, answer or acknowledge in writing all notations or questions indicated by ENGINEER on ENGINEER's transmittal form returning review submission to CONTRACTOR.
 - (2) Identify each response by question or notation number established by ENGINEER.
 - (3) If CONTRACTOR does not respond to each notation or question, resubmission will be returned without action by

ENGINEER until CONTRACTOR provides a written response to all ENGINEER's notations or questions.

d. CONTRACTOR initiated revisions or variations:

- (1) On transmittal form identify variations or revisions from previously reviewed submittal, other than those called for by ENGINEER.
- (2) ENGINEER's responsibility for variations or revisions is established in the General Conditions.

1.4 SPECIFIC SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Specific submittals required for individual elements of work are specified in the individual Specification sections. Except as otherwise indicated in Specification sections, comply with requirements specified herein for each indicated type of submittal.

B. Requests for Substitution or "Or Equal"

1. Collect data for items to be submitted for review as substitution into one submittal for each item of material or equipment in accordance with the General Conditions.
2. Submit with other scheduled submittals for the material or equipment allowing time for ENGINEER to evaluate the additional information required to be submitted.
3. If CONTRACTOR requests to substitute for material or equipment specified but not identified in Specifications as requiring submittals, schedule substitution submittal request in Submittal schedule and submit as scheduled.

C. Shop Drawings:

1. Check all drawings, data and samples before submitting to the ENGINEER for review. Each and every copy of the drawings and data shall bear CONTRACTOR's stamp showing that they have been so checked. Shop drawings submitted to the ENGINEER without the CONTRACTOR's stamp will be returned to the CONTRACTOR for conformance with this requirement. All shop drawings shall be submitted through the CONTRACTOR, including those from any subcontractors.
2. Submit newly prepared information, with graphic information at accurate scale. Indicate name of manufacturer or supplier (firm name). Show

dimensions and clearly note which are based on field measurement; identify materials and products which are included in the Work; identify revisions. Indicate compliance with standards and notation of coordination requirements with other work. Highlight, encircle or otherwise indicate variations from Contract Documents or previous submittals.

3. Include on each drawing or page:
 - a. Submittal date and revision dates.
 - b. Project name, division number and descriptions.
 - c. Detailed specifications section number and page number.
 - d. Identification of equipment, product or material.
 - e. Name of CONTRACTOR and Subcontractor.
 - f. Name of Supplier and Manufacturer.
 - g. Relation to adjacent structure or material.
 - h. Field dimensions, clearly identified.
 - i. Standards or Industry Specification references.
 - j. Identification of deviations from the Contract Documents.
 - k. CONTRACTOR's stamp, initialed or signed, dated and certifying to review of submittal, certification of field measurements and compliance with Contract.
 - l. Physical location and location relative to other connected or attached material at which the equipment or materials are to be installed.
4. Provide 8-inch by 3-inch blank space for CONTRACTOR and ENGINEER stamps.
5. Submittals:
 - a. Submit 3 blue line or black line prints, or 2 reverse sepia reproducible and 1 blue or black line print. One reproducible or one print will be returned.

6. Distribution:

- a. Do not proceed with installation of materials, products or systems until copy of applicable product data showing only approved information is in possession of installer.
- b. Maintain one set of product data (for each submittal) at Project site.
- c. Mark 5 additional copies with the date of approval and forward to the ENGINEER for use in field and for FGUA's records.

D. Product Data:

1. Preparation:

- a. Collect required data into single submittal for each element of work or system. Where product data has been printed to include information on several similar products, some of which are not required for use on Project or are not included in submittal, mark copies to clearly show such information is not applicable.
- b. Where product data must be specially prepared for required products, materials or systems, because standard printed data are not suitable for use, submit data as a Shop Drawing and not as product data.

2. Submittals:

- a. Submittal is for information and record, and to determine that products, materials, and systems comply with Contract Documents. Submittal is final when returned by ENGINEER marked "Approved" or "Approved as Noted".
- b. Submit 3 copies.

3. Distribution:

- a. Do not proceed with installation of materials, products or systems until copy of applicable product data showing only approval information is in possession of installer.
- b. Maintain one set of product data (for each submittal) at Project site, available for reference by ENGINEER and others.
- c. Mark 5 additional copies with the date of approval and forward to the ENGINEER for use in field and for FGUA records.

E. Samples:

1. Preparation:

- a. Where possible, provide samples that are physically identical with proposed materials or products to be incorporated into the Work. Where variations in color, pattern or texture are inherent in material or product represented by sample, submit multiple units (not less than 3 units) showing approximate limits of variations.
- b. Provide full set of optional samples where ENGINEER's selection required. Prepare samples to match ENGINEER's selection where so indicated.
- c. Include information with each sample to show generic description, source or product name and manufacturer, limitations, and compliance with standards.
- d. Submit samples for ENGINEER's visual review of general generic kind, color, pattern, texture, and for final check of coordination of these characteristics with other related elements of work.

2. Submittals:

- a. At CONTRACTOR's option, and depending upon nature of anticipated response from ENGINEER, initial submittal of samples may be either preliminary or final submittal.
- b. A preliminary submittal, consisting of a single set of samples, is required where specifications indicate ENGINEER's selection of color, pattern, texture or similar characteristics from manufacturer's range of standard choices is necessary. Preliminary submittals will be reviewed and returned with ENGINEER's "Action" marking.
- c. Final Submittals: Submit 3 sets of samples in final submittal, 1 set will be returned.

3. Distribution:

- a. Maintain returned final set of samples at Project site, in suitable condition and available for quality control comparisons throughout course of performing work.

- b. Returned samples intended or permitted to be incorporated in the Work are indicated in Specification sections, and shall be in undamaged condition at time of use.

F. Mock-Ups:

- 1. Mock-ups and similar samples specified in Specification sections are recognized as special type of samples. Comply with samples submittal requirements to greatest extent possible. Process transmittal forms to provide record of activity.

G. Miscellaneous Submittals:

1. Inspection and Test Reports:

- a. Classify each inspection and test report as being either "Shop Drawings" or "product data", depending on whether report is specially prepared for Project or standard publication of workmanship control testing at point of production. Process inspection and test reports accordingly.

2. Guarantees, Warranties, Maintenance Agreements, and Workmanship Bonds:

- a. Refer to Specification sections for specific requirements. Submittal is final when returned by ENGINEER marked "Approved" or "Approved as Noted".
- b. In addition to copies desired for CONTRACTOR's use, furnish 2 executed copies. Provide 2 additional copies where required for maintenance data.

3. Survey Data:

- a. Refer to Specification sections for specific requirements on property surveys, building or structure condition surveys, field measurements, quantitative records of actual Work, damage surveys, photographs, and similar data required by Specification sections. Copies will not be returned.

(1) Survey Copies: Furnish 2 copies. Provide 10 copies of final property survey (if any).

(2) Condition Surveys: Furnish 2 copies.

4. Certifications:

- a. Refer to Specification sections for specific requirement on submittal of certifications. Submit 7 copies. Certifications are submitted for review of conformance with specified requirements and information. Submittal is final when returned by ENGINEER marked "Approved".

5. Closeout Submittals:

- a. Refer to Specification Section 01720 for specific requirements on submittal of closeout information, materials, tools, and similar items.

(1) Record Documents: Section 01720.

(2) Materials and Tools: Spare parts, extra and overrun stock, maintenance tools and devices, keys, and similar physical units to be submitted.

(3) Operating and maintenance data.

H. Operation and Maintenance Manuals:

- 1. Submit Operation and Maintenance Manuals in accordance with Section 01730.

I. General Distribution:

- 1. Unless required elsewhere, provide distribution of submittals to subcontractors, suppliers, governing authorities, and others as necessary for proper performance of work.

1.5 ACTION ON SUBMITTALS

A. ENGINEER's Action:

1. General:

- a. Except for submittals for record and similar purposes, where action and return on submittals are required or requested, ENGINEER will review each submittal, mark with appropriate action, and return. Where submittal must be held for coordination, ENGINEER will also advise CONTRACTOR without delay.
- b. ENGINEER will stamp each submittal with uniform, self-explanatory action stamp, appropriately marked with submittal action.

B. Action Stamp:

1. Furnish as Submitted:

- a. Final Unrestricted Release: Where submittals are marked "Furnish as Submitted", Work covered by submittal may proceed PROVIDED IT COMPLIES WITH CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. Acceptance of Work will depend upon that compliance.

2. Furnish As Noted:

- a. When submittals are marked "Furnish as Noted", Work covered by submittal may proceed PROVIDED IT COMPLIES WITH BOTH ENGINEER'S NOTATIONS OR CORRECTIONS ON SUBMITTAL AND WITH Contract Documents. Acceptance of Work will depend on that compliance. Re-submittal is not required.

3. Comments Attached - Resubmit:

- a. When submittals are marked "Revise and Resubmit" and "Rejected", do not proceed with Work covered by submittal. Do not permit Work covered by submittal to be used at Project site or elsewhere where Work is in progress.
- b. Revise submittal or prepare new submittal in accordance with ENGINEER's notations in accordance with Paragraph 1.3D of this section. Resubmit submittal without delay. Repeat if necessary to obtain different action marking.

1.6 RE-SUBMITTAL REVIEW

- A. Cost of Subsequent Reviews: Shop Drawings and Operation and Maintenance Manuals submitted for each item will be reviewed no more than twice at FGUA's expense. All subsequent reviews will be performed at times convenient to the ENGINEER and at the CONTRACTOR's expense based on the ENGINEER's then prevailing rates including all direct and indirect costs and fees. Reimburse FGUA for all such fees invoiced to FGUA by the ENGINEER.
- B. Time Extension: Any need for more than one resubmission, or any other delay in ENGINEER's review of submittals, will not entitle CONTRACTOR to extension of the Contract Time.

PART 2 PRODUCTS Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01310

PROGRESS SCHEDULE

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Form of Schedules
- B. Content of Schedules: Submit for approval, a preliminary progress schedule in accordance with the General Conditions.
- C. Schedule Revisions
- D. Submittal Requirements

1.2 FORM OF SCHEDULES

- A. Prepare schedules in form of a horizontal bar chart.
 - 1. Provide separate horizontal bar for each trade or operation.
 - 2. Utilize a horizontal time scale and identify first work day of each week.
 - 3. Utilize scale and spacings to allow space for notations and future revisions.
- B. Utilize a listing format which chronologically indicates the order of start of each item of work.
- C. Identify each listing by major specification section numbers.

1.3 CONTENT OF SCHEDULES

- A. Completion Dates: Show the beginning and ending contract dates stated in documents. Schedules showing completion prior to the contract completion date will be accepted but in no event will they be considered basis for a claim for delay against FGUA by the CONTRACTOR for the period between the early completion date and the completion date provided in the Contract Documents.
- B. Show complete sequence of construction by activity.
- C. Show dates for beginning and completion of each major element of construction and installation dates for major items of equipment. Elements shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

1. Shop drawing receipt from supplier/manufacturer submitted to ENGINEER, review and return to supplier/manufacturer
 2. Material and equipment order, manufacturer, delivery, installation, and checkouts
 3. Performance tests and supervisory services activity
 4. Construction of various facilities
 5. Demolition
 6. Excavation, sheeting, shoring, dewatering
 7. Concrete placement sequence
 8. Water main and appurtenances installation
 9. Force main and appurtenances installation
 10. All connections to existing force mains and water mains; noted individually/separately on the schedule.
 11. Horizontal directional drills; each drill shown individually/separately on the schedule.
 12. Miscellaneous concrete placement
 13. Subcontractor's items of work
 14. Backfilling, grading, seeding, sodding, landscaping, fence construction, and paving
 15. Final cleanup
 16. Allowance for inclement weather
 17. Coordination with concurrent Work on site
- D. Show projected percentage of completion for each item as of first day of each month.

1.4 SCHEDULE REVISIONS

- A. As a minimum, revise construction schedule every 30 calendar days to reflect changes in progress of Work for duration of Contract.

- B. Indicate progress of each activity at date of submittal.
- C. Show changes occurring since previous submittal of schedule.
 - 1. Major change in scope
 - 2. Activities modified since previous submittal
 - 3. Revised projections of progress and completion
 - 4. Other identifiable changes
- D. Provide a written report as needed to define:
 - 1. Problem areas, anticipated delays, and impact on schedule
 - 2. Corrective action recommended and its effect
 - 3. Effect of changes on schedules of other Contractors

1.5 SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Schedule: Submit final progress schedule in accordance with the General Conditions.
- B. For preliminary and final submittal of construction progress schedule and subsequent revisions thereof furnish three copies to ENGINEER.

PART 2 PRODUCTS Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION
01400 QUALITY CONTROL

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Submittals
- B. Inspection Services
- C. Inspection of Materials
- D. Quality Control
- E. Costs of Inspection
- F. Acceptance Tests
- G. Failure to Comply with Contract

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 01300 - Submittals: Specific Submittal Requirements

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.
- B. Certificate Submittals: Furnish the ENGINEER authoritative evidence in the form of Certificates of Manufacture that the materials and equipment to be used in the Work have been manufactured and tested in conformity with the Contract Documents. Include copies of the results of physical tests and chemical analyses, where necessary, that have been made directly on the product or on similar products of the manufacturer.

1.4 INSPECTION SERVICES

- A. FGUA's Access: At all times during the progress of the Work and until the date of final completion, afford FGUA and ENGINEER every reasonable, safe, and proper facility for inspecting the Work at the site. The observation and inspection of any work will not relieve the CONTRACTOR of any obligations to perform proper and satisfactory work as specified. Replace work rejected due to faulty design, inferior, or defective materials, poor workmanship, improper installation, excessive wear, or nonconformity with the requirements of the

Contract Documents, with satisfactory work at no additional cost to FGUA. Replace as directed, finished or unfinished work found not to be in strict accordance with the Contract, even though such work may have been previously approved and payment made therefor.

- B. Rejection: FGUA and FGUA's Authorized Representatives have the right to reject materials and workmanship which are defective or require correction. Promptly remove rejected work and materials from the site.
- C. Inferior Work Discoveries: Failure or neglect on the part of FGUA or the FGUA's Authorized Representatives to condemn or reject bad or inferior work or materials does not imply an acceptance of such work or materials. Neither is it to be construed as barring FGUA or FGUA's Authorized Representatives at any subsequent time from recovering damages or a sum of money needed to build anew all portions of the Work in which inferior work or improper materials were used.
- D. Removal for Examination: Should it be considered necessary or advisable by FGUA or FGUA's Authorized Representatives, at any time before final acceptance of the Work, to make examinations of portions of the Work already completed, by removing or tearing out such portions, promptly furnish all necessary facilities, labor, and material, to make such an examination. If such Work is found to be defective in any respect, defray all expenses of such examination and of satisfactory reconstruction. If, however, such work is found to meet the requirements of the Contract, the cost of examination and restoration of the Work will be considered a change in the Work to be paid for in accordance with applicable provisions of the Contract.
- E. Operation Responsibility: Assume full responsibility for the proper operation of equipment during tests and instruction periods. Make no claim for damage which may occur to equipment prior to the time when FGUA accepts the Work.
- F. Rejection Prior to Warranty Expiration: If at anytime prior to the expiration of any applicable warranties or guarantees, equipment is rejected by FGUA, repay to FGUA all sums of money received for the rejected equipment on progress certificates or otherwise on account of the Contract lump sum prices, and upon the receipt of the sum of money, FGUA will execute and deliver a bill of sale of all its rights, title, and interest in and to the rejected equipment. Do not remove the equipment from the premises of FGUA until FGUA obtains from other sources, equipment to take the place of that rejected. FGUA hereby agrees to obtain other equipment within a reasonable time and the CONTRACTOR agrees that FGUA may use the equipment furnished by the CONTRACTOR without rental or other charge until the other new equipment is obtained.

1.5 INSPECTION OF MATERIALS

- A. Premanufacture Notification: Give notice in writing to the ENGINEER sufficiently in advance of the commencement of manufacture or preparation of materials especially manufactured or prepared for use in or as part of the permanent construction. When required, notice to include a request for inspection, the date of commencement, and the expected date of completion of the manufacture or preparation of materials. Upon receipt of such notice, ENGINEER will arrange to have a representative present at such times during the manufacture or testing as may be necessary to inspect the materials, or will notify CONTRACTOR that the inspection will be made at a point other than the point of manufacture or testing, or that the inspection will be waived. Comply with these provisions before shipping any materials. Such inspection will not constitute a release from the responsibility for furnishing materials meeting the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. Testing Standards: Tests of electrical and mechanical equipment and appliances shall be conducted in accordance with recognized, applicable test codes except as may otherwise be stated herein.

1.6 QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing

1. Field and Laboratory

- a. Provide personnel to assist the ENGINEER in performing the following periodic observation and associated services.
 - (1) Soils: Observe and test excavations, placement and compaction of soils. Determine suitability of excavated material. Observe subgrade soils and foundations.
 - (2) Concrete: Observe forms and reinforcement; observe concrete placement; witness air entrainment tests, facilitate concrete cylinder preparation and assist with other tests performed by ENGINEER.
- b. When specified in Divisions 2 through 16 of the Contract Documents, provide an independent laboratory testing facility to perform required testing. Qualify the laboratory as having performed previous satisfactory work. Prior to use, submit to the ENGINEER for approval.
- c. Cooperate with the ENGINEER and laboratory testing representatives. Provide at least 24 hours notice prior to when specified testing is required. Provide labor and materials, and

necessary facilities at the site as required by the ENGINEER and the testing laboratory.

- d. Provide an independent testing agency, a member of the National Electrical Testing Association, to perform inspections and tests specified in Division 16 of these Specifications.
2. Equipment: Coordinate and demonstrate test procedures as specified in the Contract Documents or as otherwise required during the formal tests.
3. Pipeline and Other Testing: Conform to test procedures and requirements specified in the appropriate Specification Section.

B. Reports

1. Certified Test Reports: Where transcripts or certified test reports are required by the Contract Documents, meet the following requirements:
 - a. Before delivery of materials or equipment submit and obtain approval of the ENGINEER for all required transcripts, certified test reports, certified copies of the reports of all tests required in referenced specifications or specified in the Contract Documents. Perform all testing in an approved independent laboratory or the manufacturer's laboratory. Submit for approval reports of shop equipment tests within thirty days of testing. Transcripts or test reports are to be accompanied by a notarized certificate in the form of a letter from the manufacturer or supplier certifying that tested material or equipment meets the specified requirements and the same type, quality, manufacture and make as specified. The certificate shall be signed by an officer of the manufacturer or the manufacturer's plant manager.
2. Certificate of Compliance: At the option of the ENGINEER, or where not otherwise specified, submit for approval a notarized Certificate of Compliance. The Certificates may be in the form of a letter stating the following:
 - a. Manufacturer has performed all required tests
 - b. Materials to be supplied meet all test requirements
 - c. Tests were performed not more than one year prior to submittal of the certificate
 - d. Materials and equipment subjected to the tests are of the same quality, manufacture and make as those specified
 - e. Identification of the materials

1.7 COSTS OF TESTING AND REVIEWS

- A. Initial testing of materials furnished under this Contract will be performed by CONTRACTOR without cost to FGUA, unless otherwise expressly specified, cost to be included in the Contract Price. If subsequent testing is necessary due to failure of the initial tests or because of rejection for noncompliance, to be at CONTRACTOR'S expense and at no additional cost to FGUA.
- B. CONTRACTOR to include in the Contract Price, the cost of all shop and field tests of equipment and other tests specifically called for in the Contract Documents.
- C. Reimbursements to FGUA:
 - 1. Materials and equipment submitted by the CONTRACTOR as the equivalent to those specifically named in the Contract may be tested by FGUA for compliance. CONTRACTOR to reimburse FGUA for expenditures incurred in making such tests on materials and equipment which are rejected for noncompliance.
 - 2. CONTRACTOR to reimburse FGUA, Lee County and ENGINEER for the costs of any jobsite inspection between the hours of 7:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m.
 - 3. CONTRACTOR to reimburse FGUA, Lee County and ENGINEER for all costs associated with Witness Tests which exceed 5 Calendar Days per pipe section and/or appurtenances tested.

1.8 ACCEPTANCE TESTS

- A. Preliminary Field Tests: As soon as conditions permit, furnish all labor and materials and services to perform preliminary field tests of all piping and appurtenances provided under this Contract. If the preliminary field tests disclose that any equipment furnished and installed under this Contract does not meet the requirements of the Contract Documents, make all changes, adjustments and replacements required prior to the acceptance tests.
- B. Final Field Tests: Upon completion of the Work and prior to final payment, subject all equipment, piping and appliances installed under this Contract to specified acceptance tests to demonstrate compliance with the Contract Documents.
 - 1. Furnish all labor, fuel, energy, water and other materials, equipment, instruments and services necessary for all acceptance tests.

2. Conduct field tests in the presence of the ENGINEER. Perform the field tests to demonstrate that under all conditions of operation each pipe (water main, force main) and appurtenances (valves, fittings, etc.):

- a. Has not been damaged by transportation or installation
- b. Has been properly installed
- c. Has been properly lubricated
- d. Has no mechanical defects
- e. Is in proper alignment
- f. Has been properly connected
- g. Is free of overheating of any parts
- h. Operates as intended

- C. Failure of Tests: If the acceptance tests reveal defects in material or equipment, or if the material or equipment in any way fails to comply with the requirements of the Contract Documents, then promptly correct such deficiencies. Failure or refusal to correct the deficiencies, or if the improved materials or equipment, when tested again, fail to meet the guarantees or specified requirements, FGUA, notwithstanding its partial payment for work and materials or equipment, may reject said materials or equipment and may order the CONTRACTOR to remove the defective work from the site at no addition to the Contract Price, and replace it with material or equipment which meets the Contract Documents.

1.9 FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH CONTRACT

- A. Unacceptable Materials: If it is ascertained by testing or inspection that the material or equipment does not comply with the Contract, do not deliver said material or equipment, or if delivered remove it promptly from the site or from the Work and replace it with acceptable material without additional cost to FGUA. Fulfill all obligations under the terms and conditions of the Contract even though FGUA or FGUA's Authorized Representatives fail to ascertain noncompliance or notify the CONTRACTOR of noncompliance.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01500

CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES AND TEMPORARY CONTROLS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. General Requirements
- B. Temporary Utilities
- C. Temporary Construction
- D. Barricades and Enclosures
- E. Fences
- F. Security
- G. Temporary Controls
- H. Traffic Regulation
- I. Field Offices and Sheds

1.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Plant and Facilities: Furnish, install, maintain and remove all false work, scaffolding, ladders, hoistways, braces, pumping plants, shields, trestles, roadways, sheeting, centering forms, barricades, drains, flumes, and the like, any of which may be needed in the construction of any part of the Work and which are not herein described or specified in detail. The CONTRACTOR shall accept responsibility for the safety and efficiency of such works and for any damage that may result from their failure or from their improper construction, maintenance or operation.
- B. First Aid: Maintain a readily accessible, completely equipped first aid kit at each location where work is in progress.
- C. Safety Responsibility: Accept sole responsibility for safety and security at the site. Indemnify and hold harmless FGUA and FGUA's Authorized Representatives, including the ENGINEER, for any safety violation, or noncompliance with governing bodies and their regulations, and for accidents, deaths, injuries, or damage at the site during occupancy or partial

occupancy of the site by CONTRACTOR's forces while performing any part of the Work.

- D. Hazard Communication: Furnish two copies of the CONTRACTOR's Hazard Communication Program required under OSHA regulations before beginning on site activities. Furnish two copies of amendments to Hazard Communications Program as they are prepared.

1.3 TEMPORARY UTILITIES

- A. Water: Provide all necessary and required water without additional cost, unless otherwise specified. If necessary, provide and lay water lines to the place of use; secure all necessary permits; pay for all taps to water mains and hydrants and for all water used at the established rates.
- B. Light and Power: Provide without additional cost to FGUA temporary lighting and power facilities required for the proper construction and inspection of the Work. If, in the ENGINEER's opinion, these facilities are inadequate, do NOT proceed with any portion of the Work affected thereby. Maintain temporary lighting and power until the Work is accepted.
- C. Heat: Provide temporary heat, whenever required, for work being performed during cold weather to prevent freezing of concrete, water pipes, and other damage to the Work or existing facilities.
- D. Sanitary Facilities: Provide sufficient sanitary facilities for construction personnel. Prohibit and prevent nuisances on the site of the Work or on adjoining property. Discharge any employee who violates this rule. Abide by all environmental regulations or laws applicable to the Work.
- E. Connections to Existing Utilities:
 - 1. Unless otherwise specified or indicated, make all necessary connections to existing facilities including structures, drain lines, and utilities such as water, sewer, gas, telephone, and electricity. In each case, obtain permission from FGUA or the owning utility prior to undertaking connections. Protect facilities against deleterious substances and damage.
 - 2. Thoroughly plan in advance all connections to existing facilities. Have on hand at the time of undertaking the connections, all material, labor and required equipment. Proceed continuously to complete connections in minimum time. Arrange for the operation of valves or other appurtenances on existing utilities, under the direct supervision of the owning utility.

1.4 TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION

A. Bridges: Design and place suitable temporary bridges where necessary for the maintenance of vehicular and pedestrian traffic. Assume responsibility for the sufficiency and safety of all such temporary work or bridges and for any damage which may result from their failure or their improper construction, maintenance, or operation. Indemnify and save harmless FGUA and FGUA's representatives from all claims, suits or actions, and damages or costs of every description arising by reason of failure to comply with the above provisions.

1.5 BARRICADES AND ENCLOSURES

A. Protection of Workmen and Public: Effect and maintain at all times during the prosecution of the Work, barriers and lights necessary for the protection of Workmen and the Public. Provide suitable barricades, lights, "danger" or "caution" or "street closed" signs and watchmen at all places where the Work causes obstructions to normal traffic, excavation sites, or constitutes in any way a hazard to the public.

B. Barricades and Lights:

1. Protect all streets, roads, highways, excavations and other public thoroughfares which are closed to traffic; use effective barricades which display acceptable warning signs. Locate barricades at the nearest public highway or street on each side of the blocked section.
2. Statutory Requirements: Install and maintain all barricades, signs, lights, and other protective devices within highway rights-of-way in strict conformity with applicable statutory requirements by the authority having jurisdiction.

1.6 FENCES

A. Existing Fences: Obtain written permission from FGUA prior to relocating or dismantling fences which interfere with construction operations. Reach agreements with the fence owner as to the period the fence may be left relocated or dismantled. Install adequate gates where fencing must be maintained. Keep gates closed and locked at all times when not in use.

B. Restoration: Restore all fences to their original or better condition and to their original location on completion of the Work.

1.7 SECURITY

A. Preservation of Property:

1. Preserve from damage, all property along the line of the Work, in the

vicinity of or in any way affected by the Work, the removal or destruction of which is not called for by the Drawings. Preserve from damage, public utilities, trees, lawn areas, building monuments, fences, pipe and underground structures, and public streets. Note: Normal wear and tear of streets resulting from legitimate use by the CONTRACTOR are not considered as damage. Whenever damages occur to such property, immediately restore to its original condition. Costs for such repairs are incidental to the Contract.

2. In case of failure on the part of the CONTRACTOR to restore property or make good on damage or injury, FGUA may, upon 24 hours written notice, proceed to repair, rebuild, or otherwise restore such property as may be deemed necessary, and the cost thereof will be deducted from any moneys due or which may become due the CONTRACTOR under this Contract. If removal, repair or replacement of public or private property is made necessary by alteration of grade or alignment authorized by FGUA and not contemplated by the Contract Documents, the CONTRACTOR will be compensated, in accordance with the General Conditions, provided that such property has not been damaged through fault of the CONTRACTOR or the CONTRACTOR's employees.

B. Public Utility Installations and Structures:

1. Public utility installations and structures include all poles, tracks, pipes, wires, conduits, vaults, manholes, and other appurtenances and facilities, whether owned or controlled by public bodies or privately owned individuals, firms or corporations, used to serve the public with transportation, gas, electricity, telephone, storm and sanitary sewers, water, or other public or private utility services. Facilities appurtenant to public or private property which may be affected by the Work are deemed included hereunder.
2. The Contract Documents contain data relative to existing public utility installations and structures above and below the ground surface. Existing public utility installations and structures are indicated on the Drawings only to the extent such information was made available to, or found by, the ENGINEER in preparing the Drawings. These data are not guaranteed for completeness or accuracy, and the CONTRACTOR is responsible for making necessary investigations to become fully informed as to the character, condition, and extent of all public utility installations and structures that may be encountered and that may affect the construction operations.
3. Contact utility locating service sufficiently in advance of the start of construction to avoid damage to the utilities and delays to the completion date.

4. Remove, replace, relocate, repair, rebuild, and secure any public utility installations and structures damaged as a direct or indirect result of the Work under this Contract. Costs for such work are incidental to the Contract. Be responsible and liable for any consequential damages done to or suffered by any public utility installations or structures. Assume and accept responsibility for any injury, damage, or loss which may result from or be consequent to interference with, or interruption or discontinuance of, any public utility service.
 5. Repair or replace any water, electric, sewer, gas, or other service connection damaged during the Work with no addition to the Contract price.
 6. At all times in performance of the Work, employ proven methods and exercise reasonable care and skill to avoid unnecessary delay, injury, damage, or destruction to public utility installations and structures. Avoid unnecessary interference with, or interruption of, public utility services. Cooperate fully with FGUAs thereof to that end.
 7. Give written notice to FGUAs of all public utility installations and structures affected by proposed construction operations, sufficiently in advance of breaking ground in any area or on any unit of the Work, to obtain their permission before disrupting the lines and to allow them to take measures necessary to protect their interests. Advise the Chiefs of Police, Fire and Rescue Services of any excavation in public streets or the temporary shut-off of any water main. Provide at least 24 hours notice to all affected property owners whenever service connections are taken out of service.
- C. Miscellaneous Structures: Assume and accept responsibility for all injuries or damage to culverts, building foundations and walls, retaining walls, or other structures of any kind met with during the prosecution of the Work. Assume and accept liability for damages to public or private property resulting therefrom. Adequately protect against freezing all pipes carrying liquid.
- D. Protection of Trees and Lawn Areas:
1. Protect with boxes, trees and shrubs, except those ordered to be removed. Do not place excavated material so as to cause injury to such trees or shrubs. Replace trees or shrubs destroyed by accident or negligence of the CONTRACTOR or CONTRACTOR's employees with new stock of similar size and age, at the proper season, at no additional cost to FGUA.
 2. Leave lawn areas in as good condition as before the start of the Work. Restore areas where sod has been removed by seeding or sodding.

1.8 TEMPORARY CONTROLS

A. During Construction:

1. Keep the site of the Work and adjacent premises free from construction materials, debris, and rubbish. Remove this material from any portion of the site if such material, debris, or rubbish constitutes a nuisance or is objectionable.
2. Remove from the site all surplus materials and temporary structures when they are no longer needed.
3. Neatly stack construction materials such as concrete forms and scaffolding when not in use. Promptly remove splattered concrete, asphalt, oil, paint, corrosive liquids, and cleaning solutions from surfaces to prevent marring or other damage.
4. Properly store volatile wastes in covered metal containers and remove from the site daily.
5. Do not bury or burn on the site or dispose of into storm drains, sanitary sewers, streams, or waterways, any waste material. Remove all wastes from the site and dispose of in a manner complying with applicable ordinances and laws.

B. Smoke Prevention:

1. Strictly observe all air pollution control regulations.
2. Open fires will be allowed only if permitted under current ordinances.

C. Noises:

1. Maintain acceptable noise levels in the vicinity of the Work. Limit noise production to acceptable levels by using special mufflers, barriers, enclosures, equipment positioning, and other approved methods.
2. Supply written notification to FGUA sufficiently in advance of the start of any work which violates this provision. Proceed only when all applicable authorizations and variances have been obtained in writing.

D. Hours of Operation:

1. Operation of construction equipment between the hours of 7:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. the following day is prohibited. For operation of this equipment during this period obtain written consent from FGUA.

2. Do not carry out nonemergency work, including equipment moves, on Sundays without prior written authorization by FGUA.

E. Dust Control:

1. Take measures to prevent unnecessary dust. Keep earth surfaces exposed to dusting moist with water or a chemical dust suppressant. Cover materials in piles or while in transit to prevent blowing or spreading dust.
2. Adequately protect buildings or operating facilities which may be affected adversely by dust. Protect machinery, motors, instrument panels, or similar equipment by suitable dust screens. Include proper ventilation with dust screens.

F. Temporary Drainage Provisions:

1. Provide for the drainage of stormwater and any water applied or discharged on the site in performance of the Work. Provide adequate drainage facilities to prevent damage to the Work, the site, and adjacent property.
2. Supplement existing drainage channels and conduits as necessary to carry all increased runoff from construction operations. Construct dikes as necessary to divert increased runoff from entering adjacent property (except in natural channels), to protect FGUA's facilities and the Work, and to direct water to drainage channels or conduits. Provide ponding as necessary to prevent downstream flooding.
3. Maintain excavations free of water. Provide, operate, and maintain pumping equipment.

- G. Pollution: Prevent the pollution of drains and watercourses by sanitary wastes, sediment, debris, and other substances resulting from construction activities. Do not permit sanitary wastes to enter any drain or watercourse other than sanitary sewers. Do not permit sediment, debris, or other substances to enter sanitary sewers. Take reasonable measures to prevent such materials from entering any drain or watercourse.

1.9 TRAFFIC REGULATION

- A. Parking: Provide and maintain suitable parking areas for the use of all construction workers and others performing work or furnishing services in connection with the Contract, to avoid any need for parking personal vehicles where they may interfere with public traffic or construction activities.
- B. Access: Conduct Work to interfere as little as possible with public travel,

whether vehicular or pedestrian. Provide and maintain suitable and safe bridges, detours, or other temporary expedients for the accommodation of public and private travel. Whenever it is necessary to cross, obstruct, or close roads, driveways, and walks, whether public or private, give reasonable notice to owners of private drives before interfering with them. Such maintenance of traffic will not be required when the CONTRACTOR has obtained permission from FGUA or tenant of private property, or from the authority having jurisdiction over the public property involved, to obstruct traffic at the designated point.

1.10 FIELD OFFICES AND SHEDS

- A. CONTRACTOR's Office: Erect, furnish, and maintain a field office with a telephone. Have an authorized agent present at this office at all times while the Work is in progress. Keep readily accessible copies of the Contract Documents, required record documents, and the latest approved shop drawings at this field office.
- B. Material Sheds and Temporary Structures: Provide material sheds and other temporary structures of sturdy construction and neat appearance.
- C. Location: Coordinate location of field offices, material sheds and temporary structures with ENGINEER and OWNER.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01570
TRAFFIC REGULATION

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES:

- A. General Requirements
- B. Traffic Control

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 01041 – Project Coordination
- B. Section 02230 – Roadway Crossings by Open Cut

1.3 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for providing safe and expeditious movement of traffic through construction zones. A construction zone is defined as the immediate areas of actual construction and all abutting areas which are used by the CONTRACTOR and which interfere with the driving or walking public.
- B. Remove temporary equipment and facilities when no longer required, restore grounds to original, or to specified conditions.
- C. The requirements specified herein are in addition to the plan for Maintenance of Traffic as specified in Sections 01041 and 02230.

1.4 TRAFFIC CONTROL

- A. The necessary precautions shall include, but not be limited to, such items as proper construction warning signs, signals, lighting devices, marking, barricades, channelization, and hand signaling devices. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for installation and maintenance of all devices and requirements for the duration of the Construction period.
- B. The CONTRACTOR shall provide at least 72 hours notification to the State or Lee County Department of Transportation of the necessity to close any portion of a roadway carrying vehicles or pedestrians so that the final approval of such closings can be obtained at least 48 hours in advanced. At no time will more than one (1) lane of roadway be closed to vehicles and pedestrians. With any such closings adequate provision shall be made for the safe expeditious movement of each.

- C. The CONTRACTOR shall also be responsible for notifying Police, Fire, and other Emergency Departments whenever construction is within roadways and of the alternate routes. Monthly status reports shall be provided to these Departments, as a minimum.
- D. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for removal, relocation, or replacement of any traffic control device in the construction area which exists as part of the normal pre-construction traffic control scheme. Any such actions shall be performed by the CONTRACTOR under the supervision, and in accordance with the Specifications, of FGUA, unless otherwise specified.
- E. The CONTRACTOR shall immediately notify FGUA of any vehicular or pedestrian safety or efficiency problems incurred as a result of the construction of the project.
- F. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for notifying all residents of any road construction and limited access at least 72 hours in advance.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

NOT USED.

PART 3 EXECUTION

NOT USED.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01600

MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Description
- B. Substitutions
- C. Manufacturer's Written Instructions
- D. Transportation and Handling
- E. Storage, Protection and Maintenance
- F. Manufacturer's Field Quality Control Services
- G. Post Startup Services
- H. Special Tools and Lubricating Equipment
- I. Lubrication

1.2 DESCRIPTION

- A. Proposed Manufacturers List: Within 15 calendar days of the date of the Notice to Proceed, submit to the ENGINEER a list of the names of proposed manufacturers, material suppliers and subcontractors, obtain approval of this list by OWNER prior to submission of any working drawings. Upon request submit evidence to ENGINEER that each proposed manufacturer has manufactured a similar product to the one specified and that it has previously been used for a like purpose for a sufficient length of time to demonstrate its satisfactory performance.
- B. Furnish and install Material and Equipment which meets the following:
 - 1. Conforms to applicable specifications and standards.
 - 2. Complies with size, make, type, and quality specified or as specifically approved, in writing, by ENGINEER.

3. Will fit into the space provided with sufficient room for operation and maintenance access and for properly connecting piping, ducts and services, as applicable. Make the clear spaces that will be available for operation and maintenance access and connections equal to or greater than those shown and meeting all the manufacturers' requirements. Make all provisions for installing equipment furnished at no increase in Contract Price.
4. Manufactured and fabricated in accordance with the following:
 - a. Design, fabricate, and assemble in accordance with best engineering and shop practices.
 - b. Manufacture like parts of duplicate units to standard sizes and gauges, to be interchangeable.
 - c. Provide two or more items of same kind identical, by same manufacturer.
 - d. Provide materials and equipment suitable for service conditions.
 - e. Adhere to equipment capabilities, sizes, and dimensions shown or specified unless variations are specifically approved, in writing, in accordance with the Contract Documents.
 - f. Adapt equipment to best economy in power consumption and maintenance. Proportion parts and components for stresses that may occur during continuous or intermittent operation, and for any additional stresses that may occur during fabrication or installation.
 - g. Working parts are readily accessible for inspection and repair, easily duplicated and replaced.
5. Use material or equipment only for the purpose for which it is designed or specified.

1.3 SUBSTITUTIONS

A. Substitutions:

1. CONTRACTOR's requests for changes in equipment and materials from those required by the Contract Documents are considered requests for substitutions and are subject to CONTRACTOR's representations and review provisions of the Contract Documents when one of following conditions are satisfied:

- a. Where request is directly related to an "or equal" clause or other language of same effect in Specifications.
- b. Where required equipment or material cannot be provided within Contract Time, but not as result of CONTRACTOR's failure to pursue Work promptly or to coordinate various activities properly.
- c. Where required equipment or material cannot be provided in manner compatible with other materials of Work, or cannot be properly coordinated therewith.

2. CONTRACTOR'S Options:

- a. Where more than one choice is available as options for CONTRACTOR's selection of equipment or material, select option compatible with other equipment and materials already selected (which may have been from among options for other equipment and materials).
- b. Where compliance with specified standard, code or regulation is required, select from among products which comply with requirements of those standards, codes, and regulations.
- c. "Or Equal": For equipment or materials specified by naming one or more equipment manufacturer and "or equal", submit request for substitution for any equipment or manufacturer not specifically named.

B. Conditions Which are Not Substitution:

- 1. Requirements for substitutions do not apply to CONTRACTOR options on materials and equipment provided for in the Specifications.
- 2. Revisions to Contract Documents, where requested by OWNER or ENGINEER, are "changes" not "substitutions".
- 3. CONTRACTOR's determination of and compliance with governing regulations and orders issued by governing authorities do not constitute substitutions and do not constitute basis for a Change Order, except as provided for in Contract Documents.

1.4 MANUFACTURER'S WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Instruction Distribution: When the Contract Documents require that installation, storage, maintenance and handling of equipment and materials comply with manufacturer's written instruction's, obtain and distribute printed copies of such instructions to parties involved in installation, including six copies to ENGINEER.

1. Maintain one set of complete instructions at jobsite during storage and installation, and until completion of work.
- B. Manufacturer's Requirements: Store, maintain, handle, install, connect, clean, condition, and adjust products in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions and in conformity with Specifications.
 1. Should job conditions or specified requirements conflict with manufacturer's instructions, consult ENGINEER for further instructions.
 2. Do not proceed with work without written instructions.
- C. Performance Procedures: Perform work in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions. Do not omit preparatory steps or installation procedures, unless specifically modified or exempted by Contract Documents.

1.5 TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING

- A. Coordination with Schedule: Arrange deliveries of materials and equipment in accordance with Construction Progress Schedules. Coordinate to avoid conflict with work and conditions at site.
 1. Deliver materials and equipment in undamaged condition, in manufacturer's original containers or packaging, with identifying labels intact and legible.
 2. Protect bright machined surfaces, such as shafts and valve faces, with a heavy coat of grease prior to shipment.
 3. Immediately upon delivery, inspect shipments to determine compliance with requirements of Contract Documents and approved submittals and that material and equipment are protected and undamaged.
- B. Handling: Provide equipment and personnel to handle material and equipment by methods recommended by manufacturer to prevent soiling or damage to materials and equipment or packaging.

1.6 STORAGE, PROTECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

- A. On-site storage areas and buildings:
 1. Conform storage buildings to requirements of Section 01500.
 2. Coordinate location of storage areas with ENGINEER and OWNER.
 3. Arrange on site storage areas for proper protection and segregation of stored materials and equipment with proper drainage. Provide for safe

travel around storage areas and safe access to stored materials and equipment.

4. Store loose granular materials in a well-drained area on solid surfaces to prevent mixing with foreign matter.
5. Store materials such as pipe, reinforcing and structural steel, and equipment on pallets, blocks or racks, off ground.
6. PVC Pipe may be damaged by prolonged exposure to direct sunlight and the CONTRACTOR shall take necessary precautions during storage and installation to avoid this damage. Pipe shall be stored under cover, and installed with sufficient backfill to shield it from the sun.
7. Store fabricated materials and equipment above ground, on blocking or skids, to prevent soiling or staining. Cover materials and equipment which are subject to deterioration with impervious sheet coverings; provide adequate ventilation to avoid condensation.

B. Interior Storage:

1. Store materials and equipment in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, with seals and labels intact and legible.
2. Store materials and equipment, subject to damage by elements, in weathertight enclosures.
3. Maintain temperature and humidity within ranges required by manufacturer's instructions.

C. Accessible Storage: Arrange storage in a manner to provide easy access for inspection and inventory. Make periodic inspections of stored materials or equipment to assure that materials or equipment are maintained under specified conditions and free from damage or deterioration.

1. Perform maintenance on stored materials of equipment in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, in presence of OWNER or ENGINEER.
2. Submit a report of completed maintenance to ENGINEER with each Application for Payment.
3. Failure to perform maintenance, to notify ENGINEER of intent to perform maintenance or to submit maintenance report may result in rejection of material or equipment.

D. OWNER's Responsibility: OWNER assumes no responsibility for materials or equipment stored in buildings or on-site. CONTRACTOR assumes full responsibility for damage due to storage of materials or equipment.

- E. CONTRACTOR's Responsibility: CONTRACTOR assumes full responsibility for protection of completed construction. Repair and restore damage to completed Work equal to its original condition.
- F. Special Equipment: Use only rubber tired wheelbarrows, buggies, trucks, or dollies to wheel loads over finished floors, regardless if the floor has been protected or not. This applies to finished floors and to exposed concrete floors as well as those covered with composition tile or other applied surfacing.
- G. Surface Damage: Where structural concrete is also the finished surface, take care to avoid marking or damaging surface.

1.7 MANUFACTURER'S FIELD QUALITY CONTROL SERVICES

- A. General:
 - 1. Provide manufacturer's field services in accordance with this subsection for those tasks specified in other sections.
 - 2. Include and pay all costs for suppliers' and manufacturers' services, including, but not limited to, those specified.
- B. Installation Instruction: Provide instruction by competent and experienced technical representatives of equipment manufacturers or system suppliers as necessary to resolve assembly or installation procedures which are attributable to, or associated with, the equipment furnished.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01710

CLEANING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES:

- A. General Requirements
- B. Disposal Requirements

1.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Execute cleaning during progress of the work and at completion of the work.

1.3 DISPOSAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Conduct cleaning and disposal operations to comply with codes, ordinances, regulations, and anti-pollution laws.

PART 2 PRODUCTS NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 DURING CONSTRUCTION

- A. Execute daily cleaning to keep the work, the site, and adjacent properties free from accumulations of waste materials, rubbish, and windblown debris, resulting from construction operations.
- B. Provide onsite containers for the collection of waste materials, debris and rubbish. All waste materials including containers, food debris and other miscellaneous materials must be disposed of daily in onsite containers.
- C. Remove waste materials, debris and rubbish from the site periodically and dispose of at legal disposal areas away from the site.

3.2 FINAL CLEANING

- A. Requirements: At the completion of work and immediately prior to final inspection, clean the entire project as follows:
 - 1. Thoroughly clean, sweep, wash, and polish all work and equipment provided under the Contract, including finishes. Leave the structures

and site in a complete and finished condition to the satisfaction of the ENGINEER.

2. Direct all subcontractors to similarly perform, at the same time, an equivalent thorough cleaning of all work and equipment provided under their contracts.
 3. Remove all temporary structures and all debris, including dirt, sand, gravel, rubbish and waste material.
 4. Should the CONTRACTOR not remove rubbish or debris or not clean the buildings and site as specified above, FGUA reserves the right to have the cleaning done at the expense of the CONTRACTOR.
- B. Employ experienced workers, or professional cleaners, for final cleaning.
- C. Use only cleaning materials recommended by manufacturer of surface to be cleaned.
- D. In preparation for substantial completion or occupancy, conduct final inspection of sight-exposed interior and exterior surfaces, and of concealed spaces.
- E. Remove grease, dust, dirt, stains, labels, fingerprints, and other foreign materials from sight-exposed interior and exterior finished surfaces. Polish surfaces so designated to shine finish.
- F. Repair, patch, and touch up marred surfaces to specified finish, to match adjacent surfaces.
- G. Replace air-handling filters if units were operated during construction.
- H. Clean ducts, blowers, and coils, if air-handling units were operated without filters during construction.
- I. Vacuum clean all interior spaces, including inside cabinets.
- J. Handle materials in a controlled manner with as few handlings as possible. Do not drop or throw materials from heights.
- K. Schedule cleaning operations so that dust and other contaminants resulting from cleaning process will not fall on wet, newly-painted surfaces.
- L. Clean interior of all panel cabinets, pull boxes, and other equipment enclosures.

- M. Wash and wipe clean all lighting fixtures, lamps, and other electrical equipment which may have become soiled during installation.
- N. Perform touch-up painting.
- O. Broom clean exterior paved surfaces; rake clean other surfaces of the grounds.
- P. Remove erection plant, tools, temporary structures and other materials.
- Q. Remove and dispose of all water, dirt, rubbish or any other foreign substances.

3.3 FINAL INSPECTION

- A. After cleaning is complete the final inspection may be scheduled. The inspection will be done with FGUA and ENGINEER.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01720

CONTRACT CLOSE OUT

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Warranties and Bonds
- B. Record Drawings
- C. Special Tools

1.2 WARRANTIES AND BONDS

Prior to final payment deliver to FGUA the original and one copy of all bonds, warranties, guarantees and similar documents, including those customarily provided by manufacturers and suppliers which cover a period greater than the one year correction period. Show OWNER as beneficiary of these documents.

1.3 RECORD DRAWINGS

At the site keep and maintain one record copy of all Contract Documents, reference documents and all technical documents submitted in good order. As the work progresses the Engineer or his designated representative shall record on one set of reproducible drawings all changes and deviations from the original Plans. He shall record the exact location of all changes in vertical and horizontal alignment by offsets and ties at each; sewer, water, electric, gas, communication and other services by off- set distance to permanent improvements such as building and curbs.

Prior to acceptance of the project and before final payment is made, the Engineer shall submit one (1) set of reproducible drawings, two (2) sets of blue-line or blackline prints, all marked "Drawings of Record". These Record Drawings must be certified by the Florida Registered Professional Engineer, who prepared the plans and signs and seals these plan, and submits AutoCAD compatible diskette copy of the drawings, and other applicable related records to FGUA.

These Record Drawings must be certified by the Florida Registered Professional Engineer, who prepared the plans and signs and seals these plans. The Record Drawings shall include vertical and horizontal alignment of all water, sewer, and effluent reuse lines, valves, tees, bends, reducers, hydrants, pump stations, service connections, meter boxes and/or pads, and other pertinent structures. Pipeline runs in excess of 152.4m, (500'), without fittings shall include vertical alignment information at 152.4m, (500') intervals. Said alignment

shall be tied to permanent improvements, such as roadway and/or railroad centerlines and rights-of-way, building and property corners, and shall be certified by a Professional Land Surveyor, licensed in the State of Florida. The Professional Land Surveyor can coordinate with the Contractor to install the necessary appurtenances on buried utilities to facilitate the survey after construction is completed. In addition, property strap numbers and street names shall be shown on the plan.

