TIERRA

February 17, 2022, Rev. 1 October 3, 2017

KCA 201 Franklin Street, Suite 400 Tampa, FL 33602

- Attn: Mr. Thomas J. Shaw, P.E. Project Manager
- RE: NESHAP Asbestos Survey Report and Screening for Metals-Based Coatings Big Carlos Pass Bridge (FDOT Structure No. 120028) Lee County, Florida Lee County CN-16002 Tierra Project No.: 6511-16-051E

Mr. Shaw:

The purpose of this report is to present the results of an asbestos survey and screening for metalsbased coatings performed in September 2017 for the above referenced project. This survey included review of original bridge construction plans dated 1961, and bridge repair plans dated 1980, 1999, 2000 and 2006 in an effort to identify Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs), if present. We understand that this survey was requested due to the planned demolition of this structure.

- Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) were identified (mastic) as a result of laboratory Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) tests and confirmed with Point Counting analysis.
- ACMs were identified (brake pads) as a result of review of the final construction plans.
- Brake pads located in the gear assembly pit and electrical components observed at the tender house electrical room (bottom floor) were assumed to contain ACMs.
- Laboratory analytical results indicated the presence of metals-based coatings in a total of three (3) paint chip samples. One paint chip sample meets the definition of Lead Based Paint. Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) lab analytical results indicate lead exceeds of the Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for the Toxicity Characteristic for two paint chip samples. Please refer to the attached report, including laboratory results for details.

Tierra appreciates the opportunity to provide this service to KCA. If you have any questions, please contact our office at your earliest convenience.

Respectfully Submitted, TIERRA, INC.

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NESHAP ASBESTOS SURVEY AND SCREENING FOR METALS-BASED COATINGS

Big Carlos Pass Bridge (FDOT Structure No. 120028)

Lee County, Florida

Lee County CN-16002

Tierra Project No.: 6511-16-051E

February 2022



Prepared for:

KCA 201 Franklin Street, Suite 400 Tampa, Florida 33602

Prepared by:

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Tierra conducted a National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) asbestos survey and screening for metals-based coatings of the following bridge structure located in Lee County, Florida. It is our understanding that the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) is planning to demolish the bridge structure.

• Big Carlos Pass (FDOT Structure No. 120028)

The purpose of the *survey* was to identify and sample suspect Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) and screen metal surfaces for suspected Metals-Based Coatings (MBCs). The purpose of this *report* is to provide information regarding the identity, location, condition and approximate quantities of these materials so that proper remediation and disposal methods can be evaluated.

This bridge asbestos survey was conducted in August 2017 by an Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA) accredited inspector in general accordance with the sampling protocols established in Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 763. A total of forty-two (42) bulk samples were collected from fourteen (14) homogeneous areas of suspect ACM from this bridge structure (FDOT Structure No. 120028). Tierra reviewed and incorporated findings of bridge construction plans for this bridge structure which were provided by the client.

- Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) were identified (mastic) as a result of laboratory Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) tests and confirmed with Point Counting analysis.
- ACMs were identified (brake pads) as a result of review of the final construction plans.
- Brake pads located in the gear assembly pit and electrical components observed at the tender house electrical room (bottom floor) were assumed to contain ACMs.
- Laboratory analytical results indicated the presence of metals-based coatings in a total of three (3) paint chip samples. One paint chip sample meets the definition of Lead Based Paint. Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) lab analytical results indicate lead exceeds of the Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for the Toxicity Characteristic for two paint chip samples. Please refer to the attached report, including laboratory results for details.

A Bridge Location Map is included in **Appendix A**. A Photograph Log of homogenous areas is presented in **Appendix B**. Certifications and Licenses are included in **Appendix C**. The laboratory analytical reports are provided in **Appendix D**. A Sample Location Sketch is included in **Appendix E**. Supplemental Information is included in **Appendix F**. Asbestos Abatement Plan is included in **Appendix F**.

This *Executive Summary* provides a brief overview of work activities completed in association with the proposed roadway improvement project. The reader should utilize the detailed information presented within this report for specific information regarding any area of particular interest.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Tierra conducted an asbestos survey and screening for metals-based coatings of the following bridge structure located in Lee County:

• Big Carlos Pass Bridge (FDOT Structure No. 120028)

See **Appendix A** for Bridge Location Map.

The survey was conducted in August 2017 by Mr. Sammy Awad and Mr. Chris Garth, Asbestos Hazard and Emergency Response Act (AHERA) accredited asbestos inspectors. Their certifications are provided in **Appendix C.** Suspect Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) samples were collected in general accordance with the sampling protocols outlined in Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulation 40 CFR 763. Samples were shipped under chain of custody to an accredited laboratory for analysis by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM). The work described herein was performed under the direction of Mr. Scott Crandall, P.E., a Florida Licensed Asbestos Consultant (License No. EA0000060). A copy of Mr. Crandall's license is presented in **Appendix C**. The laboratory analytical results are provided in **Appendix D** and the laboratory's accreditation certificates are provided in **Appendix C**.

1.1 **Project Objective**

We understand this asbestos survey was requested due to the planned demolition of the existing bridge structure. EPA regulation 40 CFR 61, Subpart M, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), prohibits the release of asbestos fibers and other hazardous air pollutants to the atmosphere during renovation or demolition activities. The asbestos NESHAP requires that potentially regulated asbestos-containing building materials be identified, classified and quantified prior to planned disturbances or demolition activities.

2.0 BRIDGE DESCRIPTION

According to the Florida Department of Transportation's (FDOTs) Florida Bridge Information list dated July 5, 2017, the Big Carlos Pass Bridge which carries CR 865 over Ostego Bay (FDOT Structure No. 120028) was originally constructed in 1965. Based on existing bridge construction plans, this bridge structure is approximately 1,688 feet in length and 26 feet in width. A 64 foot steel girder bascule span and fender system is located in the central portion of the bridge structure. The 29 approach spans (18 east and 11 west), are comprised of prestressed concrete girders on concrete pile bent foundations.

Based on site reconnaissance, no obvious embankment was noted at the west end of the bridge structure, only sand. Sand-cement rip rap was covered by a concrete material at the east end of the bridge structure. Guardrails at the approaches are galvanized "W" channel steel on wooden and metal posts. The bridge structure is cast in place flat and sloped spans. The bridge consists of a total of two lanes servicing eastbound and westbound traffic. It is constructed on concrete piles with concrete abutments on both sides supporting a cast in place concrete bridge deck. A concrete curb, sidewalk and hand rails are located along the sides of the bridge structure. See **Appendix B** for photographs of the bridge structure, including tender house.

3.0 FIELD ACTIVITIES

The survey was conducted by Mr. Sammy Awad and Mr. Chris Garth, AHERA-accredited asbestos inspectors. A copy of their asbestos inspector certificates are presented in **Appendix C**. The survey was conducted in general accordance with the sample collection protocols established in EPA regulation 40 CFR 763. A summary of the survey activities performed is provided below.

3.1 Visual Assessment

Our survey activities began with a visual observation of the structures to identify homogeneous areas of suspect ACM. A homogeneous material consists of building materials that appear similar throughout in terms of color, texture and date of application. Building materials identified as steel, glass, wood, masonry, metal or rubber were not considered suspect ACM. If surfaces are covered with protective coating those materials are noted and sampled.

A visual inspection of the bridge structure was performed to identify metal surfaces with possible metals-based coatings (arsenic, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury and zinc). Metal components with suspected metals-based coatings were identified at this bridge structure and are further discussed in Section 6.3 and Section 6.4. See photographs in **Appendix B**.

3.2 Physical Assessment

A physical assessment of each homogeneous area of suspect ACM was conducted to assess the friability and condition of the materials. A friable material is defined by the EPA as a material which can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure when dry. Friability was assessed by physically touching suspect materials.

3.3 Sample Collection

Based on results of the visual observation, bulk samples of suspect ACM and protective coatings were collected in general accordance with AHERA sampling protocols. Representative samples of suspect materials were collected in each homogeneous area. Tierra personnel collected bulk samples using wet methods as applicable to reduce the potential for fiber release. Samples were placed in sealable containers and labeled with unique sample numbers using an indelible marker. A discussion of the suspect ACM samples collected during the survey is included in **Section 6.0**.

3.4 Sample Analysis

Bulk samples of ACM were submitted under chain of custody to EMSL Analytical, Inc. (EMSL) of Orlando, Florida for analysis by polarized light microscopy with dispersion staining techniques per EPA methodology (40 CFR 763, Subpart F). The percentage of asbestos, where applicable, was determined by microscopic visual estimation. EMSL's National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) certification is included in **Appendix C**.

The EPA and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) define asbestos containing material as any material which contains greater than one percent asbestos. When samples analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy contain asbestos in amounts less than ten percent (<10%), a more exact method of analysis called point counting may be performed at the client's request. The EPA point count method allows a sample in which asbestos was visually

detected, but which is visually estimated to have 10% or less asbestos, to be quantified using a point count procedure. If not point counted, a sample in which asbestos was visually detected and estimated (including trace to \leq 1%) must be assumed to be greater than 1% and treated as an ACM. The EPA point counting procedure is as follows: an ocular reticule (cross hair or point array) is used to visually superimpose a point or points on the microscope field of view. A total of 400 points superimposed on either asbestos fibers or non-asbestos matrix material must be counted over at least eight different preparations of representative sub-samples. If an asbestos fiber and matrix particle overlap so that a point is superimposed on their visual intersection, a point is scored for both categories. Point counting provides a quantification of the area percent asbestos. Per EPA's regulations, materials which have been point-counted and, therefore, quantitatively determined to have less than or equal to one percent (\leq 1%) asbestos, can be treated as non-ACM. A total of two (2) samples (sample ID: 001, 002) were point counted for this project. See point count details in Section 6.0.

A discussion of suspect ACM and suspect metals-based coating samples collected during the survey and findings are included in **Section 6.0**.

4.0 PLAN REVIEW

4.1 Plan Review

The following potential contamination concerns were identified on or within this structure during Tierra's review of existing bridge construction plans dated 1961, and bridge repair plans dated 1980, 1999, 2000 and 2006:

- Emergency brake on Sheet B-48 (brake composition and brake dimensions were not found in plans) Brake box was not accessible during site visit (bolted shut); presumed ACM
- Service brake on Sheet B-48 (brake composition and brake dimensions were not found in plans) Brake box was not accessible during site visit (bolted shut); presumed ACM
- "Johns Manville," a common trade name for asbestos containing materials was noted for the gray, 9-inch by 9-inch floor tile inside "Control House" on Sheet B-53 (EB-39) – suspect ACM samples were collected and analyzed
- Details of fender and platform show treated timber piles (creosote oil and pitch) on Sheet B-56 (EB-42) – Based on field observations, the timber pile clusters were replaced with concrete piles

See copies of these sheets in **Appendix F**.

5.0 REGULATORY OVERVIEW

5.1 Asbestos Regulations

NESHAP (40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M) regulates asbestos fiber emissions and asbestos waste disposal practices. It also requires the identification and classification of existing building materials prior to demolition or renovation activity. Under NESHAP, asbestos-containing building materials are classified as either friable, Category I non-friable, or Category II non-friable ACM. Friable materials are those that, when dry, may be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. Category I non-friable ACM includes packings, gaskets, resilient floor coverings and asphalt roofing products containing more than 1% asbestos.

Category II non-friable ACM are any materials other than Category I materials that contain more than 1% asbestos.

Friable ACM, Category I and Category II non-friable ACM which are in poor condition and has become friable or which will be subjected to drilling, sanding, grinding, cutting or abrading and which could be crushed or pulverized during anticipated renovation or demolition activities are considered Regulated Asbestos Containing Material (RACM).

In the State of Florida, asbestos activities are regulated by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP). RACM must be removed prior to demolition activities which will disturb the ACM materials. The owner or operator must provide the FDEP with written notification of planned removal activities at least 10 working days prior to the commencement of asbestos abatement activities. Removal of RACM must be conducted by a State of Florida licensed asbestos abatement contractor.

The OSHA Asbestos standard for construction (29 CFR 1926.1101) regulates workplace exposure to asbestos. The OSHA standard requires that employee exposure to airborne asbestos fibers be maintained below 0.1 asbestos fibers per cubic centimeter of air (0.1 f/cc). The OSHA standard classifies construction and maintenance activities which could disturb ACM and specifies work practices and precautions which employers must follow when engaging in each class of regulated work.

It is important to note, according to the USEPA (<u>https://www.epa.gov/asbestos/us-federal-bans-asbestos</u>), the manufacture, importation, processing and distribution of many ACM products are not banned.

5.2 Metals-Based Protective Coatings and Lead-Based Paint Regulations

Historically, metals such as arsenic, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury and zinc were added to paints and other coatings as pigmentation and/or to improve performance, color and longevity. Specific regulations regarding lead-based paints have been developed by the EPA.

Lead-based paint is defined as a surface coating or paint containing lead in excess of 1.0 milligram per square centimeter (mg/cm2) or 0.5% by weight (EPA Toxic Substance Control Act, Section 401). 0.5% is equivalent to 5000 parts per million (ppm). Based on regulations contained in the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (LBPPPA) and promulgated by the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC), lead-based paint is defined as paint containing more than 0.06% lead as of June 1977. In 1978, the CPSC banned the sale of lead-based paint to consumers.

Under EPA regulations arsenic, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury and zinc impacted wastes generated during abatement activities are handled as either a solid waste or a hazardous waste, depending on the amount and form of each of the metals.

If the maximum level of the contaminant in an extract of a representative sample of the waste stream proposed for disposal, as determined by a Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) laboratory analysis (see *Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,* Test Method 1311, EPA Publication SW-846), is less than the regulatory level set in 40 CFR 261.24, then EPA regulations allow the material to be disposed of as solid waste at a solid

waste landfill. If the TCLP analysis equals or exceeds the regulatory level, the material must be managed as a hazardous waste.

The EPA's maximum concentration regulatory levels, as listed in 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1 - Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for the Toxicity Characteristic are: arsenic 5.0 milligrams per liter (mg/L), cadmium 1.0 mg/L, chromium 5.0 mg/L, lead 5.0 mg/L, and mercury 0.2 mg/L. Zinc is not listed in Table 1.

Impacted materials that are recycled, such as painted steel beams sent to a scrap metal yard, are not considered waste; therefore, they are exempt from waste disposal regulations, however other occupational exposure and recycling regulations may apply.

OSHA established the Lead Standard for the Construction Industry, 29 CFR 1926.62, which applies to all construction work where an employee may be exposed to lead. These exposures include demolition and salvage of structures where lead or material containing lead are present and removal or encapsulation of materials containing lead, as well as alterations and repairs including painting and decorating. The standard defines the occupationally permissible exposure limit and specific requirements for construction work with and in lead materials. OSHA does not have a percentage lead in paint action level in their current construction lead standard. OSHA regulations are driven by airborne lead exposure to workers. OSHA considers the lead regulation enforceable if the presence of *any* lead in paint at detectable concentrations is present when demolition or renovation activities are performed. Any abatement of the lead-based paint or cutting, sanding, and/or grinding of the structures painted with LBP should be performed in accordance with OSHA regulations. OSHA also has established exposure limits for other heavy metals including arsenic, cadmium and chromium. Demolition activities are regulated under the NESHAP statute for general dust control. Specifications for the proper work practices, controls and disposal should be developed to document compliance with all applicable regulations.