On a case by case basis, FGUA may waive the requirement for certification by a Professional Land Surveyor, licensed in the State of Florida. However, prior consent must first be obtained from FGUA. FGUA shall withhold final acceptance of the project until the requirement for record drawings and related records has been met. Record Drawings without detailed field verified horizontal and vertical locations of all facilities shown will be rejected.

1.4 SPECIAL TOOLS

Special tools are considered to be those tools which, because of their limited use, are not normally available but which are necessary for maintenance of particular equipment.

For each type of equipment provided under this CONTRACT, furnish a complete set of all special tools including grease guns and other lubricating devices, which may be needed for the adjustment, operation, maintenance, and disassembly of such equipment. Furnish only tools of high grade, smooth forged alloy tool steel. Manufacture grease guns of the lever type.

Furnish and erect one or more neat and substantial steel wall cases or cabinets with flat key locks and clips or hooks to hold each special tool in a convenient arrangement.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01730
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Description
- B. Quality Assurance
- C. Submittals
- D. Format and Contents

1.2 DESCRIPTION

- A. Scope: Furnish to the ENGINEER 2 copies of an Operation and Maintenance Manual for all equipment furnished and installed (valves, ARVs).

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Reference Codes and Specifications: No current government or commercial specifications or documents apply.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Prior to the Work Reaching 50 Percent Completion, submit to the ENGINEER for approval two copies of the manual with all specified material. Submit the approval copies with the partial payment request for the specified completion. Within 30 days after the ENGINEER's approval of the two-copy submittal.. Provide space in the manual for additional material. Submit any missing material for the manual prior to requesting certification of substantial completion.

1.5 FORMAT AND CONTENTS

- A. Prepare and arrange each copy of the manual as follows:
 - 1. One copy of an equipment data summary (see sample form) for each item of equipment. (Examples: Valves, Air Release Valves, etc.)
 - 2. One copy of an equipment preventive maintenance data summary (see sample form) for each item of equipment.

3. One copy of the manufacturer's operating and maintenance instructions. Operating instructions include installation, normal operation, emergency operation and troubleshooting. Maintenance instructions include equipment installation, calibration and adjustment, preventive and repair maintenance, lubrication, troubleshooting, parts list and recommended spare parts.
 4. One valve schedule giving valve number, location, fluid, and fluid destination for each valve installed. Group all valves in same piping systems together in the schedule. Obtain a sample of the valve numbering system from the ENGINEER.
 5. Furnish all O&M Manual material on 8-1/2 by 11 commercially printed or typed forms or an acceptable alternative format.
- B. Organize each manual into sections paralleling the equipment specifications. Identify each section using heavy section dividers with reinforced holes and numbered plastic index tabs. Use 3-ring, hard-back binders Type No. VS11 as manufactured by K&M Company, Torrence, CA, or equal. Punch all loose data for binding. Arrange composition and printing so that punching does not obliterate any data. Print on the cover and binding edge of each manual the project title, and manual title, as furnished and approved by the ENGINEER.
- C. Leave all operating and maintenance material that comes bound by the equipment manufacturer in its original bound state. Cross-reference the appropriate sections of the CONTRACTOR's O&M manual to the manufacturers' bound manuals.
- D. Label binders Volume 1, 2, and so on, where more than one binder is required. Include the table of contents for the entire set, identified by volume number, in each binder.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

END OF SECTION

FGUA

Equipment Data Summary

Equipment Name: Specification Reference:

Manufacturer:

Name:

Address:

Telephone:

Number Supplied: Location/Service:

Model No: Serial No:

Type:

Size/Speed/Capacity/Range (as applicable):

Power Requirement (Phase/Volts/Hertz):

Local Representative:

Name:

Address:

Telephone:

NOTES:

FGUA

Preventive Maintenance Summary

Equipment Name:

Location:

Manufacturer:

Name:

Address:

Telephone:

Model No:

Serial No:

Maintenance
Task

Lubricant/Part

D W M Q SA A

O&M Manual
Reference

NOTES:

*D-Daily W-Weekly M-Monthly Q-Quarterly SA-Semi-Annual A-Annual

SECTION 01740

WARRANTIES AND BONDS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. Compile specified warranties and bonds, as in Articles 6 and 13 of the General Conditions.
- B. Co-execute submittals when so specified.
- C. Review submittals to verify compliance with Contract Documents.
- D. Submit to the ENGINEER for review and transmittal to OWNER.

1.2 SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Assemble warranties, bonds and service and maintenance contracts, executed by each of the respective manufacturers, suppliers, and subcontractors.
- B. Two original signed copies are required.
- C. Table of Contents. Neatly typed in orderly sequence. Provide complete information for each items.
 - 1. Product or work item.
 - 2. Firm, with name of principal, address and telephone number.
 - 3. Scope.
 - 4. Date of beginning warranty, bond or service and maintenance contract.
 - 5. Duration of warranty, bond or service maintenance contract.
 - 6. Provide information for FGUA's personnel:
 - a. Proper procedure in case of failure.
 - b. Instances which might affect the validity of warranty or bond.
 - 7. CONTRACTOR, name of responsible principal, address and telephone number.

1.3 FORM OF SUBMITTALS

- A. Prepare in duplicate packets.
- B. Format:
 - 1. Size 8-1/2" x 11", punch sheets for standard 3-post binder.

- a. Fold larger sheets to fit into binders.
 - 2. Cover: Identify each packet with typed or printed title "WARRANTIES AND BONDS" list:
 - a. Title of Project
 - b. Name of CONTRACTOR
 - C. Binders: Commercial quality, three-post binder, with durable and cleanable plastic covers and maximum post width of 2 inches.
- 1.4 WARRANTY SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS
- A. For all major pieces of equipment, submit a warranty from the equipment manufacturer. The manufacturer's warranty period shall be concurrent with the CONTRACTOR's for one (1) year, unless otherwise specified, commencing at the time of substantial completion.
 - B. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for obtaining certificates for equipment warranty for all major equipment (Valves, Air Release Valves, etc.) specified under Division 2, 3, 9 or 15 or which lists for more than \$1,000. The ENGINEER reserves the right to request warranties for equipment not classified as major. The CONTRACTOR shall still warrant equipment not considered to be "major" in the CONTRACTOR's one-year warranty period even though certificates of warranty may not be required.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

NOT USED

END OF SECTION

DIVISION 2 – SITE WORK

SECTION 02050

DEMOLITION

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: All work necessary for the removal and disposal of buildings, structures, foundations, piping, equipment and roadways, or any part thereof including masonry, steel, reinforced concrete, plain concrete, electrical facilities, and any other material or equipment shown or specified to be removed.
- B. Basic Procedures and Schedule: Carry out demolition so that adjacent structures, which are to remain, are not endangered. Schedule the work so as not to interfere with the day to day operation of the existing facilities. Do not block doorways or passageways in existing facilities.
- C. Additional Requirements: Provide dust control and make provisions for safety.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.
- B. Site Inspection: Visit the site and inspect all existing structures. Observe and record any defects which may exist in buildings or structures adjacent to but not directly affected by the demolition work. Provide FGUA with a copy of this inspection record and obtain the (ENGINEER's) (FGUA's) approval prior to commencing the demolition.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Limits: Exercise care to break concrete well for removal in reasonably small masses. Where only parts of a structure are to be removed, cut the concrete along limiting lines with a suitable saw so that damage to the remaining structure is held to a minimum.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 PROTECTION

- A. General Safety: Provide warning signs, protective barriers, and warning lights as necessary adjacent to the work as approved or required. Maintain these items during the demolition period.
- B. Existing Services: Undertake no demolition work until all mechanical and electrical services affected by the work have been properly disconnected. Cap, reroute or reconnect interconnecting piping or electrical services that are to remain in service either permanently or temporarily in a manner that will not interfere with the operation of the remaining facilities.
- C. Hazards: Perform testing and air purging where the presence of hazardous chemicals, gases, flammable materials or other dangerous substances is apparent or suspected, and eliminate the hazard before demolition is started.

3.2 DEMOLITION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Explosives: The use of explosives will not be permitted.
- B. Protection: Carefully protect all mechanical and electrical equipment against dust and debris.
- C. Removal: Remove all debris from the structures during demolition and do not allow debris to accumulate in piles.
- D. Access: Provide safe access to and egress from all working areas at all times with adequate protection from falling material.
- E. Protection: Provide adequate scaffolding, shoring, bracing railings, toe boards and protective covering during demolition to protect personnel and equipment against injury or damage. Cover floor openings not used for material drops with material substantial enough to support any loads placed on it. Properly secure the covers to prevent accidental movement.
- F. Lighting: Provide adequate lighting at all times during demolition.
- G. Closed Areas: Close areas below demolition work to anyone while removal is in progress.

- H. Material Drops: Do not drop any material to any point lying outside the exterior walls of the structure unless the area is effectively protected.

3.3 DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS

- A. Final Removal: Remove all debris, rubbish, scrap pieces, equipment, and materials resulting from the demolition unless otherwise indicated. Take title to all demolished materials and remove such items from the site.
- B. OWNER's Property: In addition to any items which may be shown, the following items remain the property of FGUA. Remove carefully, without damage, all items listed or shown, and stockpile as directed.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02110

SITE CLEARING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Requirements for clearing of all areas within the Contract limits and other areas shown, including work designated in permits and other agreements, in accordance with the requirements of Division 1.
- B. Related Work Specified in Other Sections Includes:
 - 1. Section 02050 - Demolition
 - 2. Section 02222 - Excavation - Earth and Rock
 - 3. Section 02223 - Backfilling
 - 4. Section 02400 – Lawn Restoration

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Clearing: Clearing is the removal from the ground surface and disposal, within the designated areas, of trees, brush, shrubs, down timber, decayed wood, other vegetation, rubbish and debris as well as the removal of fences.
- B. Grubbing: Grubbing is the removal and disposal of all stumps, buried logs, roots larger than 1-1/2 inches, matted roots and organic materials.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 TREE REMOVAL

- A. Tree Removal Within Property Limits: Remove trees and shrubs within the limits of the right-of-way unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Remove trees and shrubs to avoid damage to trees and shrubs designated to remain.

2. Grub and remove tree stumps and shrubs felled within the right-of-way to an authorized disposal site. Fill depressions created by such removal with material suitable for backfill as specified in Section 02223.
- B. Tree Removal Outside Property Limits: Do not cut or damage trees outside the right-of-way unless shown to be removed or unless written permission has been obtained from the property owner. Furnish three copies of the written permission before removal operations commence.
- C. If the land owner desires the timber or small trees, the CONTRACTOR shall cut and neatly pile it in 4 ft. lengths for removal by FGUA; otherwise, the CONTRACTOR shall dispose of it by hauling it away from the project site.

3.2 TREES AND SHRUBS TO BE SAVED

- A. Protection: Protect trees and shrubs within the (construction site) (right-of-way) (construction strip) that are so delineated or are marked in the field to be saved from defacement, injury and destruction.
 1. Work within the limits of the tree drip line with extreme care using either hand tools or equipment that will not cause damage to trees.
 - a. Do not disturb or cut roots unnecessarily. Do not cut roots 1-1/2 inches and larger unless approved.
 - b. Immediately backfill around tree roots after completion of construction in the vicinity of trees.
 - c. Do not operate any wheeled or tracked equipment within drip line.
 2. Protect vegetation from damage caused by emissions from engine-powered equipment.
 3. During working operations, protect the trunk, foliage and root system of all trees to be saved with boards or other guards placed as shown and as required to prevent damage, injury and defacement.
 - a. Do not pile excavated materials within the drip line or adjacent to the trunk of trees.
 - b. Do not allow runoff to accumulate around trunk of trees.
 - c. Do not fasten or attach ropes, cables, or guy wires to trees without permission. When such permission is granted, protect the tree before making fastening or attachments by providing burlap wrapping and softwood cleats.
 - d. The use of axes or climbing spurs for trimming will not be permitted.

- e. Provide climbing ropes during trimming.
- 4. Remove shrubs to be saved, taking a sufficient earth ball with the roots to maintain the shrub.
 - a. Temporarily replant if required, and replace at the completion of construction in a condition equaling that which existed prior to removal.
 - b. Replace in kind if the transplant fails.
- 5. Have any tree and shrub repair performed by a tree surgeon properly licensed by the State of Florida and within 24 hours after damage occurred.

3.3 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

- A. Clearing: Clear all items specified to the limits shown and remove cleared and grubbed materials from the site.
 - 1. Do not start earthwork operations in areas where clearing and grubbing is not complete, except that stumps and large roots may be removed concurrent with excavation.
 - 2. Comply with erosion, sediment control and storm management measures as specified in Division 1.
- B. Grubbing: Clear and grub areas to be excavated, areas receiving less than 3 feet of fill and areas upon which structures are to be constructed.
 - 1. Remove stumps and root mats in these areas to a depth of not less than 18 inches below the subgrade of sloped surfaces.
 - 2. Fill all depressions made by the removal of stumps or roots with material suitable for backfill as specified in Section 02223.
- C. Limited Clearing: Clear areas receiving more than 3 feet of fill by cutting trees and shrubs as close as practical to the existing ground. Grubbing will not be required.
- D. Dispose of all material and debris from the clearing and grubbing operation by hauling such material and debris away to an approved dump. The cost of disposal (including hauling) of cleared and grubbed material and debris shall be considered a subsidiary obligation of the Contractor; the cost of which shall be included in the prices bid for the various classes of work.

3.4 TOPSOIL

- A. Stripping: Strip existing topsoil from areas that will be excavated or graded prior to commencement of excavating or grading and place in well-drained

stockpiles in approved locations.

3.5 PRESERVATION OF DEVELOPED PRIVATE PROPERTY

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall exercise extreme care to avoid unnecessary disturbance of developed private property along the route of the construction. Trees, shrubbery, gardens, lawns, and other landscaping, which in the opinion of the ENGINEER must be removed, shall be replaced and replanted to restore the construction easement to the condition existing prior to construction.
- B. All soil preservation procedures and replanting operations shall be under the supervision of a nursery representative experienced in such operations.
- C. Improvements to the land such as fences, walls, outbuildings, and other structures which of necessity must be removed, shall be replaced with equal quality materials and workmanship.
- D. Clean up the construction site across developed private property directly after construction is completed upon approval of the ENGINEER.
- E. Any commercial signs, disturbed or removed, shall be restored to their original condition within 24 hours.

3.6 PRESERVATION OF PUBLIC PROPERTY

- A. The appropriate paragraphs of Articles 3.5 and 3.6 of these Specifications shall apply to the preservation and restoration of public lands, parks, rights-of-way, easements, and all other damaged areas.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02151

SHORING, SHEETING AND BRACING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Work required for protection of an excavation or structure through shoring, sheeting, and bracing.
- B. Related Work Specified In Other Sections Includes:
 - 1. Section 02222 - Excavation - Earth and Rock
 - 2. Section 02223 - Backfilling

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.
- B. CONTRACTOR's Submittals: All sheeting and bracing shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR to retain qualified design services for these systems, and to be completed with strict adherence to OSHA Regulations. Submit complete design calculations and working drawings of proposed shoring, sheeting and bracing which have been prepared, signed and sealed by a Licensed Professional Engineer experienced in Structural Engineering and registered in the State of Florida, before starting excavation for jacking pits and structures. Use the soil pressure diagram shown for shoring, sheeting and bracing design. ENGINEER's review of calculations and working drawings will be limited to confirming that the design was prepared by a licensed professional engineer and that the soil pressure diagram shown was used.

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. Design: Comply with all Federal and State laws and regulations applying to the design and construction of shoring, sheeting and bracing.
- B. N.B.S. Building Science Series 127 "Recommended Technical Provisions for Construction Practice in Shoring and Sloping Trenches and Excavations.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Do work in accordance with the U.S. Department of Labor Safety and Health Regulations for construction promulgated under the Occupational Safety Act of 1970 (PL 91-596) and under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (PL 91-54), and the Florida

Trench Safety Act. The CONTRACTOR shall also observe 29 CFR 1910.46 OSHA's regulation for Confined Space Entry.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS AND MATERIALS

- A. Acceptable manufacturers are listed below. Other manufacturers of equivalent products may be submitted.
- B. Material Recommendations: Use manufacturers and materials for shoring, sheeting and bracing as recommended by the Licensed Professional Engineer who designed the shoring, sheeting, and bracing.
 - 1. Wood Materials: Oak, or treated fir or pine for wood lagging.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 SHORING, SHEETING AND BRACING INSTALLATION

- A. General: Provide safe working conditions, to prevent shifting of material, to prevent damage to structures or other work, to avoid delay to the work, all in accordance with applicable safety and health regulations. Properly shore, sheet, and brace all excavations which are not cut back to the proper slope and where shown. Meet the general trenching requirements of the applicable safety and health regulations for the minimum shoring, sheeting and bracing for trench excavations.
 - 1. CONTRACTOR's Responsibility: Sole responsibility for the design, methods of installation, and adequacy of the shoring, sheeting and bracing.
- B. Arrange shoring, sheeting and bracing so as not to place any strain on portions of completed work until the general construction has proceeded far enough to provide ample strength.
- C. If ENGINEER is of the opinion that at any point the shoring, sheeting or bracing are inadequate or unsuited for the purpose, resubmission of design calculations and working drawings for that point may be ordered, taking into consideration the observed field conditions. If the new calculations show the need for additional shoring, sheeting and bracing, it should be installed immediately.
- D. Monitoring: Periodically monitor horizontal and vertical deflections of sheeting. Submit these measurements for review.
- E. Accurately locate all underground utilities and take the required measures

necessary to protect them from damage. All underground utilities shall be kept in service at all times as specified in Division 1.

- F. Driven Sheet piling: Drive tight sheet piling in that portion of any excavation in paved or surface streets City collector and arterial streets and in State and County highways below the intersection of a one-on-one slope line from the nearest face of the excavation to the edge of the existing pavement or surface.
- G. Sheet piling Depth: In general drive or place sheet piling for pipelines to a depth at elevation equal to the top of the pipe as approved.
 - 1. If it is necessary to drive sheet piling below that elevation in order to obtain a dry trench or satisfactory working conditions, cut the sheet piling off at the top of the pipe and leave in place sheet piling below the top of the pipe.
 - 2. Cut off sheet piling not designated as "Sheet piling Left in Place". The cut ends of sheet piling left adjacent to the pipe will be paid for as "Sheet piling Left in Place".
 - 3. Do not cut the sheet piling until backfill has been placed and compacted to the top of the pipe.
- H. Sheet piling Removal: In general, remove sheet piling and bracing above the top of the pipe as the excavation is refilled in a manner to avoid the caving in of the bank or disturbance to adjacent areas or structures. Sheet piling shall be removed as backfilling progresses so that the sides are always supported or when removal would not endanger the construction of adjacent structures. When required to eliminate excessive trench width or other damages, shoring or bracing shall be left in place and the top cut off at an elevation 2.5 feet below finished grade, unless otherwise directed.
 - 1. Carefully fill voids left by the withdrawal of the sheet piling by jetting, ramming or otherwise.
 - 2. No separate payment will be made for filling of such voids.
- I. Permission for Removal: Obtain permission before the removal of any shoring, sheet piling or bracing. Retain the responsibility for injury to structures or to other property or persons from failure to leave such shoring, sheet piling and bracing in place even though permission for removal has been obtained.
- J. Preload internal braces to 50 percent of the design loads.
- K. Proof test tie backs to 133 percent of the design loads and lock off tie backs at 75 percent of the design loads.

3.2 SHEETING LEFT IN PLACE FOR PROTECTION

- A. Ordered Left in Place: In addition to sheeting specified or shown to be left in place, the ENGINEER may order, in writing, any or all other shoring, sheeting or bracing to be left in place for the purpose of preventing injury to the structures, pipelines or to other property or to persons.
 - 1. Cutoff sheeting left in place at the elevation shown or ordered, but, in general, at least 2.5 feet below the final ground surface.
 - 2. Drive up tight any bracing remaining in place.
- B. Right to Order: Do not construe the right to order shoring, sheeting and bracing left in place as creating any obligation to issue such orders.
- C. Payment: Shoring, sheeting and bracing left in place, by written order, will be paid for under the appropriate Contract Items or where no such items exist, as changes in the work.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02222

EXCAVATION - EARTH AND ROCK

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Requirements for performing opencut excavations to the widths and depths necessary for constructing structures, pipelines and conduits including excavation of any material necessary for any purpose pertinent to the construction of the Work.
- B. Related Work Specified In Other Sections Includes:
 - 1. Section 02110 - Site Clearing
 - 2. Section 02151 - Shoring, Sheet piling and Bracing
 - 3. Section 02223 - Backfilling
 - 4. Section 03311 – Concrete for Non-Plant Work
 - 5. Section 03410 – Precast Concrete Structures

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Earth: "Earth" includes all materials which, in the opinion of the ENGINEER, do not require blasting, barring, wedging or special impact tools for their removal from their original beds, and removal of which can be completed using standard excavating equipment. Specifically excluded are all ledge and bedrock and boulders or pieces of masonry larger than one cubic yard in volume.
- B. Rock: "Rock" includes all materials which, in the opinion of the ENGINEER, require blasting, barring, wedging and/or special impact tools such as jack hammers, sledges, chisels, or similar devices specifically designed for use in cutting or breaking rock for removal from their original beds and which have compressive strengths in their natural undisturbed state in excess of 300 psi. Boulders or masonry larger than one cubic yard in volume are classed as rock excavation.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.
- B. Dewatering Excavation Plan: Develop an excavation dewatering plan that considers site ground and groundwater conditions, the type and arrangement of the equipment to be used and the proper method of groundwater disposal. Prepare the dewatering plan before beginning excavations below

groundwater. Maintain one copy of the dewatering plan at the project site to be available for inspection while all dewatering operations are underway.

1.4 SITE CONDITIONS

- A. Actual Conditions: Make any geotechnical investigations deemed necessary to determine actual site conditions.
- B. Underground Utilities: Locate and identify all existing underground utilities prior to the commencement of Work.
- C. Quality and Quantity: Make any other investigations and determinations necessary to determine the quality and quantities of earth and rock and the methods to be used to excavate these materials.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. Clearing: Clear open cut excavation sites of obstructions preparatory to excavation. Clearing in accordance with Section 02110, includes removal and disposal of vegetation, trees, stumps, roots and bushes, except those specified to be protected during trench excavation.
- B. Banks: Shore or slope banks to the angle of repose to prevent slides or cave-ins in accordance with Section 02151.
- C. Safety: Whenever an excavation site or trench is left unattended by the CONTRACTOR or when an area is not within 100 feet of observation by the CONTRACTOR, the excavation site or trench shall be filled and/or, at the OWNER's discretion, protected by other means to prevent accidental or unauthorized entry. Such protection shall include barricades and other protection devices requested by the ENGINEER or OWNER, including temporary fencing, snow fencing, or temporary "structure" tape. Such safety items shall not relieve the CONTRACTOR of any site safety requirements or liabilities established by Federal, State and local laws and agencies, including OSHA, but is intended as additional safety measures to protect the general public.
- D. Hazardous Materials: If encountered, take care of hazardous materials not specifically shown or noted in accordance with Section 01500.

- E. During excavation and any site work, storm water pollution prevention measures shall be taken to ensure that water quality criteria are not violated in the receiving water body and all state and local regulatory requirements are met.

3.2 STRUCTURE EXCAVATION

- A. Excavation Size: Provide excavations of sufficient size and only of sufficient size to permit the Work to be economically and properly constructed in the manner and of the size specified.
- B. Excavation Shape: Shape and dimension the bottom of the excavation in earth or rock to the shape and dimensions of the underside of the structure or drainage blanket wherever the nature of the excavated material permits.
- C. Compaction: Before placing foundation slabs, footings or backfill, proof roll the bottom of the excavations to detect soft spots.
 - 1. For accessible areas, proof roll with a ten wheel tandem axle dump truck loaded to at least 15 tons or similarly loaded construction equipment.
 - 2. For small areas, proof roll with a smooth-faced steel roller filled with water or sand, or compact with a mechanical tamper.
 - 3. Make one complete coverage, with overlap, of the area.
 - 4. Overexcavate soft zones and replace with compacted select fill in accordance with Part 3, Section 3.9.

3.3 TRENCH EXCAVATION

- A. Preparation: Properly brace and protect trees, shrubs, poles and other structures which are to be preserved. Unless shown or specified otherwise, preserve all trees and large shrubs. Hold damage to the root structure to a minimum. Small shrubs may be preserved or replaced with equivalent specimens.
- B. Adequate Space: Keep the width of trenches to a minimum, however provide adequate space for workers to place, joint and backfill the pipe properly.
 - 1. The minimum width of the trench shall be equal to the outside diameter of the pipe at the joint plus 8-inches for unsheeted trench or 12 inches for sheeted trench.

The maximum width of trench, measured at the top of the pipe, shall not exceed the outside pipe diameter plus 2 feet, unless otherwise shown on the drawing details or approved by the ENGINEER. Trench walls shall be maintained vertical from the bottom of the trench to a line measured

one foot above the top of the pipe. From one foot above the top of the pipe to the surface the trench walls shall conform with OSHA Regulations.

2. In sheeted trenches, measure the clear width of the trench at the level of the top of the pipe to the inside of the sheeting.
3. Should the maximum trench widths specified above be exceeded without written approval, provide concrete cradle or encasement for the pipe as directed. No separate payment will be made for such concrete cradle or encasement.

C. Depth:

1. Excavate trenches to a minimum depth of 8 inches below the bottom of the pipe or the bottom of encasement for electrical ducts, unless otherwise shown, specified or directed, so that bedding material can be placed in the bottom of the trench and shaped to provide a continuous, firm bearing for duct encasement, pipe barrels and bells.
2. Standard trench grade shall be defined as the bottom surface of the utility to be constructed or placed within the trench. Trench grade for utilities in rock or other non-cushioning material shall be defined as additional undercuts backfilled with #57 stone compacted in 6-inch lifts, below the standard 8-inches minimum trench undercut. Excavation below trench grade that is not ordered in writing by the ENGINEER shall be backfilled to trench grade and compacted.

D. Unstable or Unsuitable Materials: If unstable or unsuitable material is exposed at the level of the bottom of the trench excavation, excavate the material in accordance with the subsection headed "Authorized Additional Excavation".

1. Material shall be removed for the full width of the trench and to the depth required to reach suitable foundation material.
2. When in the judgment of the ENGINEER the unstable or unsuitable material extends to an excessive depth, the ENGINEER may advise, in writing, the need for stabilization of the trench bottom with additional select fill material, crushed stone, washed shell, gravel mat or the need to provide firm support for the pipe or electrical duct by other suitable methods.
3. Crushed stone, washed shell and gravel shall be as specified in Section 02223.
4. Payment for such trench stabilization will be made under the appropriate Contract Items or where no such items exist, as a change in the Work.

- E. Length of Excavation: Keep the open excavated trench preceding the pipe or electrical duct laying operation and the unfilled trench, with pipe or duct in place, to a minimum length which causes the least disturbance. Provide ladders for a means of exit from the trench as required by applicable safety and health regulations.
- F. Excavated Material: Excavated material to be used for backfill shall be neatly deposited at the sides of the trenches where space is available. Where stockpiling of excavated material is required, the Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining the sites to be used and shall maintain his operations to provide for natural drainage and not present an unsightly appearance.
- G. Water: Allow no water to rise in the trench excavation until sufficient backfill has been placed to prevent pipe or duct flotation.

3.4 SHORT TUNNEL EXCAVATION

- A. Short Tunnel Requirements: In some instances, trees, shrubs, utilities, sidewalks and other obstructions may be encountered, the proximity of which may be a hindrance to open cut trench excavation. In such cases, excavate by means of short tunnels in order to protect such obstructions against damage.
 - 1. Construct the short tunnel by hand, auger or other approved method approximately 6 inches larger than the diameter of pipe bells or outer electrical duct encasement.
 - 2. Consider such short tunnel work incidental to the construction of pipelines or conduits and all appurtenances. The need for short tunnels will not be grounds for additional payment.

3.5 EXCAVATION FOR JACKING AND AUGERING

- A. Jacking and Augering Requirements: Allow adequate length in jacking pits to provide room for the jacking frame, the jacking head, the reaction blocks, the jacks, auger rig, and the jacking pipe. Provide sufficient pit width to allow ample working space on each side of the jacking frame. Allow sufficient pit depth such that the invert of the pipe, when placed on the guide frame, will be at the elevation desired for the completed line. Tightly sheet the pit and keep it dry at all times.

3.6 ROCK EXCAVATION

- A. Rock Excavation: Excavate rock within the boundary lines and grades as shown, specified or required.
 - 1. Rock removed from the excavation becomes the property of the CONTRACTOR. Transport and dispose of excavated rock at an off site disposal location. Obtain the off site disposal location.

2. Remove all shattered rock and loose pieces.
- B. Structure Depths: For cast-in-place structures, excavate the rock only to the bottom of the structure, foundation slab, or drainage blanket.
- C. Trench Width: Maintain a minimum clear width of the trench at the level of the top of the pipe of the outside diameter of the pipe barrel plus 4 feet, unless otherwise approved.
- D. Trench Depth: For trench excavation in which pipelines or electrical ducts are to be placed, excavate the rock to a minimum depth of 8 inches below the bottom of the pipe or duct encasement. Provide a cushion of sand or suitable crushed rock. Refill the excavated space with pipe bedding material in accordance with Section 02223. Include placing, compacting and shaping pipe bedding material in the appropriate Contract Items.
- E. Manhole Depths: For manhole excavation, excavate the rock to a minimum depth of 8 inches below the bottom of the manhole base for pipelines 24 inches in diameter and larger and 6 inches below the bottom manhole base for pipelines less than 24 inches in diameter. Refill the excavated space with pipe bedding material in accordance with Section 02223. Include placing, compacting and shaping pipe bedding material for manhole bases in the appropriate Contract Items.
- F. Over-excavated Space: Refill the excavated space in rock below structures, pipelines, conduits and manholes, which exceeds the specified depths with 2,500 psi concrete, crushed stone, washed shell, or other material as directed. Include refilling of over-excavated space in rock as part of the rock excavation.
- G. Other Requirements: Follow, where applicable, the requirements of the subsections on "Trench Excavation" and "Structure Excavation".
- H. Payment: Rock excavation, including placing, compacting and shaping of the select fill material, will be paid for under the appropriate Contract Items or where no such items exist, as a change in the Work.
- I. Blasting: Perform authorized blasting by authorized and qualified workers as approved as to the number, length, placing and direction, and loading of holes. Do not use charges which will make the excavation unduly large or irregular, nor shatter the rock upon or against which masonry is to be built, nor injure masonry or existing structures at the site or in the vicinity.
 1. Cover each blast with a woven wire cable mat weighted with heavy timbers. Blasting will not be permitted within 25 feet of existing or of the completed pipeline or structure. Control blasts in tunnels so that the material surrounding the tunnel base proper is not loosened or displaced.

2. Discontinue blasting whenever it is determined that further blasting may injure or damage adjacent rock, masonry, utility lines, or other structures. In such cases, excavate the remaining rock by barring, wedging, or other approved methods.
3. Where sewers, gas, water, steam, or other utility ducts or lines, catch basin connections, or other structures have been exposed during excavation, adequately protect such structures from damage before proceeding with the blasting. Promptly repair any structure damaged by blasting at no addition to the Contract Price.
4. Take due precautions to prevent accidental discharge of electric blasting caps from current induced by radar, radio transmitters, lightning, adjacent powerlines, dust storms or other sources of extraneous electricity.
5. Keep a sufficient quantity of explosives on hand to avoid delay to the Work on the site when rock excavation is in progress. At no time keep a quantity in excess of that which will be required for use within the following 12 hours.
6. Store, handle and use such explosives in conformity with all laws, ordinances, and regulations of the County or governing body governing the storage and use of explosives at the construction site.
7. Provide a magazine keeper to keep accurate daily records and account for each piece of explosive, detonator and equipment from time of delivery at the magazine until used or removed from the site. Abandon no explosives or blasting agents.
8. Take sole responsibility for the methods of handling, use, and storage of explosives and any damage to persons or property resulting therefrom. Approval of these methods or failure to order that blasting be discontinued does not relieve the CONTRACTOR of any of this responsibility.

3.7 FINISHED EXCAVATION

- A. Finish: Provide a reasonably smooth finished surface for all excavations, which is uniformly compacted and free from irregular surface changes.
- B. Finish Methods: Provide a degree of finish which is ordinarily obtainable from blade- grade operations, except as otherwise specified in Section 02223.

3.8 PROTECTION

- A. Traffic and Erosion: Protect newly graded areas from traffic and from erosion.
- B. Repair: Repair any settlement or washing away that may occur from any cause, prior to acceptance. Re-establish grades to the required elevations and slopes.

- C. It shall be the CONTRACTOR's responsibility to acquaint himself with all existing conditions and to locate all structures and utilities along the proposed utility alignment in order to avoid conflicts. Where actual conflicts are unavoidable, work shall be coordinated with the facility owner and performed so as to cause as little interference as possible with the service rendered by the facility disturbed. Facilities or structures damaged in the prosecution of the work shall be repaired and/or replaced immediately, in conformance with current standard practices of the industry, or according to the direction of the owner of such facility, at the CONTRACTOR's expense.
- D. Other Requirements: Conduct all Work in accordance with the environmental protection requirements specified in Division 1.

3.9 AUTHORIZED ADDITIONAL EXCAVATION

- A. Additional Excavation: Carry the excavation to such additional depth and width as authorized in writing, for the following reasons:
 - 1. In case the materials encountered at the elevations shown are not suitable.
 - 2. In case it is found desirable or necessary to go to an additional depth, or to an additional depth and width.
- B. Refill Materials: Refill such excavated space with either authorized 2500 psi concrete or compacted select fill material, in compliance with the applicable provisions of Section 02223.
- C. Compaction: Where necessary, compact fill materials to avoid future settlement. As a minimum, unless otherwise specified or directed, backfill layers shall not exceed 6- inches in thickness for the full trench width and compaction shall equal 95% of maximum density, or 98% if under paved area of roadway, as determined by using ASTM D 1557. Compaction density tests shall be made at all such backfill areas with spacing not to exceed 100 feet apart and on each 6-inch compacted layer.
- D. Payment: Additional earth excavations so authorized and concrete or select fill materials authorized for filling such additional excavation and compaction of select fill materials will be paid for under the appropriate Contract Items or where no such items exist, as a change in the Work.

3.10 UNAUTHORIZED EXCAVATION

- A. Stability: Refill any excavation carried beyond or below the lines and grades shown, except as specified in the subsection headed "Authorized Additional Excavation", with such material and in such manner as may be approved in order to provide for the stability of the various structures.

- B. Refill Materials: Refill spaces beneath all manholes, structures, pipelines, or conduits excavated without authority with 2500 psi concrete or compacted select fill material, as approved.
- C. Payment: Refill for unauthorized excavation will not be measured and no payment will be made therefor.

3.11 SEGREGATION STORAGE AND DISPOSAL OF MATERIAL

- A. Stockpiling Suitable Materials: Stockpile topsoil suitable for final grading and landscaping and excavated material suitable for backfilling or embankments separately on the site in approved locations.
- B. Stockpile Locations: Store excavated and other material a sufficient distance away from the edge of any excavation to prevent its falling or sliding back into the excavation and to prevent collapse of the wall of the excavation. Provide not less than 2 feet clear space between the top of any stockpile and other material and the edge of any excavation.
- C. Excess Materials: CONTRACTOR shall be responsible to transport and dispose of surplus excavated material and excavated material unsuitable for backfilling or embankments at an off site disposal location secured by the CONTRACTOR.

3.12 REMOVAL OF WATER

- A. Water Removal: At all times during the excavation period and until completion and acceptance of the WORK at final inspection, provide ample means and equipment with which to remove promptly and dispose of properly all water entering any excavation or other parts of the WORK.
- B. Dry Excavations: Keep the excavation dry.
- C. Water Contact: Allow no water to rise over or come in contact with masonry and concrete until the concrete and mortar have attained a set and, in any event, not sooner than 12 hours after placing the masonry or concrete.
- D. Discharge of Water: Dispose of water pumped or drained from the Work in a safe and suitable manner without damage to adjacent property or streets or to other work under construction.
- E. Protection: Provide adequate protection for water discharged onto streets. Protect the street surface at the point of discharge.
- F. Sanitary Sewers: Discharge no water into sanitary sewers.
- G. Storm Sewers: Discharge no water containing settleable solids into storm sewers.

H. Repair: Promptly repair any and all damage caused by dewatering the Work.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02223

BACKFILLING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. General Requirements: Backfill all excavation to the original surface of the ground or to such other grades as may be shown or required. For areas to be covered by topsoil, leave or stop backfill (12) inches below the finished grade or as shown. Obtain approval for the time elapsing before backfilling against masonry structures. Remove from all backfill, any compressible, putrescible, or destructible rubbish and refuse and all lumber and braces from the excavated space before backfilling is started. Leave sheeting and bracing in place or remove as the work progresses.
- B. Equipment Limitations: Do not permit construction equipment used to backfill to travel against and over cast-in-place concrete structures until the specified concrete strength has been obtained, as verified by concrete test cylinders. In special cases where conditions warrant, the above restriction may be modified providing the concrete has gained sufficient strength, as determined from test cylinders, to satisfy design requirements for the removal of forms and the application of load.
- C. Related Work Specified In Other Sections Includes:
 - 1. Section 02110 - Site Clearing
 - 2. Section 02222 – Excavation – Earth and Rock

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and standards referred to in this Section are:
 - 1. ASTM D 1557 - Standard Test Methods for Moisture-Density Relations of Soil and Soil-Aggregate Mixtures Using 10 lb Rammer and 18 in Drop

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 BACKFILL MATERIAL - GENERAL

- A. General: Backfill with sound materials, free from waste, organic matter, rubbish, boggy or other unsuitable materials.

- B. General Materials Requirements: Conform materials used for backfilling to the requirements specified. Follow common fill requirements whenever drainage or select fill is not specified. Determine and obtain the approval of the appropriate test method where more than one compaction test method is specified.
- C. Frozen Materials: Do not use frozen material for backfilling.

2.2 DRAINAGE FILL

- A. Materials for Drainage Fill: Use clean gravel, crushed stone, or other suitable material conforming to the gradation specified for drainage fill. Clay and fine particles are unacceptable in drainage fill. Provide drainage fill of a grade between the following limits:

| U.S. Standard Sieve | Percent Passing By Weight |
|------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1-1/2 inch | 100 |
| 1 inch | 95-100 |
| 1/2 inch | 45-65 |
| #4 | 5-15 |
| #16 | 0-4 |

2.3 SELECT FILL

- A. Materials for Select Fill: Use clean gravel, crushed stone, washed shell, or other granular or similar material as approved which can be readily and thoroughly compacted to 95 percent of the maximum dry density obtainable by ASTM D 1557.

1. Allowed Materials: Grade select fill between the following limits:

| U.S. Standard Sieve | Percent Passing By Weight |
|------------------------|------------------------------|
| 2 inch | 100 |
| 1-1/2 inch | 90-100 |
| 1 inch | 75-95 |
| 1/2 inch | 45-70 |
| #4 | 25-50 |
| #10 | 15-40 |
| #200 | 5-15 |

2. Unallowed Materials: Very fine sand, uniformly graded sands and gravels, sand and silt, soft earth, or other materials that have a tendency to flow

under pressure when wet are unacceptable as select fill.

2.4 COMMON FILL

- A. Materials for Common Fill: Material from on-site excavation may be used as common fill provided that it can be readily compacted to 90 percent of the maximum dry density obtainable by ASTM D 1557, and does not contain unsuitable material. Select fill may be used as common fill at no change in the Contract Price.
- B. Granular Materials On-Site: Granular on-site material, which is fairly well graded between the following limits may be used as granular common fill:

| U.S. Standard Sieve | Percent Passing by Weight |
|------------------------|------------------------------|
| 3 inch | 100 |
| #10 | 50-100 |
| #60 | 20-90 |
| #200 | 0-20 |

- C. Cohesive Materials On-Site: Cohesive site material may be used as common fill.
 - 1. The gradation requirements do not apply to cohesive common fill.
 - 2. Use material having a liquid limit less than or equal to 40 and a plasticity index less than or equal to 20.
- D. Material Approval: All material used as common fill is subject to approval. If there is insufficient on-site material, import whatever additional off-site material is required which conforms to the specifications and at no additional cost.

2.5 UTILITY PIPE BEDDING

- A. Class A (special utility bedding). Should special bedding be required due to depth of cover, impact loadings or other conditions, Class A bedding shall be installed, as shown in Section 9 of the FGUA's Operations Manual.
- B. Class B (minimum utility bedding). The bottom of the trench shall be shaped to provide a firm bedding for the utility pipe. The utility shall be firmly bedded in undisturbed firm soil or hand shaped unyielding material. The bedding shall be shaped so that the pipe will be in continuous contact therewith for its full length and shall provide a minimum bottom segment support for the pipe equal to 0.3 times the outside diameter of the barrel.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 ELECTRICAL DUCT AND PRECAST MANHOLE BEDDING

- A. Bedding Compaction: Bed all electrical ducts and precast manholes in well graded, compacted, select fill conforming to the requirements except as otherwise shown, specified, or required. Extend electrical duct bedding a minimum of 6 inches below the bottom of the duct encasement for the full trench width. Compact bedding thickness no less than 6 inches for precast concrete manhole bases.
- B. Concrete Work Mats: Cast cast-in-place manhole bases and other foundations for structures against a 2500 psi concrete work mat in clean and dry excavations, unless otherwise shown, specified or required.
- C. Bedding Placement: Place select fill used for bedding beneath electrical ducts and precast manhole bases, in uniform layers not greater than 9 inches in loose thickness. Thoroughly compact in place with suitable mechanical or pneumatic tools to not less than 95 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D 1557.
- D. Use of Select Fill: Bed existing underground structures, tunnels, conduits and pipes crossing the excavation with compacted select fill material. Place bedding material under and around each existing underground structure, tunnel, conduit or pipe and extend underneath and on each side to a distance equal to the depth of the trench below the structure, tunnel, conduit or pipe.

3.2 PIPE BEDDING AND INITIAL BACKFILL

- A. Hand Placement: Place select fill by hand for initial pipe backfill from top of bedding to 1 foot over top of pipes in uniform layers not greater than 6 inches in loose thickness. Tamp under pipe haunches and thoroughly compact in place the select fill with suitable mechanical or pneumatic tools to not less than 95 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D 1557.
- B. Stone Placement: Do not place large stone fragments in the pipe bedding or backfill to 1 foot over the top of pipes, nor nearer than 2 feet at any point from any pipe, conduit or concrete wall.
- C. Unallowed Materials: Pipe bedding containing very fine sand, uniformly graded sands and gravels, sand and silt, soft earth, or other materials that have a tendency to flow under pressure when wet is unacceptable.

3.3 BEDDING PLACEMENT AND BACKFILL FOR PIPE IN SHORT TUNNEL

- A. Bed pipelines or electrical ducts placed in short tunnels in select fill or 2500 psi concrete. Completely fill the remainder of the annular space between the outside of the pipe wall and the tunnel wall with select fill, suitable job-

excavated material, or 2500 psi concrete, as approved. Suitably support pipelines or ducts in short tunnels to permit placing of backfill suitably tamped in place.

3.4 TRENCH BACKFILL

- A. General: Backfill material shall be clean earth fill composed of sand, clay and sand, sand and stone, crushed stone, or an approved combination thereof. Backfilling shall be accomplished under two specified requirements: First Lift, from trench grade to a point 12 inches above the top of the utility, and, Second Lift, from the top of the First Lift to the ground surface. Where thrust blocks, encasements, or other below-grade concrete work have been installed, backfilling shall not proceed until the concrete has obtained sufficient strength to support the backfill load.
- B. First Lift: Fine material shall be carefully placed and tamped around the lower half of the utility. Backfilling shall be carefully continued in compacted and tested layers not exceeding 6 inches in thickness for the full trench width, until the fill is 12 inches above the top of the utility, using the best available material from the excavation, if approved. The material for these first layers of backfill shall be lowered to within 2 feet above the top of pipes before it is allowed to fall, unless the material is placed with approved devices that protect the pipes from impact. The "First Lift" shall be thoroughly compacted and tested before the "Second Lift" is placed. Unless otherwise specified, compaction shall equal 98% of maximum density, as determined by ASTM D 1557. The "First Lift" backfill shall exclude stones, or rock fragments larger than the following:

| (Greatest Dimension-Inches) | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <u>Pipe Type</u> | <u>Fragment Size (Inches)</u> |
| Steel | 2 |
| Concrete | 2 |
| Ductile Iron | 2 |
| Plastic | 1 |
| Fiberglass | 1 |

- C. Second Lift: The remainder of the trench, above the "First Lift", shall be backfilled and tested in layers not exceeding 6 inches. The maximum dimension of a stone, rock, or pavement fragment shall be 6 inches. When trenches are cut in pavements or areas to be paved, compaction, as determined by ASTM D 1557, shall be equal to 98% of maximum density, with compaction in other areas not less than 95% of maximum density in unpaved portions of the Rights-of-Way or 90% of maximum density in other areas.

As an alternative, or if required under roadways, Flowable Fill may be substituted. If Flowable Fill is to be used, a fabric mesh shall be installed between the "first lift" and the Flowable Fill. Flowable Fill shall be in accordance with Section 4.7.AH of the FGUA's Operations Manual.

- D. Compaction Methods: The above specified compaction shall be accomplished using accepted standard methods (powered tampers, vibrators, etc.), with exception that the first two feet of backfilling over the pipe shall be compacted by hand-operated tamping devices. Flooding or puddling with water to consolidate backfill is not acceptable, except where sand is the only material utilized and encountered and the operation has been approved by FGUA.
- E. Density Tests: Density tests for determination of the above specified compaction shall be made by an independent testing laboratory and certified by a Florida Registered, Professional ENGINEER at the expense of the Developer or CONTRACTOR. Test locations will be determined by FGUA but in any case, shall be spaced not more than 100 feet apart where the trench cut is continuous. If any test results are unsatisfactory, the CONTRACTOR shall re-excavate and re-compact the backfill at his expense until the desired compaction is obtained. Additional compaction tests shall be made to each site of an unsatisfactory test, as directed, to determine the extent of re-excavation and re-compaction if necessary.

Copies of all density test results shall be furnished on a regular basis by the ENGINEER, to FGUA. Failure to furnish these results will result in the project not being recommended for acceptance by FGUA.

- F. Dropping of Material on Work: Do trench backfilling work in such a way as to prevent dropping material directly on top of any conduit or pipe through any great vertical distance. Do not allow backfilling material from a bucket to fall directly on a structure or pipe and, in all cases, lower the bucket so that the shock of falling earth will not cause damage.
- G. Distribution of Large Materials: Break lumps up and distribute any stones, pieces of crushed rock or lumps which cannot be readily broken up, throughout the mass so that all interstices are solidly filled with fine material.

3.5 STRUCTURE BACKFILL

- A. Use of Select Fill: Use select fill underneath all structures, and adjacent to structures where pipes, connections, electrical ducts and structural foundations are to be located within this fill. Use select fill beneath all pavements, walkways, and railroad tracks, and extend to the bottom of pavement base course or ballast.
 - 1. Place backfill in uniform layers not greater than 8 inches in loose thickness and thoroughly compact in place with suitable approved mechanical or pneumatic equipment.
 - 2. Compact backfill to not less than 95 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D 1557.
- B. Use of Common Fill: Use common granular fill adjacent to structures in all areas

not specified above, unless otherwise shown or specified. Select fill may be used in place of common granular fill at no additional cost.

1. Extend such backfill from the bottom of the excavation or top of bedding to the bottom of subgrade for lawns or lawn replacement, the top of previously existing ground surface or to such other grades as may be shown or required.
 2. Place backfill in uniform layers not greater than 8 inches in loose thickness and thoroughly compact in place with suitable equipment, as specified above.
 3. Compact backfill to not less than 90 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D 1557.
- C. Use of Clay: In unpaved areas adjacent to structures for the top 1 foot of fill directly under lawn subgrades use clay backfill placed in 6-inch lifts. Compact clay backfill to not less than 90 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D 1557.
1. Use clay having a liquid limit less than or equal to 40 and a plasticity index less than or equal to 20.

3.6 DRAINAGE BLANKET

- A. Drainage Fill Placement: Provide a drainage blanket where shown consisting of drainage fill.
1. Place drainage fill underneath all structures and adjacent to structures where pipes, connections, electrical ducts and structural foundations located within this fill, in uniform layers not greater than 8 inches in loose thickness. Compact drainage fill with suitable mechanical or pneumatic equipment to not less than 95 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D 1557.
 2. Place drainage fill adjacent to structures in all areas not specified above in uniform layers not greater than 8 inches in loose thickness. Compact drainage fill with suitable mechanical or pneumatic equipment to not less than 90 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D 1557.

3.7 EARTH EMBANKMENTS

- A. Use of Cohesive Materials: Make all earth embankments of approved cohesive common fill material.

1. Place fill in uniform layers not greater than 10 inches in loose thickness. Compact in place with suitable approved mechanical equipment.
2. Compact earth embankments to not less than 90 percent of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D 1557.
3. Do not use cohesionless, granular material as earth embankment backfill, unless otherwise shown or required.