6.0 FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

6.1 Asbestos

A Bridge Location Map is included in **Appendix A**. A photographic log showing homogenous areas is presented in **Appendix B**. Certifications and Licenses are included in **Appendix C**. The laboratory analytical reports are included in **Appendix D**. Sample Location Sketches are included in **Appendix E**.

A total of seventeen (17) homogenous areas were identified during this survey. A total of three (3) homogeneous areas (Homogenous Areas 15, 16 and 17) which included brakes and electrical components were not sampled to preserve safety and bridge operational integrity. These three homogeneous areas where suspect ACMs were not collected are discussed in the following:

Homogeneous Area 14 – Emergency Brake

One emergency brake box was identified in the existing bridge plans dated 1961 on Sheet B-48. See photograph in **Appendix B** and location on Sheet B-48 in **Appendix F**. The brake size and material was not identified in the plans. However, based on the size of the box encasing the brake, and similar bridges, Tierra presumes there are two brake pads within the brake box which total less than two square feet in size. Samples of the brake pads were not collected to preclude possible bridge operational integrity concerns. Tierra did not open the brake box which was bolted closed.

Homogeneous Area 15 – Service Brake

One service brake box was identified in the existing bridge plans dated 1961 on Sheet B-48. See photograph in **Appendix B** and location on Sheet B-48 in **Appendix F**. The brake size and material was not identified in the plans. However, based on the size of the box encasing the brake, and similar bridges, Tierra presumes there are two brake pads within the brake box which total less than two square feet in size. Samples of the brake pads were not collected to preclude possible bridge operational integrity concerns. Tierra did not open the brake box which was bolted closed. The brake pads are assumed to be ACM and Category II non-friable.

Homogeneous Area 16 – Electrical Components

Electrical gear switch/control panels were observed inside of the electrical room (bottom floor) and visually identified as *suspect* ACM. See photograph in **Appendix B** and locations on Sheet B-48 in **Appendix F**. Samples of the switching panels were not collected and panels were not opened to preclude possible safety and bridge operational integrity concerns. The electrical gear switch/control panels appeared to be in good condition. Tierra estimated the electrical components to be approximately 150 cubic feet. The electrical gear switch/control panels are assumed to be ACM and Category II non-friable. It is important to note, according to the USEPA (<u>https://www.epa.gov/asbestos/us-federal-bans-asbestos</u>), the manufacture, importation, processing and distribution of many ACM products are not banned. Therefore, non-metallic electrical components such as bus-blocks, terminal strips, mounting boards, panels, breaker boxes, wire coatings, switch gear/boxes may be considered suspect ACMs.

A total of forty-two (42) bulk samples were collected from fourteen (14) homogeneous areas of suspect ACM identified at the tender house and bridge structure. Laboratory Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) testing indicated a total of two (2) samples (sample ID: 001 and 002) were identified as ACM: both were brown mastic (5% chrysotile) attached to the gray Vinyl Composite Tile (VCT) located on the floor inside the bridge tender house. Point count laboratory

analysis indicated these samples were 2.8 %, and 1.4 % chrysotile, respectively. See photographs in **Appendix B**.

A summary of the suspect ACMs identified is provided in the following table, along with the laboratory analytical results. Approximate quantities identified in the following tables were based on dimensions obtained during the review of existing bridge construction plans. The Google Earth measuring tool or field observations were used when existing bridge construction plans were illegible.

1 001 12"x12" Gray VCT w/brown mastic; tender house 150 ft ² PLM 5% Chrysotile; point count 1.4% chrysotile Category I 002 003 12"x12" Gray VCT w/brown mastic; tender house 150 ft ² PLM 5% Chrysotile; point count 1.4% chrysotile Category I 003 003 Black baseboard with light brown mastic; tender house 60 LF Not Detected NA 3 006 Gray concrete w/white paint; Interior tender house 120 ft ³ Not Detected NA 4 011 Gray concrete w/tan paint; Exterior tender house 120 ft ³ Not Detected NA 5 014 Gray concrete with gray paint; tender house 121 ft ³ Not Detected NA 6 017B Black bearing pad-end bent; bridge structure 170 ft ² Not Detected NA 7 020B girder and end bent; bridge structure 170 ft ² Not Detected NA 8 023B Gray encrete – end bent; bridge structure 6,000 ft ³ Not Detected NA 9 026B Gray deck concrete – end bent; bridge structure 113,450 ft ³ Not Detected NA 10 029B Gray girder oncrete-girder; bridge structure 846,750 ft ² Not Detected NA 11 032T Gray sidewal	Homogeneous	Sample	Material Description /	Approx.	Lab Results %	NESHAP	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c } 1 & \begin{array}{c c c c c } 0 & \begin{array}{c c c c c } 12''x12'' & \operatorname{Gray VCT} w/brown mastic; \\ tender house & \begin{array}{c c c c c } 150 & \mathrm{ft}^2 & \begin{array}{c c c c c } Chrysotile; point \\ count 2.8\% \\ (hrysotile) & \begin{array}{c c c } PLM 5\% \\ Chrysotile; point \\ count 1.4\% \\ (hrysotile) & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c c c } PLM 5\% \\ Chrysotile; point \\ count 1.4\% \\ (hrysotile) & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c c } PLM 5\% \\ Chrysotile; point \\ count 1.4\% \\ (hrysotile) & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c c } PLM 5\% \\ (hrysotile; point \\ count 1.4\% \\ (hrysotile) & \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c c } PLM 5\% \\ (hrysotile) & \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c c } PLM 5\% \\ (hrysotile; point \\ count 1.4\% \\ (hrysotile) & \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c c } PLM 5\% \\ (hrysotile; point \\ count 1.4\% \\ (hrysotile) & \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c c } PLM 5\% \\ (hrysotile; point \\ count 1.4\% \\ (hrysotile) & \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c c } PLM 5\% \\ (hrysotile; point \\ (hrysotile) & \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} & \end{array} & \begin{array}{c c } PLM 5\% \\ (hrysotile; point \\ (hrysotile) & \end{array} & $	Sample Area	No.	Sample Location	Quantity	Asbestos	Category	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		001		150 ft ²	Chrysotile; point count 2.8%	Ostanani	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1				PLM 5% Chrysotile; point count 1.4% chrysotile		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					Not Detected		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			Black baseboard with light brown				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2			60 LF	Not Detected	NA	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			Cray concrete w/white point:				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3	008		120 ft ³	Not Detected	NA	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		009	Interior tender nouse				
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$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		012	lender nouse				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		013		121 ft³	Not Detected		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5	014				NA	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		015	lender nouse electrical room				
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		016B		170 ft ²			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6	017B			Not Detected	NA	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		018B	bridge structure				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		019B	Black felt pad- end bent between	840 LF	Not Detected		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	7	020B				NA	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		021B					
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		022B					
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	8			6,000 ft ³	Not Detected	NA	
9 025B 026B 027B Gray deck concrete – deck; bridge structure 113,450 ft ³ Not Detected NA 10 028B 029B Gray girder concrete-girder; bridge structure 846,750 ft ² Not Detected NA 10 029B Gray girder concrete-girder; bridge structure 846,750 ft ² Not Detected NA 11 031T Gray sidewalk concrete-sidewalk; bridge structure 14,200 ft ³ Not Detected NA		024B	bridge structure	,			
9 026B 027B Gray deck concrete – deck; bridge structure 113,450 ft ³ Not Detected NA 10 028B 029B Gray girder concrete-girder; bridge structure 846,750 ft ² Not Detected NA 10 029B bridge structure 846,750 ft ² Not Detected NA 11 031T Gray sidewalk concrete-sidewalk; bridge structure 14,200 ft ³ Not Detected NA							
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028B Gray girder concrete-girder; 846,750 ft ² Not Detected NA 10 029B bridge structure 846,750 ft ² Not Detected NA 030B 031T Gray sidewalk concrete-sidewalk; 14,200 ft ³ Not Detected NA	-		bridge structure	-,			
10 029B Gray girder concrete-girder; bridge structure 846,750 ft ² Not Detected NA 030B 031T Gray sidewalk concrete-sidewalk; bridge structure 14,200 ft ³ Not Detected NA							
030B 030B 031T Gray sidewalk concrete-sidewalk; 11 032T	10			846.750 ft ²	Not Detected	NA	
11 Gray sidewalk concrete-sidewalk; 14,200 ft ³ Not Detected NA			bridge structure				
11 032T Gray sidewalk concrete-sidewalk; 14,200 ft ³ Not Detected NA							
	11			14,200 ft ³	Not Detected	NA	
033T		033T	bridge structure				
034T				11 100 ft ³			
12 Gray concrete w/tan paint-guardrail; 11 100 ft ³ Not Detected	12				Not Detected	NA	
036T bridge structure	12		bridge structure			1 1/ 1	

Table 1 – Summary of Suspected ACM

NESHAP Asbestos Survey and Screening for Metals-Based Coatings Big Carlos Pass Bridge (FDOT Structure No. 120028) Lee County CN-16002 Tierra Project No.: 6511-16-051E

Homogeneous Sample Sample Area No.		Material Description / Sample Location	Approx. Quantity	Lab Results % Asbestos	NESHAP Category
13	037T 038T 039T	Gray expansion fill-sidewalk; bridge structure	2,300 LF	Not Detected	NA
14	040B 041B 042B	Gray pile concrete-piles; Bridge structure	5,400 ft ³	Not Detected	NA
15 NA		emergency brake (not observed and not identified in plans)	Presumed 2 ft ²	Assumed ACM Not tested	Category II Non-friable
16 NA		service brake (not observed and not identified in plans)	Presumed 2 ft ²	Assumed ACM Not tested	Category II Non-friable
17	NA	Electrical Components	150 ft ³	Assumed ACM Not tested	Category II Non-friable

B-Sample taken from bottom of bridge; T-Sample was taken from top of bridge; S-Sample was taken from side of bridge

No ceiling tiles were observed inside of the tender house office or electrical room. Ceilings were constructed of concrete (painted) which appeared similar to walls and floors within the rooms. The tender house roof was also constructed of concrete (no shingles, tiles, felt, tar paper or other suspect roofing materials). Scuppers were identified on this bridge structure and determined to be constructed of PVC. Tierra visually verified that bearing pads located at the bascule and flanking (central) spans were constructed of metal, and bearing pads at intermediate bents were neoprene.

6.2 Recommendations for Asbestos Containing Materials

It should be noted that suspect materials, other than those identified during this survey could exist within the structures in areas not accessible to the inspector at the time of the survey. Should suspect materials other than those which were identified during this survey be uncovered during the demolition process, those materials should be assumed to be ACM until sampling and analysis can confirm or refute their asbestos content.

Non-metallic electrical components such as bus-blocks, terminal strips, mounting boards, panels, breaker boxes, wire coatings, switch gear/boxes, which are assumed ACMs and were not sampled during this survey should be laboratory tested prior to demolition and after the equipment has been de-energized using proper lock out tag out procedures to determine the presence or absence of ACMs. During future sampling, if conducted, a more precise determination of the quantity could be performed while the equipment is de-energized.

It is important to note, if this material is disturbed in a manner such that it becomes friable, such as sanding, grinding or abrading, this material becomes Regulated Asbestos Containing Material (RACM) and will require handling by a Florida Licensed Abatement Contractor.

Any activity which disturbs the ACM material or assumed ACM material, such as pressure washing, scraping, cutting, drilling, demolition activities or other abrasive methods must be performed in accordance with an appropriately designed abatement plan and implemented by the CAR Contractor. This shall be discussed with the DCIC and the CAR Contractor at the Pre-Construction Conference. See **Appendix G** for the Asbestos Abatement Plan.

6.3 Metals-Based Protective Coatings

Metal surfaces with suspected metals-based paints and/or protective coatings were observed on the bridge structure during the survey. A total of three (3) composite paint chip samples (sample IDs: PC-1, PC-2, and PC-3) were collected for laboratory analysis. The composite samples were analyzed for **Total Metals** concentrations and *tested positive for the presence of metals*. The total metal concentrations, component coated, coating color, location, approximate quantity and laboratory analytical results are presented in the following summary table, with regulatory exceedances noted in bold. See **Appendix B** for photographs of the materials. The laboratory analytical reports are included in **Appendix D**. See **Appendix E** for Sample Location Sheet "B-39" and Sheet "B-40."

Based on the EPA definition of Lead-Based Paint (LBP) and laboratory analytical results, the total lead concentration of 41,000 mg/kg for *PC-2 does meet the definition of LBP.*

TCLP analysis was conducted for a total of three (3) paint chip samples: PC-1 (chromium and lead only), PC-2 (chromium and lead only) and PC-3 (lead only). TCLP lab analytical results indicate *lead exceeds the Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for the Toxicity Characteristic for PC-2, and PC-3.* TCLP analysis was not conducted for zinc since it is not listed in Table 1 Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for the Toxicity (mg/L) found in 40 CFR 261.24

Paint Chip Sample No.	Material Description	Approx. Quantity	Metal	Total Metals Lab Results (mg/kg)	TCLP Lab Results (mg/L)	Table 1-Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for the Toxicity Characteristic (mg/L)
			Arsenic (As)	19	Not tested	5
	White paint with gray		Cadmium (Cd)	6.1	Not tested	1
PC-1	undercoating on metal	50 SF	Chromium (Cr)	110	0.05 U	5
10-1	staircase inside	50 SF	Lead (Pb)	430	0.57	5
	electrical room		Mercury (Hg)	.58	Not tested	0.2
			Zinc (Zn)	48,000	Not tested	N/A
	Light blue paint with gray undercoating on steel door located on steel wall partition between electrical room and trunnion area	350 SF	Arsenic (As)	19	Not tested	5
			Cadmium (Cd)	7.0	Not tested	1
PC-2			Chromium (Cr)	1,500	0.14	5
-			Lead (Pb)	41,000	107	5
			Mercury (Hg)	0.12	Not tested	0.2
			Zinc (Zn)	17,000	Not tested	N/A
	Blue paint with white undercoating located on steel bascule girder in trunnion area	30,000 SF	Arsenic (As)	ND	Not tested	5
			Cadmium (Cd)	ND	Not tested	1
PC-3			Chromium (Cr)	5.3	Not tested	5
10-0			Lead (Pb)	970	5.5	5
			Mercury (Hg)	0.13	Not tested	0.2
			Zinc (Zn)	21,000	Not tested	N/A

Table 2: Summary of Suspected Metals-Based Coatings

ND-Analyte was not detected at the reporting limit (see lab report for reporting limit)

SF-square feet

PC-paint chip U-compound was analyzed but not detected

Bold-indicates an exceedance of 40 CFR 261.24, Table 1 - Maximum Concentration of Contaminants for the Toxicity Characteristic

NESHAP Asbestos Survey and Screening for Metals-Based Coatings Big Carlos Pass Bridge (FDOT Structure No. 120028) Lee County CN-16002 Tierra Project No.: 6511-16-051E

6.4 Recommendations for Metals-Based Coatings

Based on the presence of metals in the paints, any renovation activities which could result in exposure to workers, such as sand blasting, should be performed in accordance with OSHA regulations to protect workers. Based on the TCLP results for the tested metals it does appear that the paint waste would be deemed a hazardous waste for PC-2, and PC-3. However, if paint removal is conducted, then the method used to remove the paint has an impact on the outcome of the waste determination (i.e. sandblasting verses solvent based paint removers). A sample of the actual waste generated during the demolition process should be tested prior to disposal.

If the maximum level of the contaminant in an extract of a representative sample of the *actual waste stream* proposed for disposal, as determined by a Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) laboratory analysis (see *Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods,* Test Method 1311, EPA Publication SW-846), is less than the regulatory level set in 40 CFR 261.24, then EPA regulations allow the material to be disposed of as solid waste at a solid waste landfill. If the TCLP analysis equals or exceeds the regulatory level, the material must be managed as a hazardous waste.

Impacted materials that are recycled, such as painted steel beams sent to a scrap metal yard, are not considered waste; therefore, they are exempt from waste disposal regulations, however other occupational exposure and recycling regulations may apply.

OSHA established the Lead Standard for the Construction Industry, 29 CFR 1926.62, which applies to all construction work where an employee may be exposed to lead. These exposures include demolition and salvage of structures where lead or material containing lead are present and removal or encapsulation of materials containing lead, as well as alterations and repairs including painting and decorating. The standard defines the occupationally permissible exposure limit and specific requirements for construction work with and in lead materials. OSHA does not have a percentage lead in paint action level in their current construction lead standard. OSHA regulations are driven by airborne lead exposure to workers. OSHA considers the lead regulation enforceable if the presence of *any* lead in paint at detectable concentrations is present when demolition or renovation activities are performed. Any abatement of the lead-based paint or cutting, sanding, and/or grinding of the structures painted with LBP should be performed in accordance with OSHA regulations. OSHA also has established exposure limits for other heavy metals including arsenic, cadmium and chromium. Demolition activities are regulated under the NESHAP statute for general dust control. Specifications for the proper work practices, controls and disposal should be developed to document compliance with all applicable regulations.

NESHAP Asbestos Survey and Screening for Metals-Based Coatings Big Carlos Pass Bridge (FDOT Structure No. 120028) Lee County CN-16002 Tierra Project No.: 6511-16-051E

7.0 GENERAL COMMENTS

This survey was conducted in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by members of the profession currently practicing under similar conditions in the same locale. The results, findings, conclusions and recommendations expressed in this report are based on conditions observed during our survey of the subject bridge structures. The information contained in this report is relevant to the date on which this survey was performed, and should not be relied upon to represent conditions at a later date. Tierra does not warrant the work of regulatory agencies, laboratories or other third parties supplying information which may have been used in the preparation of this report. No warranty, express or implied, is made.

APPENDIX A

Bridge Location Map



	REVI	SIONS				STATE OF F	LORIDA	
DATE	DESCRIPTION	DATE DESCRIPTION						
				TIERRA, INC.				
				7351 TEMPLE TERRACE HIGHWAY	ROAD NO.	COUNTY	FINANCIAL PROJECT ID	BI
			TIERRA PROJECT NO.: 6511-16-051E	TAMPA, FLORIDA 33637				
				CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION 6486	CR 865	LEE		
							/	

APPENDIX B

Photograph Log

Big Carlos Pass Bridge (Bridge #120028)



Homogeneous Area #1 (sample 001-003): 12"x12" Gray VCT w/brown mastic; tender house



Homogeneous Area #2 (samples 004-006): Black baseboard with light brown mastic; north wall inside tender house



Homogeneous Area #3 (samples 007-009): Gray concrete w/white paint; west wall inside tender house



Homogeneous Area #4 (samples 010-011): Gray concrete w/ tan paint, northeast corner of tender house



Homogeneous Area #5 (samples 013-015): Gray concrete with gray paint; tender house electrical room



Homogeneous Area #6 (samples 016-018): Black bearing pad-end bent; bridge structure



Homogeneous Area #7 (sample 019-021): Black felt pad- end bent between girder and end bent



Homogeneous Area #8 (sample 022-024): Gray end bent concrete



Homogeneous Area #9 (sample 025-027): Gray deck concrete, west end of bridge



Homogeneous Area #10 (sample 028-030): Gray girder concrete



Homogeneous Area #11 (sample 031-033): Gray sidewalk concrete, west end of bridge looking east



Homogeneous Area #12 (sample 034-036): Gray concrete w/tan paint-guardrail; west end of bridge



Homogeneous Area #13 (sample 037-039): Gray expansion fill-sidewalk



Homogeneous Area #14 (sample 040-042): Gray pile concrete



Homogeneous Areas #15 and #16: service brake and emergency brake boxes – east pit



Homogeneous Area #17: Electrical Components – mechanical room

Metals-Based Coatings



PC-1: White paint with gray undercoating on metal staircase inside electrical room



PC-2: Light blue paint with gray undercoating on steel door located on steel wall partition between electrical room and trunnion area



PC-3: Blue paint with white undercoating located on steel bascule girder in trunnion area

APPENDIX C

Certifications and Licenses

man co Thomas Mayhew Bill Young President Instructor Bull M completed the requirements for asbestos accreditation under Section 206 of TSCA Title II, 15 USC 2646 from 7/20/2017 to 7/20/2017 and passed the associated exam on 7/20/2017 800.444.6382 Mayhew Environmental Training Associates D 4-hr. Asbestos Building Inspector Refresher E N.F.J. H as approved by FL and the US EPA under 40 CFR 763 (AHERA) A OR Certificate # MEDA26DC38306E4CA has on 7/20/2017, in Tampa, FL www.metaenvironmental.net Sammy Awad Training Provider #: FL49-0001221 with a score of at least 70% Course #: 170720ASBIRFL728 Lawrence, KS. 66044 RP Expiration: 7/20/2018 SSN: XXX-XX-4151 0 U I N P.O. Box 786 MATHEW NOUN TRAN

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RICK SCOTT, GOVERNOR

KEN LAWSON, SECRETARY

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL REGULATION SEGENTOS CLEENSING UNIT EA000060 The ASBESTOS CONSULTANT - ENGINEER Samed below IS LICENSED Under the provisions of Chapter 469 FS. Expiration date: NOV 30, 2018 CRANDALL, SCOTT S DYPERSIFIED PROFESSIONAL SERVICES CORP 300 10TH ST NE ST PETERSBURG FL 33704



STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL REGULATION

ASBESTOS LICENSING UNIT 1940 NORTH MONROE STREET TALLAHASSEE FL 32399-0783 (850) 487-1395

TIERRA INC SCOTT S CRANDALL 7351 TEMPLE TERRACE HWY TAMPA FL 33637

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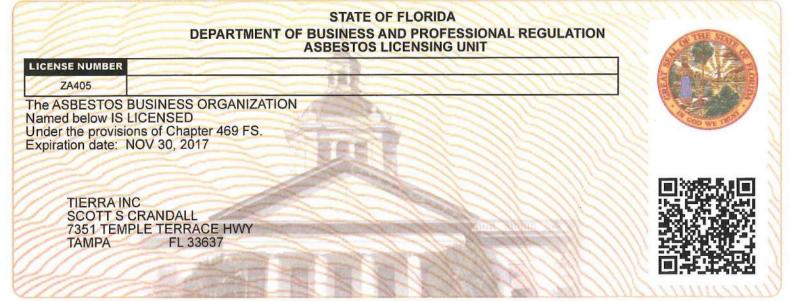
Our mission at the Department is: License Efficiently, Regulate Fairly. We constantly strive to serve you better so that you can serve your customers. Thank you for doing business in Florida, and congratulations on your new license!



DETACH HERE

RICK SCOTT, GOVERNOR

KEN LAWSON, SECRETARY



United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology	Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2005	101151-0	ıl, İnc.	is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:	nalysis	This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communique dated January 2009).	For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program
tes Department te of Standard	editation t	NVLAP LAB CODE: 101151-0	EMSL Analytical, Inc. Orlando, FL	al Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Pro listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:	Asbestos Fiber Analysis	ordance with the recognical competence for a dester to joint ISO-ILAC-IA	O HUNTED STR
United Stat National Institu	Certificate of Accre	IAN	EN	is accredited by the National Volu listed c	Asl	This laboratory is accredited in acco This accreditation demonstrates technic management system (re	2017-07-01 through 2018-06-30 Effective Dates

NVLAの National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program



SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION TO ISO/IEC 17025:2005

EMSL Analytical, Inc.

3303 Parkway Center Court Orlando, FL 32808 Carlos Rivadeneyra Phone: 407-599-5887 Email: crivadeneyra@emsl.com http://www.emsl.com

ASBESTOS FIBER ANALYSIS

NVLAP LAB CODE 101151-0

Bulk Asbestos Analysis

 Code
 Description

 18/A01
 EPA -- Appendix E to Subpart E of Part 763 -- Interim Method of the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples

 18/A03
 EPA 600/R-93/116: Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials

Airborne Asbestos Analysis

Description

<u>Code</u> 18/A02

U.S. EPA's "Interim Transmission Electron Microscopy Analytical Methods-Mandatory and Nonmandatory-and Mandatory Section to Determine Completion of Response Actions" as found in 40 CFR, Part 763, Subpart E, Appendix A.

For the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

APPENDIX D

Laboratory Results



Attention: Chris Garth Tierra, Inc. 7351 Temple Terrace Highway Tampa, FL 33637

Project: Big Carlos Br.#120028

Phone: (813) 989-1354 Fax: Received Date: 08/31/2017 2:00 PM Analysis Date: 09/06/2017 Collected Date: 08/28/2017

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-A	sbestos	Asbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Туре
001-VCT 341708082-0001	Tender House 1st Floor N-Central Wall - 12"x12" Gray VCT W/Brown Mastic	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
001-Mastic 341708082-0001A	Tender House 1st Floor N-Central Wall - 12"x12" Gray VCT W/Brown Mastic	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		95% Non-fibrous (Other)	5% Chrysotile
002-VCT 341708082-0002	Tender House 1st Floor SE-Wall - 12"x12" Gray VCT W/Brown Mastic	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
002-Mastic 341708082-0002A	Tender House 1st Floor SE-Wall - 12"x12" Gray VCT W/Brown Mastic	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		95% Non-fibrous (Other)	5% Chrysotile
003-VCT 341708082-0003	Tender House 1st Floor SW-Wall - 12"x12" Gray VCT W/Brown Mastic	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
003-Mastic 341708082-0003A	Tender House 1st Floor SW-Wall - 12"x12" Gray VCT W/Brown Mastic	Yellow Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
004-Baseboard 341708082-0004	Int. West Wall - Black Baseboard W/Light Brown Mastic	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
004-Mastic 341708082-0004A	Int. West Wall - Black Baseboard W/Light Brown Mastic	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
005-Baseboard	Int. North Wall - Black Baseboard W/Light Brown Mastic	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
005-Mastic 341708082-0005A	Int. North Wall - Black Baseboard W/Light Brown Mastic	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
006-Baseboard 341708082-0006	Int. SE Wall - Black Baseboard W/Light Brown Mastic	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		35% Quartz 15% Ca Carbonate 50% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
006-Mastic 341708082-0006A	Int. SE Wall - Black Baseboard W/Light Brown Mastic	Tan Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
007-Concrete 341708082-0007	Int. W-Wall - Gray Concrete W/White Paint	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		35% Quartz 15% Ca Carbonate 50% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
007-Paint 341708082-0007A	Int. W-Wall - Gray Concrete W/White Paint	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		15% Ca Carbonate 85% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected



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Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-A	sbestos	Asbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
008-Concrete	Int.SW-Wall - Gray Concrete W/White	Gray Non-Fibrous		35% Quartz 15% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
341708082-0008	Paint	Homogeneous		50% Non-fibrous (Other)	
008-Paint 341708082-0008A	Int.SW-Wall - Gray Concrete W/White Paint	White Non-Fibrous		15% Ca Carbonate 85% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
		Homogeneous		05% Outste	New Detected
009-Concrete	Int. SE-Wall - Gray Concrete W/White Paint	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		35% Quartz 15% Ca Carbonate 50% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
		, v			Nexe Detected
009-Paint 341708082-0009A	Int. SE-Wall - Gray Concrete W/White Paint	White Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		15% Ca Carbonate 85% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
	Exterior N. Wall NW -	•		3E% Quarta	None Detected
010-Concrete	Gray Concrete W/Tan Paint	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		35% Quartz 15% Ca Carbonate 50% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
010-Paint	Exterior N. Wall NW -	Tan		15% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
341708082-0010A	Gray Concrete W/Tan Paint	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		85% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Delected
011-Concrete	Ext. N-Central Wall -	Gray		35% Quartz	None Detected
341708082-0011	Gray Concrete W/Tan Paint	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		15% Ca Carbonate 50% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Delected
011-Paint	Ext. N-Central Wall -	Tan		15% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
341708082-0011A	Gray Concrete W/Tan Paint	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		85% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Delected
012-Concrete	Ext. N. Wall NE -	Gray		35% Quartz	None Detected
	Gray Concrete W/Tan	Non-Fibrous		15% Ca Carbonate	None Deteoled
341708082-0012	Paint	Homogeneous		50% Non-fibrous (Other)	
012-Paint	Ext. N. Wall NE -	Tan/White		15% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
341708082-0012A	Gray Concrete W/Tan Paint	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		85% Non-fibrous (Other)	
013-Concrete	W-Wall - Gray	Gray		35% Quartz	None Detected
	Concrete W/Gray	Non-Fibrous		15% Ca Carbonate	
341708082-0013	Paint	Homogeneous		50% Non-fibrous (Other)	
013-Paint	W-Wall - Gray	White		15% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
341708082-0013A	Concrete W/Gray Paint	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		85% Non-fibrous (Other)	
		-		35% Quartz	None Detected
014-Concrete	E-Wall - Gray Concrete W/Gray	Gray Non-Fibrous		35% Quartz 15% Ca Carbonate	NOTIE DETECTED
341708082-0014	Paint	Homogeneous		50% Non-fibrous (Other)	
014-Paint	E-Wall - Gray	White		15% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
	Concrete W/Gray	Non-Fibrous		85% Non-fibrous (Other)	
341708082-0014A	Paint	Homogeneous			
015-Concrete	W.Wall - Gray Concrete W/Gray	Gray Non-Fibrous		35% Quartz 15% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
341708082-0015	Paint	Homogeneous		50% Non-fibrous (Other)	
015-Paint	W.Wall - Gray Concrete W/Gray	White Non-Fibrous		15% Ca Carbonate 85% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
341708082-0015A	Paint	Homogeneous			
016	End Bent,Between	Black		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
341708082-0016	Girder & End Bent, SE Corner - Black	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			
	Bearing Pad				
017	End Bent,Between	Black		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
341708082-0017	Girder & End Bent NE Corner - Black Bearing Pad	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous			



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Project ID:

Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-Asbe	stos	Asbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Type
018 341708082-0018	Intermediate Between Girder, NW Corner - Black Bearing Pad	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
019 341708082-0019	End Bent,Between Girder & End Bent,SE Corner - Black Felt	Black Fibrous	10% Cellulose	90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
541708082-0019	Pad	Homogeneous			
020	End Bent,Between Girder & End Bent,NE	Black Fibrous	12% Cellulose	88% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
341708082-0020	Corner - Black Felt Pad	Homogeneous			
021	End Bent,Between Girder & End Bent,NE	Black Fibrous	10% Cellulose	90% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
341708082-0021	Corner - Black Felt Pad	Homogeneous			
022	E.End Bent-SE - Gr.End Bent Concrete	Gray Non-Fibrous		20% Quartz 15% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
341708082-0022		Homogeneous		65% Non-fibrous (Other)	
023 341708082-0023	E.End-Central - Gr.End Bent Concrete	Gray Non-Fibrous		20% Quartz 15% Ca Carbonate 65% Non fibrous (Other)	None Detected
024	W.Int.Bent-Central -	Homogeneous Gray		65% Non-fibrous (Other) 35% Quartz	None Detected
341708082-0024	Gr.End Bent Concrete	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		15% Ca Carbonate 50% Non-fibrous (Other)	
025	B.Deck.E.End - Gr. Deck Concrete	Gray Non-Fibrous		35% Quartz 15% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
341708082-0025		Homogeneous		50% Non-fibrous (Other)	
026 341708082-0026	B.Deck.E.End - Gr. Deck Concrete	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		35% Quartz 15% Ca Carbonate 50% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
027	B.Deck.W.End - Gr.	Gray		35% Quartz	None Detected
341708082-0027	Deck Concrete	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		15% Ca Carbonate 50% Non-fibrous (Other)	
028	E. End.S.Girder - Gr. Girder Concrete	Gray Non-Fibrous		55% Quartz 10% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
341708082-0028		Homogeneous		35% Non-fibrous (Other)	
029	W.End N.Girder - Gr. Girder Concrete	Gray Non-Fibrous		55% Quartz 10% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
341708082-0029 D30	W.End-Central Girder	Homogeneous Gray		35% Non-fibrous (Other) 40% Quartz	None Detected
341708082-0030	- Gr. Girder Concrete	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		10% Ca Carbonate 50% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Deleoled
)31	Sidewalk E.End - Gr.	Gray		55% Quartz	None Detected
341708082-0031	Sidewalk Concrete	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		10% Ca Carbonate 35% Non-fibrous (Other)	
032	Sidewalk Central - Gr.	Gray		55% Quartz	None Detected
341708082-0032	Sidewalk Concrete	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		10% Ca Carbonate 35% Non-fibrous (Other)	
)33	Sidewalk W.End - Gr.	Gray		45% Quartz	None Detected
341708082-0033	Sidewalk Concrete	Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		10% Ca Carbonate 45% Non-fibrous (Other)	
034	Guardrail, E. End - Gr, Concrete W/Tan	Gray Non-Fibrous		50% Quartz 10% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
341708082-0034	Paint Guardrail	Homogeneous		40% Non-fibrous (Other)	
035	Guradrail,Central - Gr, Concrete W/Tan Paint	Gray Non-Fibrous		50% Quartz 10% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
341708082-0035	Guardrail	Homogeneous		40% Non-fibrous (Other)	



Test Report: Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy

			Non-A	<u>sbestos</u>	Asbestos
Sample	Description	Appearance	% Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous	% Туре
036	Guardrail, W.End - Gr, Concrete W/Tan	Gray Non-Fibrous		55% Quartz 10% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
341708082-0036	Paint Guardrail	Homogeneous		35% Non-fibrous (Other)	
037 341708082-0037	Sidewalk, E.End - Gr. Expansion Fill	Gray Non-Fibrous Homogeneous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
		, v			
038	Sidewalk,Central - Gr. Expansion Fill	Gray Non-Fibrous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
341708082-0038		Homogeneous			
039	Sidewalk,W.End - Gr. Expansion Fill	Gray Non-Fibrous		100% Non-fibrous (Other)	None Detected
341708082-0039		Homogeneous			
040	E.Benr-South Pile Int. - Gr. Pile Concrete	Gray Non-Fibrous		55% Quartz 10% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
341708082-0040		Homogeneous		35% Non-fibrous (Other)	
041	E.Int.bent N.Pile - Gr. Pile Concrete	Gray Non-Fibrous		50% Quartz 10% Ca Carbonate	None Detected
341708082-0041		Homogeneous		40% Non-fibrous (Other)	
042	W.Int.Bent N.Pile -	Gray		50% Quartz	None Detected
0.12	Gr. Pile Concrete	Non-Fibrous		10% Ca Carbonate	Detected
341708082-0042		Homogeneous		40% Non-fibrous (Other)	

Analyst(s)

Fletcher Etheridge (6) Jessicka Lopez (30) Timothy Kleehammer (21)

Carlos Rivadeneyra, Laboratory Director or Other Approved Signatory

EMSL maintains liability limited to cost of analysis. This report relates only to the samples reported and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. EMSL bears no responsibility for sample collection activities or analytical method limitations. Interpretation and use of test results are the responsibility of the client. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any agency of the federal government. Non-friable organically bound materials present a problem matrix and therefore EMSL recommends gravimetric reduction prior to analysis. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Estimated accuracy, precision and uncertainty data available upon request. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Reporting limit is 1%

Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Orlando, FL NVLAP Lab Code 101151-0

Initial report from: 09/06/2017 16:18:03

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,	EMSL

EMSL ANALYTICAL, INC.

Asbestos Bulk Building Material Chain of Custody

3303 Parkway Center Court

EMSL Order Number (Lab Use Only):

Orlando, FL 32808 PHONE: (407) 599-5887 FAX: (407) 599-9063

EMSL ANALY			341708	307782		FAX: (407) 599-9063	
Company :	Tierra					to: Same Different	
Street: 735	Street: 7351 Temple Terrace Highway			Third Party	Third Party Billing requires written authorization from third party		
City: Tamp			State/Province: FL	Zip/Postal Code		Country: US	
		Chris Garth		Telephone #: 8	139891354		
		arth@tierra		Fax #:		Purchase Order: 6511-16-051E	
			los Br.#120028	Please Provide	Results:	Fax √ Emaii Maii	
U.S. State	Samples	Taken: FL				ial/Taxable 🗌 Residential/Tax Exempt	
☐ 3 Hour		6 Hour	Turnaround Time	(TAT) Options* Ple		lour 🔲 1 Week 🚺 2 Week	
*For TEM An	r 3 hr throu	oh 6 hr. please	call ahead to schedule.*There is	premium charge for 3 Ho	UT TEM AHER	A or EPA Level II TAT. You will be asked to sign on some second to sign on some second and the second s	
		<u> A - Bulk (rep</u>				rem – Bulk	
PLM EP	A 600/R-	93/116 <u>(</u> <1%)		– EPA 600	/R-93/116 Section 2.5.5.1	
D PLM EP.				NY ELAP Meth		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			1000 (<0.1%)	Chatfield Proto			
			0 (<0.25%) 🗌 1000 (<0.1%)			0/R-93/116 Section 2.5.5.2	
	9002 (<1	<u> %)</u> d 198.1 (friat				lount Prep Technique	
			(non-friable-NY)			Other	
			<u>(</u>				
🔲 Standar	rd Additio	n Method	_				
Check F	or Posit	ive Stop – C	learly Identify Homogenoi	is Group Date San	npled: 8/28	/2017	
Samplers I	_{Name:} S	ammy A	\wad	Samplers Sig		Sure Aural	
Sample #	HA #		Sample Location		L	Material Description	
Sample # 001-042	на# 1-14	See	<u>Sample Location</u> e attached Bulk Sa			Material Description	
		See		imple Log		Material Description	
		See	e attached Bulk Sa	imple Log		Material Description	
		See	e attached Bulk Sa	imple Log		Material Description	
		See	e attached Bulk Sa	imple Log		Material Description	
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		See	e attached Bulk Sa	imple Log		Material Description	
		See	e attached Bulk Sa	imple Log		Material Description	
	1-14		e attached Bulk Sa	imple Log		tal # of Samples: 42	
001-042	1-14		e attached Bulk Sa Br.# 120028				
001-042	1-14		e attached Bulk Sa Br.# 120028			tal # of Samples: 42	
001-042	1-14		e attached Bulk Sa Br.# 120028	042 042 Date: 8/30/201		tal # of Samples: 42 Time: 1600	
001-042	1-14		e attached Bulk Sa Br.# 120028	042 042 Date: 8/30/201		tal # of Samples: 42 Time: 1600	

Page 1 of _____ pages Page 1 Of 6

341708077.82 2056

BULK SAMPLE LOG

	Big Carlos Pass Bridge		-051E
Samplers Name, Date.	Sammy Awad 8/28/201	<u>4</u>	
HA#: \	Sample #: 001	Friable: Y (1) Condition: Glosd	
Material Description:		Location(s): Tender House 1st floor	Approx
12"x 12" Grav	VCT w/ brown mastic	-lender House 1= 41000	Amour
		N-central wall	1365
HA获 \	Sample #: 002	Friable: Y / Y Condition: Good	<u> </u>
Material Description:		Location(s):	Approx
μ	1(Tender House 1st Floor	Amour
		se- wall	Į
HA#: \	Sample #: 003	Friable: Y / Condition: Good	
Material Description:		Location(s):	Аррго
,	મ	TENDER HOUSE 134 Albor	Атоц
. •		SW -Wall	
HA # 2	Sample #: 004	Friable: Y IN Condition: Good	
Material Description:		Location(s):	Appro
RINK RA	seboard w/ light	Tad Wish Wall	Amou
Differ 130	brown mastic	TW: Arg. Dopt.	60 1
HA # 2	Sample #: 00 \$	Friable: Y/R Condition: Good	<u>!_</u>
Material Description:		Location(s):	Appro
*	ν ^ι		Amou
		Int North Wall	
HA# Z	Sample #: 000	Friable: Y/N Condition: Greed	
Material Description:		Location(s):	Appr
n I	C.		Amo
		Int. SE wall	
HA #: 5	Sample ≇: 007	Friable: Y / Condition: Good	
Material Description:		Location(s):	Appr
Grav	Concrete w white pain	+ Jot. W-Wall	Amo
HA# 3	Sample #: 00.8	Friable: Y / B Condition: Good	h
Material Description:		Location(s):	Аррі
11	. \(>		Ато
		Int. Sw-wall	
HA#: 3	Sample #: 009	Friable: Y / A) Condition: Good	
Material Description:		Location(s):	Appi
	Lt		Amo
11	• '	Int. SE Wall	ł

Tender House

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3417080366 BULK SAMPLE LOG

	Project Name/Number:	Big Cortos Pass Bridde	Br. # 120088 6511-16-05	IE.
•	Samplers Name/Date:	Sommy Awod 81281 201	ł	
	HA#: /l	Sample #: 010	Friable: Y / Condition: Good	
,	Material Description:		Location(s):	Approx.
	Gray Concrete	w tan paint	Exterior N. Wall NW	Amounia
	нат Ц	Sample #: 011	Friable: Y / (N) Condition: Good	<u></u>
	Material Description:		Location(s):	Approx.
		N _	Ext. N-Central Wall	Amount:
	HA#: 4	Sample #: 012-	Frizble: Y/ Condition: Gase	· · · · · · · · ·
	Material Description:		Location(s):	Арргох.
		1	Ext. N. Wall NE	Amounic
hice	HA ≢ 5	Sample #: 013	Frizble: Y / (R) Condition: Good	
Electrical Room	Material Description:	_,	Lotation(s):	Approx.
Ψ.	Grail	. Concrete wl gray Paint	W-Wall	Amount
	HA∰ 5	Sample ≢ 614	Friable: Y/R Condition: Grood	J
	. Material Description:	<u> </u>	ໄດ້ເສັກດາໃຈ):	Approx. Amounit
	٢	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	E. Wall	Panotant
	^{HA} [#] 5	Sample #: 015	Friable: Y/G Condition: Gase	
	Material Description:		Location(s):	Approx.
	λ	, '	wwall	Amount
	HA #. 6	Sample #: 016	Friable: Y N Condition: Good	_1
Brid ge # 120028	Material Description:	_	Location(s): End Bent	Approx. Amount:
120098	Black Be	ating Pool	Story, Between Girder + End Bent, SE Corner	· ·
	на <i>±</i> . (р	Sample #: 017:	Friable: Y/(N) Condition: Good	_!
	Material Description:			Арргох.
	u .		End Bent, Between Girder + End But	Amount:
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NE corner	1
	HA#: 6	Sample #: 018	Friable: Y / (N) Condition: Good	_
	Material Description:	e	6 But, and But, NW Corner	Approx. Amount:
		Page 3 Of	6 But, Best, NW Corner	.

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BULK SAMPLE LOG

Project Name/Number	Big Carlos Poss Br	1dse Br.+ 120028 6511-15-	051E
Samplers Name/Date:	Sammy Awad 8 28	9]
и ж. д	Sample #: 019	Friable: Y IN Condition: Good	
Material Description: Block Felt 9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	End Bent, Between Gircler t End Bent, 155 Corner	Approx. Amount
HA 1	Sample # 070	Frizble: Y (N) Condition: Good	
Material Description: (\	ţ	Location(s): End Bent, Between Girder + End Bent, NE corner	Approx. Amount
HA #: २	Sample # 621	Friable: Y (Condition: Gaud	
Material Description:	,'	Location(s): End Bent, Between Girder - End Bent, SW corner	Approx. Amount
HA#: 8	Sample # 022	Friable: Y / N Condition: Cood	
Material Description: Gr. End	Bent Concrete	E. End But - SE	Арргох Аточл
HA #: 8	Sample # 623	Friable: Y/N Condition: Good	
Material Description:	. 1	E. End Bent - Central	Арргох Аточл
HA ≇: 8	Sample #: 024	Friable: Y / Condition: Good	<u> </u>
Material Description:	11	Location(s): W. Int. But - Central	Approx Amou
HA∉t Q	Sample #: 675	Friable: Y/N Condition:	
Material Description:	Deck Concrete	B. Duck - E. End	Approx Amour
HA#: q	Sample #: 036	Frizble: Y/M Condition: Good	
Material Description:		Location(s): B.D.C.K-E.E.N.	Appro Amou
HA#: 9	Sample # 027	Friable: Y/N Condition: Good	<u> </u>
Material Description:	UAN UAN Page 4 Of	Location(s): B. Duck -W. End	Appro.

Br # 120078

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BULK SAMPLE LOG

	Big Carlos Pass Bridge		-051E
Samplers Name/Date:	Sammy Awad 8/281	2017	
 Aま:)へ	Sample #: 028	Friable: Y / N Condition: Good	
lA #: 10 Naterial Description:	048	Location(s):	Approx.
ייאטקי שכיע או איזאין			Amount
Gr. Girden	: Concrete	E. End - S. Girder	
HA≇: 10	Sample #: 039	Friable: Y/N Condition: Good	
Material Description:		Location(s):	Approx.
	4	W. EndN. Girder	Amount
HA#: \O	Sample #: 030	Friable: Y/M Condition: Good	
Material Description:		Location(s):	Approx
N	د ۲	W.End - Central Girder	Amoune
HA∉:	Sample #: 031	Friable: Y/N Condition: Guod	
Material Description:		Location(s):	Approx
Gr. Si	dewallh Concrete	Sidewalk- E. End	Amouni
HA &: \\	Sample #: 032 .	Friable: Y/N Condition: Good	
Material Description:		Loțation(s):	Approx
~	N,	Sidewallh- Central	Атоцпі
HA∯: \\	Sample #: 033	Friable: Y/(N) Condition: Good	
Material Description:		Location(s):	Approx
~		Sidewalk - W.End	Атюшл
HA 赤 12	Sample #: 634	Friable: Y / Condition: Good	- <u> </u>
Material Description:		Location(s):	Approx
los Arreado La	Han Paint Standthe so	Guardrail, E. End	
- GII-CONCIO-IN-	Guardrail		
HA歩 12	Sample #: 035	Friable: Y/N Condition: Good	_=
Material Description:		Location(s):	Арргож
4 <u>-</u>	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Guardrail, Central	Απουπ
HA # 12	Sample #: 036	Friable: Y/N Condition: Good	!
Material Description:		Location(s): Guardroil, W.End	Арргох Алюцп
	Page 5 Of	6	ŀ

Fr.# 120028

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Br.# 120028

34170807782

6 of 6

BULK SAMPLE LOG

Project Name/Number:	Big Carlos Pass Bridg	1 Br. # 120028 - 6511-11	6-051E
	Sammy Awar 8/28/2		
ца <i>ж</i> 13	Sample #: 037	Friable: Y/N Condition: Good	
Material Description:		Location(s):	Approx.
Gr. Expan	sion Fill	Sidewell, E. End	Amount
	Sample #: 038	Friable: Y/ Condition: Good	~~~
Material Description:		Location(s):	Approx.
	"	Sidewalk, Central	- Amounic
HA#: 13	Sample #: 039	Friable: Y/ Condition: Good	· ·
Material Description:	<u>,</u>	Location(s):	Approx.
· •	u	Sidewalls, W.End	
HA # L	Sample #: 040	Friable: Y / Condition: Good	
Material Description:	······································	Location(s):	Approx.
Gr. S	file Concrete	E. Bert - South Pile Int.	Amouni
HA#: IU	Sample #: 041	Friable: Y/B Condition: Good	
Material Description:	11	E. Int. Bent N. Pik	Approx. Amouni
HA #: U Material Description:	Sample # 042	Friable: Y / D Condition: Good	Approx
()	~ ~	W. Int. Bort N.P.IL	Amoun
HA∉:	Sample #:	Friable: Y / N Condition:	<u>_</u>
Material Description:	<u></u>	Location(s):	Арргох Атлоци
 \		· ·	·
HA #:	Sample #:	Friable: Y / N Condition:	
Material Description:	· · ·	Location(s):	Approx Amoun
HA 寺:	Sample #:	Friable: Y / N Condition:	
Material Description:		Location(s):	Арргох
			Amoun
	Page 6 Of		.