3.8 COMPACTION EQUIPMENT

- A. Equipment and Methods: Carry out all compaction with suitable approved equipment and methods.
1. Compact clay and other cohesive material with sheep's-foot rollers or similar equipment where practicable. Use hand held pneumatic tampers elsewhere for compaction of cohesive fill material.
 2. Compact low cohesive soils with pneumatic-tire rollers or large vibratory equipment where practicable. Use small vibratory equipment elsewhere for compaction of cohesionless fill material.
 3. Do not use heavy compaction equipment over pipelines or other structures, unless the depth of fill is sufficient to adequately distribute the load.

3.9 BORROW

- A. Should there be insufficient material from the excavations to meet the requirements for fill material, borrow shall be obtained from pits secured and tested by the CONTRACTOR and approved by FGUA. Copies of all test results shall be submitted to FGUA.

3.10 FINISH GRADING

- A. Final Contours: Perform finish grading in accordance with the completed contour elevations and grades shown and blend into conformation with remaining natural ground surfaces.
1. Leave all finished grading surfaces smooth and firm to drain.
 2. Bring finish grades to elevations within plus or minus 0.10 foot of elevations or contours shown.
- B. Surface Drainage: Perform grading outside of building or structure lines in a manner to prevent accumulation of water within the area. Where necessary or where shown, extend finish grading to ensure that water will be carried to drainage ditches, and the site area left smooth and free from depressions

holding water.

3.11 RESPONSIBILITY FOR AFTERSETTLEMENT

- A. After settlement Responsibility: Take responsibility for correcting any depression which may develop in backfilled areas from settlement within one year after the work is fully completed. Provide as needed, backfill material, pavement base replacement, permanent pavement, sidewalk, curb and driveway repair or replacement, and lawn replacement, and perform the necessary reconditioning and restoration work to bring such depressed areas to proper grade as approved.

3.12 INSPECTION AND TESTING OF BACKFILLING

- A. Sampling and Testing: Provide sampling, testing, and laboratory methods in accordance with the appropriate ASTM Standard Specification. Subject all backfill to these tests.
- B. Compaction density tests shall be made at all such backfill areas with spacing not to exceed 100 feet apart and on each 6-inch compacted layer.
- C. Correction of Work: Correct any areas of unsatisfactory compaction by removal and replacement, or by scarifying, aerating or sprinkling as needed and recompaction in place prior to placement of a new lift.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02226

JACKING, AUGERING AND MINING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Pipeline installation in casing pipe beneath highways, railroads and other structures may be installed by jacking and augering or by jacking and mining.
- B. Related Work Specified in Other Sections Includes:
 - 1. Section 02151 – Shoring, Sheeting and Bracing
 - 2. Section 02222 - Excavation - Earth and Rock
 - 3. Section 03311 – Concrete for Non-Plant Work

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and standards referred to in this Section are:
 - 1. ASTM C 76 Specification for Reinforced Concrete Culvert, Storm Drain, and Sewer Pipe
 - 2. ASTM A 139 Specification for Electric-Fusion (Arc) -Welded Steel Pipe
(NPS in 4 in. and Over)
 - 3. OSHA PL-91-596 Occupational Safety Health Act of 1970 Public Law 91-596

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.
 - 1. Working drawings of the jacking pipe, jacking frame, jacking head, reaction blocks, sheeting, including design calculations and the complete jacking installation.
 - 2. It shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR to submit the necessary permit documents and data to the appropriate authority and receive approval thereof.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver, store and handle all products and materials as specified in Division 1 (and as follows:)

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. General: Use one of the following for casing piping.

1. New prime steel pipe, meeting the requirements of ASTM A 139, Grade B. The minimum casing pipe size and wall thickness shall be as shown in the following table, for the carrier pipe size indicated. For sizes not included therein, or for special design considerations, approval shall be obtained from FGUA Utilities.

For PVC or DIP Pressure Carrier Pipes

| <u>Carrier Pipe Nominal Size</u> | <u>Casing Pipe Nominal Diameter</u> | <u>Casing Pipe Wall Thickness</u> |
|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| <u>Inches</u> | <u>Inches</u> | <u>Inches</u> |
| 4 | 12 | 0.250 |
| 6 | 16 | 0.250 |
| 8 | 18 | 0.250 |
| 10 | 20 | 0.250 |
| 12 | 24 | 0.312 |
| 14 | 28 | 0.312 |
| 16 | 30 | 0.312 |
| 18 | 30 | 0.312 |
| 20 | 36 | 0.375 |
| 24 | 42 | 0.500 |

For Gravity Sewer Carrier Pipes

| <u>Carrier Pipe Nominal Size</u> | <u>Casing Pipe Nominal Diameter</u> | <u>Casing Pipe Wall Thickness</u> |
|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| <u>Inches</u> | <u>Inches</u> | <u>Inches</u> |
| 8 | 14 | 0.250 |
| 10 | 16 | 0.250 |
| 12 | 20 | 0.250 |
| 15 | 24 | 0.312 |
| 18 | 26 | 0.312 |
| 21 | 30 | 0.312 |
| 24 | 32 | 0.375 |
| 27 | 36 | 0.375 |

2. HDPE may be used as the carrier pipe and casing pipe with approval from FGUA Utilities. The HDPE casing shall be SDR 11 and there shall be a minimum of 4 inches clearance between the interior of the casing pipe and the outside of the carrier pipe, unless otherwise approved by FGUA.
- B. Fill Material: Use fill material consisting of 1-1/4 pounds of Bentonite per gallon of water during jacking to fill any voids between pipe and the earth.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Casing Pipe:

1. Install all casing pipe in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and approved shop drawings and as specified in Division 1.
2. The provisions of this section shall represent the minimum standards for the installation of casing pipe for sewer force main or water main pipeline.
3. Sewer force mains and water mains to be placed under all FGUA Department of Transportation & Engineering roadways shall be installed in a casing. The steel casing procedures shall conform to the requirements of FGUA DOT as outlined in "Administrative Code AC-11-12" and any supplements thereto. All work and materials shall be subject to inspection by DOT. The Department's property and surface conditions shall be restored to the original condition in keeping with the Department's specifications and standards.
4. In general, all underground sewer force mains and water mains crossing all existing FGUA roadways, Florida State Highways and railroads shall be installed under these traffic ways within steel casing pipe. Specific crossing requirements shall be obtained in advance from the authority having jurisdiction.
5. It shall be the sole responsibility of the CONTRACTOR to submit the necessary permit documents and data to the appropriate authority and receive approval thereof. The CONTRACTOR shall maintain traffic on the roadway and shall keep all workmen and equipment clear of the travelway during the work. All safety regulations of the Department and any permit(s) shall be complied with.
6. Casing pipes crossing under County roadways shall be located at suitable approved alignments in order to eliminate possible conflict with existing or future utilities and structures with a minimum 36 inches depth of cover between the top of the casing pipe and the surface of the roadway.
7. For casing pipe crossing under roadways, railroads, or other installations not within the jurisdiction of FGUA, the CONTRACTOR shall comply with the regulations of said authority in regard to design, specifications and construction. State Highway casing installations shall be as specified in the FDOT, "Utility Accommodation Guide", and for railroads, the American Railway Engineering Association, Part 5, Section 5.2,

"Specifications for Pipelines Conveying Nonflammable Substances", shall be applicable. However, in no case shall the minimum casing pipe diameter and wall thickness, for a specific carrier pipe size, be less than that specified above.

8. Any boring and jacking operations shall be done simultaneously, with continuous installation until the casing pipe is in final position. Correct line and grade shall be carefully maintained. Add-on sections of casing pipe shall be full-ring welded to the preceding length, developing water-tight total pipe strength joints. The casing installation shall produce no upheaval, settlement, cracking, movement or distortion of the existing roadbed or other facilities. Following placement of the carrier pipe within the steel casing, masonry plugs are to be installed at each open end. Said plugs shall be suitable for restraining the external earth load, while allowing internal drainage.
9. Casing pipe holes shall be mechanically bored through the soil by a cutting head on a continuous auger mounted inside the pipe. The auger shall extend a minimum distance beyond the end of the casing pipe to preclude formation of voids outside the pipe shell.
10. The casing pipe shall be adequately protected to prevent crushing or other damage under jacking pressures. Backstops shall be provided for adequately distributing the jack thrust without causing deformation of the soil or other damage. Should the casing pipe be damaged, such damaged portion, if not in the hole, shall be replaced; however, if inserted, the encasement pipe shall be abandoned in place, suitably plugged, and an alternate installation made, as directed by FGUA.
11. Required boring or jacking pits or shafts shall be excavated and maintained to the minimum dimension. Said excavation shall be adequately barricaded, sheeted, braced and dewatered as required.
12. Directional boring may be used for the installation of HDPE pipe.

B. Casing Spacers:

1. Stainless steel carriers with Teflon skids, or The Booster Casing Spacers, being on center and restrained shall be the preferred method for installing the carrier pipe. Skids shall be installed 7 feet or less, on center. After the carrier pipe has been tested for leakage, the casing shall have the ends blocked with either a 8" wall of brick masonry with a weep hole installed near the bottom of each wall or Cascade Model CCES End Seals with stainless steel bands.
2. High density polyethylene Raci casing spacers or approved equal, can be used for all size PVC pipes and on DIP pipe with diameters 12 inches or less. The spacers shall be of a projection type with a minimum number of

projections around the circumference totaling the number of carrier pipe diameter inches. Casing spacers shall be spaced per manufacturer's recommendation with double spacers on each end of the casing. The casing spacers shall provide a minimum safety factor of 2 to 1 to support the service load.

- C. Augering: Conduct augering with the proper equipment and procedure such that the carrier pipe and the casing pipe can be installed to the grades specified without disturbing the adjacent earth. Submit all equipment and procedures for prior approval.
- D. Hand Mining: Conduct hand mining only in casings that are sufficiently large enough to permit such operation. Provide adequate fresh air supply within the casing pipe and conduct all operations in accordance with the requirements of the U.S. Department of Labor Safety and Health Regulations for Construction promulgated under the Occupational Safety and Health Act 7 1970 (PL-91-596).
- E. Jacking Pit: Make the jacking pit of adequate length to provide room for the jacking frame, the jacking head, the reaction blocks, the jacks, auger rig, and the jacking pipe. Make the pit sufficiently wide to allow ample working space on each side of the jacking frame. Make the depth of the pit such that the invert of the pipe, when placed on the guide frame, is at the elevation desired for the completed line. Provide excavation in conformance with Section 02222.
- F. Sheet piling: Sheet the jacking pit tightly and keep it dry at all times. Conform sheet piling to Section 02151. Have complete design calculation for sheet piling the jacking pit sealed and submitted by a Professional Engineer registered in the State of Florida.
- G. Jacking Frame: Use a jacking frame that applies a uniform pressure over the entire pipe wall area of the pipe to be jacked.
- H. Reaction Blocks: Use reaction blocks designed to carry the thrust of the jacks to the soil without excessive soil deflection and in such a manner as to avoid any disturbance of adjacent structures or utilities.
- I. Operation: Use hydraulic jacks in the jacking operation. Use extreme care to hold the pipe to exact line and grade. Advance the excavation at the heading manually or with an auger. Do not allow the advance to exceed one foot ahead of the casing pipe. Make every effort to avoid loss of earth outside the casing.
- J. Safety Railing: Provide a safety railing all around the top of the pit at all times.
- K. Property and surface conditions shall be restored to the original condition in accordance with FGUA DOT specifications and standards.
- L. Carrier Pipe:

1. Water Mains or Sewer Force Mains installed within casing pipes shall utilize joint restraining for the entire pipe length inside the casing. Special supporting of the carrier pipe within the casing shall be required with a design approved by FGUA Utilities.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02230

ROADWAY CROSSINGS BY OPEN CUT

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

The CONTRACTOR shall provide all labor, materials, equipment, supervision and incidentals required to install the pipeline as shown on the Drawings in FGUA Streets by method of open cut.

1.2 SUBMITTAL

- A. Submit shop drawings to the ENGINEER for review.
- B. Before starting work, the CONTRACTOR shall submit to the FGUA, with copy to the ENGINEER, a detailed schedule of his operations a minimum of fourteen (14) days prior to beginning work for approval. This shall include, but not be limited to, type and extent of temporary paving, and drawings and lists describing materials and traffic control methods to be used. Approval shall not relieve the CONTRACTOR of his obligation to provide a safe and proper crossing.
- C. The CONTRACTOR shall engage the services of a Professional Engineer who is registered in the State of Florida to design all cofferdam and sheeting and bracing systems which the CONTRACTOR feels necessary for the execution of his work. The CONTRACTOR's Engineer shall submit to the ENGINEER a signed statement that he has been employed by the CONTRACTOR to design all sheeting and bracing systems. After the systems have been installed, the CONTRACTOR's Engineer shall furnish to the ENGINEER an additional signed statement that the cofferdams and sheeting and bracing systems have been installed in accordance with his design.
- D. If a detour is required, a traffic control plan shall be submitted for approval to FGUA and/or the Florida Department of Transportation.
- E. A plan for maintenance of traffic in accordance with Index 600 through 650 of the Florida Department of Transportation Specifications shall be submitted by the CONTRACTOR.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

Materials shall meet those specified in other applicable portions of this Specification.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. Trench dimensions for open cutting of road crossings are shown on the Drawings.
- B. The CONTRACTOR will be limited to a 24-hour period to complete the open-cut crossing. The road surface shall be repaved, with temporary pavement, if necessary, at the end of the 24-hour period.
- C. The CONTRACTOR shall notify FGUA DOT forty-eight (48) hours in advance of starting construction.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Temporary Roadways

- 1. Temporary roadways required for traffic relocation shall be constructed of materials meeting the requirements of the FDOT. Temporary roadways shall be used when crossing a state highway right-of-way or at the direction of the ENGINEER.
- 2. Temporary roadways shall be maintained in good condition throughout their use.
- 3. Drainage shall be maintained through all existing ditches by the use of culvert pipe as necessary.
- 4. Drawings indicating the type and location of temporary roadways shall be submitted as discussed in Paragraph 1.04.C. for approval prior to beginning work.
- 5. Where detours are permitted, the CONTRACTOR shall provide all necessary barricades and signs as required to divert the flow of traffic. While traffic is detoured, the CONTRACTOR shall expedite construction operations and periods when traffic is being detoured will be strictly controlled by the ENGINEER.
- 6. FGUA DOT will inspect all work being done.
- 7. All work at the roadway crossing shall be performed and completed in a manner fully satisfactory to FGUA DOT.

B. Maintenance of Traffic

- 1. The requirements specified herein are in addition to the plan for Maintenance of Traffic as specified in Sections 01041 and 01570.

2. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish during construction and any subsequent maintenance within State secondary road right-of-ways and FGUA streets, proper signs, signal lights, flagmen, and other warning devices for the protection of traffic all in conformance with the latest Manual on Uniform Traffic Control and Safe Streets and Highways, and the Florida Manual of Traffic Control and Safe Practices for Street and Highway Construction, Maintenance and Utility Operations. Information as to the above may be obtained from FDOT Division engineers. The ENGINEER, County Engineer, or FDOT Manager of the right- of-way of their representatives reserves the right to stop any work for non- compliance.
3. The CONTRACTOR shall take precautions to prevent injury to the public due to open trenches. Night watchmen may be required where special hazards exist, or police protection provided for traffic while work is in progress. The CONTRACTOR shall be fully responsible for damage or injuries whether or not police protection has been provided.
4. Unless permission to close a County street is received in writing from the proper authority, all excavated material shall be placed so that vehicular and pedestrian traffic may be maintained at all times. If the CONTRACTOR's operations cause traffic hazards, he shall repair the road surface, provide temporary ways, erect wheel guards or fences, or take other measures for safety satisfactory to the ENGINEER.
5. The CONTRACTOR shall be fully responsible for the installation of adequate safety precautions, for maintenance of the channelization devices, and for the protection of the traveling public.
6. At all open cut crossings, a minimum of one-way traffic shall be maintained during the daylight hours, and two-way traffic at night.

C. Installation of Pipeline

1. Pavement removal, sheeting, shoring and bracing, excavation and backfill, and dewatering shall meet the requirements of the applicable portions of this Specification.
2. The pipe shall be installed in accordance with Division 2 of these Specifications.
3. The trench shall be backfilled in accordance with the requirements of Section 02221.
4. Pavement replacement shall be in accordance with Section 02575 of this Specification.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02276

TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. The work specified in this Section consists of designing, providing, maintaining and removing temporary erosion and sedimentation controls as necessary.
- B. Temporary erosion controls include, but are not limited to, grassing, mulching, setting, watering, and reseeding onsite surfaces and spoil and borrow area surfaces and providing interceptor ditches at ends of berms and at those locations which will ensure that erosion during construction will be either eliminated or maintained within acceptable limits as established by FGUA.
- C. Temporary sedimentation controls include, but are not limited to, silt dams, traps, barriers, and appurtenances at the foot of sloped surfaces which will ensure that sedimentation pollution will be either eliminated or maintained within acceptable limits as established by FGUA.
- D. CONTRACTOR is responsible for providing effective temporary erosion and sediment control measures during construction or until final controls become effective.

1.2 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

- A. South Florida Building Code and Standard Building Code.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 EROSION CONTROL

- A. Seeding and Sodding is specified in Section 02400.
- B. Netting - fabricated of material acceptable to FGUA.

2.2 SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

- A. Bales - clean, seed free cereal hay type.
- B. Netting - fabricated of material acceptable to FGUA.
- C. Filter Stone - crushed stone conforming to Florida Department of Transportation specifications.

- D. Concrete Block - hollow, non-load-bearing type.
- E. Concrete - exterior grade not less than one inch thick.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 EROSION CONTROL

- A. Minimum procedures for grassing are:
 - 1. Scarify slopes to a depth of not less than six inches and remove large clods, rock, stumps, roots larger than 1/2 inch in diameter and debris.
 - 2. Sow seed within twenty-four (24) hours after the ground is scarified with either mechanical seed drills or rotary hand seeders.
 - 3. Apply mulch loosely and to a thickness of between 3/4 inch and 1-1/2 inches.
 - 4. Apply netting over mulched areas on sloped surfaces.
 - 5. Roll and water seeded areas in a manner which will encourage sprouting of seeds and growing of grass. Reseed areas which exhibit unsatisfactory growth. Backfill and seed eroded areas.

3.2 SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

- A. Install and maintain silt dams, traps, barriers, and appurtenances as shown on the approved descriptions and working drawings, hay bales which deteriorate and filter stone which is dislodged shall be replaced.

3.3 PERFORMANCE

- A. Should any of the temporary erosion and sediment control measures employed by the CONTRACTOR fail to produce results which comply with the requirements of the State of Florida, CONTRACTOR shall immediately take whatever steps are necessary to correct the deficiency at his own expense.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02300

DIRECTIONAL DRILLING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION OF REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide all necessary tools, materials and equipment to successfully complete the installation of directionally, drilled piping as specified herein and shown on the drawings. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for the final constructed product, and for furnishing the qualified labor and superintendence necessary for this method of construction.
- B. Furnish all items necessary to perform the horizontal directional drilling operation and construct the pipe to the lines and grade shown on the drawings. CONTRACTOR to develop and submit for approval Frac-out Plan to be prior to beginning construction. CONTRACTOR to provide enough vacuum trucks such that one is present onsite to receive drilling/bentonite fluid at all times during drilling operation.
- C. Boring must use techniques of creating or directing a borehole along a predetermined path to a specified target location. This must involve use of mechanical and hydraulic deviation equipment to change the boring course and must use instrumentation to monitor the location and orientation of the boring head assembly along a predetermined course.
- D. Drilling must be accomplished with fluid-assist mechanical cutting. Boring fluids shall be a mixture of bentonite and water or polymers and additives. Bentonite sealants and water will be used to lubricate and seal the mini-tunnel. It is mandatory that minimum pressures and flow rates be used during drilling operation as not to fracture the sub-grade material around and or above the bore.
- E. The mobile drilling system shall utilize small diameter fluid jets to fracture and mechanical cutters to cut and excavate the soil as the head advances forward.
- F. Steering shall be accomplished by the installation of an offset section of drill stem that causes the cutterhead to turn eccentrically about its centerline when it is rotating. When steering adjustments are required, the cutterhead offset section is rotated toward the desired direction of travel and the drill stem is advanced forward without rotation.
- G. The mobile drilling system must be capable of being launched from the surface at an inclined angle and drilling a 2 inch to 3 inch diameter pilot hole. The pilot hole will then be enlarged with reamers as required.

1.2 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO).
- B. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. CONTRACTOR's Construction Drawings shall be defined as drawings by which the CONTRACTOR proposes to construct, operate, build, etc., the referenced item. The submission of these drawings shall be required for the sole purpose of providing the sufficient details to verify that the CONTRACTOR's work in progress is in accordance with the intent of the design.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. The ENGINEER will base the review of submitted details and data on the requirements of the completed work, safety of the work in regards to the public, potential for damage to public or private utilities and other existing structures and facilities, and the potential for unnecessary delay in the execution of the work. Such review shall not be construed to relieve the CONTRACTOR in any way of his responsibilities under the contract. CONTRACTOR shall not commence work on any items requiring CONTRACTOR's construction drawings or other submittals until the drawings and submittals are reviewed and accepted by the ENGINEER.
- B. The CONTRACTOR shall:
 - 1. Submit for review complete construction drawings and/or complete written description identifying details of the proposed method of construction and the sequence of operations to be performed during construction, as required by the method of tunnel excavation approved. The drawings and descriptions shall be sufficiently detailed to demonstrate to the ENGINEER whether the proposed materials and procedures will meet the requirements of this specification. CONTRACTOR shall submit arrangement drawings and technical specifications of the machine and trailing equipment (including any modifications), three-year experience record with this type of machine and a copy of the manufacturer's operation manual for the machine.
 - 2. CONTRACTOR's construction drawings shall be submitted on the following items.
 - a. Complete details of the equipment, methods and procedures to be used, including but not limited to primary lining installation, timing of installation in relation to the excavation plan and sequence, bulkheads, etc.

- b. Grouting techniques, including equipment, pumping procedures, pressure grout types, mixtures and plug systems.
 - c. Method of controlling line and grade of excavation.
 - d. Details of muck removal, including equipment type, number, and disposal location.
 - e. Proposed contingency plans for critical phases and areas of directional drilling.
- C. Quality Control Methods. At least 10 days prior to the start of directional drilling, CONTRACTOR shall submit a description of his quality control methods he proposes to use in his operations to the ENGINEER. The submittal shall describe:
 - 1. Procedures for controlling and checking line and grade.
 - 2. Field forms for establishing and checking line and grade.
- D. Safety. Procedures including, but not limited to, monitoring for gases encountered shall be submitted.
- E. Hazardous chemical list as well as all MSDS and technical data sheets.

1.5 DESIGN CRITERIA

- A. Compatibility of Methods.
 - 1. The methods of excavation, lining, and groundwater control shall be compatible.

1.6 JOB CONDITIONS

- A. Safety Requirements
 - 1. Perform work in a manner to maximize safety and reduce exposure of men and equipment to hazardous and potentially hazardous conditions, in accordance with applicable safety standards.
 - 2. Whenever there is an emergency or stoppage of work which is likely to endanger the excavation or adjacent structures, operate a full work force for 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays, without intermission until the emergency or hazardous conditions no longer jeopardize the stability and safety of the work.
- B. Air Quality.

1. Conduct directional drilling operations by methods and with equipment, which will positively control dust, fumes, vapors, gases or other atmospheric impurities in accordance with applicable safety requirements.

1.7 PERMITS

- A. Obtain any and all other permits required for prosecution of the work.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL

- A. Refer to Section 02620 for HDPE pipe material.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for his means and methods of directional drilling construction and shall ensure the safety of the work, the CONTRACTOR's employees, the public, and adjacent property, whether public or private.
- B. Anticipate that portions of the drilled excavation will be below the groundwater table.
- C. Comply with all local, state and federal laws, rules and regulations at all times to prevent pollution of the air, ground and water.

3.2 EQUIPMENT

- A. Diesel, electrical, or air-powered equipment will be acceptable, subject to applicable federal and state regulations.
- B. Any method or equipment that the CONTRACTOR can demonstrate will produce the specified results will be considered.
- C. Employ equipment that will be capable of handling the various anticipated ground conditions. In addition, the equipment shall:
 1. Be capable of minimizing loss of ground ahead of and around the machine and providing satisfactory support of the excavated face at all times.
 2. Provide a system to indicate whether the amount of earth material removed is equivalent to that displaced by the advance of the machine such that the advance rate may be controlled accordingly.

- D. Provide adequate secondary containment for any and all portable storage tanks.

3.3 DIRECTIONAL DRILLING DATA

- A. Daily logs of construction events and observations shall be submitted on at least the following:
 - 1. Location and elevation of significant soil strata boundaries and brief soil descriptions.
 - 2. Jacking pressures and torsional forces, if applicable.

3.4 CONTROL OF THE TUNNEL LINE AND GRADE

- A. Construction Control.
 - 1. Establish and be fully responsible for the accuracy of his own control for the construction of the entire project, including structures, tunnel line and grade.
 - 2. Establish control points sufficiently far from the tunnel operation not to be affected by construction operations.
 - 3. Maintain daily records of alignment and grade and shall submit three copies of these records to the ENGINEER. However, the CONTRACTOR remains fully responsible for the accuracy of his work and the correction of it, as required.
 - 4. Check control for the bore alignment against an above ground undisturbed reference at least once each hour and once for each 50 feet of tunnel constructed, or more often as needed or directed by the ENGINEER.

3.5 DISPOSAL OF EXCESS MATERIAL

- A. Where such effort is necessary, cost for groundwater control during the course of the tunnel work shall be included in the unit contract price for the work.
- B. Dewatering required during the course of the project to lower water table, to remove standing water, surface drainage seepage, or to protect ongoing work against rising waters or floods shall be considered incidental to the work being performed.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02400

LAWN RESTORATION

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION OF REQUIREMENTS

- A. The work in this section consists of furnishing all labor, material and equipment to replace and maintain all areas disturbed during construction by establishing a stand of grass, within the areas called for by the furnishing and placing grass sod, or seeding, or seeding and mulching.

1.2 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

- A. The materials used in this work shall conform to the requirements of Florida Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows:
 - 1. Sod - Section 981-2
 - 2. Fertilizer - Section 982
 - 3. Water - Section 983

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit certifications and identification labels for all sodding supplied as specified in Section 01300.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 SODDING

- A. Types: Sod may be of either St. Augustine or Argentine Bahia grass or as that disturbed, as established prior to construction. It shall be well matted with roots. When replacing sod in areas that are already sodded, the sod shall be the same type as the existing sod.
- B. Sod shall be provided as required in accordance with Florida Department of Transportation Specifications 575 and 981. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish sod equal to and similar in type as that disturbed. Placement and watering requirements shall be in accordance with FDOT Specifications Section 575.
- C. The sod shall be taken up in commercial-size rectangles, preferably 12-inch by 24- inch or larger, except where 6-inch strip sodding is called for.

- D. The sod shall be sufficiently thick to secure a dense stand of live grass. The sod shall be live, fresh and uninjured at the time of planting. It shall have a soil mat of sufficient thickness adhering firmly to the roots to withstand all necessary handling. It shall be reasonably free of weeds and other grasses. It shall be planted as soon as possible after being dug and shall be shaded and kept moist from the time it is dug until it is planted.
- E. Sod should be handled in a manner to prevent breaking or other damage. Sod shall not be handled by pitch forks or by dumping from trucks or other vehicles. Care shall be taken at all times to retain the native soil on the roots of each sod roll during stripping and handling. Sod that has been damaged by handling during delivery, storage or installation will be rejected.

2.2 FERTILIZER

- A. Chemical fertilizer shall be supplied in suitable bags with the net weight certification of the shipment. Fertilizer shall be 12-8-8 and comply with Section 982 of the FDOT Standard Specification for Road and Bridge Construction.
- B. The numerical designations for fertilizer indicate the minimum percentages (respectively) of (1) total nitrogen, (2) available phosphoric acid and (3) water soluble potash, contained in the fertilizer.
- C. The chemical designation of the fertilizer shall be 12-8-8, with at least 50 percent of the nitrogen from a nonwater-soluble organic source. The nitrogen source may be a ureaformaldehyde source provided it is not derived from a waste product of the plastic industry.

2.3 EQUIPMENT

- A. The device for spreading fertilizer shall be capable of uniformly distributing the material at the specified rate.

2.4 NETTING

- A. Netting is fabricated of material similar to Geoscope Landscape Fabric or approved equal.

2.5 GRASSING

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall grass all unpaved areas disturbed during construction which do not require sod. All grassing shall be completed in conformance with FDOT Specifications Sections 570 and 981. The grassed areas shall be mulched and fertilized in accordance with FDOT Specifications.
- B. Grass seed shall be Argentine Bahia, 60 #/acre March 1 to November 1, 50 #/acre with 20 #/acre of rye grass seed November 1 to March 1. Argentine Bahia seed shall be a scarified seed having a minimum active germination of

40% and total of 85%.

- C. Mulch material shall be free of weeds and shall be oat straw or rye, Pangola, peanut, Coastal Bermuda, or Bahia grass hay.

2.6 TOPSOIL

- A. Topsoil stockpiled during excavation may be used. If additional topsoil is required to replace topsoil removed during construction, it shall be obtained off site at no additional cost to FGUA. Topsoil shall be fertile, natural surface soil, capable of producing all trees, plants, and grassing specified herein.

2.7 MULCH

- A. Mulch shall be fresh cypress mulch. Rate of application specified herein shall correspond to depth not less than 1-inch or more than 3-inches according to texture and moisture content of mulch material.

2.8 WATER

- A. It is the CONTRACTOR'S responsibility to supply all water to the site, as required during seeding and sodding operations and through the maintenance period and until the work is accepted. The CONTRACTOR shall make whatever arrangements may be necessary to ensure an adequate supply of water to meet the needs for his work. He shall also furnish all necessary hose, equipment, attachments, and accessories for the adequate irrigation of lawns and planted areas as may be required. Water shall be suitable for irrigation and free from ingredients harmful to plant life.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 SOD BED PREPARATION

- A. Areas to be sodded and/or seeded shall be cleared of all rough grass, weeds, and debris, and brought to an even grade.
- B. The soil shall then be thoroughly tilled to a minimum 8-inch depth.
- C. The areas shall then be brought to proper grade, free of sticks, stones, or other foreign matter over 1-inch in diameter or dimension. The surface shall conform to finish grade, less the thickness of sod, free of water-retaining depressions, the soil friable and of uniformly firm texture.

3.2 INSPECTION

- A. Verify that soil preparation and related preceding work has been completed.
- B. Do not start work until conditions are satisfactory.

3.3 SOD HANDLING AND INSTALLATION

- A. During delivery, prior to planting, and during the planting of sod areas, the sod panels shall at all times be protected from excessive drying and unnecessary exposure of the roots to the sun. All sod shall be stacked during construction and planting so as not to be damaged by sweating or excessive heat and moisture.
- B. After completion of soil conditioning as specified above, sod panels shall be laid tightly together so as to make a solid sodded lawn area. On mounds and other slopes, the long dimension of the sod shall be laid perpendicular to the slope. Immediately following sod laying the lawn areas shall be rolled with a lawn roller customarily used for such purposes, and then thoroughly watered.
- C. Sod shall be placed at all areas where sod existed prior to construction, on slopes of 3 horizontal on 1 vertical (3:1) or greater, in areas where erosion of soils will occur, and as directed by the ENGINEER. On areas where the sod may slide, due to height and slope, the ENGINEER may direct that the sod be pegged, with pegs driven through the sod blocks into firm earth, at suitable intervals.

3.4 USE OF SOD ON ROADWAY PROJECTS

- A. In accordance with the FDOT District One Standard Practice, permanent green grass shall be established at the completion of roadway construction and maintenance work. The following shall apply to all restoration involving State or County roadways:
 - 1. Sod in lieu of seed and mulch shall be used on all roadways with urban (raised curb) typical sections.
 - 2. One inch water per week shall be required for a minimum of four (4) consecutive weeks for the purpose of establishing sod. This can be waived during construction, if and only if there is a minimum of one inch of rain per week on all sod on the project.
 - 3. Sod shall be placed on slopes 1:3 or greater. Staked sod shall be placed on slopes 1:2 or greater.
 - 4. On all curves with superelevation, sod shall be placed from the edge of pavement to the toe of slope on the downhill side(s) for the entire length of the superelevated roadway. On multi-lane divided rural facilities, sod shall be placed in the median and on the inside of the curve in the superelevated areas. This does not apply to reverse crowns.
 - 5. For all projects with less than 10,000 square yards grass area, sod shall be used.
 - 6. On tangent sections and on outside of curves, sod shall be used between the edge of pavement and a point 4 feet beyond the shoulder break point.
 - 7. The entire width of sod should not exceed 15 feet from the edge of pavement.

8. Sod is to be used to eliminate narrow seed and mulch areas. Areas less than 6 feet in width shall be sodded.
9. Sod shall be placed around drainage structures as per the standard Indexes and extended to the edge of pavement.

3.5 SOD MAINTENANCE

- A. The sod shall produce a dense, well established growth. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for the repair and re-sodding of all eroded or bare spots until project acceptance. Repair to sodding shall be accomplished as in the original work.
- B. Sufficient watering shall be done by the CONTRACTOR to maintain adequate moisture for optimum development of the seeded and sodded areas. Sodded areas shall receive no less than 1.5 inches of water per week for at least 2 weeks. Thereafter, the CONTRACTOR shall apply water for a minimum of 60 days as needed until the sod takes root and starts to grow or until final acceptance, whichever is latest.

3.6 CLEANING

- A. Remove debris and excess materials from the project site.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02485

SEEDING AND SODDING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Furnish all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to satisfactorily return all construction areas to their original conditions or better.
- B. Work includes furnishing and placing seed or sod, fertilizer, planting, watering, and maintenance until acceptance by FGUA.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Requirements

It is the intent of this specification that the Contractor is obliged to deliver a satisfactory strand of grass as specified. If necessary, the Contractor shall repeat any or all of the work, including grading, fertilizing, watering, and seeding or sodding at no additional cost to the owner until a satisfactory strand is obtained.

B. Satisfactory Strand

For purposes of grassing, a satisfactory strand of grass is herein defined as a full lawn cover over areas to be seeded or sodded, with grass free of weeds, alive and growing, leaving no bare spots larger than 3/4 sq. yd. within a radius of 10 ft.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 Materials

A. Fertilizer

Fertilizer shall be of the slow-release type meeting the following minimum requirements: 12 percent nitrogen, 3 percent phosphorus, 6 percent potassium; 40 percent other available materials derived from organic sources. Fertilizer shall be uniform in composition, dry and free flowing delivered to sites in original unopened containers bearing manufacturer's statement or guarantee.

B. Grassing

The Contractor shall grass all unpaved areas disturbed during construction which do not require sod. All grassing shall be completed in conformance with FDOT Specifications Sections 570 and 981. The grassed areas shall be mulched and fertilized in accordance with FDOT Specifications.

C. Sodding

Sod shall be provided as required in accordance with Florida Department of Transportation Specifications 575 and 981. The Contractor shall furnish sod equal to and similar in type as that disturbed. Placement and watering requirements shall be in accordance with FDOT Specifications Section 575.

D. Topsoil

Topsoil stockpiled during excavation may be used. If additional topsoil is required to replace topsoil removed during construction, it shall be obtained off site at no additional cost to FGUA. Topsoil shall be fertile, natural surface soil, capable of producing all trees, plants, and grassing specified herein.

E. Mulch

Mulch shall be fresh cypress mulch. Rate of application specified herein shall correspond to depth not less than 1" or more than 3" according to texture and moisture content of much material.

F. Water

It is the Contractor's responsibility to supply all water to the site, as required during seeding and sodding operations and through the maintenance period and until the work is accepted. The Contractor shall make whatever arrangements may be necessary to ensure an adequate supply of water to meet the needs for his work. He shall also furnish all necessary hose, equipment, attachments, and accessories for the adequate irrigation of lawns and planted areas as may be required. Water shall be suitable for irrigation and free from ingredients harmful to plant life.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

A. Time of Seeding and Sodding

When the trench backfill has stabilized sufficiently, the Contractor shall commence work on lawns and grassed areas, including fine grading as required.

B. Finish Grading

Areas to be seeded or sodded shall be finish graded, raked, and debris removed. Soft spots and uneven grades shall be eliminated; the Engineer shall approve the finish grade of all areas to be seeded or sodded prior to application of seed or sod.

C. Protection

Seeded and sodded areas shall be protected against the traffic or other use by placing warning signs or erecting barricades as necessary. Any areas damaged prior to actual acceptance by the Owner shall be repaired by the Contractor as directed by the Engineer.

3.1 CLEANUP

- A. Soil, mulch, seed, or similar materials spilled onto paved areas shall be removed promptly, keeping those areas as clean as possible at all times. Upon completion of seeding and sodding operations, all excess soil, stones, and debris remaining shall be removed from the construction areas.

3.2 LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE

- A. Any existing landscape items damaged or altered during construction by the Contractor shall be restored or replaced as directed by the Engineer.
- B. Maintain landscape work for a period of 90 days immediately following complete installation of work or until Owner accepts project. Watering, seeding, cultivating, restoration of grade, mowing and trimming grass, protection from insects and diseases, fertilizing and similar operations as needed to ensure normal growth and good health for live plant material shall be the responsibility of the Contractor and at no additional cost to the Owner.

3.3 REPAIRS TO LAWN AREAS DISTURBED BY CONTRACTOR'S OPERATIONS

- A. Lawn areas planted under this Contract and all lawn areas damaged by the Contractor's operation shall be repaired at once by proper soil preparation, fertilizing, and reseeding or sodding, in accordance with these Specifications.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02523

SIDEWALKS, DRIVEWAYS AND CURBS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Sidewalks, sidewalk ramps, driveways, curbs and drive approaches complete with concrete materials, concrete curing compounds, joint materials, field quality control and appurtenances.

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Reference Standards: Conform the work for this Section to the applicable portions of the following standard Specifications.
 - 1. ASTM American Society of Testing and Materials
 - 2. AASHTO American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials
 - 3. FDOT Florida Department of Transportation - Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.
 - 4. FAC Florida Accessibility Code.
 - 5. ADAAG American with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines
 - 6. UFAS Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Reports: Written permission for the use of all local disposal sites. Furnish copies to the ENGINEER.
- B. Test Reports:
 - 1. Thickness and Compressive Strength: Provide the ENGINEER with two (2) certified copies of the test results. Perform the tests by a laboratory approved by the ENGINEER.

1.4 JOB CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Requirements:
 - 1. Temperature: Comply with the requirements for concrete installation due to outside ambient air temperatures as specified under Article 3.3.1 of this Section.

- B. Protection:
 - 1. Protection Against Rain: Comply with the requirements for protecting new work against damage from Rain, as specified under Article 3.3.I of this Section.
 - 2. Protection Against Cold Weather: Comply with the requirements for protecting new work against damage from cold weather, as specified under Article 3.3.I of this Section.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Concrete: Use 2,500 psi concrete except as modified herein.
- B. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Use ready-mixed concrete which conforms to ASTM C94, Alternate 2.
- C. Water: Use water for mixing and curing concrete reasonably clean and free from oil, salt, acid, alkali, chlorides, sugar, vegetable, or other substances injurious to the finished product. Waters from sources approved by the local Health Department as potable may be used without test. Test water requiring testing in accordance with the current Method of Test for Quality of Water to be Used in Concrete, AASHTO T-26.
- D. Concrete Curing Compounds: Use white membrane curing compound for curing concrete which conforms to AASHTO M148, Type 1 clear, or Type 2 while per FDOT Section 925.
- E. Premolded Joint Filler: Use fiber joint filler which conforms to ASTM D1751. Use filler of the thickness, as specified herein, or as directed by the ENGINEER.
- F. Steel Hook Bolts: Use hook bolts which conform to ASTM A706, or for Grade 60 of ASTM A615, A616, or A617. Use 5/8-inch diameter hook bolts self tapping.
- G. Joint Sealant: Use hot-poured type joint sealant which conforms to ASTM D1190.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 CONTRACTOR'S VERIFICATION

- A. Excavation and Forming: Prior to the installation of any concrete, examine the excavation and forms for the proper grades, lines, and levels required to receive the new work. Ascertain that all excavation and compacted subgrades are adequate to receive the concrete to be installed.

1. Correct all defects and deficiencies before proceeding with the work.
- B. Existing Improvements: Investigate and verify location of existing improvements to which the new work is to be connected.
 1. Making necessary adjustment in line and grade to align the new work with the existing improvements must be approved by the ENGINEER prior to any change.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Forms: Use wood or metal forms, straight and free from warp, clean, and sufficient strength to resist springing during the process of depositing concrete against them.
 1. Use full depth of the concrete forms.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Sidewalks, Sidewalk Ramps, Driveways and Driveway Approaches: Construct all sidewalks and sidewalk ramps four (4) inches thick except at driveways and alleys. Construct thickness of the sidewalks six (6) inches at driveways and alleys. Construct sidewalks five (5) feet wide unless otherwise noted on the Plans or directed by the ENGINEER, and slope 1/4-inch per foot towards the center of the road. Normally, sidewalks will be located within the right-of-way, parallel the property lines, at a distance of 1-foot from the property line.
 1. Construct alleys, driveways and approaches six (6) inches thick. Construct the width of the driveways and driveway approaches as shown on the Plans or as directed by the ENGINEER.
- B. Removal of Existing Curb for Sidewalk Ramps and Driveway Approaches: Conform construction of sidewalk ramps within street intersections where curbed pavement existing to the current FDOT Roadway and Traffic Design Standards.
 1. Saw cut, to full depth of pavement, and remove a minimum of an 18-inch wide curb and gutter section where there is no proper curb drop for the sidewalk ramp or driveway approach. When mountable curbs are present, remove a 24- inch wide curb and gutter section for the construction of sidewalk ramps, as specified above.
 2. Remove curb and gutter as determined by the ENGINEER in the field but remove curb and gutter at least as wide as the proposed sidewalk ramp plus 1- foot on each side.
 3. Replace the removed curb and gutter section with materials, equal to what was removed and seal joint with hot poured rubber asphalt.

- C. Install 5/8 inch diameter self tapping hook bolts, in the existing concrete pavement as indicated on the Plans prior to placing concrete for the removed curb and gutter section.
- D. Placement of Forms: Use wood forms, straight and free from warp, of nominal depth for sidewalk sections less than 25 feet in length.
 - 1. Stake forms to line and grade in a manner that will prevent deflection and settlement.
 - 2. When unit slab areas are to be poured, place slab division forms such that the slab division joints will be straight and continuous.
 - 3. Set forms for sidewalk ramps to provide a grade toward the centerline of the right-of-way in accordance with current standards. Use a uniform grade, except as may be necessary to eliminate short grade changes.
 - 4. Oil forms before placing concrete. Leave forms in place at least 12 hours after the concrete is placed. Place forms ahead of the pouring operations to maintain uninterrupted placement of concrete.
 - 5. The use of slip form pavers can be allowed when approved by the ENGINEER in lieu of the construction system described above.
- E. Joints: Construct transverse and longitudinal expansion and plane-of-weakness joints at the locations specified herein, or as indicated on the Plans or as directed by the ENGINEER.
 - 1. Place the transverse expansion joints for the full width and depth of the new work. Use transverse expansion joints placed against an existing pavement a minimum of six (6) inches deep but no less than the thickness of the concrete being placed.
 - 2. Conform longitudinal expansion joints to the requirements as transverse expansion joints.
 - 3. Construct joints true to line with their faces perpendicular to the surface of the sidewalk. Install the top slightly below the finished surface of the sidewalk. Construct transverse joints at right angles to the centerline of the sidewalk and construct longitudinal joints parallel to the centerline or as directed by the ENGINEER.
 - 4. Place transverse expansion joints, 1/2-inch thick, through the sidewalk at uniform intervals of not more than 50 feet and elsewhere as shown on the Plans, or as directed by the ENGINEER.
 - 5. Place expansion joints, 1/2-inch thick, between the sidewalk and back of abutting parallel curb, buildings or other rigid structures, concrete

driveways and driveway approaches. When directed by the ENGINEER, place the expansion joint between sidewalks and buildings 1-foot from the property line and parallel to it.

6. Form plane-of-weakness joints every five (5) feet. Form joints by use of slab divisions forms extending to the full depth of the concrete or by cutting joints in the concrete, after floating, to a depth equal to 1/4 the thickness on the sidewalk. Construct cut joints not less than 1/8-inch or more than 1/4-inch in width and finish smooth and at right angles to the centerline on the sidewalk.
- F. Placing and Finishing Concrete: Place all concrete on a prepared unfrozen, smooth, leveled, rolled and properly compacted base. Place concrete on a moist surface with no visible water present.
1. Deposit the concrete, in a single layer to the depth specified. Spade or vibrate and compact the concrete to fill in all voids along the forms and joints. Strike off the concrete with a strike board until all voids are removed and the surface has the required grade and cross section as indicated on the Plans, or as directed by the ENGINEER.
 2. Float the surface of the concrete just enough to produce a smooth surface free from irregularities. Round all edges and joints with an edger having a 1/4-inch radius.
 3. Broom the surface of sidewalks, driveways and approaches to slightly roughen the surface.
 4. Texture the surface of the sidewalk ramps with a coarse broom transversely to the ramp slope, and coarser roughen than the remainder of the sidewalk. Contrast the ramp slope in color (using a brick-red dye or approved equal) from the remainder of the sidewalk. Comply with minimum color contrast and slope requirements from FAC, UFAS, ADAAG, Local Government Standards, or as directed by the ENGINEER.
- G. Curing: After finishing operations have been completed and immediately after the free water has left the surface, completely coat and seal the surface of the concrete (and sides if slip-forming is used) with a uniform layer of white membrane curing compound. Do not thin the curing compound. Apply the curing compound at the rate of one gallon per 200 square feet of surface.
- H. Barricades: Place suitable barricades and lights around all newly poured sidewalks, sidewalk ramps, driveways, driveway approaches and curb and gutter sections in order to protect the new work from damage from pedestrians, vehicles and others until the concrete has hardened.

1. Leave barricades in place for a minimum of two (2) days, except for driveway approaches and curb and gutter sections. Leave barricades in place for a minimum of three (3) days.
 2. Remove and replace any concrete that suffers surface or structural damage at no additional cost.
- I. Protection:
1. Against Rain: Protect new concrete from the effects of rain before the concrete has sufficiently hardened. Have available on the job site at all times enough burlap or 6-mil thick polyurethane film to cover and protect one day's work. Stop work and cover completed work when rain appears eminent. As soon as the rain ceases, uncover the concrete and burlap drag the surface where necessary. Apply curing compound to any areas where the compound has been disturbed or washed away.
 2. Against Cold Weather: If concrete is placed between December 15 and February 15, have available on the site sufficient amount of clean, dry straw or hay to cover one (1) day's production. If the temperature reaches 40 degrees F and is falling, place the hay or straw 12 inches thick, immediately after the curing compound is applied.
 3. Concrete Temperature Limitations: Do not place concrete when the temperature of the concrete at the point of placement is above 90 degrees F.
- J. Cleanup: After the concrete has gained sufficient strength, but no sooner than within 12 hours, remove the fixed forms and backfill the spaces on both sides with sound earth of topsoil quality. Compact, level and leave backfill in a neat condition.
- K. Gutters and Curbs: Construct gutters and curbs in accordance with Section 520 FDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, latest edition, including supplements.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Concrete Delivery Ticket: Use a ticket system for recording the transportation of concrete from the batching plant to point of delivery. Issue this ticket to the truck operator at the point of loading and give to the ENGINEER upon delivery.
- B. Concrete Delivery Rejection: Remove concrete not permitted for inclusion in the work by the ENGINEER from the site. Rejection of concrete will be determined through Field Quality Control and elapsed time from mixer charging to delivery.

- C. Concrete Testing at Placement: Perform tests of each batch of concrete delivered, each 50 cubic yards, or whenever consistency appears to vary. The sampling and testing of slump, air content and strength will be performed at no cost to the CITY.
1. Sampling: Secure composite samples in accordance with the Method of Sampling Fresh Concrete, ASTM C172.
 2. Slump Test: Test in accordance with ASTM C143. Use the least slump possible consistent with workability for proper placing of the various classifications of concrete.
 - a. Place structural concrete for walls and slabs, by means of vibratory equipment, with a slump of four (4) inches.
 - b. A tolerance of up to 1-inch above the indicated maximum will be allowed for individual batches provided the average for all batches or the most recent ten (10) batches tested, whichever is fewer, does not exceed the maximum limit.
 3. Air Content: Determine air content of normal weight concrete in accordance with Method of Test for Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method, ASTM C23 1, or by the volumetric method, ASTM C 173, for each strength test.
 4. Compressive Strength: Make two (2) strength tests of three (3) samples each for each 50 cubic yards, or fraction thereof, of each mix design of concrete placed in any one (1) day.
 - a. Handling Samples: Mold and cure three (3) specimens from each sample in accordance with Method of Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field, ASTM C31. Record any deviations from the requirements of this Standard in the test report.
 - b. Testing: Test specimens in accordance with Method of Test for Compressive Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens, ASTM C39. Test one (1) specimen at seven (7) days for information and test two (2) at 28 days for acceptance. Use the average of the strengths of the two (2) specimens tested at 28 days. Discard results if one (1) specimen in a test manifests evidence of improper sampling, molding or testing, and use the strength of the remaining cylinder. Should both specimens in test shown any of the above defects, discard the entire test.
 - c. Acceptance of Concrete: The strength level of the concrete will be considered satisfactory so long as the averages of all sets of three consecutive strength test results equal or exceed the specified 28-day strength and no individual strength test results falls below

the specified 28-day strength by more than 500 psi. If the strength test is not acceptable, perform further testing to qualify the concrete.