EMSL Analytical, Inc. 3303 PARKWAY CENTER COURT, Orlando, FL 32808 Phone/Fax: (407) 599-5887 / (407) 599-9063 http://www.EMSL.com orlandolab@emsl.com

Attn: Chris Garth Tierra, Inc.	Phone: Fax:	(813) 989-1354
7351 Temple Terrace Highway Tampa, FL 33637	Received: Analysis Date: Collected:	08/31/17 2:00 PM 9/20/2017 8/28/2017

Project: Big Carlos Br.#120028

Test Report: Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) - Point Count Performed by EPA 600/R-93/116 Method with Gravimetric Reduction and 400 Point Count

SAMPLE ID	DESCRIPTION	APPEARANCE	(%) Ma Organic		NON- ASBESTOS % Fibrous	NON- ASBESTOS % NON-FIBROUS	ASBESTOS % TYPES
001-Mastic 341708082-0001A Sample below m	Tender House 1st Floor N- Central Wall - 12"x12" Gray VCT W/Brown Mastic nethod recommende	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous ed minimum weight,	26.1 analyzed a	24.3 at client's	request.	46.7 Non-fibrous (other)	2.8 Chrysotile
002-Mastic 341708082-0002A	Tender House 1st Floor SE- Wall - 12"x12" Gray VCT W/Brown Mastic	Black Non-Fibrous Homogeneous	53.0	33.9		11.7 Non-fibrous (other)	1.4 Chrysotile

Analyst(s)

Carlos Rivadeneyra (2)

Carlos Rivadeneyra, Laboratory Director or other approved signatory

Disclaimers: Some samples may contain asbestos fibers present in dimensions below PLM resolution limits. The limit of detection as stated in the method is 0.25%. EMSL Analytical Inc. suggests that samples reported as <0.25% or none detected undergo additional analysis via TEM. The above test report relates only to the items tested. This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL Analytical Inc. This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the United States Government. EMSL Analytical Inc. bears no responsibility for sample collection activities, analytical method limitations, or the accuracy of results when requested to separate layer samples. EMSL Analytical Inc. liability is limited to the cost of sample analysis. The test results contained within this report meet the requirements of NELAC unless otherwise noted. Samples received in good condition unless otherwise noted. Unless requested by the client, building materials manufactured with multiple layers (i.e. linoleum, wallboard, etc.) are reported as a single sample. Samples analyzed by EMSL Analytical, Inc. Orlando, FL

Initial report from 09/20/2017 08:51:26



Attn: Chris Garth

Tierra, Inc. 7351 Temple Terrace Highway Tampa, FL 33637

Phone: (813) 989-1354 Fax:

The following analytical report covers the analysis performed on samples submitted to EMSL Analytical, Inc. on 9/5/2017. The results are tabulated on the attached data pages for the following client designated project:

Big Carlos Pass Bridge Br.# 120028

The reference number for these samples is EMSL Order #011707148. Please use this reference when calling about these samples. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at (856) 303-2500.

Approved By:

Phillip Worby, Environmental Chemistry Laboratory Director



The test results contained within this report meet the requirements of NELAP and/or the specific certification program that is applicable, unless otherwise noted. NELAP Certifications: NJ 03036, NY 10872, PA 68-00367, CA ELAP 1877

The samples associated with this report were received in good condition unless otherwise noted. This report relates only to those items tested as received by the laboratory. The QC data associated with the sample results meet the recovery and precision requirements established by the NELAP, unless specifically indicated. All results for soil samples are reported on a dry weight basis, unless otherwise noted. This report may not be reproduced except in full and without written approval by EMSL Analytical, Inc.

9/8/2017

•	IMSL	EMSL Analytical, Inc 200 Route 130 North, Cinnaminson, Phone/Fax: (856) 303-2500 / (856) http://www.EMSL.com	NJ 08077	1		EMSL Order: CustomerID: CustomerPO: ProjectID:	011707148 TIRA78 6511.16.051E
Attn:	Chris Gar			Phone: Fax:	(813) 989-1354		
	Tierra, Inc 7351 Tem Tampa, FL	ple Terrace Highway		Received:	09/05/17 9:10 Al	М	
Proje	t: Big Carlos	Pass Bridge Br.# 120028					

Client Sample Des	cription PC-1		Collected:	8/28/2017	Lab ID:	011707148	3-0001
Method	Parameter	Result	RL Units	Prep Date	Analyst	Analysis Date	Analyst
3050B/6010C	Arsenic	19	4.6 mg/Kg	9/7/2017	LY	9/7/2017	BB
3050B/6010C	Cadmium	6.1	0.91 mg/Kg	9/7/2017	LY	9/7/2017	BB
3050B/6010C	Chromium	110	2.3 mg/Kg	9/7/2017	LY	9/7/2017	BB
3050B/6010C	Lead	430	4.6 mg/Kg	9/7/2017	LY	9/7/2017	BB
3050B/6010C	Zinc	48000	910 mg/Kg	9/7/2017	LY	9/7/2017	BB
7471B	Mercury	0.58	0.049 mg/Kg	9/7/2017	JS	9/7/2017	JS

Collected: 8/28/2017

Method	Parameter	Result	RL Units	Prep Date	Analyst	Analysis Date	Analyst
3050B/6010C	Arsenic	19	4.6 mg/K	g 9/7/2017	LY	9/7/2017	BB
3050B/6010C	Cadmium	7.0	0.91 mg/K	g 9/7/2017	LY	9/7/2017	BB
3050B/6010C	Chromium	1500	23 mg/K	g 9/7/2017	LY	9/7/2017	BB
3050B/6010C	Lead	41000	910 mg/K	g 9/7/2017	LY	9/7/2017	BB
3050B/6010C	Zinc	17000	460 mg/K	g 9/7/2017	LY	9/7/2017	BB
7471B	Mercury	0.12	0.050 mg/K	g 9/7/2017	JS	9/7/2017	JS
Client Sample Des	cription PC-3		Collected:	8/28/2017	Lab ID:	011707148	3-0003

Method	Parameter	Result	RL	Units	Prep Date	Analyst	Analysis Date	Analyst
3050B/6010C	Arsenic	ND	4.7	mg/Kg	9/6/2017	LY	9/7/2017	BB
3050B/6010C	Cadmium	ND	0.93	mg/Kg	9/6/2017	LY	9/7/2017	BB
3050B/6010C	Chromium	5.3	2.3	mg/Kg	9/6/2017	LY	9/7/2017	BB
3050B/6010C	Lead	970	12	mg/Kg	9/6/2017	LY	9/7/2017	BB
3050B/6010C	Zinc	21000	470	mg/Kg	9/6/2017	LY	9/7/2017	BB
7471B	Mercury	0.13	0.050	mg/Kg	9/7/2017	JS	9/7/2017	JS

Definitions:

ND - indicates that the analyte was not detected at the reporting limit RL - Reporting Limit (Analytical)

Instructions or Comments:	Please indicate reporting requirements:	d.	Bund this	Released By (Sig	3 pc·3	2 90.2	PC-1	Client Sample ID	Failure to complete will hinder processing of samples	Standard Turnaround Time:	Please Provide results:	Number of Samples in Shipment: 3	Project Name: Big Corlos	Phone: 8139891354	city: Tampa	Street: 7351 Temple Terrace Highway	Company Name: Tierra, Inc	Report To Contact Name:)		EMSL ANALYTICAL, INC.
	requirements			(Signature)	7	2	1	Comp	hinder processi	e: 2 Weeks	FAX	pment: 3	Bass Bridge		State/Province:	rrace Highway	Inc.	Chris Garin		
possik								Grab	ng of san	s	✓ E-mail		6	Fax: 8	e: FL			14/10		
or TCL	ults Only [8/30/2017	Date	*	-	E100 80 8	Date/Time	nples	The fo		Date of Shi	8.# 120	8139891355	Zip Code: 33637]
Held for possible TCLP Analysis	Results Only Results and QC		017 1400	Date & Time	t	-	0	W=Water S=Soil A=Air SL=Sludge O= Other	Matrix	The following TAT's are subject to lab approval:	Mail	Date of Shipment: 8 30 7017	20028	G	: 33637				0	Environ Cha EMSL Orde
\$15	_	0	2		*	-	None	1=HCL 2=HNO3 3=H2SO4 4=ICE 5=Other	Preservative	's are subjec	Email			Phone:	City:	Street:	Atter	Bill T	Shid OLI	Environmental Chemistry Chain of Custody EMSL Order Number (Lab Use Only):
	Reduced Deliverables		1		2	7	1	6010 As, Pb, Cd, Cr, En		t to lab ap	Results T	ase Orde		ie: 813-989-13	city: Tampa	Ť	Attention To:	Bill To Company:	841	Stody Lab Use C
				Received By	`		1	Hybyzuzi	List	oproval: W V	ro: Calarth 6	1: 6511.16.051		89-1354		7351 Ter	Chris Garth	ny: Tierta		stry
	Disk Deliverable Other		21.2						List Test(s) Needed	Veek 04 Days 03	Email Results To: Capith Ofierroens, com	Purchase Order: (05/1.16.05/C Sampled By (Signature):	U.S. State where Samples Collected: FL	Fax:	State/Province: FL	351 Temple Terrace Highway	arth			
	er		9/5/17		-							nature): C	Samples C	n		y				
			09:10	Date & Time		TCLP analysis	Held for possible	Comments		2 Days 1 Day	9	here / King	collected: FL		Zip Code: 33637				FAX: (856) 786-5974	Cinnaminson, NJ 08077 PHONE: 1-800-220-3675

Page 1 of

pages

Page 1 Of

1

EMSL Analytical, Inc. 200 Route 130 North



Pace Analytical Services, LLC 110 South Bayview Blvd. Oldsmar , FL 34677 (813)881-9401

September 29, 2017

Chris Garth Tierra, Inc. 7351 Temple Terrace Hwy Tampa, FL 33637

RE: Project: Big Carlos Bridge Pace Project No.: 35337428

Dear Chris Garth:

Enclosed are the analytical results for sample(s) received by the laboratory on September 25, 2017. The results relate only to the samples included in this report. Results reported herein conform to the most current, applicable TNI/NELAC standards and the laboratory's Quality Assurance Manual, where applicable, unless otherwise noted in the body of the report.

If you have any questions concerning this report, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

IA Palmer

Lori Palmer lori.palmer@pacelabs.com (813)881-9401 Project Manager

Enclosures





Pace Analytical Services, LLC 110 South Bayview Blvd. Oldsmar , FL 34677 (813)881-9401

CERTIFICATIONS

Project: Big Carlos Bridge Pace Project No.: 35337428

Ormond Beach Certification IDs

8 East Tower Circle, Ormond Beach, FL 32174 Alabama Certification #: 41320 Connecticut Certification #: PH-0216 Delaware Certification: FL NELAC Reciprocity Florida Certification #: E83079 Georgia Certification #: 955 Guam Certification: FL NELAC Reciprocity Hawaii Certification: FL NELAC Reciprocity Illinois Certification #: 200068 Indiana Certification: FL NELAC Reciprocity Kansas Certification #: E-10383 Louisiana Certification #: FL NELAC Reciprocity Louisiana Environmental Certificate #: 05007 Maryland Certification: #346 Michigan Certification #: 9911 Mississippi Certification: FL NELAC Reciprocity Missouri Certification #: 236 Montana Certification #: Cert 0074

Nebraska Certification: NE-OS-28-14 Nevada Certification: FL NELAC Reciprocity New Jersey Certification #: FL022 New York Certification #: 11608 North Carolina Environmental Certificate #: 667 North Carolina Certification #: 12710 Oklahoma Certification #: D9947 Pennsylvania Certification #: 68-00547 Puerto Rico Certification #: FL01264 South Carolina Certification: #96042001 Tennessee Certification #: TN02974 Texas Certification: FL NELAC Reciprocity US Virgin Islands Certification: FL NELAC Reciprocity Virginia Environmental Certification #: 460165 Wyoming Certification: FL NELAC Reciprocity West Virginia Certification #: 9962C Wisconsin Certification #: 399079670 Wyoming (EPA Region 8): FL NELAC Reciprocity



SAMPLE SUMMARY

Project:Big Carlos BridgePace Project No.:35337428

Lab ID	Sample ID	Matrix	Date Collected	Date Received
35337428001	PC-1	Solid	08/28/17 00:01	09/25/17 07:49
35337428002	PC-2	Solid	08/28/17 00:01	09/25/17 07:49
35337428003	PC-3	Solid	08/28/17 00:01	09/25/17 07:49



SAMPLE ANALYTE COUNT

Project:Big Carlos BridgePace Project No.:35337428

Lab ID	Sample ID	Method	Analysts	Analytes Reported	Laboratory
35337428001	PC-1	EPA 6010	MMT	2	PASI-O
35337428002	PC-2	EPA 6010	MMT	2	PASI-O
35337428003	PC-3	EPA 6010	MMT	1	PASI-O



ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Project: Big Carlos Bridge

Pace Project No.: 35337428

Sample: PC-1	Lab ID:	35337428001	Collecte	d: 08/28/17	7 00:01	Received: 09/	/25/17 07:49 Ma	atrix: Solid	
Results reported on a "wet-we	eight" basis								
Parameters	Results	Units	PQL	MDL	DF	Prepared	Analyzed	CAS No.	Qual
6010 MET ICP, TCLP		Method: EPA 6 Method/Date: E	•			3010			
Chromium Lead	0.050 U 0.57	mg/L mg/L	0.10 0.10	0.050 0.050	1 1		09/28/17 19:12 09/28/17 19:12		



ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Project: Big Carlos Bridge

Pace Project No.: 35337428

Sample: PC-2	Lab ID:	35337428002	Collecte	d: 08/28/17	7 00:01	Received: 09/	/25/17 07:49 Ma	atrix: Solid	
Results reported on a "wet-we	eight" basis								
Parameters	Results	Units	PQL	MDL	DF	Prepared	Analyzed	CAS No.	Qual
6010 MET ICP, TCLP	,	Method: EPA 6 Method/Date: E	•			3010			
Chromium Lead	0.14 107	mg/L mg/L	0.10 0.10	0.050 0.050	1 1	09/27/17 17:45 09/27/17 17:45			



ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Project: Big Carlos Bridge

Pace Project No.: 35337428

Sample: PC-3	Lab ID:	35337428003	Collecte	d: 08/28/1	7 00:01	Received: 09/	25/17 07:49 Ma	atrix: Solid	
Results reported on a "wet-w	eight" basis								
Parameters	Results	Units	PQL	MDL	DF	Prepared	Analyzed	CAS No.	Qual
6010 MET ICP, TCLP	,	Method: EPA 6 Method/Date: E				.3010			
Lead	5.5	mg/L	0.10	0.050	1	09/27/17 17:45	09/28/17 19:20	7439-92-1	



QUALITY CONTROL DATA

Project:	Big Carlos Bridge											
Pace Project No.:	35337428											
QC Batch:	395320		Analysi	s Method:	E	PA 6010						
QC Batch Method:	EPA 3010		Analysi	s Descripti	on: 6	010 MET TC	LP					
Associated Lab Sam	ples: 35337428	8001, 35337428002	, 353374280	003								
METHOD BLANK:	2155132		М	latrix: Wat	er							
Associated Lab Sam	ples: 35337428	8001, 35337428002	, 353374280	003								
			Blank	Re	eporting							
Param	eter	Units	Result		Limit	MDL		Analyzed	Qua	alifiers		
Chromium		mg/L	0.05	50 U	0.10	0	.050 09	/28/17 18:4	3			
Lead		mg/L	0.05	50 U	0.10	0	.050 09	/28/17 18:4	8			
LABORATORY CON		2155133										
		2100100	Spike	LCS		LCS	% Re	C				
			Opine	LOO		LOO	70 N.C					
Param	eter	Units	Conc.	Resul	t	% Rec	Limit		ualifiers			
Param	eter	Units mg/L	•		t		Limit		ualifiers			
	eter		Conc.			% Rec	Limit 8	s Q	ualifiers			
Chromium Lead		mg/L mg/L	Conc. 2.5 2.5		2.6 2.7	% Rec 105	Limit 8	s Q 0-120	ualifiers	-		
Chromium		mg/L mg/L	Conc. 2.5 2.5		2.6	% Rec 105	Limit 8	s Q 0-120	ualifiers			
Chromium Lead		mg/L mg/L	Conc. 2.5 2.5 34	Resul	2.6 2.7	% Rec 105	Limit 8	s Q 0-120	walifiers %		Max	
Chromium Lead	ATRIX SPIKE DUP	mg/L mg/L PLICATE: 21551: 35337226001	Conc. 2.5 2.5 34 MS	Resul	2.6 2.7 2155135	% Rec 105 107	Limit 8 8	s Q 0-120 0-120		RPD		Qual
Chromium Lead MATRIX SPIKE & M/	ATRIX SPIKE DUP	mg/L mg/L PLICATE: 21551: 35337226001 its Result	Conc. 2.5 2.5 34 MS Spike	Resul MSD Spike	2.6 2.7 2155135 MS	% Rec 105 107 MSD	Limit 8 8 MS	s Q 0-120 0-120 MSD % Rec	% Rec	RPD 1		Qual

Results presented on this page are in the units indicated by the "Units" column except where an alternate unit is presented to the right of the result.



QUALIFIERS

Project: Big Carlos Bridge

Pace Project No.: 35337428

DEFINITIONS

DF - Dilution Factor, if reported, represents the factor applied to the reported data due to dilution of the sample aliquot.

ND - Not Detected at or above adjusted reporting limit.

TNTC - Too Numerous To Count

MDL - Adjusted Method Detection Limit.

PQL - Practical Quantitation Limit.

RL - Reporting Limit.

S - Surrogate

1,2-Diphenylhydrazine decomposes to and cannot be separated from Azobenzene using Method 8270. The result for each analyte is a combined concentration.

Consistent with EPA guidelines, unrounded data are displayed and have been used to calculate % recovery and RPD values.

LCS(D) - Laboratory Control Sample (Duplicate)

MS(D) - Matrix Spike (Duplicate)

DUP - Sample Duplicate

RPD - Relative Percent Difference

NC - Not Calculable.

SG - Silica Gel - Clean-Up

U - Indicates the compound was analyzed for, but not detected.

N-Nitrosodiphenylamine decomposes and cannot be separated from Diphenylamine using Method 8270. The result reported for each analyte is a combined concentration.

Pace Analytical is TNI accredited. Contact your Pace PM for the current list of accredited analytes.

TNI - The NELAC Institute.

LABORATORIES

PASI-O Pace Analytical Services - Ormond Beach

ANALYTE QUALIFIERS

U Compound was analyzed for but not detected.



QUALITY CONTROL DATA CROSS REFERENCE TABLE

Project:Big Carlos BridgePace Project No.:35337428

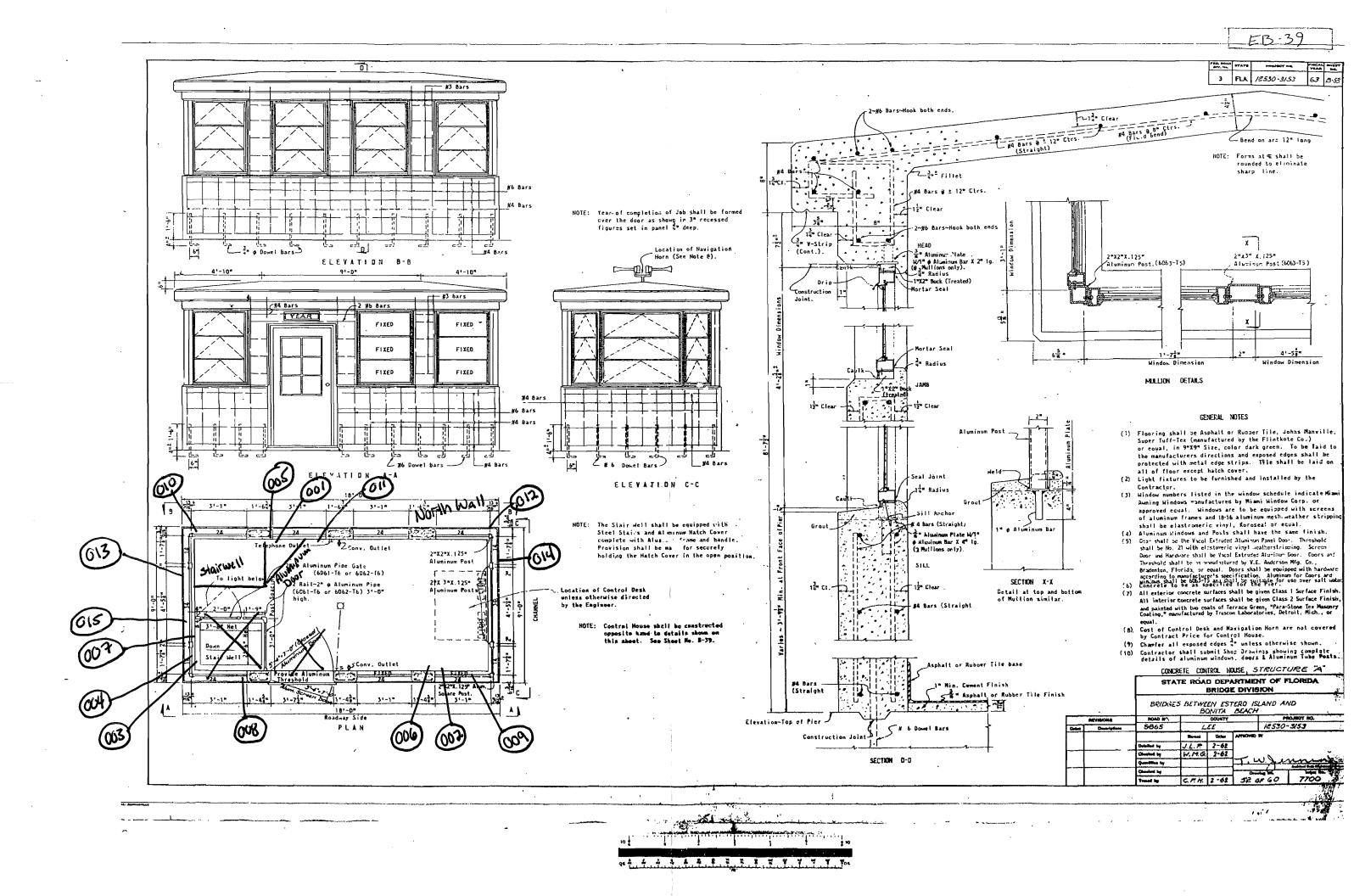
Lab ID	Sample ID	QC Batch Method	QC Batch	Analytical Method	Analytical Batch
35337428001	PC-1	EPA 3010	395320	EPA 6010	395332
35337428002	PC-2	EPA 3010	395320	EPA 6010	395332
35337428003	PC-3	EPA 3010	395320	EPA 6010	395332

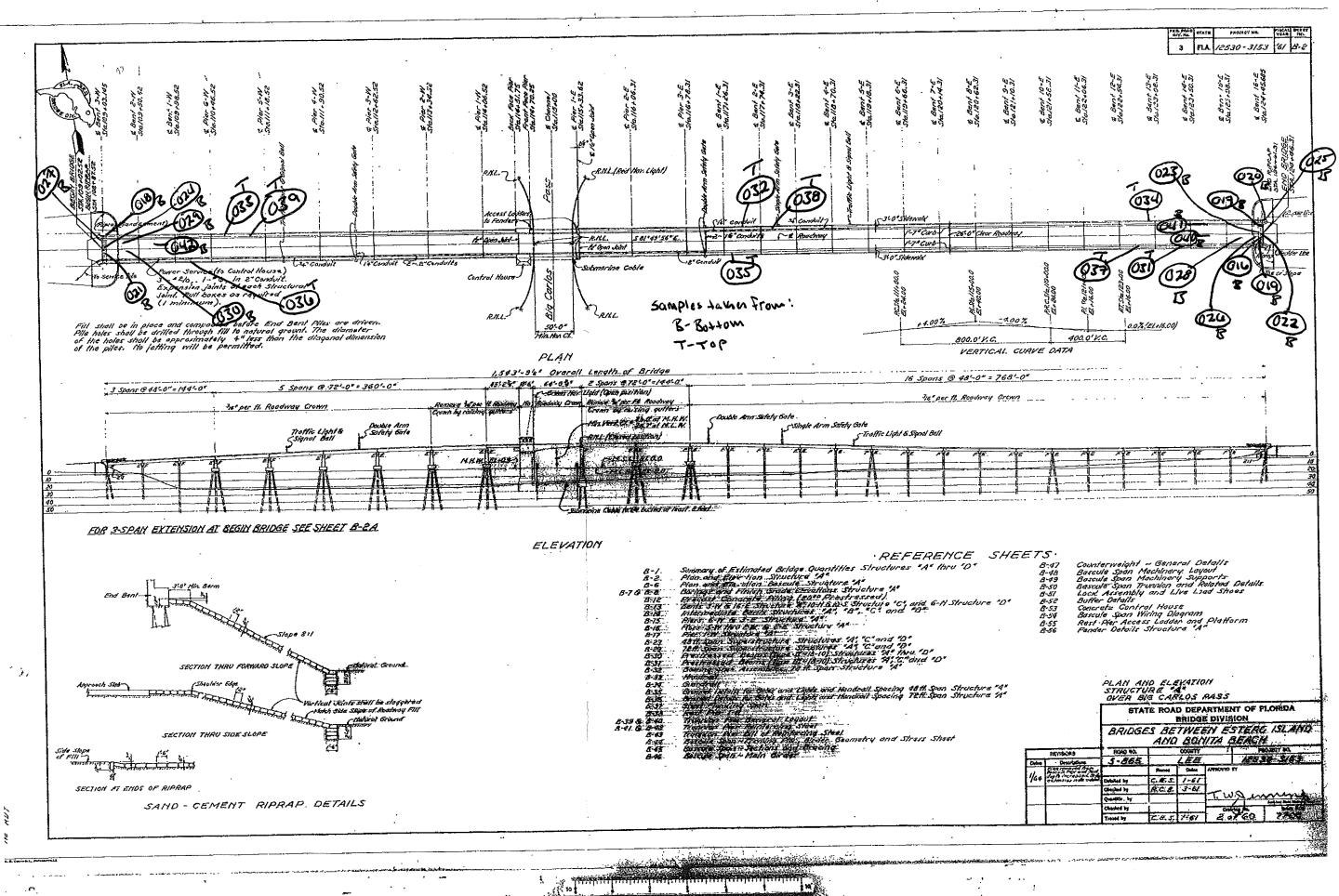
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Pag				_	35337428						ion:	Section C Invoice Information:	Section C Invoice Infor					nation:	ct Inform	Section B Required Project Information:	Section B Required P			ormation:	Section A Required Client Information:	Sectic
e 11 of 12	28	374	53	ω	The Chain-of-Custody is a LEGAL DOCUMENT. All relevant fields must be completed accur WO#: 35337428	ted accu	t be comple	lds mus	vant fie	All relev	MENT.	DOCU	LEGA	istody is a	ain-of-Cu	The Chu							" "	Pace Analytical	Pace,	

2	Sa		nent Name: n Upon Receip	tEorm	Document Revised: August 2, 2017
Pace Analytical Ponda Laboratory		Docu	ment No.: -007 rev. 12		Issuing Authority: Pace Florida Quality Office
	Sam			n Receipt Form (SC	
Project #	WO# :	393	3142	28	Date and Initials of person:
Project Manager:	PN: LAP	٥	ue Date:	10/02/17	Examining contents:
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Thermometer Used:	203	Date:	9-25-1	Time: OK	19 Initials: LDM
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ooler #3 Temp.°C(Vis	ual)	_(Correctio	on Factor)	(Actual)	Samples on ice, cooling process has begun
ooler #4 Temp.°C(Vis	ual)	_(Correctio	on Factor)	(Actual)	Samples on ice, cooling process has begun
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ush TAT requested on COC		□Yes	DNo □N/A		
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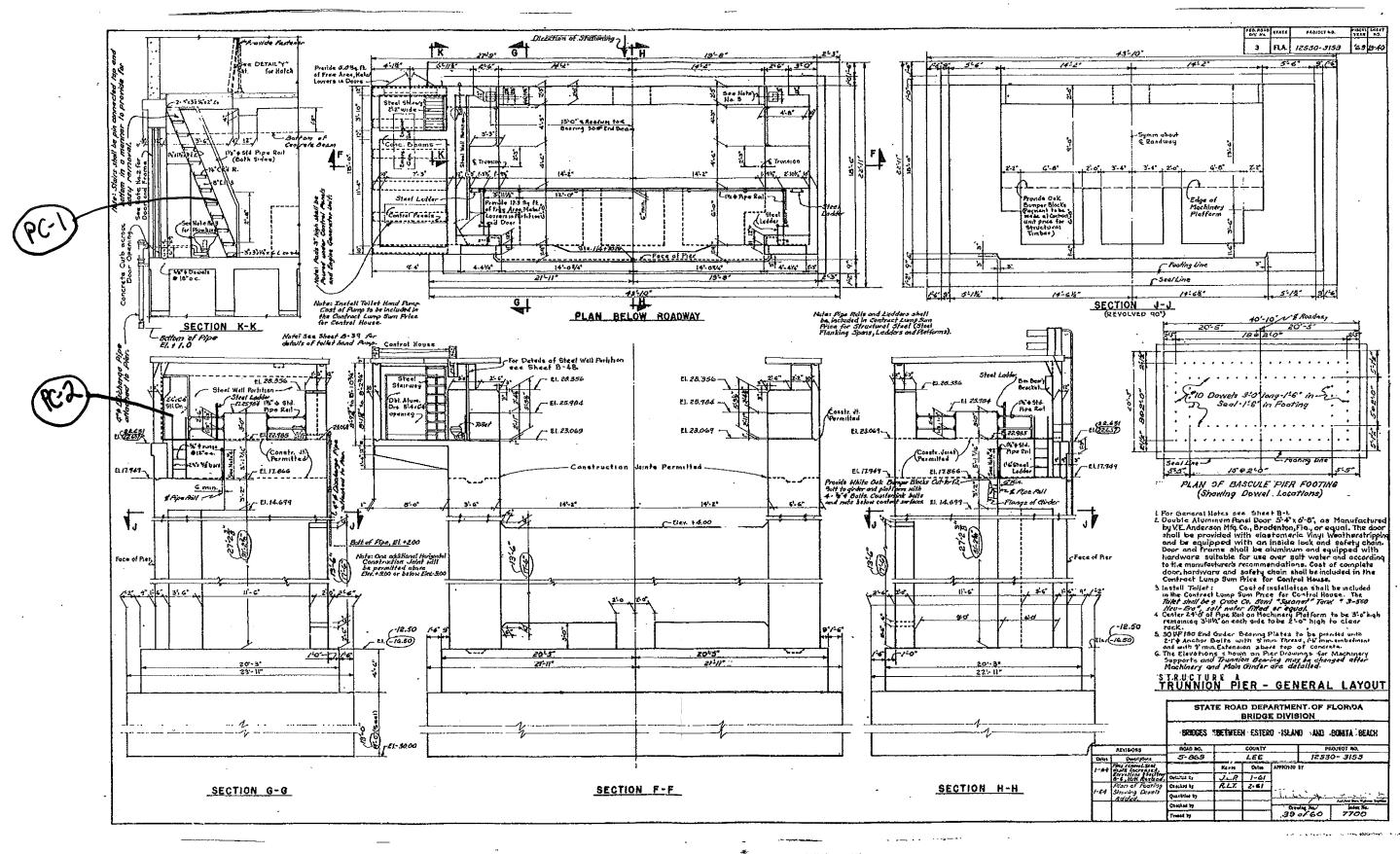
APPENDIX E

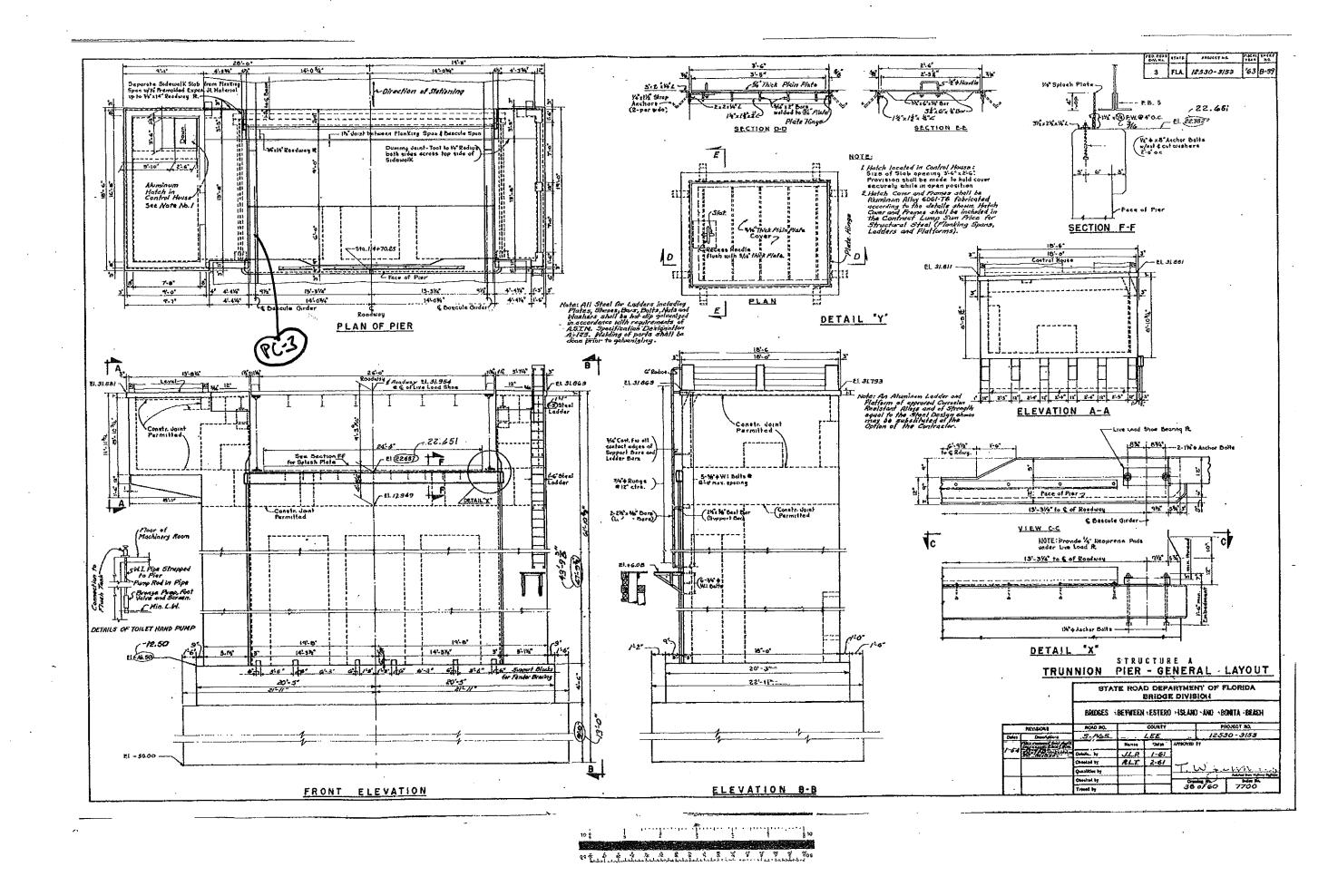
Sample Location Sketches





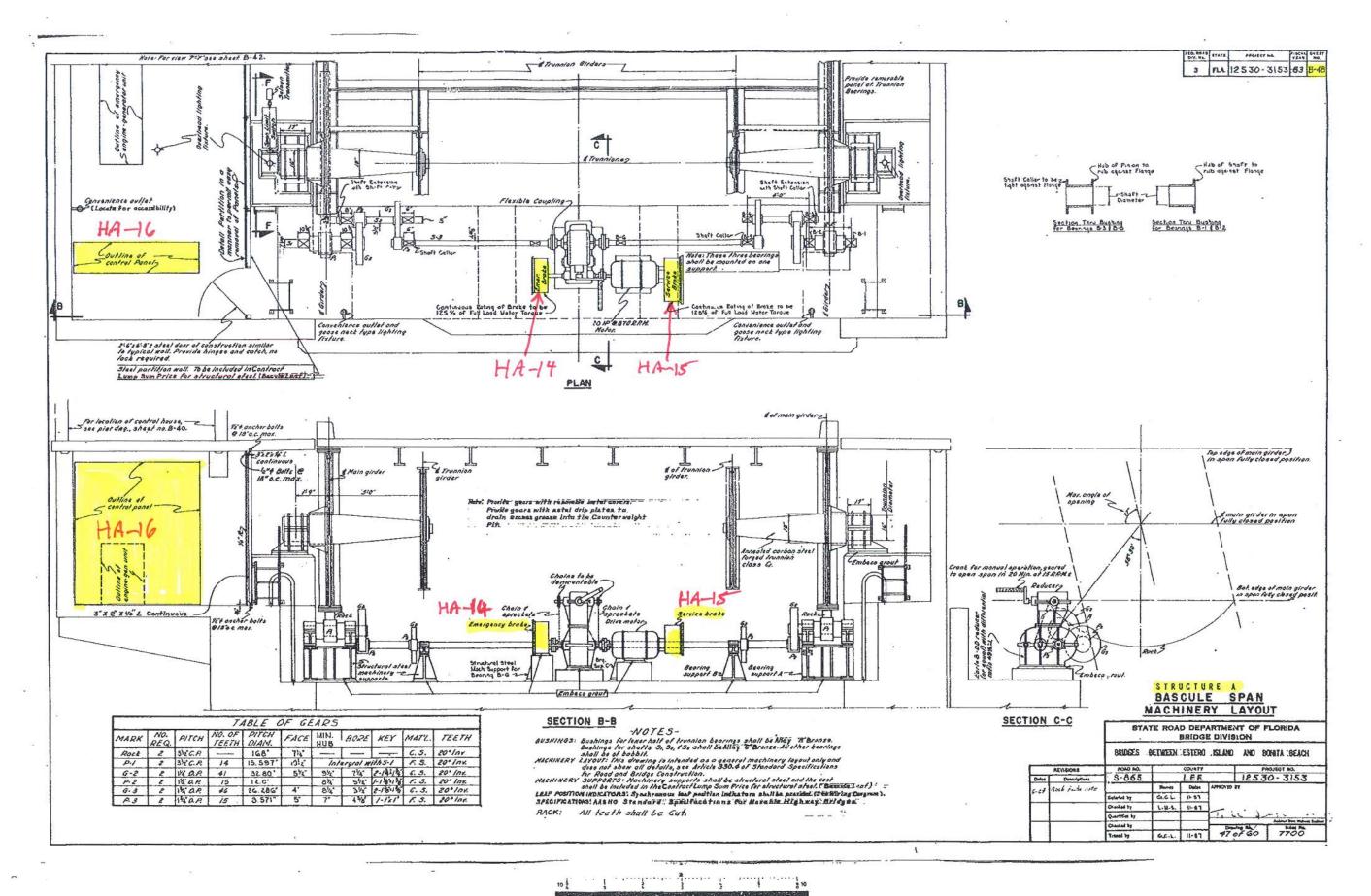
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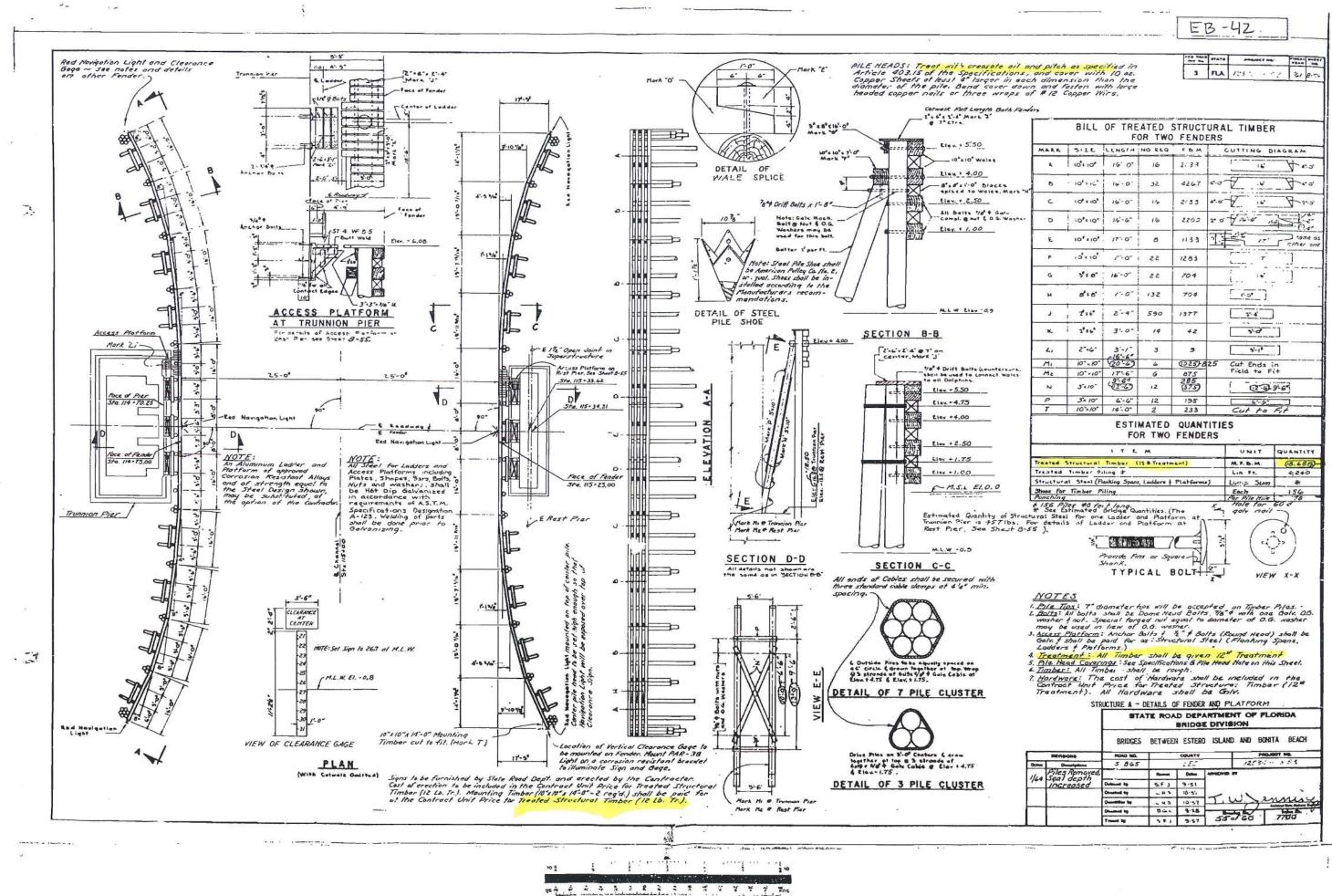