- d. Concrete Temperature: Determine the temperature of concrete sample for each strength test.
- D. Reductions due to deficiencies in thickness or compressive strength are additive, that is, if an area is deficient by 3/8 inch and under strength by 200 psi, the total reduction is 20% plus 02% or 40% reduction.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02530

GROUNDWATER CONTROL FOR OPEN CUT EXCAVATION

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION OF REQUIREMENTS

- A. This section provides for furnishing all labor, materials, equipment, power and incidentals for performing all operations necessary to dewater, depressurize, drain and maintain excavations as described herein and as necessary for installation of pipeline and appurtenances. Included are installing, maintaining, operating and removing dewatering systems and other approved devices for the control of surface and groundwater during the construction of open cut excavations, directional drilling, pipelines and appurtenances, and protecting work against rising waters and repair of any resulting damage.

1.2 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

- A. It is the sole responsibility of the CONTRACTOR to identify groundwater conditions and to provide any and all labor, material, equipment, techniques and methods to lower, control and handle the groundwater as necessary for his construction methods and to monitor the effectiveness of this installed system and its effect on adjacent facilities.
- B. Operate, maintain and modify the system(s) as required to conform to these Specifications. Upon completion of the Construction, CONTRACTOR shall remove the system(s). The development, drilling and abandonment of all wells used in the dewatering system shall comply with regulations of the Florida Department of Environmental Protection and the governing Water Management District.
- C. Assume sole responsibility for dewatering systems and for all loss or damage resulting from partial or complete failure of protective measures and any settlement or resultant damage caused by the dewatering operation.

1.3 PLANS AND OTHER DATA TO BE SUBMITTED

- A. Prior to commencement of work, submit complete drawings, details and layouts showing the proposed dewatering plans in accordance with Section 01300. The submittals shall be sufficiently detailed (i.e., general arrangements, procedures to be used, etc.) to allow the ENGINEER to evaluate the proposed dewatering systems. Include the following, as required by the CONTRACTOR's proposed operation:

1. Names of equipment suppliers.

2. Names of installation subcontractors.
3. Plan for dewatering at access shafts and control of surface drainage.
4. Plan for dewatering for cut-and-cover excavations, or otherwise controlling groundwater.
5. Eductor system layout and details.
6. Deep well locations and details.
7. Well point system layout and details.
8. Installation reports for eductors, deep wells and well points.
9. Water level readings from piezometers or observation wells, and method of maintenance.
10. As part of his request for approval of a dewatering system, demonstrate the adequacy of the proposed system and well point filler sand by means of a test installation.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

- A. Select equipment including but not limited to pumps, eductors, well points and piping and other material desired.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.2 DEWATERING EXCAVATIONS

- A. Furnish, install, operate and maintain all necessary equipment for dewatering the various parts of the Work and for maintaining free of water the excavations and such other parts of the Work as required for Construction operations. Dewatering system should provide for continuous operation including nights, weekends, holidays, etc. Appropriate backup shall be provided if electrical power is primary energy source for dewatering system.
- B. Continue dewatering in all required areas, until the involved work is completed, including the placing and compaction of backfill materials in the dry.
- C. Provide a uniform diameter for each pipe drain run constructed for dewatering. Remove the pipe drain when it has served its purpose. If removal of the pipe is impractical, provide grout connections at 50-foot intervals, and fill the

pipe with clay grout or cement and sand grout when the pipe has served its purpose.

3.3 DEWATERING TRENCH

- A. No pipeline shall be laid in a trench in the presence of water. All water shall be removed from the trench sufficiently ahead of the pipeline placing operation. The ENGINEER shall have full and final authority to require dewatering of the trench to ensure a dry, firm bed on which to place the pipeline. As a minimum, water levels shall be maintained at least 6 inches below the bottom of the trench. Trench shall continue to be dewatered until trench backfilling operations have been completed.
- B. Removal of water may be accomplished by pumping or pumping in connection with well point installation as the particular situation may warrant.
- C. If the soils encountered at the trench grade are suitable for the passage of water, without destroying the sides or utility foundation of the trench, sumps may be provided at intervals at the side of the main trench excavation. Pumps shall be used to lower the water level by taking their suction from said sumps.

3.4 REQUIREMENTS FOR EDUCTOR, WELL POINTS OR DEEP WELLS

- A. Eductor, well points or deep wells, where used, must be furnished, installed and operated by a reputable CONTRACTOR regularly engaged in this business, and approved.
- B. Submit the design criteria of the dewatering system and a certification that the system was designed according to that criteria.
- C. Install sufficient piezometers or observation wells to show that all trench excavation in sandy material is predrained prior to excavation. Install piezometers or observation wells not less than 1 week in advance of beginning of nearest excavation.
- D. Dewatering may be omitted for portions of underdrains or other trenches, only where auger borings and piezometers or observation wells show that the soil is predrained by an exterior system.

3.5 MAINTENANCE AND OBSERVATION

- A. Maintenance and observation of piezometers or observation wells is the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR and shall consist of keeping them in good condition and observing and recording the elevation of the water level daily, as long as the dewatering system is in operation, and weekly thereafter until the work is completed or the piezometers or wells are removed.

- B. Submit a record of the water level to the ENGINEER each day.
- C. Replace damaged and destroyed piezometers or observation wells, unless otherwise accepted by the ENGINEER, with new piezometers or wells within 48 hours, at no additional cost to the County.
- D. Cut off piezometers or observation wells in excavation areas, where exposed, as excavation proceeds, and continue to maintain and make observations as specified.
- E. Remove, backfill or grout piezometers or observation wells inside or outside the excavation area, as approved by the ENGINEER.

3.6 DURATION OF DRAINAGE

- A. In areas where concrete is to be placed, carry out the foundation drainage so that the required lowering of the water table will be effected prior to placing reinforcing steel. Keep foundation beds free from water to the same levels for 3 days after placing concrete.

3.7 PROTECTION OF STRUCTURES

- A. Provide adequate protection for all structures to avoid damage to concrete.
- B. Operate construction equipment over completed concrete slabs or structures only with approval. Rubber tire equipment heavier than 5 tons and crawlers heavier than 7 tons will require adequate load spreading by sand fill or other means.

3.8 DISCHARGE OF WATER

- A. Do not discharge pumped drainage water into the sanitary sewer system or inhibit pedestrian or vehicular traffic with the groundwater control system.
- B. Discharge pumped drainage water into the storm sewer system or drainage ditch by direct means (i.e., discharge hose to inlet, burying header, etc.). Monitor the discharged water to determine that soil particles are not being removed.
- C. All discharge shall be in conformance with regulatory permits and if discharged into receiving waters, shall not exceed 29 N.T.U.s above background.

3.9 REPAIR OF DAMAGE

- A. Assume full responsibility for all loss and damage due to flooding, rising water or seepage resulting from dewatering operations in any part of the

work. Repair any damage to partially completed work from these or other causes, including the removal of slides, repair of foundation beds and performance of any other work necessitated by lack of adequate dewatering or drainage facilities.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02575

PAVEMENT REPAIR AND RESTORATION

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required and remove and replace pavements over trenches excavated for installation of pipelines and appurtenances.

1.2 GENERAL

- A. All damage, as a result of work under this project, done to existing pavement, driveways, paved areas, curbs and gutters, sidewalks, shrubbery, grass, trees, utility poles, utility pipe lines, conduits, drains, catch basins, or stabilized areas or driveways and including all obstructions not specifically named herein, shall be repaired in a manner satisfactory to the ENGINEER. Bid prices shall include the furnishing of all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary for the cutting, repair, and restoration of the damaged areas unless pay items for specific types of repair are included in the Bid Form.
- B. Keep the surface of the backfilled area of excavation in a safe condition and level with the remaining pavement until the pavement is restored in the manner specified herein. All surface irregularities that are dangerous or obstructive to traffic are to be removed. The repair shall conform to applicable OWNER or State requirements for pavement repair and as described herein.
- C. All materials and workmanship shall be first class and nothing herein shall be construed as to relieve the CONTRACTOR from this responsibility. FGUA reserves the right to require soil bearing or loading tests or materials tests, should the adequacy of the foundation or the quality of materials used be questionable. Costs of these tests shall be borne by FGUA, if found acceptable; the costs of all failed tests shall be borne by the CONTRACTOR.
- D. All street and road repair shall be made in accordance with the details indicated on the drawings and in accordance with the applicable requirements of these Specifications and meeting the permit requirements and approval of the governing Department of Transportation agencies.
- E. Pavement or roadway surfaces cut or damaged shall be replaced by the CONTRACTOR in equal or better condition than the original, including stabilization, base course, surface course, curb and gutter or other appurtenances. The CONTRACTOR shall obtain the necessary permits prior to any roadway work.

Additionally, the CONTRACTOR shall provide advance notice to the appropriate authority, as required, prior to construction operations.

1. Roadway Restoration (within FGUA Department of Transportation & Engineering jurisdiction): Restoration shall be in accordance with the requirements set forth in the "Right-of-Way Utility Construction Activities Policy" and these Standards. The materials of construction and method of installation, along with the proposed restoration design for items not referred or specified herein, shall receive prior approval from FGUA DOT.
 - a. Where existing pavement is to be removed, the surface shall be mechanical saw cut prior to trench excavation, leaving a uniform and straight edge parallel or perpendicular to the roadway centerline with minimum disturbance to the remaining adjacent surfacing. The width of cut for this phase of existing pavement removal shall be minimal.
 - b. Immediately following the specified backfilling and compaction, a temporary sand seal coat surface shall be applied to the cut areas. This temporary surfacing shall provide a smooth traffic surface with the existing roadway and shall be maintained until final restoration. Said surfacing shall remain for a minimum of ten (10) days in order to assure the stability of the backfill under normal traffic conditions. Thirty (30) days following this period and prior to sixty (60) days after application, the temporary surfacing shall be removed and final roadway surface restoration accomplished.
 - c. In advance of final restoration, the temporary surfacing shall be removed and the existing pavement mechanically sawed straight and clean to the stipulated dimensions, if needed. Following the above operation, the CONTRACTOR shall proceed immediately with final pavement restoration in accordance with the requirements set forth by FGUA Department of Transportation.
2. Roadway Restoration (outside FGUA Department of Transportation jurisdiction) – Work within the rights-of-way of public thoroughfares which are not under jurisdiction of FGUA, shall conform to the requirements of the Governmental agency having jurisdiction or the Florida Department of Transportation, if no governmental agencies have jurisdiction. Work within State Highway right-of-way shall be in full compliance with all requirements of the permit drawings, and to the satisfaction of the Florida Department of Transportation.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Applicable provisions of the latest version of the Florida Department of Transportation "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction", and

Supplemental Specifications hereunder govern the work under this Section. The Florida Department of Transportation will hereafter be referred to as FDOT.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. All materials utilized in flexible base pavement and base course shall be as specified in the latest version of the Florida Department of Transportation "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction".

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 CUTTING PAVEMENT

- A. Cut and remove pavement as necessary for installing the new pipelines and appurtenances and for making connections to existing pipelines.
- B. Before removing pavement, the pavement shall be marked for cuts nearly paralleling pipelines and existing street lines. Asphalt pavement shall be cut along the markings with a jackhammer, rotary saw, or other suitable tool, leaving a uniform and straight edge with minimum disturbance to the remaining adjacent surface.
- C. No pavement shall be machine pulled until completely broken and separated along the marked cuts.
- D. The pavement adjacent to pipeline trenches shall neither be disturbed nor damaged. If the adjacent pavement is disturbed or damaged, irrespective of cause, remove the damaged pavement and shall replace it at his own expense.

3.2 GENERAL RESTORATION

- A. The restoration of existing street paving, driveways, etc., shall be restored, replaced or rebuilt using the same type of construction as was in the original. Be responsible for restoring all such work, including sub-grade and base courses where present. Obtain and pay for such local or other governmental permits as may be necessary for the opening of streets. Meet any requirements other than those herein set forth which may effect the type, quality and manner of carrying on the restoration of surfaces by reason of jurisdiction of such governmental bodies.
- B. In all cases, maintain, without additional compensation, all permanent replacement of street paving, done by him under this Contract until accepted by FGUA, including the removal and replacement of such work wherever surface depressions or underlying cavities result from settlement of trench backfill.

- C. Complete all the final resurfacing or re-paving of streets or roads, over the excavations and relay paving surfaces of roadbed that have failed or been damaged prior to acceptance by FGUA. Backfilling of trenches and the preparation of sub-grades shall conform to the requirements of Section 02223.
- D. All re-paving or resurfacing shall be done in accordance with Florida Department of Transportation Specifications, to which the following requirement of trench backfill will be added: Where pipeline construction crossed paved areas such as streets, the top 24 inches of trench below the road bases or concrete slabs shall be backfilled with compacted A-4 or better matter that will provide a bearing value of not less than 75 when tested by the Florida Department of Transportation Soil Bearing Test Methods.

3.3 PRIME AND TACK COATS

- A. The work shall consist of the application of bituminous prime and tack coats on the previously prepared base course in accordance with Section 300 of the FDOT Specifications.

3.4 WEARING COURSE

- A. The work shall consist of the construction of plant-mixed hot bituminous pavement to the thickness indicated in the drawings conforming to Type III asphaltic concrete in accordance with Section 333 of the FDOT Specifications. The requirements for plant and equipment are specified in Section 320 and the general construction requirements for asphaltic concrete pavement are contained in Section 330 of the FDOT specifications.

3.5 TESTING

- A. All field testing shall be performed by an independent laboratory employed by FGUA. All materials shall be tested and certified by the producer. Tests repeated because sub-grade or base does not meet specified compaction shall be at the CONTRACTOR's expense.

3.6 MISCELLANEOUS RESTORATION

- A. Sidewalks cut or damaged by construction shall be restored in full sections or blocks to a minimum thickness of four inches. Concrete curb or curb gutter shall be restored to the existing height and cross section in full sections or lengths between joints. Concrete shall be as specified on the drawings. Grassed yards, shoulders and parkways shall be restored to match the existing sections with grass seed or sod of a type matching the existing grass.

3.7 CLEANUP

- A. After all repair and restoration or paving has been completed, all excess

asphalt, dirt, and other debris shall be removed from the roadways. All existing storm sewers and inlets shall be checked and cleaned of any construction debris.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02620

HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE PIPE AND FITTINGS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required to install High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) pressure pipe, fittings, and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings and specified in the Contract Documents.
- B. High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) – FGUA has the option of approving the use of HDPE (DR11) (200 PSI minimum pressure rating) up to 16 inches in diameter for water main crossings of roadways, ditches, canals, and environmentally sensitive lands. HDPE water mains shall have the same equivalent internal diameter and equivalent pressure class rating as the corresponding PVC pipe, unless otherwise approved by FGUA

1.2 REFERENCED STANDARDS

- A. All standard specifications, i.e., Federal, ANSI, ASTM, etc., made a portion of these Specifications by reference, shall be the latest edition and revision thereof.

1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

- A. All HDPE pipe, fittings, and appurtenances shall be furnished by a single manufacturer who is fully experienced, reputable and qualified in the manufacture of the items to be furnished.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit to the ENGINEER, a list of materials to be furnished, the names of the suppliers, and the appropriate shop drawings for all HDPE pipe and fittings.
- B. Submit the pipe manufacturer's certification of compliance with the applicable sections of the Specifications.
- C. Submit shop drawings showing installation method and the proposed method and specialized equipment to be used.

1.5 INSPECTIONS AND TESTS

- A. All work shall be inspected by an Authorized Representative of FGUA who shall have the authority to halt construction if, in his opinion, these specifications or standard construction practices are not being followed. Whenever any portion of these specifications is violated, the ENGINEER or his authorized representative, shall, by written notice, order further construction to cease until all deficiencies are corrected.

1.6 WARRANTY AND ACCEPTANCE

- A. Warrant all work to be free from defects in workmanship and materials for a period of one year from the date of completion of all construction. If work meets these specifications, a letter of acceptance, subject to the one year warranty period, shall be given at the time of completion. A final acceptance letter shall be given upon final inspection at the end of the one year warranty period, provided the work still complies with these specifications. In the event deficiencies are discovered during the warranty period, they shall be corrected by the CONTRACTOR without additional charge to FGUA before final acceptance. During the warranty period, the ENGINEER shall determine if warranty repairs or replacement work shall be performed by the CONTRACTOR. The decision of the ENGINEER shall be binding upon the CONTRACTOR.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 POLYETHYLENE PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Polyethylene pressure pipe shall be manufactured from PE3408 polyethylene, DR 11 minimum, 200 psi pressure rating minimum, and shall meet AWWA C906 standards. When specified by the ENGINEER on the construction drawings, as an alternate to PVC, HDPE, Ductile iron pipe sized (DIPS) piping shall be used for buried applications.
- B. Where HDPE pipe is joined to HDPE pipe, it shall be by thermal butt fusion. Thermal fusion shall be accomplished in accordance with the pipe manufacturer and fusion equipment supplier specifications. The CONTRACTOR installing thermal butt fused HDPE pipe shall have a minimum of five years experience performing this type of work.
- C. Qualification of Manufacturer: The Manufacturer shall have manufacturing and quality control facilities capable of producing and assuring the quality of the pipe and fittings required by these specifications. The Manufacturer's production facilities shall be open for inspection by FGUA or his authorized representative. Qualified manufacturers shall be approved by FGUA.
- D. Approved Manufacturer: Manufacturers that are qualified and approved are listed below:

1. PLEXCO Division of Chevron Chemical Company
 2. DriscoPipe, Phillips Petroleum Co.
- E. Materials: Materials used for the manufacture of polyethylene pipe and fittings shall be PE3408 high density polyethylene meeting cell classification 345434C or 345434E per ASTM D 3350; and meeting Type III, Class B or Class C, Category 5, Grade P34 per ASTM D 1248; and shall be listed in the name of the pipe and fitting manufacturer in PPI (Plastics Pipe Institute) TR-4, Recommended Hydrostatic Strengths and Design Stresses for Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings Compounds, with a standard grade rating of 1600 psi at 73°F. The Manufacturer shall certify that the materials used to manufacture pipe and fittings meet these requirements.
- F. Interchangeability of Pipe and Fittings: Polyethylene pipe and fittings shall be produced by the same Approved Manufacturer. Products made by subcontractor's or Manufacturer's distributor are not acceptable. Pipe and fittings from different Approved Manufacturers shall not be interchanged.
- G. Polyethylene Pipe: Polyethylene pipe shall be manufactured in accordance with ASTM F 714, Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe (SDR-PR) Based on Outside Diameter or ASTM D 3035, Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe (DR-PR) Based on Controlled Outside Diameter and shall be so marked. Each production lot of pipe shall be tested for (from material or pipe) melt index, density, % carbon, (from pipe) dimensions and either quick burst or ring tensile strength (equipment permitting).
- H. Color Identification: HDPE must have at least three equally spaced horizontal colored marking stripes. Permanent identification of piping service shall be provided by adhering to the following colors (in accordance with the coloring code in Section 9900).
- Blue – potable water
Green – wastewater, sewage
Pantone Purple – reuse or reclaimed water
- I. Polyethylene Fittings and Custom Fabrications: Polyethylene fittings and custom fabrications shall be molded or fabricated by the pipe manufacturer. Butt fusion outlets shall be made to the same outside diameter, wall thickness, and tolerances as the mating pipe. All fittings and custom fabrications shall be fully rated for the same internal pressure as the mating pipe. Pressure de-rated fabricated fittings are prohibited.
- J. Molded Fittings: Molded fittings shall be manufactured in accordance with ASTM D 3261, Butt Heat Fusion Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Fittings for Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe and Tubing, and shall be so marked. Each production lot of molded fittings shall be subjected to the tests required under ASTM D 3261.

- K. X-Ray Inspection: The Manufacturer shall submit samples from each molded fittings production lot to x-ray inspection for voids, and shall certify that voids were not found.
- L. Fabricated Fittings: Fabricated fittings shall be made by heat fusion joining specially machined shapes cut from pipe, polyethylene sheet stock, or molded fittings. Fabricated fittings shall be rated for internal pressure service equivalent to the full service pressure rating of the mating pipe. Directional fittings 16" IPS and larger such as elbows, tees, crosses, etc., shall have a plain end inlet for butt fusion and flanged directional outlets. Part drawings shall be submitted for the approval of the ENGINEER.

2.2 MANUFACTURER'S QUALITY CONTROL

- A. The pipe and fitting manufacturer shall have an established quality control program responsible for inspecting incoming and outgoing materials. Incoming polyethylene materials shall be inspected for density, melt flow rate, and contamination. The cell classification properties of the material shall be certified by the supplier, and verified by Manufacturer's Quality Control. Incoming materials shall be approved by Quality Control before processing into finished goods. Outgoing materials shall be checked for:
 - 1. Outside diameter, wall thickness, and eccentricity as per ASTM D2122 at a frequency of at least once/hour or once/coil, whichever is less frequent.
 - 2. Out of Roundness at frequency of at least once/hour or once/coil, whichever is less frequent.
 - 3. Straightness, inside and outside surface finish, markings and end cuts shall be visually inspected as per ASTM F714 on every length of pipe.

Quality Control shall verify production checks and test for:

- 1. Density as per ASTM D1505 at a frequency of at least once per extrusion lot.
- 2. Melt Index as per ASTM D1238 at a frequency of at least once per extrusion lot.
- 3. Carbon content as per ASTM D1603 at a frequency of at least once per day per extrusion line.
- 4. Quick burst pressure (sizes thru 4-inch) as per ASTM D1599 at a frequency of at least once per day per line.
- 5. Ring Tensile Strength (sizes above 4-inch equipment permitting) as per ASTM D2290 at a frequency of at least once per day per line.
- 6. ESCR (size permitting) as per ASTM F1248 at a frequency of at least once per extrusion lot.

X-ray inspection shall be used to inspect molded fittings for voids, and knit line strength shall be tested. All fabricated fittings shall be inspected for joint quality and alignment.

2.3 COMPLIANCE TESTS

- A. In case of conflict with Manufacturer's certifications, the CONTRACTOR, ENGINEER, or OWNER may request re-testing by the manufacturer or have re-tests performed by an outside testing service. All re-testing shall be at the requestor's expense, and shall be performed in accordance with the Specifications.
- B. Installation shall be in accordance with Manufacturer's recommendations and this specification. All necessary precautions shall be taken to ensure a safe working environment in accordance with the applicable codes and standards.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE PRESSURE PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. All high density polyethylene (HDPE) pressure pipe shall be installed by direct bury, directional bore, or a method approved by FGUA/ENGINEER prior to construction. If directional bore is used, or if directed by FGUA/ENGINEER, the entire area of construction shall be surrounded by silt barriers during construction.

Installation shall be in accordance with Manufacturer's recommendations, and this specification. All necessary precautions shall be taken to ensure a safe working environment in accordance with the applicable codes and standards.

3.2 HEAT FUSION JOINING

- A. Joints between plain end pipes and fittings shall be made by butt fusion, and joints between the main and saddle branch fittings shall be made using saddle fusion using only procedures that are recommended by the pipe and fitting Manufacturer. Ensure that persons making heat fusion joints have received training and certification for heat fusion in the Manufacturer's recommended procedure. Maintain records of trained personnel, and shall certify that training was received not more than 12 months before commencing construction. External and internal beads shall not be removed.

3.3 EXCAVATION

- A. Trench excavations shall conform to this specification, Section 2222, the plans and drawings, as otherwise authorized in writing by the ENGINEER or his approved representative, and in accordance with all applicable codes. Excess groundwater shall be removed by the CONTRACTOR. Where necessary,

trench walls shall be shored or reinforced.

3.4 FOUNDATION AND BEDDING

- A. Pipe shall be laid on grade and on a stable foundation in accordance with Section 2223.

3.5 PIPE HANDLING

- A. When lifting with slings, only wide fabric choker slings shall be used to lift, move, or lower pipe and fittings. Wire rope or chain shall not be used. Slings shall be of sufficient capacity for the load, and shall be inspected before use. Worn or defective equipment shall not be used.

3.6 TESTING

- A. Butt Fusion Testing: On every day butt fusions are to be made, the first fusion of the day shall be a trial fusion. The trial fusion shall be allowed to cool completely, then fusion test straps shall be cut out. The test strap shall be 12 inches (min) or 30 times the wall thickness in length with the fusion in the center, and 1 inch (min) or 1.5 times the wall thickness in width. Bend the test strap until the ends of the strap touch. If the fusion fails at the joint, a new trial fusion shall be made, cooled completely, and tested. Butt fusion of pipe to be installed shall not commence until a trial fusion has passed the bent strap test.

Perform all butt fusion joints in the presence of the ENGINEER or his representative. Record the temperature and corresponding time for each fusion joint.

- B. Hydrostatic Pressure Testing: HDPE pipes shall be pressure tested in a similar manner as for PVC force main in accordance with Section 02676.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02621

BURIED POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) SEWER AND PRESSURE PIPE

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Requirements for providing buried PVC pipe, fittings and appurtenances.
 - 1. Provide PVC pipe and fittings complete with all necessary jointing facilities and materials, specials, adapters and other appurtenances required for installation in and completion of the pipelines to be constructed.
 - 2. Provide plain end or rubber gaskets (push-on or mechanical joint) of the types, sizes and classes shown or specified.
- B. Related Work Specified In Other Sections Includes:
 - 1. Section 02630 - Buried Ductile-Iron Pipe and Fittings
 - 2. Section 02650 - Laying and Jointing Buried Pipelines
 - 3. Section 02675 - Disinfection
 - 4. Section 02676 - Leakage Testing

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and standards referred to in this Section are:
 - 1. ASTM D 3034 Type PSM Vinyl Poly Chloride (PVC) Sewer Pipe and Fittings
 - 2. ASTM F 679 Vinyl Poly Chloride (PVC) Large Diameter Plastic Gravity Sewer Pipe and Fittings
 - 3. AWWA C900 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Pipe, 4 In. through 12 In., for Water Distribution
 - 4. AWWA C905 Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) Water Transmission Pipe, Nominal Diameters 14 In. through 36 In.
 - 5. ASTM D 2321 Underground Installation of Flexible Thermoplastic Sewer Pipe

6. ASTM F 477 Elastomeric Seals (Gaskets) For Joining Plastic Pipe
7. ANSI A21.10 Ductile-Iron and Gray-Iron Fittings 3 inches through 48 inches, for Water and Other Liquids
8. ANSI A21.11 Rubber-Gasket Joints for Ductile-Iron and Gray Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings

1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Design Standards: Provide 4-inch through 15-inch PVC gravity sewer pipe and fittings meeting the requirements of ASTM D 3034. Provide 18-inch through 27-inch PVC gravity sewer pipe and fittings meeting the requirements of ASTM F 679. Provide 4-inch through 12-inch PVC pressure pipe meeting the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C900. Provide 14-inch through 36-inch PVC pressure pipe meeting the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C905. Provide mechanical ductile-iron pipe fittings for PVC pressure pipe meeting the requirements of Section 02620.
 1. Provide pipe of the various sizes and classes as specified in the schedule or shown. Restrain all pressure pipe joints.
 2. Construct concrete encasements where shown.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.
- B. Submit the following shop drawings:
 1. Pipe joints, fittings, sleeves and cleanouts. Where special designs or fittings are required, show the work in large detail and completely describe and dimension all items.
 2. Fully dimensioned drawings of piping layouts, including fittings, couplings, sleeves, cleanouts, valves, supports and anchors. Label pipe size, materials, type, and class on drawings and include the limits of each reach of restrained joints. Provide cross sections showing elevations of cleanouts, pipes, fittings, sleeves, and valves.
 3. Catalog data for pipe, joints, fittings, sleeves, harnessing and cleanouts.
- C. Quality Control: Submit certificate of compliance for pipe, fittings,

gaskets, coatings, specials, sleeves and cleanouts in accordance with this Section.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver, store and handle all pipe, fittings and appurtenances as specified in Division 1 and Section 02650.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Fittings for Pressure Pipe: Provide all fittings meeting the requirements of ANSI A21.10, unless shown or specified otherwise. Provide fittings with cement mortar lining. Fittings 14 inches and larger require a pressure rating of 150 psi, or as specified, whichever is greater.
- B. Joints and Fittings for Gravity Sewer Pipe: Provide all fittings meeting the requirements of ASTM D 3034 and ASTM F 679. Provide joints that are a molded integral part of the pipe section. Do not use joints or couplings furnished loose. Provide joints with elastomeric gasket joints.
- C. Joints for Pressure Pipe: Provide pipe with bell ends in accordance with AWWA C900 and AWWA C905. Provide joints with elastomeric gasket joints.
- D. Elastomeric Gasket Joints: Provide elastomeric gasket joints in accordance with ASTM F 477.
- E. Rubber Gasket Joints: Provide mechanical joints meeting the requirements of ANSI A21.11.
- F. Harnessing: Series 1600 , Series 2800 and Series 2000 PV as manufactured by EBAA Iron Sales, Inc., or equal.
- G. Color: Provide pipe made of 100 percent of the color specified. Provide green sewer or force main pipe. Provide blue potable water pipe. Provide pantone purple for reuse water pipe.
- H. Pressure Pipe Outside Diameter: Provide pressure pipe of the outside diameter consistent with ductile-iron pipe.
- I. Pipe Marking: Provide mark on each pipe at internals of 5 feet or less to designate compliance with applicable ASTM or AWWA specification.
- J. Temporary Bulkheads: Provide temporary bulkheads at the ends of sections

where adjoining pipelines have not been completed and are not ready to connect.

1. Remove all temporary bulkheads when they are no longer needed.
- K. Date of Manufacturer: Provide pipe and fittings manufactured no earlier than 12 month period proceeding the date of the Agreement.
- L. Wall Thickness for Gravity Sewer:
1. 4 through 15 inches diameter - provide SDR-35 conforming to ASTM D 3034 for depth of cuts through 18 feet. Provide SDR-26 conforming to ASTM D 3034 for depth of cut over 18 feet.
 2. 18 through 27 inches diameter - provide either T-1 or T-2 conforming to Table 1 in ASTM F 679.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install all buried PVC pipe and fittings in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and approved shop drawings and as specified in Division 1 and Section 02650.

3.2 LEAKAGE TESTING

- A. Cleaning: Flush clean and test all pipes after installation.
- B. Testing: Test pipes for leaks and repair or tighten as required.
- C. Procedures: Conduct tests in accordance with Section 02676.

3.3 DISINFECTION

- A. General: Disinfect all pipelines that are to carry potable water before they are placed in service as specified in Section 02675.

3.4 SCHEDULES:

- A. Refer to the Schedules contained in Section 02650 Laying and Jointing Buried Pipelines for information on the piping that is to be constructed using the pipe materials and methods specified herein.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02622

POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) FORCE MAIN PIPE

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required, and install polyvinylchloride (PVC) force main pipe, fittings, and appurtenances as shown on the drawings and as specified herein.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit to the ENGINEER within fourteen calendar days after receipt of Notice-to-Proceed a list of materials to be furnished, the names of the suppliers and the date of delivery of materials to the site.
- B. Submit for approval, as provided in the General Conditions, complete, detailed shop drawings of all PVC pipe and fittings.
- C. Submit and shall comply with pipe manufacturer's recommendations for handling, storing, and installing pipe and fittings.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings or specified, PVC force main pipe shall meet the following minimum requirements:
 - 1. For PVC pipe not installed under roadway pavement:
 - a. Pipe 4 inches through 12 inches in diameter shall be DR18, AWWA C- 900.
 - b. Pipe 14 inches through 24 inches in diameter shall be DR18, AWWA C905.
 - c. Pipe greater than 24 inches in diameter shall be DR25, AWWA C905.
 - 2. For PVC pipe installed under roadway pavement by direct burial:

- a. Pipe 4 inches through 12 inches in diameter shall be DR14, AWWA C-900
 - b. Pipe 14 inches through 24 inches in diameter shall be DR18, AWWA-C905.
 - c. Pipe greater than 24 inches in diameter shall be DR25, AWWA C-905.
- B. PVC fittings 4 inches and larger in diameter shall meet the requirements of applicable AWWA C900 and C905 specifications. Fittings shall be manufactured entirely of PVC meeting ASTM D1784, shall be formed by a thermal-form process and be of one-piece construction, able to withstand 755 psi quick burst pressure-tested in accordance with ASTM D1599 and withstand 500 psi for a minimum of 1,000 hours tested in accordance with ASTM D1598. Bells shall be gasketed push on type conforming to ASTM D3139 with gaskets conforming to ASTM F477. Fittings shall be as manufactured by the Harrington Corporation, or approved equal. Ductile iron fittings with mechanical or push on joints conforming to AWWA C153 or C110 may be approved as alternative when PVC pressure fittings of the required sizes are not available. If ductile iron fitting is used, the fitting shall have a fusion bonded epoxy coating to a minimum of 20 mil.
- C. Pipe shall be homogeneous throughout. It shall be free from voids, inclusions, and other defects. Pipe surface shall be free from nicks and scratches, joining surfaces of spigots and joints shall be free from gouges and imperfections that could cause leakage.
- D. All joints shall be made in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The particular joint used shall be approved by Lee County Utilities prior to installation. No sulfur-based compounds shall be used.
- E. Pipe shall be furnished in standard laying lengths not exceeding 20 feet.
- F. Restrained joints shall be provided at all tees, plugs, horizontal bends, vertical offsets, and locations shown on the drawings. Joint restraint devices for C-900, C905 PVC pipe used with ductile iron mechanical joint fittings shall be EBAA Iron Inc., Series 2000 PV, Uni-Flange 1300, Star Pipe Product, L.P., or approved equal. Bell joint restraint devices for PVC push joint pipe shall be EBAA Iron Inc., Series 1600 for C-900 PVC pipe, Series 2800 for bell restraint on C-905 PVC pipe or Uni-Flange Series 1300, 1360 or 1390 or ROMAC Series 600, Star Pipe Products L.P., or approved equal. C-900 or C-905 PVC fittings shall be restrained with EBAA Iron Inc., Series 2500 bell restraint for PVC fittings, Star Pipe Products, L.P., or an approved equal. Bolts and nuts shall be Ductile Iron or 300 Series Stainless Steel, T-Head type with hexagonal nuts. Bolts and nuts shall be machined through and nuts shall be tapped at right angles to a smooth bearing surface. Restraints shall be Class 150 psi and shall be capable of

withstanding 300 psi quick burst test without separation or failure. Suitable PVC/ductile iron adapters shall be provided as necessary.

- G. PVC pipe fittings for 2-inch and smaller diameter pipe shall be glued and shall be Schedule 80 and conform to the requirements of ASTM D-2464. Threaded joints can be used with PVC Schedule 80 pipe or stronger with diameters larger than 2 inches. At threaded joints between PVC and metal pipes, the metal shall contain a threaded socket end and the PVC threaded spigot end. A metal spigot shall not under any circumstances, be screwed into a PVC socket.

2.2 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Pipe shall bear identification markings that will remain legible after normal handling, storage, and installation. Markings shall be applied in a manner that will not weaken or damage the pipe. Marking shall be applied at intervals of not more than 5 feet on the pipe. Marking on the pipe shall include the following:
 - 1. Nominal size and OD base.
 - 2. PVC.
 - 3. Dimension ratio.
 - 4. AWWA pressure rating.
 - 5. AWWA designation.
 - 6. Manufacturer's name or trademark.
- B. Manufacturer's production code, including day, month, year, shift, plant, and extruder of manufacture.
- C. All PVC sewage force main pipe shall be color coded green.

2.3 STRUCTURE AND MANHOLE CONNECTIONS

- A. Pipe stubs for all structure and manhole connections shall not exceed 12 inches in length unless otherwise shown on the drawings. Caps shall be furnished where required.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. PVC force main pipe shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation, as shown on the Drawings, and as specified herein.

- B. Use care in handling, storage, and installation of pipe and fittings. Storage of pipe on the job site shall be done in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendation. Under no circumstances shall pipe or fittings be dropped into the trench.
- C. Pipe shall be laid to lines and grade shown on the Drawings with bedding and backfill as shown on the Drawings and as specified in Section 02223. Blocking under the pipe will not be permitted.
- D. When laying is not in progress, or the potential exists for dirt or debris to enter the pipe, the open ends of the pipe shall be closed with plug or by other approved means.
- E. In all cases where PVC pipe is installed, a marking tape shall be located above the top of the pipe as specified in Section 02650.

3.2 TESTING FORCE MAINS

- A. Test force mains for leakage in accordance with Section 02676.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02623

POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) WATER MAIN PIPE

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required, and install polyvinyl chloride (PVC) waterline, fittings, service connections and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.
- B. All water mains less than or equal to 12 inches in diameter shall be constructed of PVC, unless otherwise approved by FGUA.

1.2 REFERENCE SPECIFICATIONS, CODES AND STANDARDS

- A. This standard references the documents listed below. They form a part of this standard to the extent specified herein. In any case of conflict, the requirements of this standard shall prevail.
 - 1. ASTM D1598 - Standard Test Method for Time-to-Failure of Plastic Pipe Under Constant Internal Pressure.
 - 2. ASTM D1599 - Test Method for Short-Time Hydraulic Failure Pressure of Plastic Pipe, Tubing, and Fittings.
 - 3. ASTM D1784 - Specification for Rigid Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Compounds and Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Compounds.
 - 4. ASTM D2122 - Standard Method of Determining dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings.
 - 5. ASTM D2152 - Standard Test Method for Degree of Fusion of Extruded Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Pipe and Molded Fittings by Acetone Immersion.
 - 6. ASTM D2241 - Standard Specification for Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Pressure Rated Pipe (SDR Series).
 - 7. ASTM D2412 - Standard Test Method for Determination of External Loading characteristics of Plastic Pipe by Parallel-Plate Loading.

8. ASTM D2774 - Recommended Practice for underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pressure Piping.
9. ASTM D2837 - Method for Obtaining Hydrostatic Design Basis for Thermoplastic Pipe Materials.
10. ASTM D3139 - Specifications for Joints for Plastic Pressure Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals.
11. ASTM F477 - Specification for Elastomeric Seals (Gaskets) for Joining Plastic Pipe.
12. AWWA M23 - PVC Pipe - Design and Installation.
13. NSF 14 - Plastics Piping System Components and Related Materials.
14. PPI TR3 - Policies and Procedures for Developing Recommended Hydrostatic Design Stresses for Thermoplastic Pipe Materials.

1.3 SUBMITTAL

- A. Submit to the Engineer within fourteen days after receipt of Notice-to-Proceed a list of materials to be furnished, the names of the suppliers and the date of delivery of materials to the site.
- B. Submit for approval, as provided in the Supplement to the General Conditions, complete, detailed shop drawings of all PVC pipe and fittings.
- C. Submit and shall comply with pipe manufacturer's recommendations for handling, storing, and installing pipe and fittings.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 WATER MAIN

A. Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe

1. All 4-inch through 12-inch diameter PVC pipe shall be rated per AWWA, C900, DR18, Class 150. Water mains larger than 12 inches shall be constructed of Ductile Iron Pipe, unless otherwise shown on the Drawings.
2. PVC pipe less than 4-inches in diameter shall be Schedule 80 with a pressure rating of 200 psi solvent welded, including blow-off assemblies. PVC pipe will be acceptable for pipe diameters of 12 inches or less.

3. The potable water mains shall be blue in color.
 4. All pipe shall be manufactured in the United States.
- B. Steel Encasement Pipe: Conform to ASTM Designation A252, Grade 2. Joints shall be welded completely around the pipe by a certified welder. Pipe shall meet all AASHTO standards and Florida DOT requirements.
- C. Fittings:
1. PVC Pipe: Fittings shall be ductile iron mechanical joint, with a working pressure of 250 psi and conforming to AWWA Specifications C110 or C153. For pipe 8 inches and smaller, fittings shall be C900 PVC rated fittings.
 2. PVC fittings for 2-inch and smaller diameter pipe shall be threaded or glued and shall be Schedule 80 and conform to the requirements of ASTM D-2464. Threaded joints shall be used only with Schedule 80 pipe or stronger. At threaded joints between PVC and metal pipes, the metal shall contain a threaded socket and the PVC threaded spigot end. A metal spigot shall not, under any circumstances be screwed into a PVC socket.
 3. PVC fittings 4 inches and larger in diameter shall meet the requirements of applicable AWWA C900 and C905 specifications. Fittings shall be manufactured entirely of PVC meeting ASTM D1784, shall be formed by a thermal-form process and be of one-piece construction, able to withstand 755 psi quick burst pressure-tested in accordance with ASTM D1599 and withstand 500 psi for a minimum of 1,000 hours tested in accordance with ASTM D1598. Bells shall be gasketed push on type conforming to ASTM D3139 with gaskets conforming to ASTM F477. Fittings shall be as manufactured by the Harrington Corporation, or approved equal. Cement lined ductile iron fittings with mechanical or push on joints conforming to AWWA C153 or C110 may be approved as alternative when PVC pressure fittings of the required sizes are not available.
 4. Tapping Sleeves: Sleeve shall be stainless steel, mechanical joint type, with working pressure rating of 250 PSI, and conform to AWWA Standard C110.
 5. All fittings shall be manufactured in the United States.
- D. Joint Restraining Devices: Restraining joints shall be placed at all bends, tees, plugs, reducers, and other fittings to provide lateral support, and shall conform to the details shown on the drawings, details in Section 9 of the Lee County Operations Manual and Lee County Approved Materials/Products. Concrete thrust blocks may be utilized as additional restraint if approved by FGUA.

- E. Joint restraint devices for C-900, C905 PVC pipe used with ductile iron mechanical joint fittings shall be EBAA Iron Sales, Inc., Series 2000 PV, Uni-Flange 1300, Star Pipe Product, L.P., or approved equal.
- F. Bell joint restraint devices for PVC push joint pipe shall be EBAA Iron Inc., Series 1600 for C-900 PVC pipe, Series 2800 for bell restraint on C-905 PVC pipe or Uni-Flange Series 1300, 1360 or 1390 or ROMAC Series 600, Star PipeProducts L.P., or approved equal.
- G. C-900 or C-905 PVC fittings shall be restrained with EBAA Iron Inc., Series 2500 bell restraint for PVC fittings, Star Pipe Products, L.P., or an approved equal.
- H. Bolts and nuts shall be Ductile Iron, T-Head type with hexagonal nuts. Bolts and nuts shall be machined through and nuts shall be tapped at right angles to a smooth bearing surface.
- I. Joint Design: PVC pipe 4 inches in diameter or larger shall have provisions for expansion and contraction provided in the joints. All joints shall be designed for push-on make-up connections. Push-on joint may be a coupling manufactured as an integral part of the pipe barrel consisting of a thickened section with an expanded bell with a groove to retain a rubber sealing ring of uniform cross section, similar and equal to John's Mannville ring-type and Ethyl Bell Ring or may be made with a separate twin gasketed coupling similar and equal to Certainteed Fluid-Type.

2.2 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Pipe shall bear identification markings that will remain legible after normal handling, storage, and installation. Markings shall be applied in a manner that will not weaken or damage the pipe. Marking shall be applied at intervals of not more than 5 feet on the pipe. Marking on the pipe shall include the following:
 - 1. Nominal size and OD base.
 - 2. PVC
 - 3. Dimension ration
 - 4. AWWA pressure rating.
 - 5. AWWA designation.
 - 6. Manufacturer's name and trademark.
 - 7. Manufacturer's production code, including day, month, year, shift, plant, and extruder of manufacturer.

8. All PVC water pipe shall be color-coded blue.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 WATER MAIN INSTALLATION

- A. Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) water pipe shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation, as shown on the drawings, and as specified herein.
- B. The Contractor shall use care in handling, storage, and installation of pipe and fittings. Storage of pipe on the job site shall be done in accordance with the pipe manufacturer's recommendation. Under no circumstances shall pipe or fittings be dropped into the trench.
- C. Pipe shall be laid to lines and grade shown on the drawings with bedding and backfill as shown on the drawings. Blocking under the pipe will not be permitted.
- D. When laying is not in progress, or the potential exists for dirt or debris to enter the pipe, the open ends of the pipe shall be closed with plug or by other approved means.

3.2 SERVICE CONNECTIONS

- A. All potable service taps shall be located in open/green areas unless specifically approved by FGUA. Any service taps that are approved within a paved area, a 2-inch cast iron body gate valve shall be used in lieu of a corporation stop.
- B. Service connections shall be installed at the locations and in the manner shown on the Drawings.
- C. Service clamps for PVC mains shall be full-circle bearing types as shown on the details shown on the drawings, details in Section 9 of the Lee County Operations Manual and Lee County Approved Materials/Products.
- D. Corporation stops and curb stops shall be fitted with a compression connection outlet with split-lock devices for polyethylene or copper pipe.
- E. On curbed streets the exact location for each installed service shall be marked by etching or cutting a "W" in the concrete curb; where no curb exists or is planned, locations shall be adequately marked by a method approved by FGUA.
- F. Service connection shall not be installed on pipelines 16 inches and larger unless extenuating conditions exist and said connection is approved by FGUA.

- G. When practical, in new residential, commercial, or/and industrial subdivisions, the corporation stop shall be located at the intersecting property line or in the center of the lot.

1. Copper Pipe Copper pipe for 3/4-inch to 1-inch service line installations shall be American manufactured, Type K, and conform to the requirements of ASTM designation B88. Brass compression couplings with screw-clamp fittings shall be used with copper pipe.
2. Polytubing Polyethylene Tubing will be acceptable in sizes from 1-1/2 inches to 2 inches in diameter. Tubing for service lines shall be of a type approved by the National Sanitation Foundation for use in transmitting fluids for human consumption. The tubing shall be designed for a minimum burst pressure of 630 psi for water at 23°C, and shall be manufactured in accordance with the requirements of ASTM D2737 and shall be blue in color.

3.3 CLEANING

- A. At the conclusion of the work, the Contractor shall thoroughly clean all of the new pipe lines by flushing with water and pigged to remove all dirt, stones, pieces of wood, or other material which may have entered during the construction period. Debris cleaned from the lines shall be removed from the job site. If, after this cleaning, any obstructions remain, they shall be removed at the Contractor's expense.

3.4 TESTING AND DISINFECTION

- A. Test completed water pipeline in accordance with Section 02676. Disinfect completed water pipeline in accordance with Section 02675.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02630

DUCTILE IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required, and install ductile iron pipe, fittings and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.
- B. NOTE: No buried ductile iron pipe shall be acceptable for sanitary force main construction. All water mains larger than 12 inches shall be constructed of Ductile Iron Pipe and shall be used for all vertical deflections ditch crossings, subaqueous crossings, and all paved surfaces unless otherwise approved by FGUA Utilities.

1.2 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

- A. Section 02650 - Laying and Jointing Buried Pipe

1.3 REFERENCE SPECIFICATIONS, CODES, AND STANDARDS

- A. Commercial Standards: (Latest Revision)
 - 1. ANSI/AWWA C104/A21.4 Cement-Mortar Lining for Ductile-Iron Pipe and Fittings for Water.
 - 2. ANSI/AWWA C105/A21.5 Polyethylene Encasement for Ductile-Iron Piping for Water and Other Liquids.
 - 3. ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10 Ductile-Iron Fittings, 3 in. Through 48 Inches, for Water and Other Liquids. (C110 2-48 inches).
 - 4. ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11 Rubber Gasket Joints for Ductile-Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings.
 - 5. ANSI/AWWA C115/A21.15 Flanged Ductile-Iron Pipe with Threaded Flanges.
 - 6. ANSI/AWWA C150/A21.50 Thickness Design of Ductile-Iron Pipe.
 - 7. ANSI/AWWA C151/A21.51 Ductile-Iron Pipe, Centrifugally Cast for Water or Other Liquids.
 - 8. ANSI/AWWA C153/A21.53 Ductile-Iron Compact Fittings, 3 inches through 16 inches, for Water and Other Liquids.

9. AWWA C600 Installation of Ductile Iron Water Mains and their Appurtenances.
10. AWWA F477 Method for Obtaining Hydrostatic Design Basis for Thermoplastic Pipe Material

1.4 CONTRACTOR SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings of pipe and fittings in accordance with the requirements in the General Conditions, the requirements of the referenced standards and the following supplemental requirements as applicable:
 1. Certified dimensional drawings of all valves, fittings, and appurtenances.
 2. For pipe 48 inches in diameter and larger, a line layout and marking diagram shall indicate the specific number and location (station) of each fitting.
 3. In all cases, a line layout to indicate the limits of each reach of restrained joints, or of concrete encasement shall be supplied.
- B. Certifications: Furnish a certified affidavit of compliance for all pipe and other products or materials furnished under this Section of the Specifications, which indicates that all tests have been made and that all results comply with the requirements of AWWAC151, including but not necessarily limited to the following:
 1. Acceptance Tests.
 2. Hydrostatic Tests.
 3. Low Temperature Impact Tests.
- C. Additional Documentation: Foundry records shall be furnished in the form of written transcripts upon request.
- D. All expenses incurred for certification, testing, and data submittal shall be borne by the CONTRACTOR or the Supplier.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Inspection: All pipe shall be available for inspection at the place of manufacture prior to shipping in accordance with the provisions of the referenced standards. Notify the ENGINEER in writing not less than 10 calendar days prior to the shipping of the pipe.
- B. The ENGINEER shall be given access to all areas where manufacturing and testing is performed and shall be permitted to make all inspections necessary to confirm manufacturer compliance with these Specifications.

- C. Tests: Except as modified herein, all materials used in the manufacture of the pipe shall be tested in accordance with the requirements of the referenced standards as applicable.
- D. Provide data on material tests at no additional cost to FGUA.
- E. In addition to those tests specifically required, the ENGINEER may request additional samples of any material including lining and coating samples for testing by FGUA. The additional samples shall be furnished at no additional cost to FGUA.

1.6 CORROSION PROTECTION

- A. The allowed force main pipe materials are polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or high density polyethylene (HDPE) or fiberglass. Use of ductile iron pipe (DIP) and DIP fittings are not allowed without the specific approval of FGUA Utilities. Where a force main is expected to flow full pipe at all times, DIP may be used after specific approval by FGUA Utilities. The DIP pipe will be required to have a Polybond Plus lining or approved equal. The Polybond Plus lining consist of a minimum of 60 mils thick polyethylene lining with a fusion bonded epoxy primer layer to the DIP pipe. This lining must extend through the bell of the pipe to a point under the sealing gasket. To ensure a holiday-free lining, documentation must be provided, prior to shipment, showing each section of the lined pipe has passed the holiday testing at production per ASTM G62 with a minimum of 10,000 volt charge.
- B. If specifically approved by FGUA Utilities for use, exterior protection shall be provided for underground ductile iron pipe and fittings within areas of severe corrosive conditions. This shall be accomplished by the installation of polyethylene encasement through the area of concern. The soil test evaluation to determine the necessity for extra protection in suspect areas shall be those set forth in ANSI Standard A21.5. Additionally, where other existing utilities are known to be cathodically protected, ductile iron pipe crossing said utility shall be protected for a distance of 20 feet to each side. If ductile iron pipe is to be installed parallel to and within 10 feet of cathodically protected pipe, then protection shall be provided for the entire length. Steel pipe shall not be installed in severe corrosion areas.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL

- A. Cement mortar lined ductile iron pipe shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C151 and C104, subject to the following supplemental requirements. The pipe shall be of the diameter and class shown, shall be furnished complete with rubber gaskets as indicated in the Contract Documents, and all specials and fittings shall be provided as required under the Contract Documents.
- B. Markings: Legibly mark specials 48 inches in diameter and larger in accordance

with the laying schedule and marking diagram. All fittings shall be marked at each end with top field centerline.

- C. Handling and Storage: The pipe shall be handled by wide slings, padded cradles, or other devices designed and constructed to prevent damage to the pipe and its lining. The use of equipment or handling, which might injure the pipe and its lining, will not be permitted. Stockpiled pipe shall be suitably supported and shall be secured to prevent accidental rolling. All other pipe handling equipment and methods shall be acceptable to the ENGINEER.
- D. Laying lengths: Maximum pipe laying lengths shall be 20 feet.
- E. Finish: The pipe shall have smooth dense interior surfaces and shall be free from fractures, excessive interior surface crazing and roughness, in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C104.
- F. Closures and Correction Pieces: Closures and correction pieces shall be provided as required so that closures may be made due to different headings in the pipe laying operation and so that correction may be made to adjust the pipe laying to conform to pipe stationing shown on the Drawings or line layouts where applicable.

2.2 PIPE DESIGN CRITERIA

- A. General: Ductile Iron pipe shall be designed in accordance with the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C150 as applicable and as modified in this Section.
- B. Pipe Wall Thickness for Internal Pressure: The pipe shall be designed with a net thickness to withstand the design internal pressure in accordance with the hoop stress formula. In addition to the requirements of the Section, the minimum wall thickness shall be in accordance with the minimum thickness wall depicted in table 50.5 of ANSI/AWWA C150.
- C. Ductile Iron Pipe shall be a minimum of Class 50 or pressure Class 250 and will be accepted in any diameter for use within the water distribution system.
- D. All aboveground water main pipe shall be painted blue. The pipe wall thickness shall not be less than that required by a working pressure of 250 psi in laying condition Type 4 "B" with 5-foot cover in conformance with ANSI Standard A21.50.

2.3 MATERIALS

- A. Ductile Iron Pipe: Pipe materials shall conform to the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C151.
- B. Cement: Cement for mortar lining shall conform to the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C104; provided that cement for mortar lining shall be Type II or V. A fly ash or pozzolan shall not be used.

- C. Adapters to connect ductile iron pipe or fittings to pipe or fittings of dissimilar materials shall be supplied by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the pipe manufacturer recommendations, and as approved by the ENGINEER.

2.4 SPECIALS AND FITTINGS

- A. Fittings for ductile iron pipe shall conform to the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C153/A21.53 or ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10 for diameters 3 inches through 48 inches and shall have a minimum pressure rating of 250 psi. Ductile iron fittings shall be cement lined, seal coated and outside coated as specified. Ductile Iron fittings larger than 48 inches shall conform to the above referenced standard with the necessary modifications for the larger size manufacturer's standard.
- B. All above-ground fittings in direct contact with wastewater shall be HDPE or ductile iron flanged joints with a minimum pressure rating of 250 psi conforming to ANSI A21.10. If above-ground ductile iron fitting is used, the fitting shall be lined with Protecto 401 applied in strict accordance with the manufacturers specifications to a dry film thickness of 40 mils internal fusion bonded epoxy coating to a minimum of 20 mil thickness. All above-ground fittings shall have a factory applied exterior epoxy coating in accordance with AWWA C550.

2.5 DESIGN OF PIPE

- A. General: The pipe furnished shall be ductile iron pipe, mortar-lined, with rubber gasketed joints.
- B. The pipe shall be designed, manufactured, tested, inspected, and marked according to applicable requirements previously stated and except as hereinafter modified, shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C151.
- C. Pipe Dimensions: The pipe shall be of the diameter and class shown. The minimum wall thickness for each pipe size shall be as specified herein or shown on the Drawings.
- D. Fitting Dimensions: The fittings shall be of the diameter shown and class specified.
- E. Joint Design: Ductile Iron pipe and fittings shall be furnished with mechanical joints, push-on joints and flanged joints as follows:
 - 1. For buried pipe applications, unless otherwise indicated, mechanical and push-on joints shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11, with the minimum pressure rating of 250 psi.
 - 2. For above-ground or buried vault applications, unless otherwise indicated, flanged joints shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C115/A21.15, with

the minimum pressure rating of 250 psi. All above-ground fittings shall be painted blue.

3. Restraining Devices: Restraining joints shall be placed at all bends, tees, plugs, reducers, and other fittings to provide lateral support, and shall conform to the details shown on the drawings, details in Section 9 of the Lee County Operations Manual and Lee County Approved Materials/Products.
- F. Concrete thrust blocks may be utilized as additional restraint if approved by FGUA Utilities.
1. Joint restraint devices for ductile iron mechanical joint pipe and ductile iron mechanical joint fittings to ductile iron pipe shall be EBAA Iron Inc., Series 1100 Megalug (R), Star Pipe Products, L.P., or approved equal.
 2. Bell joint restraint devices for ductile iron push joint pipe shall be EBAA Iron Inc., Series 1700 Megalug (R) for bell restraint, Star Pipe Products L.P., or approved equal.
- G. For bell-and-spigot ends with rubber gaskets, the clearance between the bells and spigots shall be such that when combined with the gasket groove configuration and the gasket itself will provide watertight joints under all operating conditions when properly installed. Require the pipe manufacturer to submit details complete with significant dimensions and tolerances and also to submit performance data indicating that the proposed joint has performed satisfactorily under similar conditions. In the absence of a history of field performance, the results of a test program shall be submitted.
- H. Gaskets shall be a Buna N, Neoprene, or a Nitril-based rubber product approved by the County. Gaskets shall have clean tips unless otherwise specified. Elastomeric gaskets conforming to ASTM F-477 shall also be acceptable.
- I. Shop-applied interior linings and exterior coatings shall be applied evenly to the nominal thickness specified. Holiday free cement is not possible to manufacture. Exterior coatings: asphalt coating for buried pipe or primed pipe cannot be furnished holiday free.

2.6 CEMENT-MORTAR LINING

- A. Cement-Mortar Lining For Shop Application: Except as otherwise provided herein, interior surfaces of all ductile iron pipe shall be cleaned and lined in the shop with cement-mortar lining applied centrifugally in conformity with ANSI/AWWA C104. Ductile-Iron pipe fittings need not have the cement-mortar lining applied centrifugally. The lining machines shall be of a type that has been used successfully for similar work. Every precaution shall be taken to prevent damage to the lining. If lining is damaged or found faulty at delivery site, the damaged or unsatisfactory portions shall be repaired in the field in accordance with ANSI/AWWA

C104.

- B. The nominal wet lining thickness shall be as follows:

| Nominal Factory Nominal Replacement | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Nominal Pipe | Applied Lining | Lining Thickness |
| 3-12 | 1/8 | 1/8 |
| 14-24 | 3/16 | 3/16 |
| 30-64 | 1/4 | 1/4 |

- C. Protection of Pipe Lining/Interior: All shop-applied cement mortar lining shall be given a seal coat of asphaltic material in conformance with ANSI/AWWA C104.

2.7 EXTERIOR COATING OF PIPE

- A. Exterior Coating of Exposed Piping: The exterior surfaces of pipe which will be exposed to the atmosphere inside structures or above ground shall be thoroughly cleaned and then given a shop coat of rust-inhibitive primer conforming to the requirements of Section 09900, "Painting and Coating". All above-ground pipe shall be painted blue.

NOTE:

Where severely corrosive soils and other adverse conditions occur, this coating may not provide the desired protection. In such cases, a heavier coating, polyethylene wrap, cathodic protection or a combination of these may be required. To determine the protection needed, an investigation should be made of the following items.

- Experience with existing installations in the area, if any
- Soil resistivity
- Soil Ph
- Oxidation-reduction potential of the soil
- Sulfides
- Moisture content
- Soil description
- Existence of stray direct currents
- Possible cathodic interference

To use the polyethylene wrap, refer to ANSI A21.5 for Polyethylene Encasement for Ductile-Iron Piping for Water and Other Liquids.

Edit this Section if additional protection is needed. Also edit Sections 02650 "Laying and Jointing Buried Pipelines". A section on cathodic protection of buried ductile-iron pipe may be also required.

- B. Exterior Coating of Buried Piping: The exterior coating shall be an asphaltic coating approximately 1 mil thick, conforming to ANSI/AWWA C151.

2.8 CORROSION PROTECTION

- A. The allowed force main pipe materials are polyvinyl chloride (PVC) or high density polyethylene (HDPE) or fiberglass. Use of ductile iron pipe (DIP) and DIP fittings are not allowed without the specific approval of FGUA Utilities. Where a force main is expected to flow full pipe at all times, DIP may be used after specific approval by FGUA Utilities. The DIP pipe will be required to have a Polybond Plus lining or approved equal. The Polybond Plus lining consists of a minimum of 60 mils thick polyethylene lining with a fusion bonded epoxy primer layer to the DIP pipe. This lining must extend through the bell of the pipe to a point under the sealing gasket. To ensure a holiday-free lining, documentation must be provided, prior to shipment, showing each section of the lined pipe has passed the holiday testing at production per ASTM G62 with a minimum of 10,000 volt charge.
- B. If specifically approved by FGUA Utilities for use, exterior protection shall be provided for underground ductile iron pipe and fittings within areas of severe corrosive conditions. This shall be accomplished by the installation of polyethylene encasement through the area of concern. The soil test evaluation to determine the necessity for extra protection in suspect areas shall be those set forth in ANSI Standard A21.5. Additionally, where other existing utilities are known to be cathodically protected, ductile iron pipe crossing said utility shall be protected for a distance of 20 feet to each side. If ductile iron pipe is to be installed parallel to and within 10 feet of cathodically protected pipe, then protection shall be provided for the entire length. Steel pipe shall not be installed in severe corrosion areas.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF PIPE

- A. Handling and Storage: All pipe, fittings, etc., shall be carefully handled and protected against damage, impact shocks, and free fall and in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C600. Pipe shall not be placed directly on rough rocky ground but in such instances shall be supported in a manner which will protect the pipe against injury whenever stored at such trench site or elsewhere. No pipe shall be installed where the lining or coating shows defects that may be harmful as determined by the ENGINEER. Such damaged lining or coating shall be repaired, or a new undamaged pipe shall be furnished and installed.
- B. All pipe damaged prior to Substantial Completion or during warranty period shall be repaired or replaced by the CONTRACTOR.
- C. Inspect each pipe and fitting prior to installation to insure that no damaged portions of the pipe get installed.

- D. Before placement of pipe in the trench, each pipe or fitting shall be thoroughly cleaned of any foreign substance, which may have collected therein and shall be kept clean at all times thereafter. For this purpose, the openings of all pipes and fittings in the trench shall be closed during any interruption to the work.
- E. Pipe Laying: The pipe shall be installed in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C600.
- F. Pipe shall be laid directly on the bedding material. No blocking will be permitted, and the bedding shall be such that it forms a continuous, solid bearing for the full length of the pipe. Excavations shall be made as needed to facilitate removal of handling devices after the pipe is laid. Bell holes shall be formed at the ends of the pipe to prevent point loading at the bells or couplings. Excavation shall be made as needed outside the normal trench section at field joints to permit adequate access to the joints for field connection operations and for application of coating on field joints.
- G. Where necessary to raise or lower the pipe due to unforeseen obstructions or other causes, the ENGINEER may change the alignment and/or the grades. Such changes shall be made by the deflection of joints, by the use of bevel adapters, or by the use of additional fittings. However, in no case shall the deflection in the joint exceed 70 percent of the maximum deflection recommended by the pipe manufacturer. No joint shall be misfit any amount which will be detrimental to the strength and water tightness of the finished joint.
- H. Pipe and Specials Protection: The openings of all pipe and specials shall be protected with suitable bulkheads to prevent unauthorized access by persons, animals, water, or any undesirable substance. At all times, means shall be provided to prevent the pipe from floating.
- I. Pipe Cleanup: As pipe laying progresses, keep the pipe interior free of all debris. Completely clean the interior of the pipe of all sand, dirt, mortar splatter and any other debris following completion of pipe laying, pointing of joints, and any necessary interior repairs per ANSI/AWWA C600 and C602 prior to testing and disinfecting the completed pipeline. Pipe larger than 12" diameter will utilize a polyurethane foam plug "Poly Pig" to remove all debris from main.

3.2 RUBBER GASKETED JOINTS

- A. Rubber Gasketed Joints: Immediately before jointing pipe, the bell end of the pipe shall be thoroughly cleaned, and a clean rubber gasket shall be placed in the bell groove. The bell and spigot end of push-on joint pipe shall be carefully cleaned and lubricated with a vegetable-based lubricant or per manufacturer's recommendation. The spigot end of the pipe section shall then be inserted into the bell of the previously laid joint and telescoped into its proper position. Tilting of the pipe to insert the spigot into the bell will not be permitted.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF PIPE APPURTENANCES

- A. Installation of Valves: All valves shall be handled in a manner to prevent any injury or damage to any part of the valve. All joints shall be thoroughly cleaned and prepared prior to installation. Adjust all stem packing and operate each valve prior to installation to insure proper operation.
- B. All valves shall be installed so that the valve stems are plumb and in the location shown on the Drawings.
- C. Mechanical joints consisting of bell, socket, gland, gasket, bolts, and nuts shall conform to ANSI Standard A21.11. Bolts and nuts shall be high strength, low alloy, Cor-Ten, T-Head Type having hexagonal nuts. Bolts and nuts shall be machined through and nuts shall be tapped at right angles to a smooth bearing surface. Single sealed gasket push-on type joints shall conform to the requirements of ANSI A21.11 and shall be Tyton, Fastite, Superbelltite, Alltite, or approved equal.
- D. Mechanical joint retainer glands may be used to restrain mechanical joint pipe and fittings to the plain end of ductile iron pipe and fittings when used in conjunction with thrust blocks of reduced size. The Utilities ENGINEER must approve thrust block size. Joint flexibility shall be maintained.

3.4 TESTING AND DISINFECTION

- A. Test completed water pipeline in accordance with Section 02676. Disinfect completed water pipeline in accordance with Section 2675.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02645

HYDRANTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION OF REQUIREMENTS

- A. Furnish and install fire hydrants where shown on the Drawings or directed by the ENGINEER.

1.2 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED IN OTHER SECTIONS

- A. Section 15100 – Water Valves and Appurtenances
- B. Section 03311 – Concrete for Non-Plant Work
- C. Section 09900 – Painting and Coating

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Install hydrants to meet current requirements of FGUA.
- B. Provide manufacturer's certificate those products meet or exceed minimum requirements as specified.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit manufacturer's certificates on conformance.
- B. Shop Drawings: Submit manufacturer's drawings and data sheets for material to be supplied under this Section. Indicate sizes and types to be installed.

1.5 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. During loading, transportation and unloading, exercise care to prevent damage to materials.
- B. Handling: Fire hydrants should be unloaded carefully. The hydrant should be carefully lowered from the truck to the ground, not dropped. Only hoists and slings with adequate load capacity to handle the weight of the hydrant shall be used.
- C. Storage: Should be stored in the fully closed position to prevent entry of foreign material that could cause damage to the seating surfaces. Whenever practical, hydrants should be stored indoors. If outside storage is required, means should be provided to protect the operating mechanism. In outside

storage, parts and flanges should be protected from the weather and foreign materials.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 FIRE HYDRANTS

- A. Fire hydrants shall be of the compression type with break away upper sections capable of ready replacement without loss in the event of traffic damage. Each hydrant shall have a 6" bottom inlet connection and valve opening at least 5-1/4 inches in diameter. Hydrants shall turn to the left (counter clockwise) to open. Each hydrant shall be fitted with one 4-1/2-inch pumper connection and two 2-1/2 inch hose connections, both having threads that conform to the Fire Division Standard for the area. Hose caps shall be chained to the hydrant barrel and fitted with nuts similar to the hydrant operating nuts. Each hydrant shall have a barrel of sufficient length to bring the bottom of the 6" pipe connection 3 feet below the surface of the finished ground. Each hydrant shall be made in at least two sections bolted together. All interior working parts of the hydrant shall be removable from the top of the hydrant to allow repairs without removing the hydrant barrel after it has been installed. Hydrants shall have renewable O-ring stem seals. Hydrant barrels shall be painted AWWA Safety Yellow. They shall be designed for a working pressure of 150 psi and will conform to AWWA Standard C502, "Fire Hydrants for Ordinary Water Works Service".
- B. Hydrant shall have no drain parts. If parts exist, they shall be plugged with a threaded plug.
- C. Operating stem shall be equipped with anti-friction thrust bearing to reduce operating torque and assure easy opening. Stops shall be provided to limit stem travel. Stem threads shall be enclosed in a permanently sealed lubricant reservoir with O-ring seals.
- D. Hydrants shall be designated for 150 psi working pressure and shop tested to 300 psi pressure with main valve both opened and closed. Under test the valve shall not leak, the automatic drain shall function and there shall be no leakage into the bonnet.
- E. Hydrant guard posts (bollards) shall be 6-inch diameter Class 50 ductile iron pipe.
- F. Acceptable models include:
 - 1. Mueller Centurion A-423
 - 2. Kennedy K-81A
 - 3. American Darling LCU B84B
 - 4. Clow Medallion
 - 5. U. S. Pipe Metropolitan 250 Model 94

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Hydrants shall be set plumb and in true alignment with mains. They shall utilize concrete thrust blocks or restrained joints and Grade-Lok adapters as shown in details shown on the drawings, details in Section 9 of the Lee County Operations Manual and Lee County Approved Materials/Products. Backfilling around hydrants shall be carefully done so as not to disturb the hydrant and shall be thoroughly compacted so as to support the hydrant securely. The hydrants shall have between 18" and 24" clearance measured from finish grade to the center of pumper connection.
- B. Hydrant guard posts (bollards) shall be 6 feet long, buried 3 feet below finished grade, filled with 2500 psi concrete and painted AWWA safety yellow as shown on the Lee County Standard Details.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02650

LAYING AND JOINTING BURIED PIPELINES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Installation of all underground pipelines. Provide pipeline materials, coatings and linings as specified and pipe of the types, sizes and classes shown or specified.

1. Use proper and suitable tools and appliances for the safe and convenient cutting, handling, and laying of the pipe and fittings.
2. Use suitable fittings where shown and at connections or where grade or alignment changes require offsets greater than those recommended and approved.
3. Lay all underground pipelines not supported on piles or concrete cradle in select fill bedding material.
4. Close off all lines with bulkheads when pipe laying is not in progress.

- B. Related Work Specified in Other Sections Includes:

1. Section 02222 - Excavation - Earth and Rock
2. Section 02223 - Backfilling
3. Section 02620 - High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) Pipe and Fittings
4. Section 02622 - Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Force Main Pipe
5. Section 02623 - Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Water Main Pipe
6. Section 02630 - Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings
7. Section 02676 - Leakage Tests
8. Section 02675 - Disinfection

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and standards referred to in this Section are:

1. ASTM D 2774 - Practice for Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pressure Piping
2. AWWA C600 - Installation of Ductile-Iron Water Mains and Their Appurtenances

- | | | |
|----|---------------------------------------|--|
| 3. | ASTM A 307 | - Specification for Carbon Steel Bolts and Studs, 60000 psi Tensile |
| 4. | ASME B16.1 C25, | - Cast Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings, 125, 250, 800 |
| 5. | ASME B16.21 | - Nonmetallic Flat Gaskets for Pipe Flanges |
| 6. | AWWA C111/A21.11 Pipe and Fittings | - Rubber-Gasket Joints for Ductile-Iron Pressure |
| 7. | AWWA C115/A21.15 Flanges | - Flanged Ductile-Iron Pipe With Threaded |
| 8. | ASTM E 165 | - Practice for Liquid Penetrant Examination |
| 9. | ASTM E 709 | - Practice for Magnetic Particle Examination |

1.3 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. General: Deliver, store and handle all products and materials as specified in Division 1 and as follows:
- B. Transportation and Delivery: Take every precaution to prevent injury to the pipe during transportation and delivery to the site.
- C. Loading and Unloading: Take extreme care in loading and unloading the pipe and fittings.
 - 1. Work slowly with skids or suitable power equipment, and keep pipe under perfect control at all times.
 - 2. Under no condition is the pipe to be dropped, bumped, dragged, pushed, or moved in any way that will cause damage to the pipe or coating.
- D. Sling: When handling the pipe with a crane, use a suitable sling around the pipe.
 - 1. Under no condition pass the sling through the pipe.
 - 2. Use a nylon canvas type sling or other material designed to prevent damage to the pipe and coating.
 - 3. When handling reinforced concrete pipe or uncoated steel or ductile iron pipe, steel cables, chain or like slings are acceptable.

- E. Damaged Piping: If in the process of transportation, handling, or laying, any pipe or fitting is damaged, replace or repair such pipe or pipes.
- F. Blocking and Stakes: Provide suitable blocking and stakes installed to prevent pipe from rolling.
 - 1. Obtain approval for the type of blocking and stakes, and the method of installation.
- G. Storage for Gaskets: Store gaskets for pipe joints in a cool place and protect gaskets from light, sunlight, heat, oil, or grease until installed.
 - 1. Do not use any gaskets showing signs of checking, weathering or other deterioration.
 - 2. Do not use gasket material stored in excess of six months without approval.

1.4 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Repair of Sanitary Sewers and Services: Rebed, in compacted select fill material, sanitary sewers which cross over the new pipe or which cross under the new pipe with less than 12 inches clear vertical separation. Compact the bedding to densities required for new pipeline construction and extend bedding below the sewer to undisturbed earth. Reconstruct sewers damaged by pipeline construction.
 - 1. Furnish and install all materials and do all work necessary for the reconstruction or repairs of sanitary sewers and services.
 - 2. Provide pipe for reconstruction of sanitary sewers and services meeting the appropriate specification requirements.
 - 3. Provide pipe of the same size as the existing sewer or when the same size is not available, use the next larger size of pipe. Obtain approval of joints made between new pipe and existing pipe.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

- A. The materials allowed for buried sewer pipes are PVC, HDPE or fiberglass. Use of ductile iron pipe is not allowed for sewer construction without specific approval of FGUA.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Dry Trench Bottoms: Lay pipe only in dry trenches having a stable bottom.
 - 1. Where groundwater is encountered, make every effort to obtain a dry trench bottom.
 - 2. If a dry trench bottom has not been obtained due to improper or insufficient use of all known methods of trench dewatering, then the order to excavate below grade and place sufficient select fill material, crushed stone, or 2500 psi concrete over the trench bottom may be given.
 - 3. If all efforts fail to obtain a stable dry trench bottom and it is determined that the trench bottom is unsuitable for pipe foundation, obtain an order, in writing, for the kind of stabilization to be constructed.
 - 4. Perform trench excavation and backfill in accordance with Sections 02222 and 02223.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install all piping in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and approved shop drawings and as specified in Division 1. Where pipe deflections are used, do not exceed 80 percent of the maximum deflection limits shown in AWWA C600.
 - 1. Arrange miscellaneous pipelines, which are shown in diagram form on the Plans, clear of other pipelines and equipment.
- B. Code Requirements: Provide pipeline installations complying with AWWA C600 for iron pipe, AWWA Manual M11 for steel pipe, ASTM D 2774 for thermoplastic pressure piping, and as modified or supplemented by the Specifications.
- C. Pipe Laying - General:
 - 1. For pipelines intended for gravity flow, begin pipeline laying at the low end of a run and proceed upgrade.
 - 2. Generally, lay all pipe with bells pointing ahead.
 - 3. Carefully place each pipe and check for alignment and grade.
 - 4. Make adjustments to bring pipe to line and grade by scraping away or filling in select fill material under the body of the pipe.
 - 5. Wedging or blocking up the pipe barrel is not permitted.
 - 6. Bring the faces of the spigot ends and the bells of pipes into fair contact and firmly and completely shove the pipe home.

7. As the work progresses, clean the interior of pipelines of all dirt and superfluous materials of every description.
 8. Keep all lines absolutely clean during construction.
 9. Lay pipelines accurately to line and grade.
 10. During suspension of work for any reason at any time, a suitable stopper shall be placed in the end of the pipe last laid to prevent mud or other material from entering the pipe.
- D. Pipe Laying - Trenches:
1. Lay all pipelines in trench excavations on select fill bedding, concrete cradle or other foundations as shown, specified or ordered in writing.
 2. Properly secure the pipe against movement and make the pipe joints in the excavation as required.
 3. Carefully grade and compact pipe bedding.
 4. Bell Holes:
 - a. Cut out bell holes for each joint as required to permit the joint to be properly made and allow the barrel of the pipe to have full bearing throughout its length.
 - b. Thoroughly tamp bell holes full of select fill material following the making of each joint.
- E. Other Foundations: Install pipelines laid on other types of foundations as specified for such other foundations or as ordered in writing.
- F. Ductile Iron Pipe Mechanical Joints:
1. Assembly: In making up mechanical joints, center the spigot in the bell.
 - a. Thoroughly brush the surfaces with which the rubber gasket comes in contact with a wire brush just prior to assembly of the joint.
 - b. Brush lubricant over the gasket just prior to installation.
 - c. Place the gasket and gland in position, bolts inserted, and the nuts tightened fingertight.
 - d. Tighten the nuts with a torque wrench so that the gland is

brought up toward the pipe evenly. Torque wrenches shall be set as specified in

AWWA C111. Spanner type wrenches not longer than specified in AWWA C111 may be used with the permission of FGUA.

- e. Prime all bolts by dipping with a bituminous coating, except the threads. Coat threads immediately prior to installation of nuts.

- 2. Torques: Apply the following range of bolt torques:

| <u>Size Inches</u> | <u>Range of Torque - ft. lbs</u> |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 5/8 | 45 - 60 |
| 3/4 | 75 - 90 |
| 1 | 85 - 100 |
| 1-1/4 | 105 - 120 |

- 3. Remaking of Joints: If effective sealing is not obtained at the maximum torque listed above, disassemble and reassemble the joint after thorough cleaning.

G. Ductile Iron Pipe Rubber Gasket Joints:

- 1. Assembly: In making up the rubber gasket joint, brush the gasket seat in the socket thoroughly with a wire brush and wipe the gasket with a cloth.
 - a. Place the gasket in the socket with the large round end entering first so that the groove fits over the bead in the seat.
 - b. Apply a thin film of lubricant to the inside surface of the gasket that will come in contact with the entering pipe.
 - c. Brush the plain end of the pipe to be entered thoroughly with a wire brush and place it in alignment with the bell of the pipe to which it is to be joined.
 - d. Exert sufficient force on the entering pipe so that its plain end is moved past the gasket until it makes contact with the base of the socket to make the joint.
- 2. Positioning: Before proceeding with backfilling, feel completely around the joint using a feeler gauge to confirm that the gasket is in its proper position.

- a. If the gasket can be felt out of position, withdraw the pipe and examine the gasket for cuts or breaks.
 - b. If the gasket has been damaged, replace it with a new one before re- installing the pipe.
 3. Optional Mechanical Joints: Use mechanical joint fittings that meet the requirements of Section 02630 with the rubber gasket joint pipe when specified or when rubber gasket fittings are not available.
- H. Temporary Bulkheads: Provide temporary bulkheads at the ends of sections where adjoining pipelines have not been completed, and in connections built into pipelines where adjoining pipelines or structures have not been completed and are not ready to be connected.
1. Remove bulkheads encountered in connecting sewers or structures included in this Contract, or in pipelines or structures previously built, when they are no longer needed or when ordered.
- I. Sleeve Type Couplings: For sleeve type couplings, equally tighten diametrically opposite bolts on the connection so that the gaskets will be brought up evenly all around the pipe.
1. Torque Wrenches: Do the final tightening with torque wrenches set for the torque recommended by the coupling manufacturer.
- J. Concrete Encasement: Concrete encasement shall be constructed in accordance with Lee County standard details when:
1. A waterline crosses at a depth which provides less than 18 inches clear distance from sewer lines. Encasement shall extend a minimum 10 feet on each side of the point of crossing. Encase the sewer main unless specifically approved by FGUA.
 2. A waterline running parallel to a sewer line provides less than 10 feet separation. Encase the sewer main unless specifically approved by FGUA.
 3. The Engineer has ordered the line encased.
- The points of beginning and ending of pipe encasement shall be not more than 6 inches from a pipe joint to protect the pipe from cracking due to uneven settlement of its foundation or the effects of superimposed live loads.
- K. Valve Box Setting: Install valve boxes vertical and concentric with the valve stem.
1. Satisfactorily reset any valve box which is moved from its original position, preventing the operation of the extension valve stem.

2. Replace any extension valve stem which has been damaged so that it can be operated.

L. Jacking:

1. General: Perform jacking as shown. After jacking is completed, seal the ends of the casing pipe with brick masonry.
 - a. Jacking Pit: Provide jacking pit of adequate length to provide room for the jacking frame, the jacking head, reaction block, the jacks, rig, and jacking pipe.
 - b. Construct the pit to be sufficiently wide to allow ample working space on each side of the jacking frame and sufficiently deep so that the invert of the pipe will be at the elevation desired for the completed line when placed on the guide frame.
 - c. Tightly sheet the pit and keep it dry at all times.
 - d. Provide adequate protective railings at the top of the pit at all times.
2. Jacking Frame: Design the jacking frame so that it applies a uniform pressure over the entire pipe wall area of the pipe to be jacked.
3. Reaction Blocks: Adequately design the reaction blocks to carry the thrust of the jacks to the soil without excessive soil deflection in a manner which avoids any disturbance of adjacent structures or utilities.
4. Hydraulic Jacks: Use hydraulic jacks in the jacking operation, and take extreme care to hold the casing pipe to exact line and grade.
5. Advance Excavation: Advance excavation by augering.
6. Casing Pipe: Furnish steel casing pipe, unless otherwise specified, conforming to ASTM A 139 with wall thicknesses and pipe diameters shown on the Plans. Provide full penetration butt welded pipe joints.
7. Fill Material: Use fill material, consisting of 1-1/4 pounds of Bentonite per gallon of water, during jacking to fill any voids between the casing pipe and the earth.

M. Identification:

1. Identification Tape: For all types of pipe to be installed, 3-inch detectable marking tape, of appropriate color, shall be placed along the entire pipe length. In all cases, marking tape shall be installed 12 inches to 18

inches below the finished grade during backfill operations. All PVC pipe, PVC fittings, and identification tape shall be color-coded per standards outlined in the Utility Location and Coordinating Council's Uniform Color Code as specified in Section 4 of the FGUA Operations Manual.

2. Locating Wire: A locating tracing wire shall also be installed with PVC, HDPE and fiberglass pipes and shall be a continuous No. 12 insulated copper tracing wire laid in the trench on top of the utility pipe and attached to the pipe at ten (10) foot intervals. This continuous tracing wire shall run along the entire pipe and be stubbed out at valves, pressure clean-outs and air release valves.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing: Test pipelines in accordance with Section 02676.
 1. Test valves in place, as far as practicable, and correct any defects in valves or connections.
- B. Inspection: Clean, inspect, and examine each piece of pipe and each fitting and special for defects before it is installed.
 1. Cut away any lumps or projections on the face of the spigot end or the shoulder.
 2. Do not use any cracked, broken, or defective pieces in the work.
 3. If any defective piece should be discovered after having been installed, remove and replace this piece with a sound piece in a satisfactory manner at no increase in Contract Amount.

3.4 CLEANING

- A. General: Thoroughly clean all pipe before it is laid and keep it clean until it is accepted in the completed work.
- B. Removal of Materials: Exercise special care to avoid leaving bits of wood, dirt, and other foreign particles in the pipe. If any particles are discovered before the final acceptance of the work, remove and clean the pipe.

3.5 DISINFECTION

- A. General: Disinfect all pipelines that are to carry potable water in accordance with Section 02675.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02675

DISINFECTION

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Disinfection of all pipelines, tanks, structures, conduits and equipment which are to store, handle or carry potable water. Furnish all labor, water, chemicals and equipment, including taps, corporation stops, temporary pumps and other items necessary to perform the Work, except as otherwise specified.

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and standards referred to in this Section are:
 - 1. AWWA C651 - Disinfecting Water Mains
 - 2. AWWA C652 - Disinfection of Water-Storage Facilities

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Disinfection Standards: Disinfect in accordance with AWWA C651 for water mains and AWWA C652 for water storage facilities and equipment.
- B. Chlorinated Water Disposal: Dispose of old highly chlorinated water in accordance with applicable regulations.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 WATER MAIN DISINFECTION

- A. Following acceptable pressure testing, disinfect all sections of the water distribution system and receive approval thereof from the appropriate agencies, prior to placing in service. Advance notice of 24 hours shall be provided to the County before disinfecting procedures start. The disinfection shall be accomplished in accordance with the applicable provisions of AWWA Standard C601, "Disinfecting Water Main" and all appropriate approval agencies.

- B. The disinfecting agent shall be free chlorine in aqueous solution with sustained concentration for 12 hours or more of not less than 50 parts per million. Chlorine may be derived from Chlorine gas, or 70% (high test) calcium hypochlorite (HTH or Perchloron, or equal). Administration may be by any of the several methods described in AWWA Standard C601 as proposed by the CONTRACTOR and approved by the ENGINEER. Proposals as to method must be made prior to commencement of the disinfection process.
- C. Following contact with chlorine solution, the system shall be thoroughly flushed out. Samples shall then be taken using sterile containers obtained from the County Health Department. Samples shall be taken by the CONTRACTOR and delivered by him to the County Health Department or approved laboratory for analysis.
- D. If samples do not demonstrate satisfactory results, the disinfection procedure shall be repeated until two series of satisfactory samples are obtained, the period between such series of samples to be a minimum of 24 hours.

3.2 DISINFECTION PROCEDURES FOR TANKS

- A. Disinfect potable water storage tanks and equipment in accordance with AWWA C652, Method 2 or 3, using sodium hypochlorite.
 - 1. In Method 2, spray method, spray the entire interior surface of the tank with chlorinated water containing 200 mg/l of available chlorine. After spraying, allow the tank to stand at least two hours before filling with fresh water.
- B. After disinfection, allow the tanks and equipment to overflow until the chlorine residual is approximately 2 mg/l.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02676

LEAKAGE TESTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Testing for any signs of leakage in all pipelines and structures required to be watertight.
 - 1. Test gravity sewers and drain lines by low pressure air testing.
 - 2. Test all other pipelines with water under the specified pressures.
- B. Operation of Existing Facilities: Conduct all tests in a manner to minimize as much as possible any interference with the day-to-day operations of existing facilities or other contractors working on the site.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Written Notification of Testing: Provide written notice when the work is ready for testing, and make the tests as soon thereafter as possible.
 - 1. Personnel for reading meters, gauges, or other measuring devices, will be furnished.
 - 2. Furnish all other labor, equipment, air, water and materials, including meters, gauges, smoke producers, blower, pumps, compressors, fuel, water, bulkheads and accessory equipment.

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and standards referred to in this Section are:
 - 1. AWWA C 600 - Installation of Ductile-Iron Water Mains and their Appurtenances

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.
- B. Testing Report: Prior to placing the sewer system in service submit for review and approval a detailed bound report summarizing the leakage test data, describing the test procedure and showing the calculations on which the leakage test data is based.

1. Reference Sewer Line Data

a. For Low Pressure Air Testing

- (1) The length and diameter of the section of line tested (MH to MH) including any laterals.
- (2) A complete description of test procedures and methods, including:
 - (a) Trench backfilling and sewer cleaning status
 - (b) Type of plugs used and where
 - (c) Depth of sewer, and ground water pressure over sewer pipe
 - (d) Stabilization time period and air pressure
 - (e) Actual air test pressures used if ground water is present
 - (f) The allowed time by specifications
 - (g) The actual test time
 - (h) The air pressure at beginning and end of test
- (3) The name of the inspector/tester and the date(s) and time(s) of all testing, including any retesting.
- (4) A description of any repairs made.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 LEAKAGE TESTING

- A. All new sewer and water pipelines installed shall be tested for leakage. The test used will be Hydrostatic Testing for pressure lines and Low Pressure Air Testing for gravity lines. Tests to be performed will be indicated by the ENGINEER and witnessed by the ENGINEER and the FGUA representatives.

1. Flushing

- a. All mains shall be flushed to remove all sand and other foreign matter. The velocity of the flushing water shall be at least 4 fps. Flushing shall be terminated at the direction of the ENGINEER. dispose of the flushing water without causing a nuisance or property damage.
- b. Temporary flush out connections shall be installed on all dead end water mains in accordance with the detail shown in Section 9 of the Lee County Utilities Operations Manual.

2. Hydrostatic Testing

Perform hydrostatic testing of the system as set forth in the following, and shall conduct said tests in the presence of representatives from the COUNTY and other authorized agencies, with 48 hours advance notice provided.

Piping and appurtenances to be tested shall be within sections between valves unless alternate methods have received prior approval from the COUNTY. Testing shall not proceed until concrete thrust blocks are in place and cured, or other restraining devices installed. All piping shall be thoroughly cleaned and flushed prior to testing to clear the lines of all foreign matter. While the piping is being filled with water, care shall be exercised to permit the escape of air from extremities of the test section, with additional release cocks provided if required.

Hydrostatic testing shall be performed with a sustained pressure for a minimum of two (2) hours at 150 psi pressure or 2-1/2 times working pressure, whichever is higher, unless otherwise approved by FGUA, for a period of not less than two (2) hours. Testing shall be in accordance with the applicable provisions as set forth in the most recent edition of AWWA Standard C600. The allowable rate of leakage shall be less than the number of gallons per hour determined by the following formula:

$$L = \frac{SD}{(P)^{1/2}}$$

$$\frac{13}{3,200}$$

Where,

L = Allowable leakage in gallons per hour; S = Length of pipe tested in feet;

D = Nominal diameter of the pipe in inches;

P = Average test pressure maintained during the

leakage test in pounds per square inch

For 150 psi, $L = (9.195 \times 10^{-5}) SD$

The testing procedure shall include the continued application of the specified pressure to the test system, for the one hour period, by way of a pump taking

supply from a container suitable for measuring water loss. The amount of loss shall be determined by measuring the volume displaced from said container.

Should the test fail, necessary repairs shall be accomplished by the CONTRACTOR and the test repeated until results are within the established limits. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish the necessary labor, water, pumps, and gauges at specified location(s) and all other items required to conduct the required testing and perform necessary repairs.

General. All sanitary sewers and associated service lines shall be constructed watertight to prevent infiltration and/or exfiltration. All new sanitary sewer systems will be subject to low pressure air testing.

3. Low Pressure Air Test

After completing backfill of a section of gravity sewer line, conduct a Line Acceptance Test using low pressure air. The test shall be performed using the below stated equipment, according to state procedures and under the supervision of the ENGINEER and in the presence of a FGUA representative, with 48 hours advanced notice provided.

a. Equipment:

1. Pneumatic plugs shall have a sealing length equal to or greater than the diameter of the pipe to be inspected.
2. Pneumatic plugs shall resist internal bracing or blocking.
3. All air used shall pass through a single control panel.
4. Three individual hoses shall be used for the following connections:
 - a. From control panel to pneumatic plugs for inflation.
 - b. From control panel to sealed line for introducing the low pressure air.

- c. From sealed line to control panel for continually monitoring the air pressure rise in the sealed line.
- b. Procedures:

All pneumatic plugs shall be seal tested before being used in the actual test installation. One length of pipe shall be laid on the ground and sealed at both ends with the pneumatic plugs to be checked. Air shall be introduced into the plugs to 25 psi. The sealed pipe shall be pressurized

to 5 psi. The plugs shall hold against this pressure without bracing and without movement of the plugs out of the pipe.

After a manhole to manhole reach of pipe has been backfilled and cleaned and the pneumatic plugs are checked by the above procedure, the plugs shall be placed in the line at each manhole and inflated to 25 psi. Low pressure air shall be introduced into this sealed line until the internal air pressure reaches 4 psi greater than the average back pressure of any ground water that may be over the pipe. At least two (2) minutes shall be allowed for the air pressure to stabilize. After the stabilization period (3.5 psi minimum pressure in the pipe), the air hose from the control panel to the air supply shall be disconnected. The portion of line being tested shall be termed "Acceptable", if the time required in minutes for the pressure to decrease from 3.5 to 2.5 psi (greater than the average back pressure of any ground water that may be over the pipe) is greater than the time shown for the given diameters in the following table:

| Pipe Diameter <u>In Inches</u> | <u>Minutes</u> |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| 8 | 4.0 |
| 10 | 5.0 |
| 12 | 5.5 |
| 16 | 7.5 |
| 18 | 8.5 |
| 24 | 11.5 |

Time in minutes = 0.472 D

D = Diameter of pipe in inches.

In areas where ground water is known to exist, the CONTRACTOR shall install capped pipe adjacent to the top of one of the sewer lines. This shall be done at the time the sewer line is installed. Immediately prior to the performance of the Line Acceptance Test, the ground water shall be determined by removing the pipe cap, and a measurement of the height in feet of water over the invert of

the pipe shall be taken. The height in feet shall be divided by 2.3 to establish the pounds of pressure that will be added to all readings. (For example, if the height of water is 11-1/2 feet, then the added pressure will be 5 psi. This increases the 3.5 psi to 8.5 psi, and the 2.5 psi to 7.5 psi. The allowable drop of one pound and the timing remain the same).

If the installation fails to meet this requirement, the CONTRACTOR shall, at his own expense, determine the source of leakage. He shall then repair or replace all defective materials and/or workmanship.

3.2 LEAKAGE TESTS FOR STRUCTURES

- A. Structure Leakage Testing: Perform leakage tests of wet wells, tanks, vaults and similar purpose structures before backfilling, by filling the structure with water to the overflow water level and observing the water surface level for the following 24 hours.
1. Make an inspection for leakage of the exterior surface of the structure, especially in areas around construction joints.
 2. Leakage will be accepted as within the allowable limits for structures from which there are no visible leaks.
 3. If visible leaks appear, repair the structure by removing and replacing the leaking portions of the structure, waterproofing the inside, or by other methods approved.
 4. Water for testing will be provided by FGUA at the CONTRACTOR's expense.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02999

MISCELLANEOUS WORK AND CLEANUP

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. This Section includes operations which cannot be specified in detail as separate items but can be sufficiently described as to the kind and extent of work involved. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals to complete the work under this Section.
- B. The work of this Section includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Restoring of sidewalks, driveways, curbing and gutters.
 - 2. Crossing utilities.
 - 3. Relocation of existing water lines, low pressure, gas lines, telephone lines, electric lines, cable TV lines and storm drains as necessary, all as shown on the drawings.
 - 4. Restoring easements and rights-of-ways.
 - 5. Cleaning up.
 - 6. Incidental work.

1.2 WORK SPECIFIED UNDER OTHER SECTIONS

- A. All work shall be completed in a workmanlike manner by competent workmen in full compliance with all applicable sections of these Specifications.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Materials required for this Section shall be of at least the same type and quality as materials that are to be restored. Where possible, reuse existing materials that are removed and then replaced, with the exception of paving.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 RESTORING OF CURBING, FENCES, AND GUARD RAILS

- A. Existing curbing shall be protected. If necessary, curbing shall be removed from joint to joint and replaced after backfilling. Curbing which is damaged during construction shall be replaced with curbing of equal quality and dimension.

3.2 CROSSING UTILITIES

- A. This item shall include any extra work required in crossing culverts, water courses, drains, water mains, and other utilities, including all sheeting and bracing, extra excavation and backfill, or any other work required for the crossing, whether or not shown on the drawings.

3.3 RELOCATIONS OF EXISTING GAS LINES, TELEPHONE LINES, ELECTRIC LINES, AND CABLE TV LINES

- A. Notify the proper authority of the utility involved when relocation of these lines is required. Coordinate all work by the utility so that the progress of construction will not be hampered.

3.4 PROTECTION AND RESTORATION OF PROPERTY

- A. Protection and Restoration of Property: During the course of construction, take special care and provide adequate protection in order to minimize damage to vegetation, surfaced areas, and structures within the construction right-of-way, easement or site, and take full responsibility for the replacement or repair thereof. Immediately repair any damage to private property created by encroachment thereon. Should the removal or trimming of valuable trees, shrubs, or grass be required to facilitate the installation within the designated construction area, this work shall be done in cooperation with the County and/or local communities which the work takes place. Said valuable vegetation, removed or damaged, shall be replanted, if possible, or replaced by items of equal quality, and maintained until growth is re-established. Top soil damaged in the course of work shall be replaced in kind with suitable material, graded to match existing grade. Following construction completion, the work area along the route of the installation shall be finish grade to elevations compatible with the adjacent surface, with grassing or hand raking required within developed areas.
- B. Existing lawn surfaces damaged by construction shall be re-graded and re-sodded or re-seeded. These areas shall be maintained until all work under this Contract has been completed and accepted.

3.5 CLEANING UP

- A. Remove all construction material, excess excavation, buildings, equipment and other debris remaining on the job as a result of construction

operations and shall render the site of the work in a neat and orderly condition.

- B. Work site clean-up shall follow construction operations without delay and in accordance with Section 01710.

3.6 INCIDENTAL WORK

- A. Do all incidental work not otherwise specified, but obviously necessary for the proper completion of the Contract as specified and as shown on the drawings.

END OF SECTION

DIVISION 3 – CONCRETE

SECTION 03100
CONCRETE FORMWORK

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Provide concrete formwork for architectural concrete and structural concrete as specified to form concrete to profiles shown.
 - 1. Architectural concrete is defined as concrete for the following exposed reinforced concrete surfaces:
 - a. Interior walls
 - b. Exterior walls to 6 inches below finish grade
 - c. Interior tank walls to 6 inches below normal operating water level
 - d. Beams
 - e. Columns
 - f. Undersides of floor slabs, roof slabs and stairs
 - 2. Provide concrete with smooth rubbed finish.
 - 3. Structural concrete is defined as all concrete that is not architectural concrete.
- B. Related Work Specified in Other Sections Includes:
 - 1. Section 03311 - Concrete for Non-Plant Work
 - 2. Section 03410 – Precast Concrete Structures

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and standards referred to in this Section are:
 - 1. ACI 318 - Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete
 - 2. ACI SP-4 - Formwork for Concrete
 - 3. ACI 303R - Guide to Cast-in-Place Architectural Concrete

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.
 - 1. CONTRACTORS Shop Drawings: Proposed form layout drawings and tie pattern layout drawings for Concrete. Review of these drawings does not relieve the CONTRACTOR of responsibility for adequately designing and constructing forms.
 - 2. Samples: Pieces of each type of sheeting, chamfer strips, form ties, form liners and rustication strips

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Formwork Compliance: Use formwork complying with ACI SP-4, ACI 347 and ACI 303R.
- B. Mock-Up Erection: Erect, on the site where directed, a full size mock-up of a cast-in-place wall or panel a minimum of 10 feet by 10 feet by 12 inches thick as shown. Conform mock-up to requirements of ACI 303R.
 - 1. Reinforce the panel as shown. Use form ties the same as those approved and with the form tie pattern similar to that approved. Use one face of the panel for smooth architectural concrete including "reveal" rustication with form joints, and the opposite face for form liner concrete.
 - 2. Plug the tie holes as specified to determine the correct mortar mixture to match the panel color. If required, remove and replace tie hole plugging mortar until an acceptable color match is obtained. After the sample panels have been approved, intentionally damage and patch portions of the finish surface of the panels for the purpose of determining the correct mixture for patching mortar and patching technique to match the original panel color and surface.
 - 3. Leave the approved mock-up on the job during construction as the standard of workmanship for the project. Remove mock-up from the premises after completion of the work.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURER

- A. Acceptable manufacturers are listed below. Other manufacturers of equivalent products may be submitted.
 - 1. Release Agent
Magic Kote VOC by Symons Corporation

2. Form coating
A.C. Horn Corporation, Brooklyn, NY
3. Form liners
Dura-Tex by Symons Corporation, Des Plaines, IL
4. Rustications
Symons Corporation, Des Plaines, IL

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Structural Concrete: Provide structural concrete form materials as follows:

1. Obtain approval for form material before construction of the forms.
2. Use a barrier type form release agent.
3. Use form ties, hangers, and clamps of such type that, after removal of the forms, no metal will be closer than one inch from concrete surface. Wire ties will not be permitted.
4. Provide ties with swaged washers or other suitable devices to prevent seepage of moisture along the ties. Leave the ties in place.
5. Use lugs, cones, washers, or other devices which do not leave holes or depressions greater than 7/8-inch in diameter.