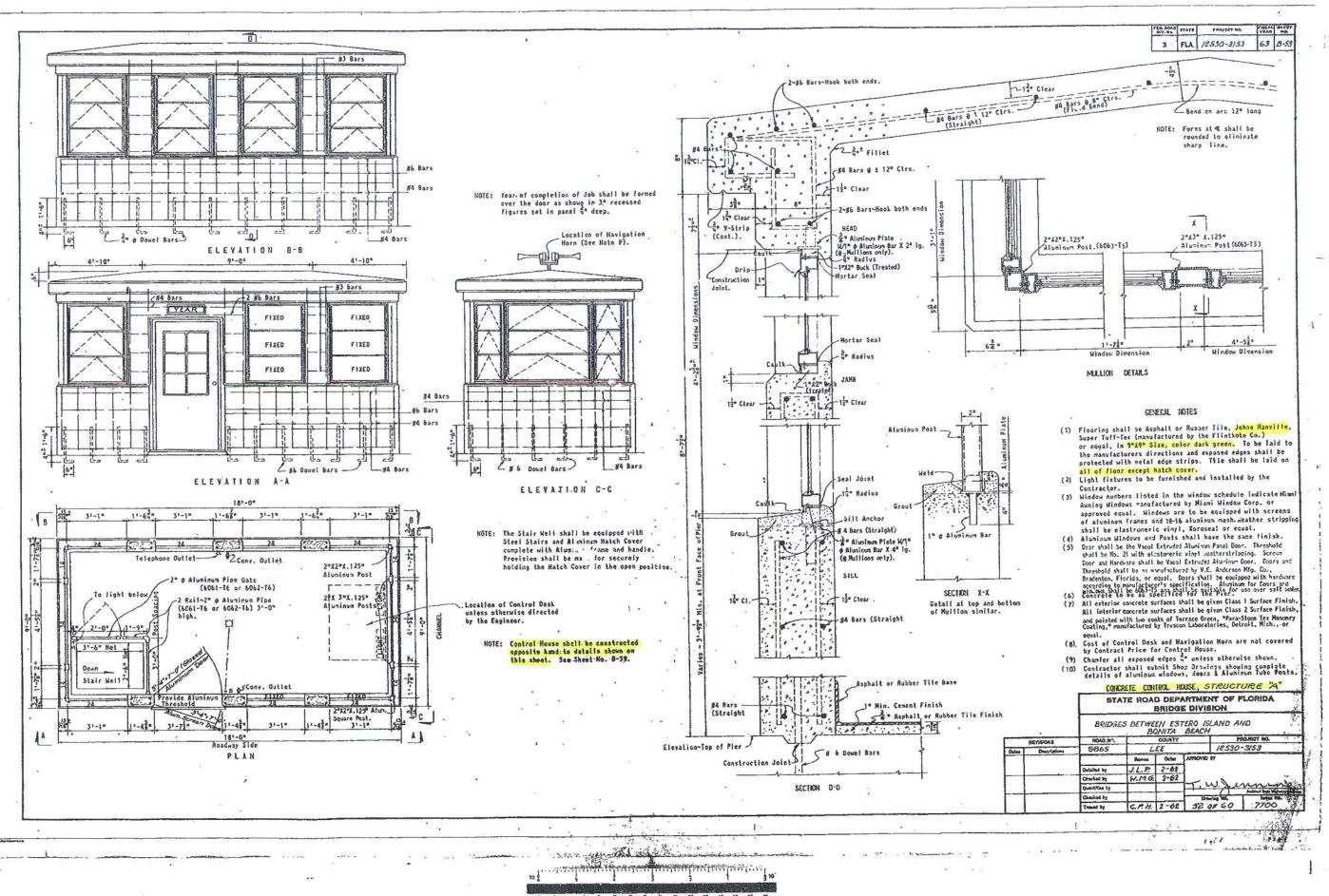
APPENDIX F

Supplemental Information



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3

WELLELLE ALE ELECTRICATION CONTRACTOR

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APPENDIX G

Asbestos Abatement Plan

Asbestos Abatement Plan for Demolition

Brown mastic on the bottom side of the gray floor tile which is located on the floor inside of the tender house

and

Suspect ACM Electrical Components at the bridge tender house in the electrical room (bottom floor)

and

Brake Pads (both Emergency and Service brakes) located in the gear assembly pit

Big Carlos Pass Bridge over Big Carlos Pass (FDOT Structure No. 120028)

Big Carlos Pass Bridge Demolition Lee County, Florida Tierra Project Number 6511-16-051E

This Asbestos Abatement Plan has been prepared to satisfy the requirements of the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT or Department) "ASBESTOS ON BRIDGES, Inspection, Abatement, and Notification" memorandum dated July 21, 2009. This requirement is based on the EPA Region 4, Atlanta interpretation that a bridge meets the definition of a "facility" (i.e., public structure) under NESHAP and, as such, is covered by the NESHAP asbestos inspection and notification requirements. NESHAP asbestos regulations apply to all bascule bridge control houses, bridge structures, bridge and approach wall projects, including bridge widening, where an existing bridge is planned to be either partially or fully demolished. This Asbestos Abatement Plan must be included in the scope of work for bridge demolition/renovation.

We understand that this survey was requested due to the planned demolition of the bridge structure, including the tender house. The project consists of the demolition of the Big Carlos Bridge over Big Carlos Pass (FDOT Structure No. 120028) in Lee County, Florida. Currently, plans indicate the new bridge structure will be constructed in place of the existing bridge structure.

This Asbestos Abatement Plan is specific to the above referenced bridge structure and shall be accompanied by the <u>NESHAP Asbestos Survey Report and Screening for Metals-Based Coatings</u> report dated October 3, 2017, which details the type, quantities, and locations of any ACM (including presumed ACM) identified.

- The Asbestos Contractor shall meet the current requirements of Florida Statute Chapter 469. This requires the asbestos abatement work be conducted by a licensed Asbestos Contractor, as required by Florida Statute Chapter 469. Excerpts of Florida Statute Chapter 469 are attached.
- It is anticipated that the amount of ACM to be disturbed or removed in association with the demolition/renovation will exceed 160 square feet, 260 linear feet, and/or 35 cubic feet. If the cubic feet and linear feet of the RACM is verified to be less than 160 square feet, less than 260 linear feet, and/or less than 35 cubic feet (off facility components) then the project is exempt for NESHAP requirements for "Procedures for Asbestos Emission Control" 40 CFR 61.145(c).
- Contractor shall provide a 10 day notification in accordance with NESHAP 61.15(b) to the Florida DEP. FDEP's notification form is attached. The notice can be submitted to the FDEP online at: <u>http://www.fldepportal.com/go/submit-registration/</u>. Alternatively, the form can be downloaded at: http://www.dep.state.fl.us/air/rules/forms/asbestos.htm

- Contractor shall provide a designated competent person meeting the requirements of OSHA 1926.1101, Safety and Health Regulations for Construction. This person shall have completed the AHERA Asbestos Supervisor 40 hour training course and any required refresher courses.
- The work associated with bridge renovations is deemed Class I Asbestos work per OSHA 1926.1101. The work area shall be regulated in accordance with 1926.1101(e) Regulated Work Areas. This includes demarcation of the work area to restrict access to authorized personnel. All work within the regulated area shall be supervised by the competent person.
- All demolition and renovation work will be performed in accordance with NESHAP 40 CFR 61.145 unless it meets the exemption standards (less than 160 square feet or 260 linear feet) for RACM.
- The Contractor's competent person shall provide for exposure monitoring of employees in accordance with OSHA 1926.1101(f) to ensure that the Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) or excursion limits is not exceeded for any workers within or adjacent to the work area. The Contractor may provide a Negative Exposure Assessment (NEA) in lieu of personnel monitoring if NEA data is within the last 12 months. The NEA determination should be in accordance with OSHA 1926.1101(f)(2)(iii).
- If and when the <u>brown mastic, brake pads and electrical components</u> are encountered the materials shall immediately (after de-energized, if applicable) and continuously be kept wet with amended water so as to meet the definition of the NESHAP's adequately wet.
- <u>Brown mastic, brake pads and electrical components</u> shall be removed intact to the extent possible. ACM waste should be segregated from other waste debris for disposal. In the event that the ACM is not segregated all waste debris shall be treated as containing ACM.
- Disposal of ACM shall be in accordance with NESHAP 61.150. Material shall be kept adequately wet during the transportation and disposal. ACM waste material shall be sent to a landfill operated in accordance with NESHAP 61.154 and permitted to accept Category I, non-friable and Category 2, non-friable, asbestos containing materials.
- Shipping records, in accordance with NESHAP 61.154(d), shall be maintained. Records shall document the name and address of the disposal facility, date and quantities of materials received. The manifest should be signed by the generators, all transporters and the disposal facility.

This Asbestos Abatement Plan has been developed and prepared under the direct supervision of the Licensed Asbestos Consultant identified below in accordance with Chapter 469 F.S.

Scott S. Crandall, P.E. Florida Licensed Asbestos Consultant License No. 0000060

The 2015 Florida Statutes

Title XXXII

REGULATION OF PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS Chapter 469

ASBESTOS ABATEMENT

469.004 License; asbestos consultant; asbestos contractor.—

(1) All asbestos consultants must be licensed by the department. An asbestos consultant's license may be issued only to an applicant who holds a current, valid, active license as an architect issued under chapter 481; holds a current, valid, active license as a professional engineer issued under chapter 471; holds a current, valid, active license as a professional geologist issued under chapter 492; is a diplomat of the American Board of Industrial Hygiene; or has been awarded designation as a Certified Safety Professional by the Board of Certified Safety Professionals.

(2) All asbestos contractors must be licensed by the department. An asbestos contractor may not perform abatement activities involving work that affects building structures or systems. Work on building structures or systems may be performed only by a contractor licensed under chapter 489.
(3) A license issued under this chapter must be renewed every 2 years. Before an asbestos contractor's license may be renewed, the licensee must complete a 1-day course of continuing education during each of the preceding 2 years. Before an asbestos consultant's license may be renewed, the licensee must complete a 2-day course of continuing education during each of the preceding 2 years. History.—ss. 53, 54, ch. 94-119; ss. 3, 6, ch. 95-200; s. 14, ch. 98-419; s. 16, ch. 99-254.

469.005 License requirements.—All applicants for licensure as either asbestos consultants or asbestos contractors shall:

(1) Pay the initial licensing fee.

(2) When applying for licensure as an asbestos consultant, successfully complete the following department-approved courses:

(a) A building asbestos surveys and mechanical systems course. Such course shall consist of not less than 3 days of instruction.

(b) An asbestos management planning course. Such course shall consist of not less than 2 days of instruction.

(c) A respiratory protection course. Such course shall consist of not less than 3 days of instruction.

(d) A project designer course. Such course shall consist of not less than 3 days of instruction.

(3) When applying for licensure as an asbestos contractor, successfully complete the following department-approved courses:

(a) An asbestos contractor/supervisor course. Such course shall consist of not less than 5 days of instruction.

(b) A respiratory protection course. Such course shall consist of not less than 3 days of instruction.

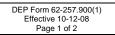
(4) Provide evidence of satisfactory work on 10 asbestos projects within the last 5 years.

(5) Provide evidence of financial stability.

(6) Pass a department-approved examination of qualifications and knowledge relating to asbestos. History.—s. 53, ch. 94-119; s. 15, ch. 98-419; s. 17, ch. 99-254; s. 1, ch. 2000-154.

12	NOTE PROTE	CTICY X		
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Florida Department of Environmental Protection



Division of Air Resource Management

NOTICE OF DEMOLITION OR ASBESTOS RENOVATION

TYPE OF NOTICE (CHECK ONE ON TYPE OF PROJECT (CHECK ONE O IF DEMOLITION, IS IT AN O IF RENOVATION: IS IT AN EMERGENCY IS IT A PLANNED REN	DNLY): [DRDERED DEMOL	PERATION?	□ REVISE □ RENOV □YES □YES □YES] CANCELLATION	🗌 COUR	TESY
I. Facility Name							
Address							
City							
Site							
Building Size (Sc	quare Feet) # o	f Floors B	Building Age ii	Years			
Prior Use: School/College/	University 🗌 Re	esidence 🗌 Sm	nall Business	Othe	r		
Present Use: School/College/U	-						
II. Facility Owner			one()		Email /	Address	
Address							
City		State			Zip		
III. Contractor's Name					Email /	Address	
Address							
City		State		Z	/ip		
Is the contractor exempt from licer							
IV. Scheduled Dates: (Notice m						F inish (
Asbestos Removal (mm/dd/yy) S V. Description of planned demo to be used and description of affect	olition or renovatio	n work to be perfo	ormed and m	ethods to b	e employed, including		
Procedures to be Used (Che							
Strip and Removal		Glove Bag	Γ	Bulldo	zer		Vrecking Ball
U Wet Method		Dry Method		Explod			Burn Down
OTHER:		,			-		
VI. Procedures for Unexpected VII. Asbestos Waste Transport Address	t er: Name			F State State	Phone () Class	Zip Zip	
Amount of RACM or ACM*			X. Fee	Invoice W	ill Be Sent to Address	s in Block Belov	w: (Print or Type)
RACM ACM	urfacing material			Name:			
linear feet pipe Address: cubic feet of RACM off facility components							
	mentitious materia	•		City:			
square feet re				State/2	Zip:		
square feet asphalt roofing *Identify and describe surfacing m	aterial and other r	naterials as applic	cable:		·		
I certify that the above information during the demolition or renovation normal business hours.							
(Print Name of Owner/Operator)			(1	Date)			
(Signature of Owner/Operator)			(Date)			
DEP USE ONLY Postmark/	Date Received			ID#			

Instructions

The state asbestos removal program requirements of s. 376.60, F.S., and the renovation or demolition notice requirements of the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP), 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, as embodied in Rule 62-257, F.A.C., are included on this form.

Check to indicate whether this notice is an original, a revision, a cancellation, or a courtesy notice (i.e., not required by law). If the notice is a revision, please indicate which entries have been changed or added.

Check to indicate whether the project is a demolition or a renovation.

If you checked demolition, was it **ordered** by the State or a local government agency? If so, in addition to the information required on the form, the owner/operator must provide the name of the agency ordering the demolition, the title of the person acting on behalf of the agency, the authority for the agency to order the demolition, the date of the order, and the date ordered to begin. A copy of the order must also be attached to the notification.

If you checked renovation, is it an **emergency renovation operation**? If so, in addition to the information required on the form, the owner/operator must provide the date and hour the emergency occurred, the description of the sudden, unexpected event, and an explanation of how the event caused unsafe conditions or would cause equipment damage or an unreasonable financial burden. If you checked renovation and it is a **planned renovation operation**, please note that the notice is effective for a period not to exceed a calendar year of January 1 through December 31.

- I. Complete the facility information. This section describes the facility where the renovation or demolition is scheduled. This address will be used by the Department inspector to locate the project site. Provide the name of the consultant or firm that conducted the asbestos site survey/inspection. For "prior use" check the appropriate box to indicate whether the prior use of the facility is that of a school, college, or university; residence, as "residential dwelling" is defined in Rule 62-257.200, F.A.C.; small business, as defined in s. 288.703(1), F.S.; or other. If "other" is checked, identify the use. Please follow the same instructions for "present use."
- II. Complete the facility owner information.
- III. Complete the contractor information.
- IV. List separately the scheduled start and finish dates (month/day/year) for both the asbestos removal portion of the project and the renovation or demolition portion of the project.
- V. Describe and check the methods and procedures to be used for a planned demolition or renovation. Include a description of the affected facility components. (Note: The NESHAP for asbestos, which is adopted and incorporated by reference in Rule 62-204.800, F.A.C., requires obtaining Department approval prior to using a dry removal method in accordance with 40 CFR section 61.145(3)(c)(i).)
- VI. Describe the procedures to be used in the event unexpected RACM is found or previously nonfriable asbestos material becomes crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder after start of the project.
- VII. Complete the asbestos waste transporter information.
- VIII. Complete the waste disposal site information.
- IX. List the amount of RACM or ACM of each type of asbestos to be removed. (Note: A volume measurement of RACM off facility components is **only** permissible if the length or area could not be measured previously.) Identify and describe the listed surfacing material and other listed materials as applicable.
- X. Provide the address where the Department is to send the invoice for any fee due. Do not send a fee with the notification. The fee will be calculated by the Department pursuant to Rule 62-257.400, F.A.C.

Sign the form and mail the original to the district or local air program having jurisdiction in the county where the project is scheduled **(DO NOT FAX)**. The correct address can be obtained by contacting the State Asbestos Coordinator at: Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Air Resources Management, 2600 Blair Stone Road, Tallahassee, FL 32399-2400.