B. Architectural Concrete: Provide architectural concrete form materials as follows:

1. Construct forms using 3/4-inch thick, High Density Overlay (HDO) Plyform, Class 1 or 2, meeting the requirements of the American Plywood Association. Use surfacing materials having a minimum weight of 60-60.
2. Use form coating, and use thinner as recommended by manufacturer of the form coating, to coat cut or raw edges.
3. Use she-bolts with water seals for form ties.
4. Use form liners having one inch deep relief, elastomeric Dura-Tex in a fractured rib pattern to match existing. Furnish form liners in full height lengths with no horizontal joints, except where shown. Use wood for forms to be used with form liners.
5. Use elastomeric vertical "V-groove" rustications in the concrete bands and the horizontal rustication joints shown in the form liner concrete of the profile shown.

6. Use a barrier type VOC compliant form release agent.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 DESIGN

- A. Design Responsibility: Be responsible for the design, engineering and construction of the architectural concrete formwork and the structural concrete formwork. Conform the work to the recommendations of ACI SP-4 and ACI 303R.
- B. Setting Time and Slag Use: The presence of fly ash or ground granulated blast furnace slag in the concrete mix for architectural concrete and structural concrete will delay the setting time. Take this into consideration in the design and removal of the forms.
- C. Responsibility During Placement: Assume and take sole responsibility for adequate design of all form elements for support of the wet concrete mixtures specified and delivered.
- D. Consistency: Design forms to produce concrete members identical in shape, lines and dimensions to members shown.

3.2 CONSTRUCTION DETAILS FOR FORMWORK

- A. Structural Concrete Details: Follow the following details for all structural concrete:
 1. Provide forms which are substantial, properly braced, and tied together to maintain position and shape and to resist all pressures to which they may be subjected. Make forms sufficiently tight to prevent leakage of concrete.
 2. Determine the size and spacing of studs and wales by the nature of the work and the height to which concrete is placed. Make forms adequate to produce true, smooth surfaces with not more than 1/8-inch variation in either direction from a geometrical plane. Provide horizontal joints which are level, and vertical joints which are plumb.
 3. Supply forms for repeated use in sufficient number to ensure the required rate of progress.
 4. Thoroughly clean all forms before reuse and inspect forms immediately before concrete is placed. Remove deformed, broken, or defective forms from the work.
 5. Provide temporary openings in forms at convenient locations to facilitate

cleaning and inspection.

6. Coat the entire inside surfaces of forms with a suitable form release agent just prior to placing concrete. Form release agent is not permitted on the reinforcing steel.
7. Assume and take responsibility for the adequacy of all forms and remedying any defects resulting from their use.

B. Architectural Concrete Details: Follow the following details for all Architectural Concrete:

1. Conform all construction details for formwork to "Construction Details for Formwork," subsections A1, A2, A3, A4, A6 and A7 and the requirements of this section.
2. Thoroughly clean and lightly recoat HDO plywood panels before each additional use. Do not use forms more than three times.
3. Install form liners and rustication strips in strict accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations. Clog the ends of the form liner pattern and tape all form joints and edges using 1/8-inch thick by 3/4-inch wide foam tape centered on the joints, then caulk in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations each time forms are set. Have a representative of the manufacturer present at the site to supervise the installation of the form liner for the entire project.
4. Install forms for smooth concrete in such a manner that there will be no horizontal form joints, and align the forms so that vertical joints occur only at "V- Groove" rustications. Space form ties in a uniform pattern vertically and horizontally. Position form ties in smooth concrete bands and in panels between "reveal" rustications, if any.
5. Erect beam and girder soffits with a camber of 1/2-inch in 20 feet and sufficiently braced, shored, and wedged to prevent deflection. Clamp column sides in accordance with this specification with metal column clamps, spaced according to the manufacturer's directions.
6. Provide external angles of walls, beams, pilasters, columns, window openings and girders with 3/4-inch bevel strips.
7. Give surfaces of concrete panel forms one thinned coat of form film.
8. Apply the release agent in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

3.3 FORM REMOVAL

A. Structural Concrete Form Removal: Do not remove forms for structural concrete

until the concrete has hardened sufficiently to support its own load safely, plus any superimposed load that might be placed thereon. Leave the forms in place for the minimum length of time indicated below or until the concrete has reached the minimum strength indicated as determined by testing, whichever time is reached first.

1. The times indicated represent cumulative days or hours, not necessarily consecutive, during which the air surrounding the concrete is above 50 degrees

F. These times may be decreased if reshores are installed.

| | Minimum Time | Minimum Strength (psi) |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| a. Columns | 12 hrs. | 1300 |
| b. Columns | 12 hrs. | 1300 |
| c. Side forms for girders and beams | 12 hrs. | 1300 |
| d. Walls | 12 hrs. | 1300 |
| e. Bottom forms of slabs | | |
| Under 10 feet clear span | 4 days | 2300 |
| 10 to 20 feet clear span | 7 days | 2700 |
| Over 20 feet clear span | 10 days | 2900 |
| f. Bottom forms of beams and girders | | |
| Under 10 feet clear span | 7 days | 2700 |
| 10 to 20 feet clear span | 14 days | 3000 |
| Over 20 feet clear span | 21 days | 3500 |

2. Increase form removal times as required if concrete temperature following placement is permitted to drop below 50 degrees F or if fly ash or ground granulated blast furnace slag is used in the concrete mix.
3. Withdraw the removable portion of form ties from the concrete immediately after the forms are removed. Clean and fill holes left by such ties with grout as specified in Cast-In-Place Concrete, Subsection Structural Concrete Surfaces.
4. Plug tie holes flush with the surface using portland cement mortar. Prewet tie holes with clean water and apply a neat cement slurry bond coat. Densely tamp mortar of a dry-tamp consistency into the tie holes exercising care so as not to smear mortar onto the finished concrete surface. Include sufficient white cement in the mortar mix to cause the plugged holes to blend in with the adjacent surfaces. Make sample patches with different mixes to assure that this requirement is met.

- B. Architectural Concrete Form Removal: Remove forms for architectural concrete in accordance with the above subsection 3.3 A, except that do not remove forms for vertical surfaces sooner than 12 hours nor longer than 36 hours after placement of concrete.

3.4 RESHORING

- A. Reshoring Method: Develop a system for reshoring and early removal of forms, in the event early stripping of forms becomes necessary. Include details and schedules in this system for each element which is to be reshored.
- B. Construction Load Support: Do not support construction loads upon any unshored portion of the structure exceeding the structural design loads.

3.5 TOLERANCES

- A. Tolerance Limits: Design, construct and maintain concrete form and place the concrete to provide completed concrete work within the tolerance limits set forth in ACI SP-4.

3.6 SURVEY OF FORMWORK

- A. Field Survey: Employ an engineer or surveyor to check by instrument survey the lines and levels of the completed formwork before concrete is placed and make whatever corrections or adjustment to the formwork are necessary to correct deviations from the specified tolerances.
- B. Placement Surveying Requirements: Check formwork during the placement of the concrete to verify that the forms, braces, tie rods, clamps anchor bolts, conduits, piping, and the like, have not been knocked out of the established line, level or cross section by concrete placement or equipment.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 03311

CONCRETE FOR NON-PLANT WORK

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION OF REQUIREMENTS

- A. The extent of concrete work is shown on the drawings.

1.2 CODES AND STANDARDS

- A. ACI 347 "Recommended Practice for Concrete Formwork"; ACI 304 "Recommended Practice for measuring, Mixing, Transporting, and Placing Concrete"; comply with applicable provisions.
- B. Reference to standard specifications herein shall be construed as to be in reference to the latest revision or edition.

1.3 STORAGE

- A. Immediately upon receipt at the site, cement that is to be site mixed shall be stored in a dry, weather tight building, properly ventilated and with provisions for prevention of moisture absorption.
- B. Reinforcing shall be protected from the weather.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Cement: Cement shall conform to standard specifications for "Portland Cement", ASTM C150, Type I for concrete not exposed to sewage and ASTM C150, Type II or ASTM C150, Type I with sulfide resistant properties equal to Type II for concrete exposed to sewage.
- B. Aggregate: Concrete aggregate shall conform to the current specifications for "Concrete Aggregate", ASTM Designation C33.
- C. Water: Water used in mixing concrete shall be fresh, clean, and free from injurious amounts of oil, acid, alkali or organic matter.
- D. Ready-Mix Concrete: Ready-mixed concrete may be used at the option of the CONTRACTOR provided that such concrete meets the requirements of these specifications and of ASTM Designation C94 for "Ready-Mixed Concrete".

- E. High-Early-Strength Concrete: Concrete made with high-early-strength Portland cement shall be used only when specifically authorized by the ENGINEER. The 7- day compressive strength of concrete made with high-early-strength cement shall be at least equal to the minimum 28-day compressive strength specified. All provisions of these specifications shall be applicable to high-early-strength concrete except the cement shall conform to ASTM Designation C150, Type III.

2.2 RELATED MATERIALS

- A. Reinforcing: Deformed Reinforcing Bars, ASTM A615; Grade 60 unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Welded Wire Fabric: ASTM A185.
- C. Liquid Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C309, Type I.
- D. Form Materials:
 - 1. Provide form materials with sufficient stability to withstand pressure of placed concrete without bow or deflection.
 - 2. Exposed Concrete Surfaces: Suitable material to suit project conditions.
- E. Waterstops: To be used in joints shall be #10 gage steel sheet, 4" wide, welded continuous through the joint, unless detailed otherwise.
- F. Chemical Floor Hardener: Colorless aqueous solution containing a blend of magnesium fluosilicate and zinc fluosilicate combined with a wetting agent, containing not less than 2 lbs. of fluosilicates per gallon.
 - 1. Apply to exposed concrete slabs not indicated or scheduled to receive subsequent finishes.

2.3 QUALITY

- A. Strength: The minimum 28-day compressive strength of reinforced concrete shall be 4,000 psi, unless shown otherwise on the drawings.
 - 1. Each cubic yard of 4,000 psi concrete shall contain no less than 517 lbs. of cement. The total water content per bag of cement shall not exceed 6.0 gallons.
- B. Strength: The minimum 28-day compressive strength of non-reinforced concrete shall be 2,500 psi, unless shown otherwise on the drawings.
 - 1. Each cubic yard of 2,500 psi concrete shall contain no less than 440 lbs. of cement. The total water content per bag shall not exceed 7.5 gallons.

- C. Mix Proportions: All concrete materials shall be proportioned so as to produce a workable mixture with a slump between 2" and 4".
- D. Tests:
 - 1. The CONTRACTOR shall provide, for test purposes, one set of three cylinders taken from each day's pour or each 50 cubic yards placed, whichever is least or as directed by the ENGINEER. The CONTRACTOR at his expense shall supply test samples and an independent testing laboratory at the CONTRACTOR's expense will make tests. Sampling and testing of concrete shall be made in accordance with ASTM C-143 and ASTM C-31. The standard age of test shall be at 7 days and 28 days; and, when approved by the ENGINEER, a 45 day test may be used. If the test strength of the cylinders falls below the minimum allowable compressive strength, the ENGINEER shall have the right to order the CONTRACTOR to remove and renew that day's pour of concrete or the CONTRACTOR shall accept such deductions in the final payment as FGUA may deem reasonable.
 - 2. Sampling and testing of concrete materials shall be made in accordance with ASTM Designations. The CONTRACTOR at his expense shall supply test samples, and an independent testing laboratory at the CONTRACTOR's expense shall make tests. The source from which concrete aggregates are to be obtained shall be selected by the CONTRACTOR well in advance of the time when they will be required in the work; and suitable samples, as they are to be used in the concrete, shall be furnished in advance of the time when the placing of the concrete is expected to begin.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 FORMING AND PLACING CONCRETE

- A. Formwork: Construct so that concrete members and structures are of correct size, shape, alignment, elevation and position, complying with ACI 347.

Clean and adjust forms prior to concrete placement. Apply form release agents for wet forms, as required. Retighten forms during and after concrete placement if required to eliminate mortar leaks.

3.2 REINFORCEMENT

- A. Position, support and secure reinforcement against displacement. Locate and support with metal chairs, runners, bolsters, spacers and hangers, as required. Set wire ties so ends are directed into concrete, not toward exposed concrete surfaces.

- B. Install welded wire fabric in lengths as long as possible, lapping at least one mesh.
- C. Installation of Embedded Items: Set and build into the work anchorage devices and other embedded items required for other work that is attached to, or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use setting diagrams, templates and instructions provided by others for locating and setting.

3.3 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Comply with ACI 304, placing concrete in a continuous operation within planned joints or sections. Do not begin placement until work of other trades affecting concrete is completed.
- B. Consolidate placed concrete using mechanical vibrating equipment with hand rodding and tamping, so that concrete is worked around reinforcement and other embedded items and into all parts of the forms.
- C. Protect concrete from physical damage or reduced strength due to weather extremes during mixing, placement and curing. Concrete shall not be placed when the surrounding air temperature is below 40°F. and dropping.
 - 1. In cold weather comply with ACI 306.
 - 2. In hot weather comply with ACI 305.

3.4 CONCRETE FINISHES

- A. Nonslip Broom Finish: Apply nonslip broom finish to exterior concrete and sidewalks.
 - 1. Immediately after trowel finishing, slightly roughen concrete surface by brooming with fiber bristle broom perpendicular to main traffic route. Coordinate required final finish with the ENGINEER before application.

3.5 BONDING AND GROUTING

- A. Before depositing new concrete on or against concrete that has set, existing surfaces shall be thoroughly roughened and cleaned of glaze, foreign matter, and loose particles. An epoxy coating shall be applied for bonding the new concrete to the old.

3.6 CURING

- A. Concrete shall be kept continuously (not periodically) wet for a period of at least five consecutive days by covering with water or with an approved water saturated covering. Water for curing shall be clean and free from any elements, which might cause staining, or discoloration of the concrete surface.

- B. Sidewalks and floor slabs may be cured by spraying with a Membrane-Forming curing compound, applied as per manufacturer's recommendations. This material shall not be used on any interior slabs to which an applied finish is to be bonded.

3.7 PATCHING

- A. Any concrete which is not formed as shown on the drawings, or is out of alignment or level or shows a defective surface, shall be considered as not conforming with the intent of these specifications and shall be removed from the job by the CONTRACTOR at his expense, unless the ENGINEER grants permission to patch the defective area. This shall be done in accordance with the procedures above. Honeycomb consisting of 1/2" diameter holes or greater shall be considered a defective surface. Permission to patch any such area shall not be considered a waiver of the ENGINEER's right to require complete removal of the defective work if the patching does not, in his opinion, satisfactorily restore the quality of the concrete and appearance of the surface.
- B. As the forms are removed, fins, rough edges, and offsets shall be ground smooth. Holes to 1/2", slight honeycomb, and minor defects shall be wet and filled with a 1:2 mix of cement mortar, matching color of surrounding concrete, and then troweled to a uniform plane. As soon as they have been troweled, the patched areas shall be sprayed with a curing compound, which will not destroy future bonding properties. Three days after application of curing compound, the entire surface shall be finished by wetting and applying a 1:2 mix of cement mortar with a cement brick. Using the brick, mortar shall be rubbed into pits or indentations and excess mortar rubbed off to provide a uniformly textured surface. When the surface has dried, all loose sand and dust shall be removed and the surface then hosed down with water.

3.8 TOLERANCES

- A. Tolerances for concrete work shall be in accordance with ACI 347.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 03410

PRECAST CONCRETE STRUCTURES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Furnish all materials, labor, and equipment and construct manholes, valve pits, meter pits, and accessory items, consisting of precast sections as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.
- B. The forms, dimensions, concrete, and construction methods shall be approved by the ENGINEER in advance of construction.
- C. These specifications are intended to give a general description of what is required, but do not purport to cover all of the structural design details which will vary in accordance with the requirements of the equipment as offered. It is, however, intended to cover the furnishing, shop testing, delivery, and complete installation of all precast structures whether specifically mentioned in these specifications or not.
- D. The supplier of the precast manholes, valve pits, meter pits, and accessory items shall coordinate his work with that of the CONTRACTOR to the end that the unit will be delivered and installed in the excavation provided by the CONTRACTOR, in accordance with the CONTRACTOR's construction schedule.
- E. Coordinate the precast structures fabrication with the equipment supplied to achieve the proper structural top slab openings, spacings, and related dimensions for the selected equipment frames and covers. The top slabs, frames, covers, and subsurface structures shall be capable of supporting a live load of 150 pounds per square foot.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit to the ENGINEER, as provided in the General Conditions, shop drawings showing details of construction, reinforcing and joints.
- B. Shop Drawings
 - 1. Content
 - a. Dimensions and finishes
 - b. Estimated camber
 - c. Reinforcing and connection details
 - d. Anchors

- e. Lifting and erection inserts
 - f. Other items cast into members
- 2. Show location of unit by same identification mark placed on member.
- 3. Include design calculations.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature: Manufacturer's recommended installation instructions.
- D. Manufacturer's certificates of material conformance with specifications.
- E. Test Reports: Reports of tests on concrete.
- F. Testing
 - 1. Manholes and Valve Vaults: Four (4) concrete test cylinders shall be taken for every 50 cubic yards (cu. yds) for each type of precast structure.
 - 2. Certification: The supplier shall provide the certified results of testing (7 day, 28 day) for the test cylinders stated herein. Random test cylinders may be taken at any time by the ENGINEER at the OWNER's expense.

1.3 INSPECTION

- A. The quality of all materials, the process of manufacture, and the finished sections shall be subject to inspection and approval by the ENGINEER, or other representatives of the OWNER. Such inspection may be made at the place of manufacture, or at the site after delivery, or at both places, and the sections shall be subject to rejection at any time on account of failure to meet any of the Specification requirements; even though sample sections may have been accepted as satisfactory at the place of manufacture. Sections rejected after delivery to the job shall be marked for identification and shall be removed from the job at once. All sections which have been damaged after delivery will be rejected, and if already installed, shall be repaired, if permitted and accepted by ENGINEER, or removed and replaced, entirely at the CONTRACTOR's expense.
- B. At the time of inspection, the sections will be carefully examined for compliance with ASTM C478 designation and these Specifications, and with the approved manufacturer's drawings. All sections shall be inspected for general appearance, dimension, "scratch-strength", blisters, cracks, roughness, soundness, etc. The surface shall be dense and close-textured.

- C. Imperfections may be repaired, subject to the approval of the ENGINEER, after demonstration by the manufacturer that strong and permanent repairs result. Repairs shall be carefully inspected before final approval. Cement mortar used for repairs shall have a minimum compressive strength of 4,000 psi at the end of 7 days and 5,000 psi at the end of 28 days, Epoxy mortar may be utilized for repairs subject to the approval of the ENGINEER.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 PRECAST CONCRETE STRUCTURES

- A. The precast sections should have the inside dimensions and minimum thickness of concrete as indicated on the drawings. All precast and cast-in-place concrete members shall conform to the Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete ACI 318.
- B. Precast structures shall be constructed to the dimensions as shown on the drawings and as specified in these Specifications.
- C. Type II cement shall be used except as otherwise approved.
- D. The date of manufacture and the name or trademark of the manufacturer shall be clearly marked on the inside of each precast section.
- E. Sections shall be cured by an approved method and shall not be shipped until the minimum 7-day compressive strength has been attained.
- F. Each pre-cast section manufactured in accordance with the drawings shall be clearly marked to indicate the intended installation location.
- G. Paint all exterior surfaces with two coats of coal tar bitumastic, each coat to be 9 mils each. All interior surfaces of valve vaults shall be coated with two coats of coal tar epoxy (9 mils each).

2.2 PRECAST CONCRETE SECTIONS

- A. Manhole sections shall meet the requirements of ASTM C478, Specification for Precast Reinforced Concrete Manhole Sections. Cement shall meet the requirements of ASTM C150-74, Specification for Portland Cement, Type II. Concrete shall meet the minimum requirement for 4000 psi concrete. Minimum wall thickness shall be 8 inches or 1/8 the inside manhole diameter as shown on the drawings, whichever is greater. The required minimum strength of concrete shall be confirmed by making and testing three standard cylinders at seven days. Rings shall be custom made with openings to meet indicated pipe alignment conditions and invert elevations. Submit

shop drawings, consisting of manufacturers' standard details of various sections for approval prior to placing order for manholes.

B. Joints

Form joint contact surfaces with machined castings. Surfaces shall be exactly parallel with nominal 1/16 inch clearing and the tongue equipped with a proper recess for the installation of an O-ring rubber gasket. Gaskets shall meet the requirements of Specification for Joint for Circular Concrete Sewer and Culvert Pipe, Using Rubber Gaskets. "RAM-NEK" sealing compound conforming to Federal Specification SSS-00210 (GSA-FSS), Sealing Compound, Preformed Plastic, for Expansion Joints and Pipe Joints may be used in lieu of O-ring rubber gaskets. If joints are sealed with "RAM-NEK" sealing compound the recess in the tongue for an O-ring gasket may be omitted.

2.3 PIPE PASS THROUGH AT STRUCTURES

- A. Where pipes are to extend into or through structures from the exterior, flexible connections (mechanical or push-on type joints) shall be provided at the exterior wall face.
- B. For pipes passing through structural walls, wall pipes with water stops shall be installed where the location is below the surface of the ground or at any point where fluid levels will exceed that elevation. Neoprene sleeves with watertight caulking and 316 Series SS stainless steel clamps will be suitable at other locations.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for control of ground water to provide firm, dry subgrade for the structure, shall prevent water rising on new poured in place concrete or grouted joint sections within 24 hours after placing, and shall guard against flotation or other damage resulting from ground water or flooding.
- B. Backfill material around the manhole and above the pipe bedding shall be selected material as specified in Section 02223.
- C. Precast bases, conforming to all requirements of ASTM C478 and above listed requirements for precast sections. The base shall be set in place on a thoroughly compacted crushed stone sub-base and adjusted in grade for the correct structure elevation.
- D. Precast concrete structure sections shall be set so as to be vertical and with sections

in true alignment with a 1/4 inch maximum tolerance to be allowed. The outside and inside joint shall be filled with a non-shrink grout and finished flush with the adjoining surfaces. Allows joints to set for 24 hours before backfilling. Backfilling shall be done in a careful manner, bringing the fill up evenly on all sides. If leaks appear in the structures, the inside joints shall be caulked with lead wool to the satisfaction of the ENGINEER. Install the precast sections in a manner that will result in a watertight joint.

- E. Holes in the concrete sections required for handling or other purposes shall be plugged with a non-shrinking grout or by grout in combination with concrete plugs.
- F. Where holes must be cut in the precast sections to accommodate pipes, cutting shall be done by core drilling prior to setting them in place to prevent any subsequent jarring which may loosen the mortar joints.

END OF SECTION

DIVISION 9 – FINISHES

SECTION 09865

SURFACE PREPARATION AND SHOP PRIME PAINTING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required for the surface preparation and application of shop coatings on ferrous metals, excluding stainless steels, as specified herein and as shown on the drawings.

1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Field painting is included in Section 09900.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit to the ENGINEER for review in accordance with Section 01340 complete shop drawings, manufacturer's specifications and data on the proposed primers and detailed surface preparation, application procedures and dry mil thickness.
- B. Submit to the ENGINEER for review in accordance with Section 01340 representative physical samples of the proposed primers and finished coatings.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Submerged Services: Shop coating for ferrous metals (submersible pumps, valves in wetwell) which will be submerged or which are subject to splash action or which are specified to be considered submerged service shall be prepared in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and coated with two coats of Kop-Coat Hi-Gard Epoxy, dry film thickness of 5 mils minimum per coat. Total dry film thickness of 10 mils minimum for entire system.
- B. Nonsubmerged Services: Shop coating for ferrous metals other than those covered by Paragraph 2.01A (valves in valve pit and buried) shall be primed with one coat of Kop-Coat 294 Epoxy Primer, dry film thickness 1.5 mils minimum; and coated with two coats of Kop-Coat Hi-Gard Epoxy, dry film thickness of 5 mils minimum, each coat. Total dry film thickness of 11.5 mils minimum for entire system.

- C. Non-primed Surfaces: Gears, bearing surfaces, and other similar surfaces obviously not to be painted shall be given a heavy shop coat of grease or other suitable rust- resistant coating. This coating shall be maintained as necessary to prevent corrosion during all periods of storage and erection and shall be satisfactory to the Engineer up to the time of the final acceptance test.
- D. Compatibility of Coating Systems: Shop priming shall be done with primers that are guaranteed by the Manufacturer to be compatible with their corresponding finish coats specified herein and in Section 09900.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION

A. Surface Preparation and Priming:

1. Non-submerged components scheduled for priming, as defined above, shall be sandblasted clean in accordance with SSPC-SP-6, "Commercial Grade", immediately prior to priming, as defined above, submerged components scheduled for priming, as defined above, shall be sandblasted clean in accordance with SSPC-SP-10 "Near White", immediately prior to priming.
2. Surfaces shall be dry and free of dust, oil, grease, dirt, rust, loose mill scale, and other foreign material before priming.
3. Shop prime in accordance with approved paint manufacturer's recommendations.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 09900
PAINTING AND COATING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 INTENT

- A. The intent of this Specification is to provide the material and workmanship necessary to produce complete protection of the surfaces to be coated for FGUA. This includes all surface preparation, pre-treatment, coating application, touch-up of factory coated surfaces, protection of surfaces not to be coated, clean-up, and appurtenant work, all in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. Throughout this specification "ENGINEER" refers to the FGUA Project Manager or Contract Manager. And "OWNER" refers to FGUA.

1.2 PURPOSE

- A. The purpose of this Specification is to generally outline the work contemplated for the painting and protective coating work performed for FGUA, including Contract Operations, Capital Improvement Projects, and Developer Contributed Assets as defined under Scope below; together with the General Conditions, Special Provisions and all other Technical Specifications included herewith. All paints and materials used on interior tank or treatment unit surfaces shall conform to AWWA and/or Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) regulations as they may apply to potable water or wastewater service. The manufacturer furnishing the coating material may be required to furnish certification to the ENGINEER/OWNER that the materials meet these provisions.

1.3 DESCRIPTION

- A. The extent of painting work is shown on the project drawings, contracts and schedules, and as specified herein.
- B. The work includes painting and finishing of interior and exterior exposed items and surfaces throughout the project, except as otherwise specified or shown on the drawings.
 - 1. Surface preparation, priming and coats of paint specified are in addition to shop-priming and surface treatment specified under other sections of the work.
- C. The work includes field painting of exposed bare and covered pipes and ducts including color coding, and of hangers, exposed steel and iron work, tanks, vessels, and primed metal surfaces of equipment installed under the mechanical and electrical work, except as otherwise indicated.

- D. Paint all exposed surfaces normally painted in the execution of a building project whether or not colors are designated in "schedules". Where items or surfaces are not specifically mentioned, or are not specifically excluded from the painting work, paint these the same as adjacent similar materials or areas. If color or finish is not designated, FGUA will select these from standard colors available for the materials systems specified.

1.4 PAINTING NOT INCLUDED

- A. The following categories of work are not included as part of the field-applied finish work, unless otherwise noted on the drawings or in the Contract Documents.
 - 1. Shop Priming: Unless otherwise specified, shop priming of ferrous metal items is included under the various sections for structural steel, miscellaneous metal, metal fabrications, hollow metal work, and similar items. Also, for fabricated components such as shop-fabricated or factory-built mechanical and electrical equipment or accessories.
 - 2. Pre-Finished Items: Unless otherwise shown or specified, do not include painting when factory-finishing or installer finishing is specified for such items as, but not limited to, finished electrical equipment including light fixtures, switchgear and distribution cabinets.
 - 3. Concealed Surfaces: Unless otherwise shown or specified, painting is not required on surfaces such as walls or ceilings in concealed areas and generally inaccessible areas. Painting of galvanized work that will be concealed in the completed work is not required. Except for touch-up as specified in Part 3, painting of shop primed structural steel and ferrous metals that will be concealed in the completed work is not required.
 - 4. Finished Metal Surfaces: Metal surfaces of anodized aluminum, stainless steel, chromium plating, copper, bronze and similar finished materials will not require finish painting, unless otherwise specified.
 - 5. Operating and Machined Parts and Labels: Moving parts of operating units, mechanical and electrical parts, such as valve and damper operators, machined surfaces, grease fittings, linkages, sinkages, sensing devices, motor and fan shafts will not require finish painting unless otherwise specified.
 - a. Do not paint over any code-requiring labels, such as Underwriter's Laboratories and Factory Mutual, or any equipment identification, performance rating, name, or nomenclature plates.
 - 6. Other Surfaces: Do not apply to glass, manhole frames and covers,

aluminum platform gratings, stair treads, door thresholds, concrete wearing surfaces, or other walking surfaces unless otherwise specified.

1.5 CODES, STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS

- A. The work herein specified shall be performed in a legally acceptable manner, and it shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR to obtain any and all licenses, permits, and legal approvals required to perform the work specified.
- B. All material and work covered by this specification shall comply with all currently approved or accepted provisions of applicable codes and standards published by the following organizations:

| | | |
|------|---|---|
| ANSI | - | American National Standards Institute 11 West 42nd New York, NY 10036 212-642-4900 |
| API | - | American Petroleum Institute 1220 L Street N.W. Washington, DC 20005 202-682-8000 |
| ASTM | - | American Society for Testing and Materials 100 Barr Harbor Dr. West Conshohocken, PA. 19428 610-832-9500 |
| AWS | - | American Welding Society 550 N.W. LeJeune Rd. Miami, FL 33126 305-443-9353 |
| AWWA | - | American Water Works Association 6666 West Quincy Avenue Denver, CO. 80235 303-794-7711 |
| FM | - | Factory Mutual Research 1151 Boston-Providence Turnpike Norwood, MA 02062 617-762-4300 |
| NACE | - | National Association of Corrosion Engineers PO Box 218340 Houston, TX 772181 713-492-0535 |
| NEMA | - | National Electrical Manufacturer's Association |

2101 L Street N.W. Ste. 300
Washington DC 20037
202-457-8400

- NFPA - National Fire Protection Association
1 Batterymarch Park
Quincy, MA 02269-9101
617-770-3000
- OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Act
U.S. Department of Labor
Occupational Safety & Health Administration
8040 Peters Rd. Bldg. H-100
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33324 954-424-0242
- SAE - Society of Automotive Engineers
400 Commonwealth Dr.
Warrendale PA. 15096-0001
412-776-4841
- SSPC - Steel Structures Painting Council
40 24th Street
Pittsburgh, PA 15222
412-281-2331
- SSPWC - Standard Specifications for Public Works
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- C. The CONTRACTOR shall comply with all applicable Federal, state, and local laws and ordinances.

1.6 ACCEPTABLE COATING MANUFACTURERS

- A. Except as otherwise indicated herein, materials specified are from the catalog of the Kop-Coat, Inc. listed below. Materials by other manufacturers approved by the Engineer are acceptable provided that they are established to the satisfaction of the ENGINEER as being compatible with and of equal quality to the coatings of the company listed. The CONTRACTOR shall provide satisfactory documentation from the firm manufacturing the proposed material

that the material meets the specified requirements and is equivalent or better than the listed materials in the following properties:

1. Quality
 2. Durability
 3. Resistance to abrasion and physical damage
 4. Life expectancy
 5. Ability to recoat in future
 6. Solids content by volume
 7. Dry film thickness per coat
 8. Compatibility with other coatings
 9. Suitability for the intended service
 10. Resistance to chemical attack
 11. Temperature limitations in service and during application
 12. Type and quality of recommended undercoats and topcoats
 13. Ease of application
 14. Ease of repairing damaged areas
 15. Stability of colors
- B. The cost of all testing and analyzing of the proposed substitute materials that may be required by the ENGINEER, shall be paid by the CONTRACTOR. If the proposed substitution requires changes in the contract work, the CONTRACTOR shall bear all such costs involved and the costs of allied trades affected by the substitution. These substitutions for other manufacturers must be made and approved prior to the bid date opening.
- C. Material Sources: Kop-Coat Inc. is the standard of quality for the industrial coating materials specified in this Section. Where paint numbers are listed, it is to show the type and quality of coatings that are required. For convenience of reference, this specification includes product designations for coatings and coating colors as manufactured by the Kop-Coat Inc., St. Louis, MO. 800-547-2468. Other acceptable manufacturers are, Keeler and Long, Watertown, CT. 203-274-6701, and Tnemec Co., Kansas City, MO. 816-483-3400 , and Porter International, Louisville, Ky. 502- 588-9769. Proposed substitute materials must be shown to satisfy the material descriptions and to equal or exceed the properties of the listed materials as required above in Paragraph 1-06 A.

1.7 SUBMITTALS

- A. Coating Materials List: The CONTRACTOR shall provide six (6) copies of a coating materials list which indicates the manufacturer and the coating number, keyed to the coating schedule herein, for approval of the ENGINEER. The submittals shall be made sufficiently in advance of the coating operations to allow ample time for checking, correcting, resubmitting and rechecking.

- B. Paint Manufacturer's Information: For each paint system to be used, the CONTRACTOR shall submit the following listed data prior to beginning painting operations.
1. Paint manufacturer's data sheet for each product used.
 2. Paint manufacturer's instructions and recommendations on surface preparation and application.
 3. Colors available for each product (where applicable).
 4. Compatibility of shop and field applied coatings (where applicable).
 5. Material safety data sheet for each product used.
- C. Samples and Manufacturer's Certificate: Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.
1. Submit manufacturer's standard color chart for color selection.
 2. Submit specimens, approximately 8 by 10 inches in size, for custom mixed colors for approval, not including color coding colors.
 3. Where equipment is customarily shipped with a standard finish, submit samples of the proposed color and finish for approval prior to shipping.
 4. Furnish affidavits from the manufacturer certifying that materials furnished conform to the requirements specified and that paint products have been checked for compatibility.
 5. Submit a supplementary schedule of paint products with mil thickness, and solids by volume, including all paint applied in the shop and in the field. Provide a schedule that is in accordance with the recommendations of the paint manufacturer.
 6. Furnish affidavits from the manufacturer certifying that coatings in immersion service contain no water soluble solvents or corrosion inhibitive (active) pigments with slight water solubility.

1.8 DELIVERY AND STORAGE

- A. Deliver all coating materials to the job site in original, new and unbroken, sealed packages and containers bearing manufacturer's name and label, and the following information, all of which shall be plainly legible at the time of use:
1. Name or title of material.
 2. Fed. Spec. number, if applicable.
 3. Manufacturer's stock number and date of manufacturer.
 4. Manufacturer's formula or specification number.
 5. Manufacturer's batch number.
 6. Manufacturer's name.
 7. Contents by volume, for major pigment and vehicle constituents.
 8. Thinning instructions.
 9. Application instructions.
 10. Color name and number.
 11. Expiration date.

- B. Store paint materials and painting tools and equipment, including solvents and cleaning materials, in a well ventilated, dry area and away from high heat. Do not store in building or structure being painted, nor leave overnight therein. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for the safe storage of paints and solvents. CONTRACTOR shall store materials in compliance with all local, state, and federal regulations.

1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Inspection by the ENGINEER, or the waiver of inspection of any particular portion of the work, shall not relieve the CONTRACTOR of his responsibility to perform the work in accordance with these Specifications.
- B. Inspection Devices: The CONTRACTOR shall furnish, until final acceptance of the work, inspection devices in good working condition for the detection of holidays, measurement of surface profile, and measurement of dry film thicknesses of the protective coatings. Surface preparation comparison visual standards, profile and dry film thickness devices shall be made available for the ENGINEER's use at all times while coating is being done. The CONTRACTOR shall provide the services of a trained operator of the holiday detection devices until the final acceptance of such coatings. Holiday detection devices shall be operated only in the presence of the ENGINEER.
- C. Surface Cleanliness: Preparation of metallic surfaces shall be based upon comparison with SSPC-VIS 1 (ASTM D2200), and as described herein. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish the photographic standards. To facilitate inspection, the CONTRACTOR shall, on the first day of abrasive blasting operations, abrasive blast metal panels to the standards specified. Plates shall measure a minimum of 8.5 inches by 11 inches. Panels meeting the requirements of the Specifications shall be initialed by the CONTRACTOR and FGUA's representative and coated with a clear non-yellowing finish. One of these panels shall be prepared for each type of abrasive blasting and shall be used as a comparison standard throughout the project. The CONTRACTOR shall provide SSPC-VIS 1 Surface Preparation Standards for use during the abrasive blasting operations.
- D. Surface Profile: The blast abrasive shall be suitable to achieve the blast profile as required for the coating system used. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish for the ENGINEER's use, a Keane-Tator Surface Comparator No. 372 or approved equal.
- E. Film Thickness Testing: On ferrous metals, the dry film coating thickness shall be measured in accordance with the SSPC "Paint Application Specification No. 2" (SSPC-PA2), using a magnetic-type dry film thickness gauge such as Mikrotest Model FM, Elcometer Model 111/1EZ, Positector 2000 or approved equal. Each coat shall be tested for the correct thickness.

No measurements shall be made until at least eight (8) hours after application of the coating. On non-ferrous metals and other substrates, the coating thicknesses shall be measured at the time of application using a wet film gauge.

F. Holiday Testing: The CONTRACTOR shall holiday test all coated ferrous surfaces inside a steel reservoir, or other surfaces which will be submerged in water or other liquids, or surfaces which are enclosed in a vapor space in such structures. Areas which contain holidays shall be marked and repaired, or recoated in accordance with the coating manufacturer's printed instructions and then retested.

1. Coatings With Thickness Exceeding 20 Mils: For surfaces having a total dry film coating thickness exceeding 20 mils: Pulse-type holiday detector such as Tinker & Rasor Model AP-W, D.E. Stearns Co. Model 14/20, or approved equal shall be used. The unit shall be adjusted to operate at the voltage required to cause a spark jump across an air gap equal to twice the specified coating thickness.
2. Coatings With Thickness of 20 Mils or Less: For surfaces having a total dry film coating thickness of 20 mils or less: Tinker & Rasor Model M-1 non-destructive type holiday detector, K-D Bird Dog or approved equal shall be used. The unit shall operate at less than 75-volts. For thicknesses between 10 and 20 mils, a non-sudsing type wetting agent, such as Kodak Photo-Flo, or equal shall be added to the water prior to wetting the detector sponge.

1.10 MANUFACTURER'S REPRESENTATIVE

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall require the protective coating manufacturer to furnish a qualified technical representative to visit the project site for technical support and as may be necessary to resolve field problems attributable or associated with the manufacturer's products furnished under this contract or the application thereof.

1.11 SAFETY AND HEALTH REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: The CONTRACTOR shall provide and require use of personal protective and safety equipment for persons working in or about the project site, in accordance with requirements of OSHA Safety and Health Standards for Construction (29CFR 1910, 1915, and 1926) its revisions, and all other applicable regulations. The CONTRACTOR shall also comply with the coating manufacturer's printed instructions, appropriate technical bulletins, manuals, and material safety data sheets in the handling of potentially hazardous or harmful materials.
- B. Head and Face Protection and Respiratory Devices: The CONTRACTOR shall require all persons to wear protective helmets while in the vicinity of the work. In additions, workers engaged in or near the work during sandblasting

shall wear eye and face protection devices and air purifying, half-mask or mouthpiece respirators with appropriate filters. Barrier creams shall be used on any exposed areas of skin.

- C. Ventilation: Where ventilation is used to control hazardous exposure, all equipment shall be explosion proof. Forced air ventilation shall be provided to reduce the concentration of air contaminants to the degree such that a hazard does not exist and to assist in the proper curing of coatings applied in a confined area. Air circulation and exhausting of solvent vapors shall be continued until coatings have fully cured.
- D. Sound Levels: Whenever the occupational noise exposure exceeds maximum allowable sound levels permitted under OSHA regulations, the CONTRACTOR shall provide and require the use of approved hearing protection devices.
- E. Illumination: Adequate illumination shall be provided while work is in progress, including explosion-proof lights and electrical equipment. Whenever required by the ENGINEER, the CONTRACTOR shall provide additional illumination to cover all areas to be inspected. The level of illumination for inspection purposes shall be determined by the ENGINEER.
- F. Temporary Access: All temporary ladders and scaffolding shall conform to applicable safety requirements. Scaffolding shall be erected where requested by the ENGINEER to facilitate inspection and shall be moved by the CONTRACTOR to locations as requested by the ENGINEER.
- G. Cloths and cotton waste that might constitute a fire hazard shall be placed in fire resistant closed metal containers until removed from the project site or destroyed at the end of each work day.

1.12 WARRANTY

- A. All work covered under the Contract shall be guaranteed against defective workmanship and materials for a period of one (1) year after completion and acceptance of the work. A first anniversary inspection will be scheduled by the CONTRACTOR during the eleventh (11th) month following acceptance of the work. A report shall be furnished to FGUA describing the condition of the paint system and other work covered under the Contract. Tank draining shall be coordinated with FGUA. Any latent defects found during this inspection shall be promptly repaired by the CONTRACTOR at no additional cost to FGUA. Any location where coats of paint have peeled off, bubbled or cracked, and any location where rusting is evident, shall be considered a failure of the paint system. The CONTRACTOR shall make repairs at all points where failures are observed by removing the deteriorated coating, cleaning the surfaces and recoating with the same paint system. Any such repair work shall be completed by the CONTRACTOR within thirty (30) days after written notice of such defects unless otherwise negotiated.

- B. Failure on the part of the CONTRACTOR to schedule this warranty inspection will not relieve him of warranty responsibility and any defects found by FGUA after the normal warranty period will be assumed to have occurred during the one (1) year while the warranty was in effect.

PART 2 PRODUCTS AND COATING SYSTEMS

2.1 GENERAL

- A. Definitions: The term "paint", "coatings", or "finishes" as used herein, shall include surface treatments, emulsions, enamels, paints, epoxy resins, and all other protective coatings, excepting galvanizing or anodizing, whether used as a pre-treatment, primer, intermediate coat, or finish coat. The term "DFT" means minimum dry film thickness.
- B. Compatibility: In any coating system, only compatible materials from a single manufacturer shall be used in the work. Particular attention shall be directed to compatibility of primers and finish coats. If necessary, subject to the approval of the ENGINEER, a barrier coat shall be applied between all existing prime coats and subsequent field coats to insure compatibility.

2.2 COLORS AND FINISHES

- A. All colors and shades of colors for all coats of paint shall be as selected or specified. Paint colors, surface treatment, gloss, and finishes, are indicated or specified in the "schedules" of the contract documents. Color and gloss not indicated or specified will be selected by FGUA.
- B. Each coat shall be of a slightly different shade, as directed by the ENGINEER, to facilitate inspection of surface coverage of each coat. Finish colors shall be as selected from the manufacturer's standard color samples or shall be customer mixed to match color samples furnished by the ENGINEER. Final acceptance of colors will be from samples applied on the job.
- C. Color Pigments: Pure, non-fading, applicable types to suit the substrates and service indicated.
- D. Paint Coordination: Review other sections of these specifications in which prime paints are to be provided to ensure compatibility of total coatings system for various substrates. Furnish information to manufacturers, fabricators, suppliers and others where necessary on the characteristics of the finish materials to be used, to ensure compatible prime coats of use. Provide barrier coats over incompatible primers or remove and re-prime as required.
- E. Color Coding: All exposed piping in structures, aboveground or in pipe trenches, shall be color code painted in strict accordance with the color code chart presented in

Paragraph 3-15 of this section. All colors shall be as specified or as selected by FGUA.

2.3 UNDERCOATS AND THINNERS

- A. Undercoats: Provide undercoat paint produced by the same manufacturer as the finish coats.
- B. Thinners: Use only thinners approved by the paint manufacturer and use only within recommended limits.

2.4 INDUSTRIAL COATING SYSTEMS

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall use coating materials suitable for the intended use and recommended by their manufacturer for the intended service.
- B. Protective Coating Materials: Products shall be standard coatings produced by recognized manufacturers regularly engaged in production of such materials for application on essentially identical facilities to those proposed in this project. Where requested, the CONTRACTOR shall provide the ENGINEER with the names of not less than ten (10) successful applications of the proposed manufacturer's products, which have been proven over a three (3) year period of time, demonstrating compliance with this specification requirement.
- C. System 1 - Alkyd Enamel: High quality gloss or semi-gloss, long oil alkyd finish with a minimum solids content of 57% by volume. Primer as recommended by manufacturer.

1. Painting New Construction

- a. Prime coat except wood surfaces (DFT = 3.0 mils) Kop-Coat 622-LCF Primer.
- b. Prime coat for wood surfaces (DFT = 1.5 mils) Kop-Coat Rustarmor 500 enamel thinned 15% with Kop-Coat 4000 Thinner.
- c. Finish coats, two (Total DFT = 3.0 mils) Kop-Coat Rustarmor 500 Enamel.
- d. Total system DFT except wood surfaces =
6.0 mils Total system DFT for wood surfaces
= 4.5 mils

2. Repainting Existing Surfaces

- a. The cleaned steel is to be hand brushed twice with (DFT = 4.0 mils) Kop- Coat 622-LCF Primer. Completely work the primer into all

the irregular surface faces of the steel.

- b. Finish coats, two (total DFT = 3.0 mils) Kop-Coat Rustarmor 500 Enamel.
 - c. Total millage shall be at least 7.0 mils.
- D. System 2 - Silicone Alkyd Enamel: High quality gloss alkyd, medium long oil alkyd finish. Minimum solids content of 48% by volume. Prime coat to be as recommended by manufacturer.
 - 1. Painting New Construction
 - a. Prime coat (DFT = 3.0 mils) Kop-Coat 622-LCF Primer.
 - b. Finish coats, two (Total DFT = 3.0 mils) Kop-Coat Sub-Sil B
 - c. Total system DFT = 6.0 mils.
 - 2. Repainting Existing Surfaces
 - a. The cleaned steel is to be hand brushed twice with (DFT = 4.0 mils) Kop- Coat 622-LCF Primer.
 - b. Finish coats, two (Total DFT = 3.0 mils) Kop-Coat 1515 Silicone Alkyd.
 - c. Total millage shall be at least 7.0 mils.
- E. System 3 - High Build Epoxy: High build polyamide epoxy coating, resistant to splash, spillage and fumes of dilute acids, bases and salts, and with high resistance to weathering. Coating material shall have a minimum solids content of 56% by volume. Prime coat to be a rust inhibitive epoxy primer as recommended by manufacturer.
 - 1. Prime coat (DFT = 1.5 mils) Kop-Coat 294 Epoxy Primer.
 - 2. Finish coats, two (Total DFT = 10.0 mils) Kop-Coat Hi-Gard Epoxy Coating.
 - 3. Total system DFT = 11.5 mils.
- F. System 4 Acrylic Latex (High Sheen): Single component, water based acrylic latex with a fungicide additive and minimum solids content of 35% by volume. Prime coat to be as recommended by manufacturer.
 - 1. Prime coat (DFT = 2.0 mils) as recommended by manufacturer, if needed.

2. Finish coats, two (Total DFT = 3.0 mils) Kop-Coat 620 Acrylic Emulsion.
 3. Total system DFT = 5.0 mils (with prime coat). 3.0 mils (without prime coat).
- G. System 5 - Acrylic, Concrete and Masonry (Flat): High molecular weight acrylic coating material with a minimum solids content of 41% by volume. Prime coat shall be an acrylic filler and sealer for concrete surfaces.
1. Painting New Construction
 - a. Prime coat (filler/sealer) Kop-Coat Concrete and Masonry Filler.
 - b. Finish coats, two (Total DFT = 3.0 mils) Kop-Coat 600 Interior-Exterior Acrylic Emulsion.
 - c. Total system DFT = 3.0 mils.
 2. Repainting Existing Surfaces
 - a. Spot prime if needed with Kop-Coat Concrete and Masonry Filler to insure a consistent total finish appearance.
 - b. Finish coats, two (Total DFT = 3.0 mils) Kop-Coat 600 Interior-Exterior Acrylic Emulsion.
 - c. Total millage shall be at least 3.0 mils.
- H. System 6 - Coal Tar Epoxy, Steel: High build, 2-component amine or polyamide cured coal tar epoxy, solids content of at least 74% by volume, suitable for long term immersion in wastewater and for coating of buried surfaces, and conforming to or exceeding Corps of Engineers Specification C-200, or SSPC Paint 16. Prime coats are for use as a shop primer only. Prime coat shall be omitted when both surface preparation and coating are to be performed in the field.
1. Prime coat (DFT = 1.5 mils) Kop-Coat 654 Epoxy Primer.
 2. Finish coats, two (Total DFT = 20.0 mils) Kop-Coat Bitumastic No. 300-M.
- Note: Time between coats is critical and maximum times as stated by the manufacturer must not be exceeded.
3. Total system DFT = 21.5 mils (with prime coat). 20.0 mils (without prime coat).

Notes: a. Spot sandblast to SSPC-SP10 all areas damaged during erection, or areas not precoated before application of coating.

b. All edges, nuts, bolts, lap joints, weld seams and the roof rim angle shall receive one brush-applied coat prior to the application of the complete spray coat.

- I. System 7 - Coal Tar Epoxy, Concrete: High build, 2-component amine or polyamide cured coal tar epoxy, solids content of at least 74% by volume, suitable for long term immersion in wastewater and for coating of buried surfaces and conforming to or exceeding Corps. of Engineers Specification C-200, or SSPC Paint 16. Filler

compound shall be a 2-component epoxy material used to fill voids and provide a suitable surface for the application of the coal tar epoxy. Filler is worked into the concrete surface with a wide blade putty knife or a squeegee.

1. First coat - Kop-Coat Bitumastic No. 300-M, thinned 33 percent with Thinner 2000 and apply at the rate of 200-300 sq. ft. per gallon. Allow not more than 24 hours before applying additional coats at the normal, unthinned rate.

2. Finish coats, two (Total DFT = 20.0 mils) Kop-Coat Bitumastic No. 300-M.

Note: Time between coats is critical and maximum times as stated by the manufacturer must not be exceeded.

3. Total system DFT = 20.0 mils.

- J. System 8-Polyamide Cured Epoxy for Steel or Concrete Potable Water Storage Tanks or Treatment Units: High build polyamide cured epoxy coating with solids contents of at least 56% by volume and a finish coat color of white. The material shall be capable of achieving at least 5 mils dry film thickness per coat. The epoxy coating material shall be suitable for long-term immersion service in potable water. The materials used shall appear on the latest published list of approved coatings for use in potable water issued by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection. Submit a written certification that the proposed materials meet the above regulatory agency standards and policies. Apply the material with a primer if recommended by the coating manufacturer. Thinners and additives shall also be in compliance with this paragraph.

1. Steel Tanks or Treatment Units

a. First coat (DFT = 5.0 mils) Kop-Coat Hi-Gard Epoxy. See notes (1), (2) and (3)

b. Finish coat (DFT = 5.0 mils) Kop-Coat Hi-Gard Epoxy

c. Total system DFT =

10.0 mils Notes:

- (1) All sharp edges, weld burrs, weld spatter and surface irregularities shall be ground smooth before applying coating.
- (2) Touch-up coating to be done for areas damaged during erection, or areas not pre-coated. Spot sandblast to SSPC-SP10 before application of coating.
- (3) All edges, nuts, bolts, lap joints, weld seams and the roof rim angle shall receive one brush-applied coat prior to the application of the complete spray coat.

2. Concrete Tanks or Treatment Units

- a. First coat (DFT = 4.0 mils) Kop-Coat Hi-Gard Epoxy thinned 20% with Kop-Coat 2,000 Thinner.
- b. Finish coat (DFT = 6.0 mils) Kop-Coat Hi-Gard Epoxy.
- c. Total system DFT = 10.0 mils.

3. Curing Period: Prior to immersion, subject the completed system to at least 7 days of curing time with the substrate temperature at a minimum of 70 degrees F, or 10 days at a minimum of 60 degrees F. More curing time or a higher temperature shall be provided if recommended by the manufacturer. If the environmental conditions do not provide the necessary minimum temperature, use heated air to provide the necessary heat for curing. Other combinations of curing time and temperature may be used if the coating manufacturer presents satisfactory documentation and test results to substantiate that the degree of curing is equal or greater than curing for 7 days at 70 degrees F.

K. System 9 - Polyurethane: High gloss, 2 - component aliphatic polyurethane for use on steel, fiberglass and PVC. Coating material shall have a minimum solids content of 56% by volume. Prep surface as recommended by manufacture. Product is not recommended for interior building surfaces or continuous immersion.

1. Prime coat (DFT = 3.0 mils) Hi-GARD Epoxy
2. Finish coats, two (total DFT = 3.0 mils) Kop-Coat 1122 BRS Linear Polyurethane
3. Total system = 6.0 mils minimum

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 STORAGE, MIXING AND THINNING OF MATERIALS

- A. Manufacturer's Recommendations: Unless otherwise specified herein, the coating manufacturer's printed recommendations and instructions for thinning, mixing, handling, applying, and protecting its coating materials, for preparation of surfaces for coating, and for all other procedures relative to coating shall be strictly observed. No substitutes or other deviations will be permitted without written permission of the ENGINEER. The CONTRACTOR shall supply the ENGINEER with copies of each manufacturer's instructions in accordance with the requirements of Paragraph 1-07, "SUBMITTALS".
- B. All protective coating materials shall be used within the manufacturer's recommended shelf life.
- C. Storage and mixing of paint or other coating materials shall be performed only in those areas designated by the ENGINEER.

3.2 PREPARATION FOR COATING

- A. General: All surfaces to receive protective coatings shall be cleaned as specified herein prior to application of said coatings. The CONTRACTOR shall examine all surfaces to be coated, and shall correct all surface defects before application of any coating material. All marred or abraded spots on shop-primed and on factory-finished surfaces shall receive touch-up restoration prior to any coating application. Do not paint over dirt, rust, scale, oil, grease, moisture, scuffed surfaces or other foreign material or in conditions otherwise detrimental to the formation of a durable paint bond and film.
- B. Protection of Surfaces Not to be Coated: Surfaces which are not to receive protective coatings shall be protected during surface preparation, cleaning, and coating operations. All hardware, lighting fixtures, switch plates, machined surfaces, couplings, shafts, bearings, nameplates on machinery and other surfaces not to be painted shall be removed, masked or otherwise protected. Drop cloths shall be provided to prevent coating materials from falling on or marring adjacent surfaces. The working parts of all mechanical and electrical equipment shall be protected from damage during surface preparation and coating operations. Openings in motors shall be masked to prevent entry of coating or other materials.
- C. Protection of Adjacent Work and Areas: Care shall be exercised not to damage adjacent work during blast cleaning operations. Spray painting shall be conducted under carefully controlled conditions. The CONTRACTOR shall be fully responsible for and shall promptly repair to the satisfaction of FGUA any and all damage to adjacent work or adjoining property occurring from blast cleaning or coating operations.

- D. Protection of Painted Surfaces: Cleaning and coating shall be so programmed that dust and other contaminants from the cleaning process will not fall on wet, newly-coated surfaces.

3.3 SURFACE PREPARATION STANDARDS

- A. The following referenced surface preparation specifications of the Steel Structures Painting Council shall form a part of this Specification:
 - 1. Solvent Cleaning (SSPC-SP1): The method for removing all visible oil, grease, soil, drawing and cutting compounds, and other soluble contaminants from steel surfaces through the use of solvent, vapor, emulsion, alkaline, and/or steam.
 - 2. Hand Tool Cleaning (SSPC-SP2): The method for removing all loose mill scale, loose rust, loose paint, and other loose detrimental foreign matter through the use of non-power hand tools.
 - 3. Power Tool Cleaning (SSPC-SP3): The method for removing all loose mill scale, loose rust, loose paint, and other loose detrimental foreign matter through the use of power assisted hand tools.
 - 4. White Metal Blast Cleaning (SSPC-SP5): The method of preparing steel surfaces which, when viewed without magnification, shall be free of all visible oil, grease, dirt, dust, mill scale, rust, and paint.
 - 5. Commercial Blast Cleaning (SSPC-SP6): The method of preparing steel surfaces which, when viewed without magnification, shall be free of all visible oil, grease, dirt, dust, mill scale, rust, and paint. Evenly dispersed very light shadows, streaks, and discolorations caused by stains of rust, mill scale, and previously applied paint may remain on no more than 33% of the surface.
 - 6. Brush-off Blast Cleaning (SSPC-SP7): The method of preparing steel surfaces which, when viewed without magnification, shall be free of all visible oil, grease, dirt, dust, loose mill scale, loose rust, and loose paint. Tightly adherent mill scale, rust, and paint may remain on the surface.
 - 7. Near-White Blast Cleaning (SSPC-SP10): The method of preparing steel surfaces which, when viewed without magnification, shall be free of all visible oil, grease, dirt, dust, mill scale, rust, and paint. Evenly dispersed very light shadows, streaks, and discolorations caused by stains of rust, mill scale, and previously applied paint may remain on no more than 5% of the surface.

3.4 SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. General: Perform preparation and cleaning procedures in strict accordance with the paint manufacturer's instructions and as herein specified, for each particular substrate condition.
 - 1. Remove all hardware, hardware accessories, machined surfaces, plates, lighting fixtures, and similar items in place and not to be finish-painted, or provide surface-applied protection prior to surface preparation and painting operations. Remove, if necessary, for the complete painting of the items and adjacent surfaces. Following completion of painting of each space or area, reinstall the removed items by workmen skilled in the trades involved.
 - 2. Clean surfaces to be painted before applying paint or surface treatments. Remove oil and grease prior to mechanical cleaning. Program the cleaning and painting so that contaminants from the cleaning process will not fall onto wet, newly painted surfaces. Remove mildew in accordance with the paint manufacturer's recommendations.

3.5 NEW FERROUS METAL SURFACE PREPARATION (UNGALVANIZED)

- A. The minimum abrasive blasting surface preparation shall be as specified in the coating system schedules included at the end of this section. Where there is a conflict between these Specifications and the coating manufacturer's printed recommendations for the intended service, the higher degree of cleaning shall apply.
- B. Workmanship for metal surface preparation shall be in conformance with the current SSPC Standards and this section. Blast cleaned surfaces shall match the standard samples available from the National Association of Corrosion Engineers (NACE) Standard TM-01-70.
- C. All oil, grease, welding fluxes and other surface contaminants shall be removed by alkaline cleaning per SSPC-SP1 prior to blast cleaning.
- D. All sharp edges shall be rounded or chamfered and all burrs, surface defects and weld splatter shall be ground smooth prior to blast cleaning.
- E. The type and size of abrasive shall be selected to produce a surface profile that meets the coating manufacturer's recommendation for the particular coating and service conditions. CONTRACTOR shall submit data and samples for approval on abrasives to be used on the Project. Abrasives that are used shall be designed for the specific purpose of blast cleaning. Abrasives shall be free of contaminants and chlorides. Ordinary builder's sand shall not be considered to be approved abrasive material. ENGINEER will periodically

sample abrasives used at the job site for comparison with approved submitted materials.

- F. The abrasive shall not be reused unless otherwise approved by the ENGINEER. For automated shop blasting systems, clean oil and moisture-free abrasives shall be maintained.
- G. The CONTRACTOR shall comply with the applicable federal, state, and local air pollution control regulations for blast cleaning.
- H. Compressed air for air blast cleaning shall be supplied at adequate pressure from well maintained compressors equipped with oil/moisture separators which remove all contaminants.
- I. Surfaces shall be cleaned of all dust and residual particles of the cleaning operation by dry air blast cleaning, vacuuming or other approved method prior to painting.
- J. Enclosed areas and other areas where dust settling is a problem shall be vacuum cleaned and wiped with a tack cloth.
- K. Damaged or defective coating shall be removed by the specified blast cleaning to meet the clean surface requirements before recoating.
- L. If the specified abrasive blast cleaning will damage adjacent work, the area to be cleaned is less than 100 square feet, and the coated surface will not be submerged in service, the SSPC-SP2, Hand Tool Cleaning, or SSPC-SP3, Power Tool Cleaning, will be permitted.
- M. Shop applied coatings of unknown composition shall be completely removed before the specified coatings are applied. Valves, castings, ductile iron pipe, and fabricated pipe or equipment shall be examined for the presence of shop-applied temporary coatings. Temporary coatings shall be completely removed by Solvent Cleaning per SSPC-SP1 before the abrasive blast cleaning work has been started.
- N. Shop primed equipment shall be alkaline cleaned in the field before finish coats are applied.

3.6 FERROUS METAL SURFACE PREPARATION (GALVANIZED)

- A. All installation and erection caused blemishes to galvanized surfaces shall be touched up in accordance with ASTM A780 prior to coating.
- B. Galvanized ferrous metal shall be alkaline cleaned per SSPC-SP1 to remove oil, grease, and other contaminants detrimental to adhesion of the protective coating system to be used.

- C. Surfaces shall be pretreated with Kop-Coat 40 Passivator, one coat 0.4 mil DFT, prior to finish coating, in accordance with the printed recommendations of the coating manufacturer.

3.7 SURFACE PREPARATION OF FERROUS SURFACES WITH EXISTING COATINGS, EXCLUDING STEEL TANK OR TREATMENT UNIT INTERIORS (IN ADDITION TO REQUIREMENTS IN PARAGRAPHS 3-05 AND 3-06).

- A. General: All grease, oil, heavy chalk, dirt, or other contaminants shall be removed by solvent or detergent cleaning prior to abrasive blast cleaning. The CONTRACTOR shall determine the generic type of the existing coatings by laboratory testing, at no additional cost to FGUA.
- B. Abrasive Blast Cleaning: The CONTRACTOR shall provide the degree of cleaning specified in the coating system schedule for the entire surface to be coated. If the degree of cleaning is not specified in the schedule, deteriorated coatings shall be removed by abrasive blast cleaning to SSPC-SP6, Commercial Blast Cleaning. Areas of tightly adhering coatings shall be cleaned to SSPC-SP7, Brush-Off Blast Cleaning, with the remaining thickness of existing coating not to exceed 3 mils.
- C. Incompatible Coatings: If coatings to be applied are not compatible with existing coatings, the CONTRACTOR shall apply intermediate coatings per the paint manufacturer's recommendation for the specified abrasive blast cleaning. A small trial application shall be conducted for compatibility prior to painting large areas.
- D. Unknown Coatings: Coatings of unknown composition shall be completely removed prior to application of new coatings.

3.8 SURFACE PREPARATION FOR REPAINTING EXISTING STEEL

- A. The entire structure is to be completely pressure washed at 3,000 to 5,000 psi with potable water.
- B. All areas shall be cleaned/sandblasted to the surface preparation standards as specified herein, or superceded by the bid form.
- C. All cleaned areas are to be primed the same work day that they are cleaned and blasted.

3.9 PRESSURE WASH CLEANING FOR REPAINTING EXISTING CONCRETE

- A. The entire structure is to be pressure washed at 3,000 to 5,000 psi with a solution of 50% water and bleach to yield a mixture with a minimum concentration of 2-1/2% sodium hypochlorite.
- B. The entire structure is to be completely rinsed by pressure washing at 3,000 to 5,000 psi with potable water.

3.10 CONCRETE AND CONCRETE BLOCK MASONRY SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. Surface preparation shall not begin until at least 30 days after the concrete has been placed.
- B. All efflorescence, chalk, dust, dirt, oil and grease shall be removed by Detergent Cleaning per SSPC-SP1 before abrasive blast cleaning.
- C. Concrete, concrete block masonry surfaces, previously painted concrete and masonry and deteriorated concrete and masonry surfaces to be coated shall be abrasive blast cleaned to remove laitance, paint, deteriorated concrete, and roughen the entire surface equivalent to the surface of the No. 80 grit flint sandpaper. Concrete shall have a consistent, even texture (void free) and shall be patched where needed.
- D. Determine the alkalinity and moisture content of the surfaces to be painted by performing appropriate tests. If the surfaces are found to be sufficiently alkaline to cause blistering and burning of the finish paint, correct this condition before application of paint. Do not paint over surfaces where the moisture content exceeds that permitted in the manufacturer's printed directions.
- E. If acid etching is required by the coating application instructions, the treatment shall be made after sandblasting. After acid etching, rinse surfaces with clean water to neutralize the acid and test the pH. The pH shall be between 7.0 and 8.0.
- F. Surfaces shall be clean and dry and as recommended by the coating manufacturer before coating is started.
- G. Unless required for proper adhesion, surfaces shall be dry prior to coating. The presence of moisture shall be determined with a moisture detection device such as Delmhors Model DB, or approved equal.

3.11 PLASTIC, FIBERGLASS AND NONFERROUS METALS SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. Plastic and Fiberglass surfaces shall be sanded or Brush Off Blast Cleaned, SSPC-SP7, prior to solvent cleaning with a chemical compatible with the

coating system primer. If blast cleaned, use 60-80 mesh abrasive.

- B. Non-ferrous metal surfaces shall be Solvent Cleaned, SSPC-SP1, followed by sanding or Brush Off Blast Cleaning, SSPC-SP7.
- C. All surfaces shall be clean and dry prior to coating application.

3.12 WOOD SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. Clean wood surfaces to be painted of all dust, dirt, grease, oil, or other foreign substances with scrapers, mineral spirits, and sandpaper, as required. Sandpaper smooth those finished surfaces exposed to view, with either manual or mechanical means, as applicable, and dust off. Scrape and clean small, dry, seasoned knots and apply a thin coat of white shellac or other recommended knot sealer, before application of the priming coat. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in finish surfaces with putty or plastic woodfiller. Sandpaper smooth when dried and dust off.
- B. Prime or seal wood required to be job-painted immediately upon delivery to job. Prime edges, ends, faces, undersides, and backsides of such wood.

3.13 WORKMANSHIP

- A. Skilled craftsmen and experienced supervision shall be used on all work.
- B. Clean drop cloths shall be used. All damage to surfaces resulting from the work hereunder shall be leaned, repaired, and refinished to the complete satisfaction of the ENGINEER, at no cost to FGUA.
- C. All coatings shall be applied under dry and dust-free conditions. Coating shall be done in a workmanlike manner so as to produce an even film of uniform thickness. Edges, corners, crevices, and joints shall receive special attention to insure that they have been thoroughly cleaned and that they receive an adequate thickness of coating

material. The finished surfaces shall be free from runs, drops, ridges, waves, laps, alligatoring, brush marks, and variations in color, texture, and finish. The hiding shall be so complete that the addition of another coat would not increase the hiding. Special attention shall be given to insure that edges, corners, crevices, welds, and similar areas receive a film thickness equivalent to adjacent areas, and installations shall be protected by the use of drop cloths or other approved precautionary measures.

3.14 SHOP COATING REQUIREMENTS

- A. All items of equipment, or parts of equipment which are not submerged in service, shall be shop primed and then finish coated in the field after installation with the specified or approved color. The methods, materials,

application, equipment and all other details of shop painting shall comply with these Specifications. If the shop primer requires top- coating within a specified period of time, the equipment shall be finish coated in the shop and then touch-up painted after installation.

- B. All items of equipment, or parts and surfaces of equipment which are submerged when in service, with the exception of pumps and valves shall have all surface preparation and coating work performed in the field.
- C. The interior surfaces of steel water reservoirs shall have all surface preparation and coating work performed in the field.
- D. For certain pieces of equipment it may be undesirable or impractical to apply finish coatings in the field. Such equipment may include engine generator sets, equipment such as electrical control panels, switch-gear or main control boards, submerged parts of the pumps, ferrous metal passages in valves, or other items where it is not possible to obtain the specified quality in the field. Such equipment shall be shop primed and finish coated in the field with the identical material after installation. The CONTRACTOR shall require the manufacturer of each such piece of equipment to certify as part of its shop drawings that the surface preparation is in accordance with these Specifications. The coating material data sheet shall be submitted with the shop drawings for the equipment.
- E. For certain small pieces of equipment the manufacturer may have a standard coating system which is suitable for the intended service conditions. In such cases, the final determination of suitability will be made during review of the shop drawing submittals. Equipment of this type generally includes only indoor equipment such as instruments, small compressors, and chemical metering pumps.
- F. Shop painted surfaces shall be protected during shipment and handling by suitable provisions including padding, blocking, and the use of canvas or nylon slings. Primed surfaces shall not be exposed to the weather for more than 6 months before finish coating, or less time if recommended by the coating manufacturer.
- G. Damage to shop-applied coatings shall be repaired in accordance with this section and the coating manufacturer's printed instructions prior to finish painting.
- H. The CONTRACTOR shall make certain that the shop primers and field topcoats are compatible and meet the requirements of this section. Copies of applicable coating manufacturer's data sheets shall be submitted with equipment shop drawings.

3.15 APPLICATION OF COATINGS

- A. The application of protective coatings to steel substrates shall be in accordance with "Paint Application Specification No. 1", (SSPC-A-1), Steel Structures Painting Council.
- B. Cleaned surfaces and all coats shall be inspected prior to each succeeding coat. The CONTRACTOR shall schedule such inspection with the ENGINEER in advance.
- C. Blast cleaned ferrous metal surfaces shall be painted before any rusting or other deterioration of the surface occurs. Blast cleaning shall be limited to only those surfaces that can be painted in the same working day.
- D. Coatings shall be prepared, mixed and applied in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations, and these Specifications. If directions differ, the most stringent requirements shall be followed.
- E. Store materials not in actual use in tightly covered containers. Maintain containers used in storage, mixing and application of paint in a clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
- F. Stir materials before application to produce a mixture of uniform density, and stir as required during the application of the materials. Do not stir surface film into the coating materials. Remove the film, and if necessary, strain the material before using.
- G. Special attention shall be given to edges, angles, weld seams, flanges, nuts and bolts, and other places where insufficient film thicknesses are likely to be present. Use stripe (brushed or gloved) painting for these areas.
- H. Finish coats, including touch-up and damage repair coats shall be applied in a manner which will present a uniform texture and color matched appearance.
- I. Job Conditions: The following job conditions will be strictly enforced during the application of coatings for the project.
 - 1. Apply water-base coatings only when the temperature of surfaces to be painted and the surrounding air temperatures are between 50 degrees F and 90 degrees F unless otherwise permitted by the paint manufacturer's printed instructions.
 - 2. Apply solvent-thinned coatings only when the temperature of surfaces to be painted and the surrounding air temperatures are between 45 degrees F and 95 degrees F unless otherwise permitted by the paint manufacturer's printed instructions.
 - 3. Do not apply paint in dust or smoke laden atmosphere, high winds, rain, fog or mist; or when the relative humidity exceeds 85%; or to damp or wet surfaces; unless otherwise permitted by the paint manufacturer's

printed instructions.

4. Do not apply coatings when the temperature is less than 5 degrees F above the dewpoint. Dewpoint shall be determined by use of a sling psychrometer in conjunction with U.S. Weather Bureau psychrometric tables.
 5. Do not apply coatings when the outside air temperature is expected to drop below 45 degrees F or less than 5 degrees F above the dewpoint, within 8 hours after application of the coating.
 6. Painting may be continued during inclement weather only if the areas and surfaces to be painted are enclosed and heated within the temperature limits specified by the paint manufacturer during application and drying periods.
- J. The finish coat on all work shall be applied after all concrete, masonry, and equipment installation is complete and the work areas are clean and dust-free.
- K. General Considerations:
1. Apply paint as specified and in accordance with the manufacturer's directions. Use brushes for applying first coat on wood and on metals other than steel and sheetmetal and items fabricated from steel and sheetmetal. For other coats on wood, metal and other substrates, use applicators and techniques best suited for the type of material being applied.
 2. Apply additional coats when undercoats, stains or other conditions show through the final coat of paint, until the paint film is of uniform finish, color and appearance. Insure that all surfaces, including edges, corners, crevices, welds, and exposed fasteners receive a dry film thickness equivalent to that of flat surfaces.
 3. Paint surfaces behind movable equipment the same as similar exposed surfaces. Paint surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment with prime coat only before final installation of equipment.
 4. Paint interior surfaces of ducts, where visible through registers or grilles, with a flat, non-specular black paint.
 5. Paint the back sides of removable or hinged covers to match the exposed surfaces.
 6. Finish exterior doors on tops, bottoms and side edges the same as the exterior faces, unless otherwise indicated or specified.

7. Sand lightly between each succeeding enamel coat.
 8. Omit the field prime coat on shop-primed surfaces and touch up painted metal surfaces which are not to be finished painted and which will not be exposed to view in the completed work. Do not omit primer on metal surfaces specified to be finish coated or on metal surfaces that will be exposed to view in the completed work.
- L. Scheduled Painting:
1. Apply the first coat material to surfaces that have been cleaned, pretreated or otherwise prepared for painting as soon as practicable after preparation and before subsequent surface deterioration.
 2. Allow sufficient time between successive coatings to permit proper drying. Do not recoat until paint has dried to where it feels firm, does not deform or feel sticky under moderate thumb pressure, and the application of another coat of paint does not cause lifting or loss of adhesion of the undercoat.
- M. Minimum Coating Thickness: Apply each material at not less than the manufacturer's recommended spreading rate, to establish a total dry film thickness as specified or, if not specified, as recommended by coating manufacturer.
- N. Mechanical and Electrical Work: Painting of mechanical and electrical work is limited to those items exposed in mechanical equipment rooms and in occupied spaces, and on the outside or exterior of buildings or structures:
1. Mechanical items to be painted include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Piping, valves, pipe hangers, and supports.
 - b. Pumps
 - c. Tanks
 - d. Duct work, insulation
 - e. Motors, mechanical equipment, and supports
 - f. Accessory items
 2. Electrical items to be painted include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Conduit and fittings
 - b. Switchgear
- O. Prime Coats: Apply a prime coat to material, equipment and surfaces which are required to be painted or finished, and which have not been prime coated by others.

Clean and prime unprimed ferrous metals as soon as possible after delivery of the metals to the job site. Recoat primed and sealed surfaces where there is evidence of suction spots or /unsealed areas in first coat, to assure a finish coat with no burn-through or other defects due to insufficient sealing.

- P. Stipple Enamel Finish: Roll and redistribute paint to an even and fine texture. Leave no evidence of rolling such as laps, irregularity in texture, skid marks, or other surfaces imperfections.
- Q. Pigmented, Opaque Finishes: Completely cover to provide an opaque, smooth surface of uniform finish, color, appearance and coverage. Cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, runs, sags, ropiness or other surface imperfections will not be acceptable.
- R. Completed Work: Match approved samples for color, texture and coverage. Remove, refinish or repaint work not in compliance with specified requirements.

3.16 CURING OF COATINGS

- A. The CONTRACTOR shall provide curing conditions in accordance with the conditions recommended by the coating material manufacturer or by these Specifications, whichever is the more stringent requirement, prior to placing the completed coating system into service.
- B. Forced Air Ventilation of Steel Reservoirs and Enclosed Hydraulic Structures: Forced air ventilation is required for the application and curing of coatings on the interior surfaces of steel reservoirs and enclosed hydraulic structures. During curing periods, continuously exhaust air from a manhole in the lowest shell ring or in the case of an enclosed hydraulic structure, from the lowest level of the structure using portable ducting. After all interior coating operations have been completed, provide a final curing period for a minimum of 10 days, during which time the forced air ventilation system shall operate continuously. For additional requirements, refer to the specific written instructions of the manufacturer for the coating system being applied.

3.17 COLOR CODING

- A. All exposed piping shall be color coded. After the finish coat has been applied, label each line with stenciled legends identifying the nature of the pipe contents and the direction of flow. This stenciled identification shall appear in one or more places in the line as deemed necessary by the ENGINEER. Stencil legends shall be white for all pipe except white color coded pipe, which shall have black legends. Labels shall occur a minimum of every 15 feet of straight piping and at all bends. Minimum stencil size shall be two-inch letters for 4-inch and larger diameter piping and one-inch letters for 2-inch to 3-1/2-inch diameter piping. Piping 1-1/2-inch diameter and smaller shall be identified using plastic wrap-around pipe markers.

- B. Items to be coded but not specifically mentioned shall be coated in a color selected by the ENGINEER or OWNER.
- C. All paints/coatings used in potable water contact areas must have AWWA and EPA classification and approvals.
- D. All requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) concerning color coding and safety markings shall be considered part of these Specifications unless specifically excluded.
- E. Any paint/coating requirements/specifications not specifically addressed in the foregoing shall be decided upon as required by the ENGINEER.
- F. Every valve or connection, where it may be possible for a worker to be exposed to a hazardous substance, shall be labeled per General Industry Safety Orders, Article 112, OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Standards 29CFR1910.
- G. Color Code Chart

| APPLICATION | COLOR |
|---|---|
| Dangerous machine parts, equipment and guards | Orange - Kop-Coat OSHA Safety Orange #J498 |
| Water Lines/Piping | |
| Raw Settled or Clarified Finished or Potable Reuse Water | Olive Green - Kop-Coat OSHA Safety Green #2383 Aqua - Kop-Coat Marine Green #7333 Dark Blue - Kop-Coat OSHA Safety Blue A#183 Pantone Purple 522C - Kop-Coat OSHA Safety |
| Chemical Lines/Piping | |
| Alum or Sodium Aluminate Ammonia Carbon Slurry Chlorine (Gas/Solution) Fluoride Methanol | Orange - Kop-Coat OSHA Safety Orange #J498 White - Kop-Coat #0800 Black - Kop-Coat #C900 Yellow - Kop-Coat OSHA Safety Yellow #625 Light Blue w/Red Band - Kop-Coat Dawn Blue #8155 with 6 " bands of Kop-Coat OSHA Safety Red #0508 Red w/Yellow Band - Kop-Coat OSHA Safety Red #0508 with 6" bands of Kop-Coat OSHA Safety Yellow #S625 |
| Lime Slurry Odophos Sulfuric Acid or Sulfur Dioxide | Light Green – Kop-Coat Eye-Rest Green #2369 Violet – Kop-coat OSHA Safety Purple #S585 Light Green w/Yellow Band, Kop-Coat Eye-Rest Green #2369 with 6" bands of Kop-Coat OSHA Safety Yellow #S625 |
| Waste Lines/Piping | |
| Backwash Waste | Light Brown – Kop-Coat French Grey #G243 |
| Return Sludge | Dark Brown – Kop-Coat Dark Brown #G241 |
| Waste Sludge | Dark Red – Kop-Coat Tile Red #0516 |

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Untreated Wastewater | Dark Grey – Kop-Coat Battleship Grey #0761 |
| (Sanitary/Other) | |

| APPLICATION | COLOR |
|--|---|
| Other Lines/Piping | |
| Compressed Air | Dark Green - Kop-Coat Olive Green #9379 |
| Gasoline, propane or Diesel | Red – Kop-Coat OSHA Safety Red #0508 |
| Other | Light Grey – Kop-coat Light Grey #0746 |
| Traffic Operations and Housekeeping Marking Fire Protection Equip. and Flammable Materials Pumps, Equipment and Motors Couplings Guards Chlorine Equipment, Cylinder Lifting Bards and Related Equipment Header Guards & Cylinder Trunnions Cranes, Crane Bridges, Hoist and Related Equip. | White – Kop-Coat White #0800 Red - Kop-Coat OSHA Safety Red #0508 Grey – Kop-Coat Light Grey #0746 Orange – Kop-Coat OSHA Safety Orange #J498 Yellow – Kop-Coat OSHA Safety Yellow #S625 Yellow – Kop-Coat OSHA Safety Yellow #S625 Yellow- Kop-Coat OSHA Safety Yellow #S625 |
| Structures Exterior | |
| All Buildings Exterior Exterior Doors & Door Trim Ground Storage Tanks and Reservoirs Filter Tanks Treatment Tanks Chemical Storage Tanks w/required chemical color Coding by using 3” stripping on tank and stencil legend (See above under Chemical lines.) | Ivory – Kop-Coat Ivory #0855 Dark Brown – Kop-Coat Dark Brown #G241 Ivory – Kop-Coat Ivory #0855 Ivory – Kop-Coat Ivory #0855 Ivory – Kop-Coat Ivory #0855 |
| Concrete Floors Interior & Exterior | |
| Stairways, Steps, Landings And Sidewalks | Wol-Stain |

3.18 COATING SYSTEM SCHEDULES

A. COATING SYSTEM SCHEDULE, FERROUS METAL - NOT GALVANIZED (FM):

| Schedule No. | Item | Surface Prep. | System No. |
|--------------|--|--|-------------|
| FM-1 | All exposed surfaces outdoors, exposed to normal industrial exposure | Commercial Blast Cleaning, SSPC-SP6 | Urethane #9 |

| | | | |
|------|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| FM-2 | All exposed surfaces indoors and outdoors, exposed to moderate and severe industrial exposure | Commercial Blast Cleaning, SSPC-SP6 | (2b) Urethane #9 |
| FM-3 | Surfaces in Chlorination room, chlorine gas exposure | Commercial Blast Cleaning, SSPC-SP6 | (3) High Build Epoxy |

| Schedule No. | Item | Surface Prep. | System No. |
|--------------|--|--|---|
| | | | |
| FM-4 | Surfaces submerged or intermittently submerged in potable water, including all surfaces lower than 2' above high water level and all surfaces inside enclosed hydraulic structures, tanks and treatment units, and all surfaces of valves, couplings and pumps | Near White Metal Blast Cleaning, SSPC-SP10 | (3) or (8) High Build Epoxy |
| FM-5 | Surfaces submerged or intermittently submerged in wastewater, including all surfaces lower than 2' above high water level and all surfaces inside enclosed hydraulic structures, tanks and treatment units and all surfaces of valves, couplings and pumps | Near White Metal Blast Cleaning, SSPC-SP10 | (6) Coal Tar Epoxy or (3) High Build Epoxy (if color desired) |
| FM-6 | Buried surfaces that are not specified to be coated elsewhere | Near White Metal Blast Cleaning, SSPC-SP10 | (6) Coal Tar Epoxy |
| FM-7 | Indoor architectural sheet metal, flashings, door frames, and exposed ducts | Commercial Blast Cleaning, SSPC-SP6 | (1) Alkyd Enamel |
| FM-8 | Surfaces of indoor equipment | Commercial Blast Cleaning, SSPC-SP6 | (1) Alkyd Enamel |

B. COATING SYSTEM SCHEDULE, FERROUS METAL - GALVANIZED (FMG):

All galvanized surfaces except for the following items shall be coated unless required by other Sections: (1) Floor gratings and frames, (2) Handrails, (3) Stair treads, (4) Chain link fencing and appurtenances.

| Schedule No. | Item | Surface Prep. | System No. |
|--------------|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | |
| FMG-1 | All exposed surfaces indoors and outdoors, except those included below | Solvent Cleaning per Paragraph 3-06 | (1) Alkyd Enamel |
| FMG-2 | All exposed surfaces indoors and outdoors, including surfaces in chlorinator room and chlorine storage room, except those included below | Solvent Cleaning per Paragraph 3-06 | (3) or (8) High Build Epoxy |

| | | | |
|-------|---|--|--------------------|
| FMG-3 | Surfaces buried or submerged in wastewater | Solvent Cleaning per Paragraph 3-06 or Brush Off Grade Blast Cleaning SSPC-SP7 | (6) Coal Tar Epoxy |
| FMG-4 | Indoor architectural sheet metal, flashings, doors, frames, and exposed ducts | Solvent Cleaning per Paragraph 3-06 | (1) Alkyd Enamel |

C. COATING SYSTEM SCHEDULE, STEEL DIGESTER FLOATING COVERS AND DIGESTER GASHOLDERS (SD):

| Schedule No. | Item | Surface Prep. | System No. |
|--------------|--|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| SD-1 | All ferrous surfaces submerged in water or sludge, including rim plate | White Metal Blast Cleaning, SSPC-SP5 | (6) Coal Tar Epoxy |
| SD-2 | All ferrous surfaces exposed to digester gas | White Metal Blast Cleaning, SSPC-SP5 | (6) Coal Tar Epoxy |
| SD-3 | All interior ferrous surfaces of gasholder shell, including top angle | White Metal Blast Cleaning, SSPC-SP5 | (6) Coal Tar Epoxy |
| SD-4 | Exposed, outdoors | Commercial Blast Cleaning, SSPC-SP6 | (2) Silicone Alkyd Enamel or Urethane |

D. COATING SYSTEM SCHEDULE, NON-FERROUS METAL, PLASTIC, FIBERGLASS (NFM):

Where isolated non-ferrous parts are associated with equipment or piping, the CONTRACTOR shall use the coating system for the adjacent connected surfaces. Do not coat handrails, gratings, frames or hatches. Only primers recommended by the coating manufacturer shall be used.

| Schedule No. | Item | Surface Prep. | System No. |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| NFM-1 | All exposed surfaces indoors and outdoors, except those included below | Solvent Cleaning per Paragraph 3-09 | (1) Alkyd Enamel |
| NFM-2 | Chlorination room and chlorine storage room | Solvent Cleaning per Paragraph 3-09 | (3) or (8) High Build Epoxy |
| NFM-3 | Polyvinyl chloride plastic piping, and fiberglass surfaces, indoor and outdoors, or in structures not submerged | Solvent Cleaning per Paragraph 3-09 | (4) Acrylic Latex |

E. COATING SYSTEM SCHEDULE - CONCRETE AND CONCRETE BLOCKMASONRY (C):

| Schedule No. | Item | Surface Prep. | System No. |
|--------------|--|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| C-1 | Exposed, indoors and outdoors, as indicated on the plans | Per Paragraph 3-09 | (5b) Acrylic-Concrete Repainting |

| | | | |
|-----|--|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| C-2 | Submerged in wastewater as indicated on the plans | Per Paragraph 3-10 | (7) Coal Tar Epoxy-Concrete |
| C-3 | Interior surfaces of sewer manholes, including sidewalls, bottom, and metal appurtenances, for manholes and L/S's indicated on the plans | Per Paragraph 3-10 | See Specification 09950 |
| C-4 | Exterior walls, exposed to chemical | Per Paragraph 3-10 | (8) High Build |

| Schedule No. | Item | Surface Prep. | System No. |
|--------------|--|--------------------|----------------------|
| | splash, washdown etc. as indicated on the plans | | Epoxy |
| C-5 | Interior surfaces of potable water tanks and treatment units | Per Paragraph 3-10 | (8) High Build Epoxy |

F. COATING SYSTEM SCHEDULE - WOOD (W):

| Schedule No. | Item | Surface Prep. | System No. |
|--------------|--|--------------------|-------------------|
| W-1 | Exposed indoors and outdoors as indicated on the plans | Per Paragraph 2-12 | (1) Alkyd Enamel |
| W-2 | Exposed indoors and outdoors as indicated on the plans | Per Paragraph 3-12 | (4) Acrylic Latex |

3.19 CLEAN-UP AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean Up: During the progress of the work, remove from the site all discarded paint materials, rubbish, cans and rags at the end of each work day. Upon completion of painting work, clean window glass and other paint-spattered surfaces located on site and off site. Remove spattered paint by proper methods of washing and scraping, using care not to scratch or otherwise damage finished surfaces.
- B. Protection: Protect work of other trades located on site and off site, whether to be painted or not, against damage by painting and finishing work. Correct any damage by cleaning, repairing or replacing, and repainting.
 1. Provide "Wet Paint" signs, as required, to protect newly painted finishes. Remove temporary protective wrappings provided by others for protection of their work after completion of painting operations.
 2. At the completion of work of other trades, touch up and restore all damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

3.20 APPEARANCE AND INSPECTION

- A. All painting shall be accomplished in a workmanlike manner and shall be free of unsightly sags, runs, bubbles, drips, waves, laps, alligating, unnecessary brush marks and overspray or other physical defects and shall be

uniform in color.

- B. The CONTRACTOR shall provide all rigging, scaffolding and other equipment necessary for a satisfactory inspection of a complete paint system and acceptance by the ENGINEER/OWNER.
- C. Inspection shall be conducted by an inspector selected by the ENGINEER/OWNER in the presence of FGUA's representative and the CONTRACTOR or his representative. Provisions for calibrated and functional test equipment is the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR.
- D. The paint film shall be free of pinholes and holidays as determined by the use of an approved holiday detector as defined in Paragraph 1-09 of this Section.
- E. The paint film shall be randomly checked for dry film thickness as stipulated in the "Coating System" sections of these specifications. Thicknesses shall be checked with a properly calibrated and approved magnetic gauge as defined in Paragraph 1-09 of this Section.

3.21 REPAIR OF DEFECTS IN PAINT

- A. Any defects discovered during inspection, such as low film millage, holidays or pinholes, shall be repaired with the same materials as used for the original finish coat(s). Excessive low millage could require extra full coat(s) of paint.
- B. A final inspection will be conducted by the ENGINEER/OWNER or his representative after any necessary repairs and prior to final acceptance of the job.

3.22 DISINFECTION OF POTABLE WATER STORAGE TANKS

- A. Description: This paragraph specifies disinfection procedures for potable water storage tanks.
- B. Quality Assurance: The following documents are a part of this section as specified and modified. In case of conflict between the requirements of this paragraph and those of the listed documents, the requirements of this paragraph shall prevail.

| <u>Reference</u> | <u>Title</u> |
|----------------------------|--|
| AWWA D105, latest revision | Disinfection of Water Storage Facilities |

- C. Information to be Provided: Affidavit of Compliance as described in AWWA D105.

- D. After the tank has been painted and the interior surfaces have thoroughly dried, the CONTRACTOR shall remove all visible dirt and contaminating materials. The interior of the tank shall be disinfected in accordance with Chlorination Method 2 of AWWA D105. The CONTRACTOR shall furnish all of the chlorine required.
- E. The CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for obtaining proper disinfection as determined by bacteriological testing. Samples for bacterial analyses will be taken and analyzed by FGUA. Two consecutive samples are required to pass the bacteriological tests for the tank to comply with these disinfection requirements.
- F. Water for filling the tank after the initial disinfection will be provided by FGUA. If bacteriological testing shows the presence of coliform bacteria, the tank shall be reinfected. The CONTRACTOR shall pay FGUA for water required to fill the tank after the first filling at currently approved General Service water rates for FGUA.

END OF SECTION

DIVISION 15 – MECHANICAL

SECTION 15100
WATER VALVES AND APPURTENANCES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required and install complete and ready for operation all valves and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Codes, specifications, and standards referred to by number or title form a part of this Section to the extent required by the references to codes, specifications, and standards. Latest revisions, as of the date of bid opening, apply, unless otherwise noted on the Drawings or specified in this Section.

- B. Standards

| Designation | Title |
|-------------|--|
| ANSI/AWWA | Rubber-Gasket Joints for Ductile-Iron and C111/A21.11 Gray-Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings |
| ANSI/AWWA | Gate Valves C500 |
| ANSI/AWWA | Resilient-Seated Gate Valves 3 through 12 NPS, C509 for Water and Sewage Systems |
| ANSI/B16.1 | Cast Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings, Class 125 |
| ANSI/B16.3 | Malleable Iron Threaded Fittings, Class 150 and 300 |
| ANSI/B16.5 | Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings, Steel Nickel Alloy and Other Special Alloys |
| ASTM A276 | Specification for Stainless and Heat-Resisting Steel Bars and Shapes |
| ASTM A231 | Specification for Steel Casting, Austenitic, for High-Temperature Service |

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ASTM A743 | Specification for Castings, Iron-Chromium, Iron-Chromium-Nickel, and Nickel-Base Corrosion-Resistant for General Application |
| MSS SP-60 | Connecting Flange Joint Between Tapping Sleeves and Tapping Valves |

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. References to valve sizes on the Drawings and in the Specifications are intended to be nominal size, and shall be interpreted as nominal size.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: as specified in:
 1. General Conditions;
 2. Supplementary General Conditions;

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing: Test valves as specified in this Section.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL:

- A. All valves and appurtenances shall be of the size shown on the Drawings and as far as possible all equipment of the same type shall be from one manufacturer.
- B. All valves and appurtenances shall have the name of the maker and the working pressure for which they are designed cast in raised letters upon some appropriate part of the body.

2.2 MANUFACTURERS

- A. U.S. Pipe Metroseal 250, McWayne, American or equal by U.S. manufacturer.

2.3 DESIGN

- A. Resilient, Wedge or Gate Valves and Boxes
 1. Valves for pipe less than 2" in diameter shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C509 (latest revision) and shall be cast iron, single wedge, non-rising stem, screwed bonnet, 125 pounds S.P., 200

pounds W.O.G with stuffing box repackable under pressure and all parts renewable. Ends shall be as shown or indicated on the drawings.

2. Resilient, wedge or gate valves 2" in diameter and larger shall be cast or ductile iron body, non-rising stem, bronze mounted gate valves, mechanical joint conforming to requirements of the AWWA Standard C509 and shall be provided with a 2" square operating nut. Valves shall be resilient, wedge, or gate type and shall turn to the left (counter clockwise) to open. The wedge or gate shall be cast iron or ductile iron per ASTM A536, minimum 65,000 psi strength and, completely encapsulated with urethane rubber, permanently bonded to the wedge or gate to meet ASTM test for rubber metal bond, ASTM D429. The valve stems for non-rising stem assemblies shall be cast bronze with integral collars in full compliance with AWWA. The NRS stem stuffing box shall be the O-ring seal type with two rings located above thrust collar; the two rings shall be replaceable with valve fully open and subjected to full rated working pressure.
3. There shall be two low torque thrust bearings located above and below the stem collar. The stem nut shall be independent of wedge and shall be made of solid bronze. There shall be a smooth unobstructed waterway free of all pockets, cavities and depressions in the seat area. The body and bonnet shall be coated with fusion bonded epoxy both interior and exterior. The valve shall be designed and tested to be opened and closed under a differential pressure of 150 psi or greater.

B. Valves for Buried Service

1. Valves for buried service shall meet all the requirements as specified herein for interior except that buried valves shall have mechanical joint ends.
2. All buried valves shall have cast-iron three piece valve boxes, valve boxes shall be provided with suitable heavy bonnets to extend to such elevation at the finished grade surface as directed by the ENGINEER. The barrel shall be two-piece, screw type, having 53" shaft. The upper section shall have a flange at the bottom having sufficient bearing area to prevent settling, shall be designed so as to prevent the transmission of surface loads directly to the valve or piping, and shall be complete with cast iron covers. Covers shall have "WATER" cast into the top. The covers shall be so constructed as to prevent tipping or rattling. Valve boxes shall be manufactured by OPELIKA FOUNDRY COMPANY, Opelika, Alabama or TYLER PIPE DIVISION, Tyler, Texas or approved equal.

3. One tee-handled wrench of suitable length shall be furnished to operate each valve with a valve box.
4. Where valves are located out of pavement, the boxes shall be adjusted to finished grade and a concrete slab two feet square and six inches thick shall be poured around the box.
5. Valve boxes shall be of the heavy duty, traffic bearing cast iron, adjustable screw type with a drop cover. The valve box assembly shall consist of a bottom section, top section and cover which is cast from gray iron, formulated to ASTM specification A-48 latest revision, class 30 minimum and shall be free from blowholes, shrinkage or other imperfections not true to pattern. The shaft size shall be 5 1/4" and the adjustable length shall be from 18" to 24". The wall thickness shall be 3/16" + 1/16". The weight of the assembly shall be 61 pounds + 2 pounds, with the cover weight being a minimum of 12 pounds.
6. The name of the manufacturer and foundry of origin shall be cast into each of the components of the assembly in legible form. The assembly shall be suitable for highway traffic wheel loads of 16,000 pounds and shall withstand a proof load test of 25,000 pounds without failure or permanent deflection, as per Federal Specification RR-F-621-C, latest revision. The valve box shall be cast, machined, assembled, and packaged within the United States and shall fully comply with the Buy American provisions of Public Law 102-240, enacted 12/18/91.

C. Backflow Prevention Devices

1. Backflow prevention devices for fire protection systems which do not utilize chemical additives or an auxiliary water supply shall be double detector check valve assemblies, shall be USC approved, painted red, and meet all requirements of ANSI/AWWA C510. For all other applications, backflow prevention devices shall be reduced pressure principle assemblies and shall be USC approved, and shall meet all requirements of ANSI/AWWA C511 and the Southern Standard Plumbing Code. Refer to details shown on Construction Plans, Section 9 of the Lee County Utilities Operations Manual for details, and Lee County Approved Materials/Products List.

D. Air Release Valves

1. Air release valves shall be of the short body, automatic type as shown on the Lee County Standard Detail No. 6.27 on Contract Plans and Section 9 of the Lee County Utilities Operations Manual. The valve body shall be cast iron construction, ASTM A126, Class B, and all internal

working parts shall be 300 Series stainless steel, and BUNA-N orifice button. The inlet openings shall be 1" NPT screwed connection. The venting orifice shall be 3/16" in diameter and shall be installed to vent a minimum of 1 foot above the flood elevation. Air release valves shall be the 400 series SARV as manufactured by Valve and Primer Corporation, Schaumburg, Illinois, or approved equal.

E. Tapping Valves and Sleeves

1. Tapping valves shall be of non-rising stem type of O-Ring seals and conform to the applicable requirement as specified above for valves and shall have one flange joint end and mechanical joint end.
2. Valve end connecting to tapping sleeve shall have a flange for bolting to the sleeve. The flange shall have a tongue which fits a recess in sleeve. Tongues shall meet the requirements of MSS SP-60. Resilient-seated gate valves having a port diameter equal to or exceeding 1/4 inch over nominal diameter shall not require a tongue. Flange dimensions and drilling shall meet the requirements of ANSI B16.1. Mechanical joints shall meet the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11. A full nominal diameter cutter shall be used for tapping.
3. Tapping valves 16" and smaller, shall be installed vertically. Tapping valves larger than 16" shall be installed horizontally and shall have bypass valves. Tapping valves installed horizontally shall have rollers and tracks. Valves 16" and larger, shall have gear operators with enclosed gear cases suitable for buried service. Gear cases shall be extended type or totally enclosed type. Extended type gear cases shall have bolted side plates to cover stem and stuffing box.

F. Meter Boxes

1. Meters less than 1" shall be installed in a Quazite PG1118BB12 box with Quazite PG1118WAP1 cover, or CDR WB00-1118-12 box with CDR WC00-1118-2C cover.
2. Meters 1" through 2" shall be installed in a Quazite PG1730BB12 box with Quazite PG1730WAP1 cover, or CDR WB-1730-12 box with CDR WC00-1730-2C cover.
3. Meters larger than 2" shall be installed above ground and approved by FGUA Utilities. Refer to details shown on Construction Plans, Section 9 of the Lee County Utilities Operations Manual for details, and Lee County Approved Materials/Products List.

Meter boxes, which need to be replaced, shall be Quazite PG1015WAR.1 or CDR R-1071-2C. Should just the cover need to be replaced it shall be Quazite PG1730WAP1, or CDR WC00-1730-2C

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. All valves and appurtenances shall be installed in the locations shown, true to alignment and rigidly supported. Any damage to the above items shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the ENGINEER before they are installed.
- B. After installation, all valves and appurtenances shall be tested at least one hour at the working pressure corresponding to the class of pipe, unless a different test pressure is specified. If any joint proves to be defective, it shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the ENGINEER.
- C. Install all floor boxes, brackets, extension rods, guides, the various types of operators and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings that are in masonry floors or walls, and install concrete inserts for hangers and supports as soon as forms are erected and before concrete is poured. Before setting these items, the CONTRACTOR shall check all plans and figures which have a direct bearing on their location and he shall be responsible for the proper location of these valves and appurtenances during the construction of the structures.
- D. Flanged joints shall be made with Series 300, stainless steel bolts. All exposed bolts shall be made with Series 300 stainless steel bolts.
- E. Prior to assembly of split couplings, the grooves as well as other parts shall be thoroughly cleaned. The ends of the pipes and outside of the gaskets shall be moderately coated with petroleum jelly, cup grease, soft soap or graphite paste, and the gasket shall be slipped over one pipe end. After the other pipe has been brought to the correct position, the gasket shall be centered properly over the pipe ends with the lips against the pipes. The housing sections then shall be placed. After the bolts have been inserted, the nuts shall be tightened until the housing sections are firmly in contact, metal-to-metal, without excessive bolt tension.
- F. Prior to the installation of sleeve-type couplings, the pipe ends shall be cleaned thoroughly for a distance of 8". Soapy water may be used as a gasket lubricant. A follower and gasket, in that order, shall be slipped over each pipe to a distance of about 6" from the end, and the middle ring shall be placed on the already laid pipe end until it is properly centered over the joint. The other pipe end shall be inserted into the middle ring and brought to proper position in relation to the pipe already laid. The gaskets and followers shall then be pressed evenly and firmly into the middle ring flaires. After the bolts have been inserted and all nuts have been made up finger-tight, diametrically opposite nuts shall be progressively and uniformly tightened all around the joint,

preferably by use of a torque wrench of the appropriate size and torque for the bolts.

- G. Valves shall be carefully inspected, opened wide and then tightly closed and the various nuts and bolts shall be tested for tightness. Special care shall be taken to prevent any foreign matter from becoming lodged in the valve seat. Gate valves, unless shown otherwise, shall be set with their stems vertically above the center line of the pipe. Any valve that does not operate correctly shall be removed and replaced.
- H. Valve boxes shall be carefully centered over the operating nuts of the valves so as to permit a valve wrench or key to be fitted easily to the operating nut. Valve boxes shall be set to conform to the level of the finished surface and held in position by a ring of concrete placed under the support flange as shown on the details shown on Construction Plans, Section 9 of the Lee County Utilities Operations Manual for details, and Lee County Approved Materials/Products List. The valve box shall not transmit surface loads to the pipe or valve. Care shall be taken to prevent earth and other material from entering the valve box.

Any valve box which is out of alignment or whose top does not conform to the finished ground surface shall be dug and reset. Before final acceptance of the work, all valve boxes shall be adjusted to finish grade. Valve operating risers shall be installed with any valves required to ensure that the operating nut is 30 inches or less from the ground surface.

3.2 SHOP PAINTING

- A. Ferrous surfaces of valves and appurtenances shall receive a coating of epoxy in accordance with AWWA Standard C550 and meets or exceeds all test requirements including the Food and Drug Administration Document Title 21 of the Federal Regulations on Food Additives, Section 175.000 entitled "Resinous and Polymeric Coating"; Impact Test Requirement in accordance with the ASTM D2794.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15110
WASTEWATER VALVES AND
APPURTENANCES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals required and install complete and ready for operation all valves and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.
- B. The equipment shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1. Eccentric Plug Valves
 - 2. Air Release Valves
 - 3. Corporation Stops
 - 4. Flange Adapter Couplings
 - 5. Flexible Couplings
 - 6. Unions
 - 7. Mechanical Type Seals
 - 8. Reduced Pressure Backflow Preventor
 - 9. Flow Meters

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF SYSTEMS

- A. All of the equipment and materials specified herein are intended to be standard for use in controlling the flow of wastewater and reclaimed water.

1.3 QUALIFICATIONS

- A. All of the types of valves and appurtenances shall be products of well established reputable firms who are fully experienced, reputable and qualified in the manufacture of the particular equipment to be furnished. The equipment shall be designed, constructed and installed in accordance with the best practices and methods and shall comply with these specifications as applicable.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit within 30 days after execution of the contract a list of materials to be furnished, the names of the suppliers and the date of delivery of materials to the site.

- B. Complete shop drawings of all valves and appurtenances shall be submitted to the ENGINEER for approval in accordance with the requirements of Section 01340 and the General Conditions.

1.5 TOOLS

- A. Special tools, if required for normal operation and maintenance shall be supplied with the equipment.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

A. General:

1. All valves and appurtenances shall be of the size shown on the Drawings and as far as possible all equipment of the same type shall be from one manufacturer.
2. All valves and appurtenances shall have the name of the maker and the working pressure for which they are designed cast in raised letters upon some appropriate part of the body.

B. Eccentric Plug Valves

1. All valves shall be eccentric plug valves unless otherwise specified. Valves shall be as manufactured by DeZurik, Homestead, or approved equal.
2. Plug valves shall be tested in accordance with AWWA C504 Section 5. Each valve shall be performance tested in accordance with AWWA C504 Section 5.2 and shall be given a leakage test and hydrostatic test as described in AWWA C504 Paragraphs 5.3 and 5.4. The leakage test shall be applied to the face of the plug tending to unseat the valve. The Manufacturer shall furnish certified copies of reports covering proof of design testing as described in AWWA C504 Section 5.5.
3. Plug valves shall be of the tight closing, resilient faced, non-lubricating variety and shall be of eccentric design such that the valve's pressure member (plug) rises off the body seat contact area immediately upon shaft rotation during the opening movement. Valve pressure ratings shall be as follows and shall be established by hydrostatic tests as specified by ANSI B16.1-1967. Valves shall be drip-tight in both directions (bi-directional) at rated pressure, 175 psi through 12-inch diameter, 150 psi for 14-inch diameter and above. The valve shall be provided with a 2-inch square operating nut.

4. The valve body shall be constructed of cast iron ASTM A126, Class B. Body ends shall be mechanical joint to meet the requirements of AWWA C111/ANSI A21.11 or single gasket push-on type.
5. The valve plug shall be constructed of cast iron or ductile iron and shall have a conical seating surface which is eccentrically offset from the center of the plug shafts. The plug and shafts shall be integral. The entire plug face shall be totally encapsulated with Buna N (Nitrile) rubber in all valve sizes. The rubber to metal bond must withstand 75 lbs. pull under test procedure ASTM D-429-73, Method B. When the plug is in full open position, plug geometry and body waterway contours must provide a passageway that allows flow capacity **equal to 100% of the adjacent pipe area.**
6. Valve seat mating surface shall be constructed of a welded-in overlay of not less than 90% nickel or be a one-piece 304 stainless steel ring. Seat ring contour must be precision machined.
7. A mechanical "brake" shall be supplied on all valves and shall be capable of "locking" the valve in any intermediate position between full-open and full-closed.
8. Valves shall have multiple V-type packing and packing glands and shall be capable of being field adjusted or repacked without the bonnet or plug being removed from the valve with the valve under the full rated pressure. Valves shall have a port position indicator.
9. For corrosion protection, the interior ferrous surfaces of all plug valves shall have a 2-part epoxy internal coating to a minimum of 20 mils thickness.
10. Valve shaft seals shall be adjustable and comply with AWWA C507 Section 10 and with AWWA C507 Section 11.
11. Manual valves shall have lever or gear actuators and tee wrenches, extension stems, floorstands, etc. as indicated on the plans. All valves 6" and larger shall be equipped with gear actuators. All gearing shall be enclosed in a semi-steel housing and be suitable for running in a lubricant with seals provided on all shafts to prevent entry of dirt and water into the actuator. All actuator shafts shall be supported on permanently lubricated bronze bearings. Actuators shall clearly indicate valve position and an adjustable stop shall be provided to set closing torque. All adjustable stop shall be provided to set closing torque. All exposed nuts, bolts, and washers shall be zinc or cadmium plated. Valve packing adjustment shall be accessible without disassembly of the actuator.

12. Valves and gear actuators for submerged service shall have seals on all shafts and gaskets on the valve and actuator covers to prevent entry of water. Actuator mounting brackets for buried or submerged service shall be totally enclosed and shall have gasket seals. All exposed nuts, bolts, springs and washers shall be stainless steel.
13. Three-way plug valves shall be non-lubricated gear oriented. Valve bodies shall be ASTM A-126 Class, and be semi-steel with 125 lb. ANSI standard flanges. Plugs shall be resilient faced. Three-way valves shall be 3-way, 3 port 270 degree turn.
14. Plug valves installed such that actuators are 6 feet or more above the floor shall have chain wheels.
15. Where shown on the Drawings, plug valves shall be installed with extended shafts and actuators. Actuators for extended shafts shall be mounted on floor stands where indicated on the drawings or shall be removable handwheels where floor stands are not called for. Six-inch sleeves shall be provided for extended shafts in all floors; where necessary covers shall be provided. Shafts shall be of adequate strength to operate the valve and shall be 304 stainless steel where submerged and carbon steel elsewhere. Floor stands and covers, where called for shall be cast iron. Floor stands shall be equipped with valve position indicators. Where shown on the drawings, plug valves shall be furnished with extended bonnets, equal to DeZurik Figure 640.
16. All buried plug valves shall have a remote position indicator in the valve box showing position of the valve. A stainless steel centering and I.D. plate shall be provided showing direction of opening and number of turns to open for each valve.

C. Valves for Buried Service

1. Valves for buried service shall meet all the requirements as specified herein for interior except that buried valves shall have mechanical joint ends.
2. All buried valves shall have cast-iron three piece valve boxes, valve boxes shall be provided with suitable heavy bonnets to extend to such elevation at the finished grade surface as directed by the ENGINEER. The barrel shall be two-piece, screw type, having 5" shaft. The upper section shall have a flange at the bottom having sufficient bearing area to prevent settling, shall be designed so as to prevent the transmission of surface loads directly to the valve or piping, and shall be complete with cast iron covers. Covers shall have "SEWER" cast into the top. The covers shall be so constructed as to prevent tipping or rattling. Valve boxes shall be

manufactured by OPELIKA FOUNDRY COMPANY, Opelika, Alabama or TYLER PIPE DIVISION, Tyler, Texas or approved equal.

3. One tee-handled gatwrench of suitable length shall be furnished to operate each valve with a valve box.
4. Where valves are located out of pavement, the boxes shall be adjusted to finished grade and a concrete slab two feet square and six inches thick shall be poured around the box.
5. Valve boxes shall be of the heavy duty, traffic bearing cast iron, adjustable screw type with a drop cover. The valve box assembly shall consist of a bottom section, top section and cover which is cast from gray iron, formulated to ASTM specification A-48 latest revision, class 30 minimum and shall be free from blowholes, shrinkage or other imperfections not true to pattern. The shaft size shall be 5 1/4" and the adjustable length shall be from 18" to 24". The wall thickness shall be 3/16" + 1/16". The weight of the assembly shall be 61 pounds + 2 pounds, with the cover weight being a minimum of 12 pounds.
6. The name of the manufacturer and foundry of origin shall be cast into each of the components of the assembly in legible form. The assembly shall be suitable for highway traffic wheel loads of 16,000 pounds and shall withstand a proof load test of 25,000 pounds without failure or permanent deflection, as per Federal Specification RR-F-621-C, latest revision. The valve box shall be cast, machined, assembled, and packaged within the United States and shall fully comply with the Buy American provisions of Public Law 102-240, enacted 12/18/91.

D. Air Release Valves

1. Air release valves (ARV) used on sewer force mains shall be of the automatic type designed for wastewater applications. The valve body shall be cast iron construction, ASTM A126, Class B, and all internal working parts shall be 316 Series stainless steel, and BUNA-N orifice button. The venting orifice shall be a minimum of 2.54 cm (1") in diameter. The inlet openings shall be sized per manufacturer's recommendation but no less than 5 cm (2") NPT screwed connection. ARVs shall be manufactured by Vent-o-mat Series RGX 316 Series stainless steel, or Bermad Flow Control Accessories 300 Series stainless steel air release valves ARI-5-022. See detail 9.37 provided on Contract Plans.

E. Corporation Stops

1. Corporation stops for connections to ductile iron or steel piping shall be all brass or bronze suitable for 150 psi test pressure and similar to Mueller Co. H-15029 or equal by Clow Corp.

F. Flange Adapter Couplings

1. Flange adapter couplings shall be of the size and pressure rating required for each installation and shall be suitable for use on either cast iron or ductile iron pipe. They shall be similar or equal to Dresser Company, Style 128. All couplings shall have a sufficient number of factory installed anchor studs to meet or exceed the test pressure rating for this project, 100 psi minimum.

G. Flexible Couplings:

1. Flexible couplings shall be either the split type or the sleeve type as shown on the Drawings.
 - a. Split type coupling shall be either the split type or the sleeve type as shown on the Drawings. The couplings shall be mechanical type for radius groove piping. The couplings shall mechanically engage and lock grooved pipe ends in a positive coupling and allow for angular deflection and contraction and expansion.
 - b. Couplings shall consist of malleable iron, ASTM Specification A47, Grade 32510 housing clamps in two or more parts, a single chlorinated butyl composition sealing gasket with a "C" shaped cross-section and internal sealing lips projecting diagonally inward, and two or more oval track head type bolts with hexagonal heavy nuts conforming to ASTM Specification A183 and A194 to assemble the housing clamps. Bolts and nuts shall be Series 300 stainless steel.
 - c. Victaulic type couplings and fittings may be used in lieu of flanged joints. Pipes shall be radius grooved as specified for use with the Victaulic couplings. Flanged adapter connections at fittings, valves, and equipment shall be Victaulic Vic Flange Style 741, equal by Gustin-Bacon Group, Division of Certain-Teed Products, Kansas City, Kansas, or equal.
 - d. Sleeve type couplings shall be used with all buried piping. The couplings shall be of steel and shall be Dresser Style 38, Smith Blair Style 413, Baker Allsteel, or equal. The coupling shall be provided with stainless steel bolts and nuts unless indicated otherwise.

- e. All couplings shall be furnished with the pipe stop removed.
- f. Couplings shall be provided with gaskets of a composition suitable for exposure to the liquid within the pipe.
- g. If the Contractor decides to use victaulic couplings in lieu of flanged joints, he shall be responsible for supplying supports for the joints.

H. Unions

- 1. Unions on ferrous pipe 2" in diameter and smaller shall be 150 pounds malleable iron, zinc-coated. Unions on water piping 2½" in diameter and larger shall be flange pattern, 125 pound class, zinc-coated. Gaskets for flanged unions shall be of the best quality fiber, plastic, or leather. Unions shall not be concealed in walls, ceilings, or partitions.

I. Mechanical Type Seals

- 1. Mechanical type seals shall consist of an adjustable modular bolted, synthetic rubber and plastic sealing element. The sealing element shall be Link-Seal LS-300-C as manufactured by Thunderline Corp., Inkster, Michigan or approved equal.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. All valves and appurtenances shall be installed in the locations shown, true to alignment and rigidly supported. Any damage to the above items shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the ENGINEER before they are installed.
- B. Valves shall be carefully inspected, opened wide and then tightly closed and the various nuts and bolts shall be tested for tightness. Special care shall be taken to prevent any foreign matter from becoming lodged in the valve seat. Valves, unless shown otherwise shall be set with their operator shaft vertically. Any valve that does not operate correctly shall be removed and replaced.
- C. Valve boxes shall be carefully centered over the operating nuts of the valves so as to permit a valve wrench or key to be fitted easily to the operating nut. Valve boxes shall be set to conform to the level of the finished surface and held in position by a ring of concrete placed under the support flange as shown on the details shown on Construction Plans, Section 9 of the Lee County Utilities Operations Manual for details, and Lee County Approved Materials/Products List. The valve box shall not transmit surface loads to the pipe or valve. Care shall be taken to prevent earth and other material from entering the valve box. Any valve box which is out of alignment or whose top does not conform to the finished ground surface shall be dug out and reset. Before final acceptance of the work, all valve boxes shall be adjusted to finish grade. Valve

operating risers shall be installed with any valves required to ensure that the operating nut is 30-inches or less from the ground surface.

- D. After installation, all valves and appurtenances shall be tested at least 1 hour at the working pressure corresponding to the class of pipe, unless a different test pressure is specified. If any joint proves to be defective, it shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the ENGINEER.
- E. Install all floor boxes, brackets, extension rods, guides, the various types of operators and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings that are in masonry floors or walls, and install concrete inserts for hangers and supports as soon as forms are erected and before concrete is poured. Before setting these items, check all plans and figures which have a direct bearing on their location and he shall be responsible for the proper location of these valves and appurtenances during the construction of the structures.
- F. Pipe for use with flexible couplings shall have plain ends as specified in the respective pipe sections in Division 02.
- G. Buried flanged or mechanical joints shall be made with Series 300, stainless steel bolts. All exposed bolts shall be made with Series 300 stainless steel bolts.
- H. Prior to assembly of split couplings, the grooves as well as other parts shall be thoroughly cleaned. The ends of the pipes and outside of the gaskets shall be moderately coated with petroleum jelly, cup grease, soft soap or graphite paste, and the gasket shall be slipped over one pipe end. After the other pipe has been brought to the correct position, the gasket shall be centered properly over the pipe ends with the lips against the pipes. The housing sections then shall be placed. After the bolts have been inserted, the nuts shall be tightened until the housing sections are firmly in contact, metal-to-metal, without excessive bolt tension.
- I. Prior to the installation of sleeve-type couplings, the pipe ends shall be cleaned thoroughly for a distance of 8". Soapy water may be used as a gasket lubricant. A follower and gasket, in that order, shall be slipped over each pipe to a distance of about 6" from the end, and the middle ring shall be placed on the already laid pipe end until it is properly centered over the joint. The other pipe end shall be inserted into the middle ring and brought to proper position in relation to the pipe already laid. The gaskets and followers shall then be pressed evenly and firmly into the middle ring flaires. After the bolts have been inserted and all nuts have been made up finger-tight, diametrically opposite nuts shall be progressively and uniformly tightened all around the joint, preferably by use of a torque wrench of the appropriate size and torque for the bolts.

3.2 SHOP PAINTING

- A. Ferrous surfaces of valves and appurtenances shall receive a coating of rust-inhibitive primer. All pipe connection openings shall be capped to prevent the entry of foreign matter prior to installation.

3.3 FIELD PAINTING

- A. All metal valves and appurtenances specified herein and installed in valve and meter pits will be painted as specified in Section 09900.

3.4 INSPECTION AND TESTING

- A. Completed pipe shall be subjected to hydrostatic pressure test for hours at full working pressure. All leaks shall be repaired and line retested as approved by the ENGINEER. Prior to testing, the gravity pipelines shall be supported in an approved manner to prevent movement during tests.

END OF SECTION

End of Scope of Work and Specifications Section

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION**1. Copies of Documents**

The county will furnish one (1) set of electronic Contract Documents in PDF format to the Contractor for execution of the Work. Paper copies will be furnished, upon request, at the cost of reproduction which shall be paid by the Contractor.

2. Subsurface Explorations and Reports

Certain subsurface explorations and reports were used by the Consultant in the design of this project. The information enumerated below is NOT a part of the Contract Documents and is for information only. Lee County is not responsible for the interpretations or opinions contained therein or for the completeness or accuracy thereof. For the Contractors purposes of preparing or submitting a bid, additional investigations may be necessary. The information may be obtained by contacting the Procurement Contact listed in the Invitation to Bid in writing not less than ten (10) calendar days prior to the bid date.

- i. "Preliminary Roadway Soil Survey; Homestead Road Widening from South of Sunrise Boulevard to Alabama Road; Lehigh Acres, Lee County, Florida" by Ardaman & Associates, Inc., dated August 27, 2007.
- ii. "Report of Geotechnical Engineering Services; Proposed Structures; Homestead Road Widening from South of Sunrise Blvd. to Alabama Road; Lehigh Acres, Lee County, Florida; Ardaman Project No. 07-4550" by Ardaman & Associates, Inc. dated July 17, 2008.

3. Existing Structures Drawings and Data

The information enumerated below is NOT a part of the Contract Documents and is provided for information only. Lee County is not responsible for the interpretations or opinions contained therein or for the completeness or accuracy thereof for the Contractors purposes of preparing or submitting a bid, additional investigations may be necessary. The information may be obtained by contacting the Procurement Contact listed in the Invitation to Bid in writing not less than ten (10) calendar days prior to the bid date.

- i. NONE

4. County Provided Survey Reference Points

The County will provide engineering surveys to establish the following reference points:

- i. NONE

End of Supplemental Information Section

REQUIRED FORMS

INVITATION TO BID

These forms are required and should be submitted with all submissions. If it is determined that forms in this selection are not applicable to your company or solicitation they should be marked "N/A or Not Applicable" across the form in large letters and returned with your submission package. **Note:** If submitting via hard copy the original must be a manually signed original. Include additional copies, if specified, in the Solicitation documents.

Form # Title/Description

1 *Solicitation Response Form*

All signatures must be by a corporate authorized representative, witnessed, and corporate and/or notary seal (as applicable.) The corporate or mailing address must match the company information as it is listed on the Florida Department of State Division of Corporations. Attach a copy of the web-page(s) from <http://www.sunbiz.org> as certification of this required information. Sample attached for your reference.

Verify that all addenda and tax identification number have been provided.

1a *Bid/Proposal Form*

This form is used to provide itemization of project cost. A more detailed "schedule of values" may be requested by the County

1b *Business Relationship Disclosure Requirement* (as applicable)

Sections 112.313(3) and 112.313(7), FL §, prohibit certain business relationships on the part of public officers and employees, their spouses, and their children. If this **disclosure is applicable request form "INTEREST IN COMPETITIVE BID FOR PUBLIC BUSINESS" (Required by 112.313(12)(b), FL § (1983))** to be completed and **returned with solicitation response. It is the Bidder's responsibility to request form and disclose this relationship, failure to do so could result in being declared non-responsive.**

NOTICE: UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF FL § 112.317 (1983), A FAILURE TO MAKE ANY REQUIRED DISCLOSURE CONSTITUTES GROUNDS FOR AND MAY BE PUNISHED BY ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING: IMPEACHMENT, REMOVAL OR SUSPENSION FROM OFFICE OR EMPLOYMENT, DEMOTION, REDUCTION IN SALARY, REPRIMAND, OR A CIVIL PENALTY NOT TO EXCEED \$5,000.00.

2 *Affidavit Certification Immigration Laws*

Form is acknowledgement that the Bidder is in compliance in regard to Immigration Laws.

3 *Reference Survey*

Provide this form to a minimum of three references. This form will be turned in with the bid or proposal package.

1. **Section 1:** Bidder/Proposer to complete with reference respondent's information prior to providing to them for their response. (This is **not** the Bidder/Proposer's information.)
2. **Section 2:** Enter the name of the Bidder/Proposer; provide the project information that the reference respondent is to provide a response for.
3. The reference respondent should complete "**Section 3.**"
4. **Section 4:** The reference respondent to print and sign name
5. A **minimum of 3 reference responses** are requested to be returned with bid or proposal package.
6. Failure to obtain reference surveys may make your company non-responsive.

4 Negligence or Breach of Contract Disclosure Form

The form may be used to disclose negligence or breach of contract litigation that your company may be a part of over the past ten years. You may need to duplicate this form to list all history. If the Bidder has more than 10 lawsuits, you may narrow them to litigation of the company or subsidiary submitting the solicitation response. Include, at a minimum, litigation for similar projects completed in the State of Florida. Final outcome should include in whose favor the litigation was settled and was a monetary amount awarded. The settlement amount may remain anonymous.

If you have **no litigation**, enter **“None”** in the first **“type of incident”** block of the form. Please do not write N/A on this form.

5 Affidavit Principal Place of Business

Certifies Bidder’s location information. Local Vendor Preference and Location Point values are excluded when prohibited by grant or funding source. (In such cases form will be informational only.)

6 Sub-Contractor List (as applicable)

To be completed and returned when sub-contractors are to be utilized and are known at the time of the submission.

7 Public Entity Crime Form

Any person or affiliate as defined by statute who has been placed on the convicted vendor list following a conviction for a public entity crime may not submit a bid or a contract to provide any goods or services to the County; may not submit a bid on a contract with the County for the construction or repair of a public building or a public work; may not submit bids or leases of real property to the County; may not be awarded or perform works as a contractor, supplier, subcontractor, or consultant under a contract with the County, and may not transact business with the County in excess of \$25,000.00 for a period of 36 months from the date of being placed on the convicted vendor list.

8 Trench Safety (Required for Construction Projects Only)

Self explanatory.

9 Bid Bond (as applicable)

Self explanatory

Bid/Proposal Label (Required)

Self explanatory. Please affix to the outside of the sealed submission documents.

Include any licenses or certifications requested (as applicable)

Local Business Tax Account (as applicable)

Bidder’s responsibility to insure the Solicitation Response is mailed or delivered in time to be received no later than the specified opening date and time. (If solicitation is not received prior to deadline it cannot be considered or accepted.)

Form 1 – Solicitation Response Form

V09/12/2016


LEE COUNTY
 SOUTHWEST FLORIDA

LEE COUNTY PROCUREMENT MANAGEMENT
SOLICITATION RESPONSE FORM

 Date Submitted: _____ Deadline Date: 12/15/2016

 SOLICITATION IDENTIFICATION: B160653DLK

 SOLICITATION NAME: Homestead Road Widening

COMPANY NAME: _____

NAME & TITLE: (TYPED OR PRINTED) _____

BUSINESS ADDRESS: (PHYSICAL) _____

CORPORATE OR MAILING ADDRESS: _____

☐ SAME AS PHYSICAL

ADDRESS MUST MATCH SUNBIZ.ORG

E-MAIL ADDRESS: _____

PHONE NUMBER: _____ FAX _____

NOTE REQUIREMENT: IT IS THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE BIDDER/PROPOSER TO CHECK LEE COUNTY PROCUREMENT MANAGEMENT WEB SITE FOR ANY ADDENDA ISSUED FOR THIS PROJECT. THE COUNTY WILL POST ADDENDA TO THIS WEB PAGE, BUT WILL NOT NOTIFY.

By responding to this sealed solicitation, the Bidder/Proposer makes all representations required by the instructions and further warrants and represents that: Bidder/Proposer has examined copies of all the solicitation documents and of the following addenda:

| | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| No. _____ Dated: _____ | No. _____ Dated: _____ | No. _____ Dated: _____ |
| No. _____ Dated: _____ | No. _____ Dated: _____ | No. _____ Dated: _____ |

Tax Payer Identification Number: _____

(1) Employer Identification Number -OR- (2) Social Security Number:

 ** *Lee County collects your social security number for tax reporting purposes only*

Please submit a copy of your registration from the website www.sunbiz.org establishing your firm as authorized (including authorized representatives) to conduct business in the State of Florida, as provided by the *Florida Department of State, Division of Corporations. (a sample is attached for your reference)*

- 1 **Collusion Statement:** Lee County, Fort Myers, Florida The undersigned, as Bidder/Proposer, hereby declares that no person or other persons, other than the undersigned, are interested in this solicitation as Principal, and that this solicitation is submitted without collusion with others; and that we have carefully read and examined the specifications or scope of work, and with full knowledge of all conditions under which the services herein is contemplated must be furnished, hereby bid/propose and agree to furnish this service according to the requirements set out in the solicitation documents, specifications or scope of work for said service for the prices as listed on the county provided price sheet or (CCNA) agree to negotiate prices in good faith if a contract is awarded.

B160653DLK Homestead Road Widening

2 Scrutinized Companies Certification:

Section 287.135, FL §, "Prohibition against contracting with scrutinized companies." Prohibits agencies from contracting with companies, for goods or services over \$1,000,000, that are on the Scrutinized Companies with Activities in Sudan List, the Scrutinized Companies with Activities in the Iran Petroleum Energy Sector List, Scrutinized Companies that Boycott Israel List, have been engaged in a boycott of Israel, or been engaged in business operations in Cuba or Syria. The County reserves the right to review, on a case-by-case basis, and waive this stipulation if it is deemed to advantageous to the County.

As the person authorized to sign on behalf of Respondent, I hereby certify that the company identified above is in compliance with Section 287.135, FL §. I understand that submission of a false certification may subject company to contract termination, civil penalties, attorney's fees, and/or costs.

Form#1 – Solicitation Form, Page 2

- 3 Business Relationship Disclosure Requirement:** Sections 112.313(3) and 112.313(7), FL §, prohibit certain business relationships on the part of public officers and employees, their spouses, and their children. See Part III, Chapter 112, FL §, and/or the brochure entitled "A Guide to the Sunshine Amendment and Code of Ethics for Public Officers, Candidates and Employees" for more details on these prohibitions. However, Section 112.313(12), FL § (1983), provides certain limited exemptions to the above-referenced prohibitions, including one where the business is awarded under a system of sealed, competitive bidding; the public official has exerted no influence on bid negotiations or specifications; and where disclosure is made, prior to or at the time of the submission of the bid, of the official's or his spouse's or child's interest and the nature of the intended business. The Commission on Ethics has promulgated this form for such disclosure, if and when applicable to a public officer or employee.

If this disclosure is applicable request form "INTEREST IN COMPETITIVE BID FOR PUBLIC BUSINESS" (Required by 112.313(12)(b), FL § (1983)) to be completed and returned with solicitation response. It is the bidder/proposer's responsibility to disclose this relationship, failure to do so could result in being declared non-responsive.

☐ **Business Relationship Applicable (request form)**

☐ **Business Relationship NOT Applicable**

- 4** Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) bidder/proposer? If yes, please attach a current certificate.

Yes

No

ALL SUBMISSIONS MUST BE EXECUTED BY AN AUTHORIZED AUTHORITY OF THE BIDDER/PROPOSER. WITNESSED AND SEALED (AS APPLICABLE)

Company Name (Name printed or typed)

Authorized Representative Name (printed or typed)

Authorized Representative's Title (printed or typed)

Authorized Representative's Signature



(Affix Corporate Seal, as applicable)

Witnessed/Attested by:

(Witness/Secretary name and title printed or typed)

Witness/Secretary Signature

Any blank spaces on the form(s), qualifying notes or exceptions, counter offers, lack of required submittals, or signatures, on County's Form may result in the submission being declared non-responsive by the County.

Detail by Entity Name**Florida Profit Corporation**

Bill's Widget Corporation

Filing Information

Document Number 655555
FEI/EIN Number 5111111111
Date Filed 09/22/1980
State FL
Status ACTIVE
Last Event AMENDED AND RESTATED ARTICLES
Event Date Filed 07/25/2006
Event Effective Date NONE

Principal Address

555 N Main Street
Your Town, USA 99999
Changed 02/11/2012

Mailing Address

555 N Main Street
MYour Town, USA 99999
Changed 02/11/2012

Registered Agent Name & Address

My Registered Agent
111 Registration Road
Registration, USA99999

Name Changed: 12/14/2006

Address Changed: 12/14/2006

Officer/Director Detail**Name & Address**

Title P

President, First
555 AVENUE
Anytown, USA99999

Title V

President, Second
555 AVENUE
Anytown, USA99999



Lee County Procurement Management
BID/PROPOSAL FORM

Company Name: _____

Solicitation # B160653DLK **Solicitation Name** Homestead Road Widening

Having carefully examined the “Terms and Conditions”, and the “Detailed Specifications”, all of which are contained herein, propose to furnish the following which meet these specifications.

This page serves as a header/placeholder only. Please refer to the Excel document provided with the solicitation for the complete Bid Schedule. The Excel document contains formulas for convenience, however it is the Contractor’s responsibility to verify all pricing and calculations are CORRECT. Lee County is not responsible for errors in formulas or calculations contained within Excel document(s).

REMINDER: In the event there is a discrepancy between the total quoted amount or the extended amounts and the unit prices quoted, the unit prices will prevail and the corrected sum will be considered the quoted price.

The County will only accept bids submitted on bid forms provided by the County. Bids submitted on other forms, other than those provided by the County, will deem Bidder as non-responsive and ineligible for award.

B160653DLK Homestead Road Widening



AFFIDAVIT CERTIFICATION IMMIGRATION LAWS

SOLICITATION NO.: B160653DLK SOLICITATION NAME: Homestead Road Widening

LEE COUNTY WILL NOT INTENTIONALLY AWARD COUNTY CONTRACTS TO ANY CONTRACTOR WHO KNOWINGLY EMPLOYS UNAUTHORIZED ALIEN WORKERS, CONSTITUTING A VIOLATION OF THE EMPLOYMENT PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN 8 U.S.C. SECTION 1324 a(e) {SECTION 274A(e) OF THE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT ("INA").

LEE COUNTY MAY CONSIDER THE EMPLOYMENT BY ANY CONTRACTOR OF UNAUTHORIZED ALIENS A VIOLATION OF SECTION 274A(e) OF THE INA. **SUCH VIOLATION BY THE RECIPIENT OF THE EMPLOYMENT PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN SECTION 274A(e) OF THE INA SHALL BE GROUNDS FOR UNILATERAL CANCELLATION OF THE CONTRACT BY LEE COUNTY.**

BIDDER/PROPOSER ATTESTS THAT THEY ARE FULLY COMPLIANT WITH ALL APPLICABLE IMMIGRATION LAWS (SPECIFICALLY TO THE 1986 IMMIGRATION ACT AND SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENTS).

Company Name: _____

Signature

Title

Date

STATE OF _____
COUNTY OF _____

The foregoing instrument was signed and acknowledged before me this _____ day of _____
20____, by _____ who has produced

(Print or Type Name)

_____ as identification.

(Type of Identification and Number)

Notary Public Signature

Printed Name of Notary Public

Notary Commission Number/Expiration

The signee of this Affidavit guarantee, as evidenced by the sworn affidavit required herein, the truth and accuracy of this affidavit to interrogatories hereinafter made. **LEE COUNTY RESERVES THE RIGHT TO REQUEST SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION, AS EVIDENCE OF SERVICES PROVIDED, AT ANY TIME.**

B160653DLK Homestead Road Widening

Form 3 Reference Survey



Lee County Procurement Management

REFERENCE SURVEY

Solicitation # B160653DLK

Homestead Road Widening

| | | | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|---|---------------|
| Section 1 | Reference Respondent Information | Please return completed form to: | |
| FROM: | | Bidder/Proposer: | |
| COMPANY: | | Due Date: | |
| PHONE #: | | Total # Pages: 1 | |
| FAX #: | | Phone #: | Fax #: |
| EMAIL: | | Bidder/Proposer E-Mail: | |

| | | | |
|------------------------------|---|---------------|--|
| Section 2 | Enter Bidder/Proposer Information, as applicable Similar Performed Project (Bidder/Proposer to enter details of a project performed for above reference respondent) | | |
| Bidder/Proposer Name: | | | |
| Reference Project Name: | Project Address: | Project Cost: | |
| Summarize Scope: | | | |

You as an individual or your company has been given as a reference on the project identified above. Please provide your responses in section 3 below.

| | | |
|--|--|-------------------------|
| Section 3 | | Indicate: "Yes" or "No" |
| 1. Did this company have the proper resources and personnel by which to get the job done? | | |
| 2. Were any problems encountered with the company's work performance? | | |
| 3. Were any change orders or contract amendments issued, other than owner initiated? | | |
| 4. Was the job completed on time? | | |
| 5. Was the job completed within budget? | | |
| 6. On a scale of one to ten, ten being best, how would you rate the overall work performance, considering professionalism; final product; personnel; resources. Rate from 1 to 10. (10 being highest) | | |
| 7. If the opportunity were to present itself, would you rehire this company? | | |
| 8. Please provide any additional comments pertinent to this company and the work performed for you: | | |

Section 4

Reference Name (Print Name)

Please submit non-Lee County employees as references

Reference Signature

B160653DLK Homestead Road Widening



ALLEGED NEGLIGENCE OR BREACH OF CONTRACT DISCLOSURE FORM

Please fill in the form below. Provide each incident in regard to alleged negligence or breach of contract that has occurred over the past 10 years.

Please complete in chronological order with the most recent incident on starting on page 1.

Company Name: _____

| Type of Incident <i>Alleged Negligence or Breach of Contract</i> | Incident Date And Date Filed | Plaintiff <i>(Who took action against your company)</i> | Case Number | Court <i>County/State</i> | Project | Claim Reason <i>(initial circumstances)</i> | Final Outcome <i>(who prevailed)</i> |
|--|---|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|---|--|
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Make as many copies of this sheet as necessary in order to **provide a 10 year history** of the requested information. If there is no action pending or action taken in the last 10 years, complete the **company name** and write **“NONE”** in the first **“Type of Incident”** box of this page and return with your submission package. This form should also include the primary partners listed in your submission. Do not include litigation with your company as the plaintiff. Final outcome should include who prevailed and what method of settlement was made. If a monetary settlement was made the amount may remain anonymous. **Please do not modify this form (expansion of spacing allowed) or submit your own variation.**

Page Number: _____ Of _____ Total pages

Update the page number to reflect the current page and the total number of pages. Example: Page 3, of 5 total submitted pages of this form.

B160653DLK Homestead Road Widening



LEE COUNTY

SOUTHWEST FLORIDA

AFFIDAVIT PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Local Vendor Preference (Non-CCNA)

(Lee County Ordinance No. 08-26)

Location Identification (CCNA)

Instructions: Please complete all information that is applicable to your firm

Company Name: _____

Printed name of authorized signer _____

Title _____



Authorized Signature _____

Date _____

The signee of this Affidavit guarantee, as evidenced by the sworn affidavit required herein, the truth and accuracy of this affidavit to interrogatories hereinafter made. **LEE COUNTY RESERVES THE RIGHT TO REQUEST SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION, AS EVIDENCE OF SERVICES PROVIDED, AT ANY TIME.**

Notary:

State of _____

County of _____

The foregoing instrument was signed and acknowledged before me this _____ day of _____

20 _____ who has produced

_____ as identification (or personally known)

Type of ID and number



Notary Public Signature _____

Notary Commission Number and expiration _____

1. Principal place of business is located within the boundaries of: _____ Lee County
 _____ Collier County
 _____ Non-Local

Local Business Tax License # _____

2. Address of Principal Place of Business: _____

3. Number of years at this location _____ years

4. Have you provided goods or services to Lee County on a regular basis within the past 3 consecutive years _____ Yes* _____ No *If yes, attach contractual history for past 3 consecutive years

5. Size of Facility (i.e. office, sales area, warehouse, storage yard, etc.) _____

6. Number of available employees for this contract _____

Form 6-Sub-contractor List**SUB-CONTRACTOR LIST**

| Sub-contractor Name | Area Of Work | Point Of Contact Or Project Supervisor | Phone Number and Email | Qualified DBE Yes/No | Amount or Percentage of Total |
|---------------------|--------------|--|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|
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Please include sub-contractors name, area of work (i.e. mechanical, electrical, etc.) and a **valid** phone number and email. Also include the dollar value or percentage that the sub-contractor will be performing. If sub-contractors qualify as Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (**DBE**) contractors, please attach a current certificate.

B160653DLK Homestead Road Widening

This form must be signed and sworn to in the presence of a notary public or other officer authorized to administer oaths.

1. This sworn statement is submitted to _____
(Print name of the public entity)

by _____
(Print individual's name and title)

for _____
(Print name of entity submitting sworn statement)

whose business address is _____

(If applicable) its Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) is _____

(If the entity has no FEIN, include the Social Security Number of the individual signing this sworn statement: On the attached sheet.) Required as per IRS Form W-9.

2. I understand that a "public entity crime" as defined in Paragraph 287.133(1) (g), Florida Statutes, means a violation of any state or federal law by a person with respect to and directly related to the transaction of business with any public entity or with an agency or political subdivision of any other state or with the United States, including but not limited to, and bid or contract for goods or services to be provided to any public entity or agency or political subdivision or any other state or of the United States, and involving antitrust, fraud, theft, bribery, collusion, racketeering, conspiracy, or material misrepresentation.
3. I understand that "convicted" or "conviction" as defined in Paragraph 287.133(1) (b), Florida Statutes, means a finding of guilt or a conviction of a public entity crime, with or without an adjudication of guilt, in any federal or state trial court of record relating to charges brought by indictment or information after July 1, 1989, as a result of a jury verdict, nonjury trial, or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere.
4. I understand that "affiliate" as defined in Paragraph 287.133(1)(a), Florida Statutes, means:
 1. A predecessor or successor of a person convicted of a public entity crime:
or:
 2. An entity under the control of any natural person who is active in the management of the entity and who has been convicted of a public entity crime. The term "affiliate" includes those offices, directors, executives, partners, shareholders, employees, members and agents who are active in the management of the affiliate. The ownership by one person of shares constituting a controlling interest in another person, or a pooling of equipment or income among persons when not fair market value under an arm's length Agreement/Contract, shall be a facie case that one person controls another person. A person who knowingly enters into a joint venture with a person who has been convicted of a public entity crime in Florida during the preceding 36 months shall be considered an affiliate.
5. I understand that a "person" as defined in Paragraph 287.133(1) (c), Florida Statutes, means any natural person or entity organized under the laws of any state or of the United States with the legal power to enter a binding contract and which bids or applies to bid on contracts for the provision of goods or services let by a public entity, or which otherwise transacts or applies to transact business with a public entity. The term "person" includes those officers, directors, executives, partners, shareholders, employees, members, and agents who are active in management of the entity.
6. Based on information and belief, the statement which I have marked below is true in relation to the entity submitting those sworn statement. (Please indicate which statement applies.)

_____ Neither the entity submitted this sworn statement, nor any officers, directors, executives, partners, shareholders, employees, members, and agents who are active in management of an entity nor affiliate of the entity have been charged with and convicted of a public entity crime subsequent to July 1, 1989.

_____ The entity submitting this sworn statement, or one or more of the officers, directors, executives, partners, shareholders, employees, member, or agents who are active in management of the entity, or an affiliate of the entity have been charged with and convicted of a public entity crime subsequent to July 1, 1989.

_____ The entity submitting this sworn statement, or one or more of its officers, directors, executives, partners, shareholders, employees, member, or agents who are active in management of the entity, or an affiliate of the entity has been charged with and convicted of a public entity crime subsequent to July 1, 1989. However, there has been subsequent proceeding before a Hearing Officer of the State of Florida, Division of Administrative Hearing and the Final Order entered by the Hearing Officer determined that it was not in the public interest to place the entity submitting this sworn statement on the convicted vendor list. (Attach a copy of the final order)

I UNDERSTAND THAT THE SUBMISSION OF THIS FORM TO THE CONTRACTING OFFICER FOR THE PUBLIC ENTITY IDENTIFIED IN PARAGRAPH 1 (ONE) ABOVE IS FOR THAT PUBLIC ENTITY ONLY AND, THAT THIS FORM IS VALID THROUGH DECEMBER 31 OF THE CALENDAR YEAR IN WHICH IS FILED. I ALSO UNDERSTAND THAT I AM REQUIRED TO INFORM THE PUBLIC ENTITY PRIOR TO ENTERING INTO A CONTRACT IN EXCESS OF THE THRESHOLD AMOUNT PROVIDED IN SECTION 287.017, FLORIDA STATUTES, FOR CATEGORY TWO OR ANY CHANGE IN THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS FORM.

(Signature)

(Date)

STATE OF _____
COUNTY OF _____

PERSONALLY APPEARED BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, _____
(Name of individual signing)

who, after first being sworn by me, affixed his/her signature in the space provided above on this _____ day
of _____, 2_____.

(NOTARY PUBLIC)

My Commission Expires: _____

Form#8: Trench Safety (Required for Construction Projects Only)**TRENCH SAFETY**

Contractor/Vendor acknowledges that included in the appropriate solicitation items of the solicitation and in the Total solicitation price are costs for complying with the Florida Trench Safety Act (90-96, Laws of Florida) effective October 1, 1990. The contractor/vendor further identifies the costs of such compliance to be summarized below:

| Trench Safety Measure (Description) | Units of Measure (LF, SF) | Unit (Quantity) | Unit Cost | Extended Cost |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|------------------|
| | | | | |
| A. _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| B. _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| C. _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| D. _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| TOTAL \$ _____ | | | | |

If applicable, the contractor/vendor certifies that all trench excavation done within his control in excess of five (5') feet in depth shall be in accordance with the Florida Department of Transportation's Special Provisions Article 125-1 and Sub-article 125-4.1 (TRENCH EXCAVATION SAFETY SYSTEM AND SHORING, SPECIAL-TRENCH EXCAVATION).

Failure to complete the above may result in the solicitation being declared non-responsive.

(Signature)

(Company Name)

STATE OF _____
COUNTY OF _____

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this ____ day of _____ by _____ (name and title of corporate officer) of _____ (name of corporation), a _____ (state or place of incorporation) corporation, on behalf of the corporation. He/she is personally known to me or has produced _____ (type of identification) as identification.

(signature line for notary public)

(name of notary typed, printed or stamped)

(title or rank)

My commission expires:

(serial number, if any)

BID BOND

Complete EITHER Lee County Paper Bid Bond OR provide cashier's check

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we

_____ as Principal, and
(BIDDER'S Name)

_____ a Corporation licensed to do
(Surety's Name)

business under the laws of the State of Florida as a Surety, are held and firmly bound unto LEE COUNTY BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, LEE COUNTY, FLORIDA, a Political Subdivision of the State of Florida,

in the SUM OF _____
for the payment whereof, well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, successors, personal representatives and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly, by these presents.

SIGNED AND SEALED this _____ day of _____, _____

WHEREAS, said Principal is herewith submitting a Bid/Proposal for the construction of:

NOW, THEREFORE, the condition of the above obligation is such that if said Principal shall be awarded the Contract upon said Bid/Proposal within the specified time and shall enter into a written Contract, satisfactory in form, provide an acceptable Public Payment & Performance Bond from a Surety acceptable to the COUNTY and provide other Insurance as may be required to the COUNTY within seven (7) calendar days after the written Notice of Award date, or within such extended period as the COUNTY may grant, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise said Principal and Surety shall pay to said COUNTY in money the difference between the amount of the Bid of said Principal and the amount for which said COUNTY may legally contract with another party to perform said work, if the latter amount be in excess of the former, together with any expenses and reasonable attorney's fees incurred by said COUNTY if suit be brought here on, but in no event shall said Surety's liability exceed the penal sum hereof plus such expenses and attorney's fees. For purposes of unsuccessful bid protests filed by the Principal herein, this obligation shall bind the Surety to pay costs and damages associated with the bid protest or delays to the project upon a finding from the Board of County Commissioners for Lee County that the bid protest was frivolous and/or lacked merit. The liability of the Surety shall not exceed the penal sum of the bid bond.

Witness as to Principal:

(Principal) (SEAL)

(By) _____

Printed Name

Witness as to Surety:

(Surety's Name) (SEAL)

(By-As Attorney-in-Fact, Surety)

Affix Corporate Seals and attach proper Power of Attorney for Surety.

**Cut along the outer border and affix this label to
your sealed solicitation envelope to identify it as
a "Sealed Bid".**

| | |
|---|---|
| SEALED BID DOCUMENTS • DO NOT OPEN | |
| BID NO.: | B160653DLK |
| BID TITLE: | Homestead Road Widening |
| DATE DUE: | Thursday, December 15, 2016 |
| TIME DUE: | Prior to: 2:30 PM |
| SUBMITTED BY: | |
| | (Name of Company) |
| e-mail address | Telephone |
| DELIVER TO: | Lee County Procurement Management 1500 Monroe 4 th Floor Fort Myers FL 33901 |
| <i>Note: submissions received after the time and date above will not be accepted.</i> | |



Lee County Procurement Management
1500 Monroe Street, 4th Floor
Fort Myers, FL 33901
(239) 533-8881
www.leegov.com/procurement

PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY

B160653DLK Homestead Road Widening